SEC Number <u>12397</u> File Number

PHINMA CORPORATION

12/f, Phinma Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City

Telephone No. : 88700100

Company's Calendar Year Ending : <u>December 31</u>

ANNUAL REPORT

(SEC Form 17 - A)

Amendment Designation (If Applicable)

December 31, 2023 Period Ended Date

Secondary License Type and File No.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17- A

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SECTION 141 OF THE CORPORATION CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES

- 1. For the calendar year ended <u>December 31, 2023</u>
- 2. SEC Identification Number 12397 3. BIR Tax Identification No. 000-107-026-000
- 4. Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter

PHINMA Corporation

5. <u>Manila, Philippines</u> Province, Country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization 6. (SEC Use Only) Industry Classification Code:

7. <u>12/F, Phinma Plaza, No. 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1210</u> Address of principal office Postal Code

8. (632) 88700-100 Issuer's telephone number, including area code

9.

Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC, or Sec. 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding (as of Dec. 31, 2023)
Common Shares – (net of treasury shares)	286,325,265 shares
Amount of Debt Outstanding	P14.1 billion

11. Are any or all of these securities listed on a Stock Exchange?

Yes[x] No []

If yes, state the name of such stock exchange and the classes of securities listed therein: Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. Common Shares

12. Check whether the issuer:

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the SRC and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Section 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of The Corporation Code of the Philippines during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports);

Yes [x] No []

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

Yes [x] No []

13. Aggregate Market Value of the Voting Stock held by Non-affiliates of the Registrant.

P1, 278, 504, 006

14. Check whether the issuer has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court or the Commission.

NOT APPLICABLE

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

- 15. The following documents are incorporated by reference as part of SEC Form 17-A:
 - (a) Audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the calendar year ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 Annex A
 - (b) Audited Parent Financial Statements for the calendar year ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 Annex A-1
 - (b) Supplementary Schedules to the Audited Financial Statements Annex B
 - (c) Statement of Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements
 - (d) SEC Form 17 C (Current Report) Annex C
 (e) SEC Form 17 Q (Quarterly Report) Annex D
 (f) Sustainability Report Annex E

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I - BUSINESS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Item 1	Business and General Information	5
Item 2	Properties	41
Item 3	Legal Proceedings	43
Item 4	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	44

PART II - OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 5	Market for Issuer's Common Equity and Related Stockholder	
	Matters	
Item 6	Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation	
Item 7	Financial Statements	
Item 8	Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants and	
	Financial Disclosure	75

PART III - CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

Item 9	Directors and Executive Officers of the Issuer	
Item 10	0 Executive Compensation	
Item 11	Securities Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and	
	Management	88
Item 12	Item 12 Certain Relationships and Related Transactions	

PART IV - CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Item	13	Compliance Program	91	
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PART V - EXHIBITS AND SCHEDULES

Item 14 Exhibits 93

SIGNATURES 95

PART 1 – BUSINESS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Business and General Information

A) Parent Company

The Company was incorporated in the Philippines on March 12, 1957. Its principal activity is investment in shares of various subsidiaries, associates, affiliates and other marketable equity securities. The ultimate parent company of PHN and its subsidiaries is Philippine Investment- Management (PHINMA), Inc.

On May 27, 2010, the Securities and Exchange Commission approved the change of name of the Company from Bacnotan Consolidated Industries, Inc. to Phinma Corporation.

On September 18, 2020, the Parent Company executed a deed of absolute sale with the President of ICI Asia for its entire ownership interest in ICI Asia for P0.5 million resulting to a loss of control to the latter by the Parent Company. As a result, the Company recognized a loss from deconsolidation amounting to P11.2 million and derecognized the net assets of ICI Asia.

On December 21, 2020, PHINMA approved the sale of its 225,000,000 shares of PHINMA Solar to UGC. The sale rationalized PHINMA's ownership structure in its Construction Materials group by consolidating in UGC 100% ownership in PHINMA Solar. PHINMA Solar is 98.01% indirectly-owned by PHINMA and 100% owned by UGC.

On July 17, 2023, the Parent Company completed the following transactions upon full payment and signing of Deed of Sale:

Company	Description	PHINMA Inc.'s Direct Ownership	Transaction Value (Pin millions)
	Holding company of the Company's education network comprised of 10		
PEHI	schools	8.03%	₽1,064.8
PPHC	Holding company of the Company's property development arm Management company of the Company's	36.71%	588.9
PHI	Microtel and TRYP hotels; part-owner in 7 hotels	63.77%	251.2
PHINMA Micro Hotels	tel Master franchisor of Microtel and TRYP hotels in the Philippines	51.00%	21.2
APHI	Owner of real estate properties	63.47%	409.4
Total			₽2,335.5

1. Purchase of investments of PHINMA Inc. in the following companies:

The Parent Company and all the entities above are subsidiaries of PHINMA, Inc. before and after the business combination. Thus, the acquisition was accounted for as business combination under common control. The transaction is part of the consolidation of the group's strategic business units under PHINMA Corporation and will expand its exposure to these high-growth sectors. The Parent Company accounted the transaction using pooling of interest method.

2. Purchase of real estate properties from PHINMA, Inc. amounting to ₱507.1 million consisting of office floors/spaces in the Company's office building, PHINMA Plaza located in Rockwell Center, Makati City.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company's principal subsidiaries and its percentage of ownership are as follows:

Table 1 - List of	Subsidiaries
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	% of
Name of Subsidiaries	Ownership
Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC)	98.01
Philcement Corporation (Philcement)	60.00
PHINMA Solar Energy Corporation (PHINMA Solar) ^(d)	98.01
Phinma Education Holdings, Inc. (PHINMA Education) (c)	75.21
PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation and subsidiaries (PPHC) ^(c)	76.81
PHINMA Hospitality, Inc. and subsidiaries (PHI) (c)	63.77
PHINMA Microtel Hotels, Inc. (PHINMA Microtel) (c)	51.00
ABCIC Property Holdings, Inc. (APHI) ^(c)	89.98
Asian Plaza, Inc. (API)	57.62
P & S Holdings Corporation (PSHC)	60.00
Career Academy Asia, Inc. (CAA) ^(a)	90.00
One Animate Limited, Inc. (OAL) ^(b)	80.00
(a) CAA ceased its operations on March 31, 2019	

CAA ceased its operations on March 31, 2019. (a)

OAL owns 100.00% interest in Toon City Animation, Inc. (Toon City). OAL and Toon City ceased operations in April (b) 2013.

On July 17, 2023, PHN acquired shares in the following companies: 36.71% ownership interest of PPHC; 63.47% (C) ownership interest of APHI; 63.77% ownership interest of PHI; 51.00% ownership interest of PHINMA Microtel and 8.03% ownership interest of PEHI

The principal activities of the subsidiaries both direct and indirect are as follows:

Name of Subsidiaries	Nature of Business
UGC	Manufacturing and distribution of steel products
Philcement	Manufacturing and distribution of cement products
PHINMA Solar	Sale and installation of solar rooftop systems
PHINMA Education	Holding company for investments in education
PPHC	Real estate development and construction and property
PHINMA Hospitality	Hotel management and development
APHI	Sale of real and personal properties
API	Lease of real property
PSHC	Investment and real estate holdings
CAA	Educational institution
OAL	BPO - Animation services

The Company also has direct minority interest in the following companies:

Coral Way City Hotel Corporation	23.75%

B) Subsidiaries:

Construction Materials

PHINMA operates its construction materials business through three (3) subsidiaries, namely, Union Galvasteel Corporation ("UGC"), Philcement Corporation ("Philcement"), and PHINMA Solar Energy Corporation ("PHINMA Solar"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of UGC. The construction Materials Group aims to maximize synergies among the various companies within the group to provide innovative construction solutions to its customers, offering one-stop shop services, from floor to roofing, and providing superior convenience and service to customers nationwide.

PHINMA Solar is 100% owned by UGC, thus PHINMA Corp. effectively owns 98.01% interest of PHINMA Solar (d)

Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC)

UGC started as the Union Steel Plant Division of BCII. It began commercial operations in 1963 with a galvanizing plant in Poro, La Union for the manufacture of Galvanized Iron sheets, expanding to Ilang, Davao City in 1968 and to Calamba, Laguna in 1990. In 1993, the steel plant was spun off from BCII as a separate business unit, and incorporated as Bacnotan Steel Corporation. It was later renamed UGC in 1997 and established a modern Continuous Galvanizing Line and Color Coating Line for the manufacture of pre-painted galvanized steel coils in Calamba, Laguna. On December 22, 2010, the SEC approved the merger of UGC and Atlas Holdings Corporation, a 90%-owned subsidiary of PHINMA with UGC as the surviving entity.

It is a leading manufacturer of pre-painted galvanized iron roofing products and other steel products such as steel decking, frames, pre-engineered building systems and insulated panels used for cold storage and other facilities. UGC's main manufacturing facilities are located in Calamba, Laguna. It also operates roll-forming plants in Poro, San Fernando, La Union; Ilang, Davao City; Cebu City; Cagayan de Oro City; Zamboanga City; Calasiao, Pangasinan; Bacolod City; Iloilo City; Pili, Camarines Sur; San Fernando, Pampanga; Batangas City; Tacloban City, Leyte; and Cainta, Rizal.

Today, UGC is a significant player in the manufacture and distribution of pre-painted and other galvanized roofing, and of galvanized steel building products such as building system components like steel deckings, c-purlins, door jambs, steel trusses, pre-engineered building structures and insulated panels for commercial, industrial and residential applications. UGC has the largest and most diversified distribution network in the industry, with rollforming plants, warehouses and sales offices in strategic locations throughout the country. UGC's production lines are located in:

- Continuous Color Coating Line in Calamba City, Laguna
- Insulated Panel Lines in Calamba City, Laguna and Davao City
- Discontinuous Rollforming Lines in various locations nationwide

On December 21, 2020, UGC purchased 100% of Phinma Corporation's shares in Phinma Solar Energy Corporation (PHINMA Solar), increasing its percentage of ownership in PHINMA Solar to 100%.

PhilCement Corporation (PhilCement)

Philcement was incorporated on September 22, 2017 to engage in the processing, manufacturing, distribution, marketing and sales of cement products. Philcement is PHINMA's re-entry into the cement industry, re-introducing PHINMA's legacy brand "Union Cement". Union Cement enjoyed market dominance and strong brand recognition for many years when PHINMA was in direct ownership or management of majority of the country's integrated cement plants, until the Company sold its ownership stake to Holder Bank (now Holcim) in 2003. Philcement is proud to re-introduce the legacy Union Cement brand after a 14-year hiatus. The re-branding of Union Cement aims to combine world class standards with Filipino expertise to make the lives of Filipinos better through quality, affordable, and readily available cement products. Philcement imports cement from its partner The Vissai Group, one of the biggest privately-owned cement companies in Vietnam. Philcement is owned 60.00% by PHINMA.

Philcement is a Freeport Area of Bataan ("FAB") - registered enterprise permitted to engage in the processing, manufacturing, marketing, importing, trading – wholesale and retail, selling, and distributing cement, cement products, and other by-products and establishing, operating and managing cement supply terminals at the FAB. As a FAB Registered enterprise, Philcement is entitled to the benefits and incentives under Republic Act No. 9728, also known as "The Freeport Area of Bataan Act of 2009". The Authority of the Freeport Area of Bataan is further discussed under "*Regulatory Framework*".

Philcement's 7.8-hectare flagship cement processing complex is located in the Freeport Area of Bataan and is considered to be the first state-of-the-art cement facility in the Philippines and one of the largest independent cement terminals globally. The facility has an initial annual capacity of 2 million metric tons of cement or 400,000 bags a day. The cement processing complex serves as an importation, manufacturing, storage and bagging facility of Philcement in Mariveles, Bataan. The Mariveles Cement Facility is certified under ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015, and ISO 45001:2018.

The cement processing complex is likewise strategically located and able to afford Philcement logistical advantage over competitors who transport cement mostly via land. Philcement is likewise able to leverage having its own port which allows it to distribute its produce via sea.

In September 2019, PHINMA signed an agreement to invest USD \$50.00 million in Song Lam Cement Joint Stock Company, the flagship plant of The Vissai, the largest private cement manufacturing group in Vietnam. The investment will be used to expand the capacity of the flagship plant located in Nge Anh province in Vietnam, and will cement Philcement's relationship with Viet Cement Terminal JSC, who is a shareholder in Philcement. While these mutual partnerships assure Philcement a reliable supply of high-quality cement for its customers, out of the world-class facility in Mariveles Bataan, all transactions between the different companies under the PHINMA Group and the Vissai Group are kept at arm's length and driven by market conditions. The Company finalized this investment on May 12, 2021.

PHINMA Solar Energy Corporation (PHINMA Solar)

PHINMA Solar, formerly Trans-Asia Wind Power Corporation, was incorporated in the Philippines and registered with the SEC on July 26, 2013.

PHINMA Solar is the Group's venture into the solar rooftop market, providing solar rooftop generation solutions for industrial, commercial, and residential clients, capitalizing on the opportunity presented by the declining cost of solar energy panels, rising levels of environmental awareness, and government initiatives mandating the use of renewable energy sources. In 2019, it expanded its portfolio of clients and has evolved from a lease model to a sale on installment model to maximize cashflow and mitigate exposure on fluctuation in the energy generation and prices. PHINMA Solar also started selling PV systems to commercial and residential customers.

On December 21, 2020, PHINMA approved the sale of its 225,000,000 shares of PHINMA Solar to UGC. The sale rationalized PHINMA's ownership structure in its Construction Materials group by consolidating in UGC 100% ownership in PHINMA Solar. PHINMA Solar is 98.01% indirectly-owned by PHINMA and 100% owned by UGC.

PHINMA Solar's value proposition for its customers comes from the savings the customers are able to achieve on their annual electricity costs from using the solar rooftop equipment. The customers not only save on their electricity costs but also support the environment.

In collaboration with UGC, PHINMA Solar not only promotes its own brand but is also able to extend UGC sales through PHINMA Solar's network of customers and vice versa.

Educational Services

The education services of PHINMA are held through its majority-owned subsidiary, PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. PHINMA Education's mission is to make lives better through accessible, quality education. By intent and design, the network caters to the underserved youth – high school graduates from low-income families who want to go to college and get better jobs.

PHINMA Education holds majority equity interests in nine tertiary institutions across the Philippines, with five branch campuses:

Institution		Location (branches)	Year Acquired
LUZON			
PHINMA University of Pangasinan	UPang	Dagupan City, Pangasinan (Urdaneta City)	2009
PHINMA Araullo University	AU	Cabanatuan City, Nueva Ecija	2004

		(Cabanatuan City, San Jose City)	
NCR Network:			
- PHINMA Republican College	RC	Quezon City, NCR	2019
- PHINMA St. Jude College	SJC	Manila, NCR	2017
Laguna Network:			
 PHINMA Union College of Laguna 	UCL	Sta. Cruz, Laguna	2021
 PHINMA Rizal College of Laguna 	RCL	Calamba, Laguna	2020
VISAYAS	-		
PHINMA University of Iloilo	UI	lloilo City, lloilo	2009
Southwestern University PHINMA	SWU	Cebu City, Cebu	2015
MINDANAO			
PHINMA Cagayan de Oro College	сос	Cagayan de Oro City, Misamis Oriental (Cagayan de Oro City, Iligan City)	2005

* Southwestern University owns a tertiary hospital, Southwestern University Medical Center, operated by Mount Grace Hospitals, Inc. of the United Laboratories Group.

On 28 August 2015, PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. was incorporated in the Philippines and registered with the SEC to invest in, purchase, acquire, own, hold, use, sell, assign, transfer, mortgage, pledge, exchange, dispose of real and personal property of every kind and description, including shares of stock and other property of educational institutions. The company serves as the PHINMA Group's holding company for its investments in education.

As part of its growth strategy, PHINMA Education has also expanded to serve students outside the Philippines. From 2017 to 2020, it operated the PHINMA Training Center in Yangon, Myanmar through its subsidiary, PHINMA Education Myanmar, Ltd in a partnership with one of the country's leading private hospitals, Victoria Hospital. In Indonesia, PHINMA Education entered into a joint venture agreement with PT Tripersada Global Manajemen to form PT Ind-Phil Management (INDPHIL). Since its inception in 2019, INDPHIL has been managing tertiary institutions for Yayasan Triputra Persada Horizon Education, namely, STMIK and STIKES Kharisma in Karawang, West Java. The schools secured university status and officially became Horizon University Indonesia (Horizon University) in 2023.

Properties

PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation and subsidiaries

PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation (PPHC) was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on December 3, 2010. PPHC was originally incorporated on March 6, 1959 as Filoil Consolidated Industries, Inc, then changed to FCI Development Corporation (FCI) on June 16, 1975. FCI changed its name to PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation on July 23, 1987 after the merger with PHINMA Realty Corporation. On March 18, 1998, PPHC merged with

Management Building Corporation with PPHC as the surviving company.

On November 25, 2010, the BOD and stockholders approved, among others, the reincorporation of the Corporation under the same name and business purpose to comply with the legal requirements for continuance of the Registrant's business when the original corporate life expired. The shareholders initially invested in PPHC a total of P125.0 million cash. The Registrant also recorded all the assets and liabilities of the old PPHC as of November 30, 2010 through a Deed of Assignment of Assets with Assumption of Liabilities, together with all the attendant rights and obligations, executed in December 2010 between the Company and the Trustee of the old PPHC. The shareholders of the old PPHC, through the Trustee, reinvested their shares in the net asset value of the old PPHC by subscribing to the shares of the Registrant.

PPHC, together with its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the Group), develops affordable mediumrise condominium units and socialized housing units in Metro Manila and other areas in the country. The Parent Company is engaged in real estate development, principally in low-cost and middle-cost housing and vertical development. It has also engaged in construction, property management and co-working business through its subsidiaries and affiliate.

The registered office address of the Group is PHINMA Properties Center, No. 29 EDSA, Mandaluyong City. Between 1987 to 1990, PPHC was engaged in the development of upscale townhouse projects such as the Manila Polo Club Townhouses, Mariposa Villas and Mariposa Square Townhouses as well as the management and administration of the PHINMA and Kalayaan Buildings.

In 1991, in response to the government's appeal for more active private sector participation in addressing the country's housing needs, PPHC refocused its corporate mission with emphasis on providing quality and affordable housing to low and middle-income families in high growth centers and began to actively participate in low cost and socialized housing development. The initial project for this type of development was Villa Milagrosa, located in San Pedro, Laguna. In 1995, PPHC developed Villa Elisa, a 3.20 hectare project in Imus, Cavite with 3 house models to choose from – rowhouse, single-detached and single-attached designs.

In 1996, PPHC, recognizing the need for urban housing at affordable prices, shifted its focus to in-city development. In order to reduce the cost of land and maximize the land area, PPHC shifted to vertical development. The pilot project of this type was Smile Citihomes I, located at Barangay Kaligayahan, Novaliches, Quezon City. Completed by the first quarter of 1998, the project boasts of 5-storey condominium buildings with a total of 1,595 residential units, each with a 30-sq.m.floor area. The success generated by Smile Citihomes I encouraged PPHC to concentrate its land banking within Metro Manila and other urban centers to duplicate this type of development. By residing within the vicinity of Metro Manila, the prospective buyers are able to stay near or are able to limit travel time from their homes to their respective work places. Reduced travel time to and from the workplace increases the quality of life of the prospective buyers.

On February 5, 2016, Community Developers and Construction Corporation (CDCC) was established to cater to construction projects outside the Group. In 2017, it started its first construction project with P.A. Alvarez Property Development Corporation (P.A. Alvarez) with the latter's Nuvista project. In 2018, CDCC entered again a new construction project with P.A. Alvarez for the latter's St. Joseph Homes Calamba and Windfield Briza projects. CDCC also entered into a construction agreement with the Quezon City government for its Bistekville 15 and 16 housing projects.

On September 13, 2017, Community Property Managers Group Inc. (CPMGI) was established to broaden the reach of its property management business. CPMGI initially started its operations handling the administration and management of PPHC's completed projects. In 2019, CPMGI started expanding its services to third parties, through a management contract with various Urban Deca condominium corporations.

In 2019, the Group ventured in coworking business, entering into a joint venture arrangement with UnionSPACE, Inc. and Acceler8 Now, Inc. On June 11, 2019, InPHIN8 Space, Inc. (InPHIN8) was incorporated as the co-working arm of the Group. On the same year, InPHIN8 launched and started the operations of its co-working space in the fifth floor of PHINMA Plaza.

Asian Plaza, Inc. (API)

API was incorporated on January 26, 2005 and started commercial operations on the same date. The Company's primary purpose is investment in real properties.

On March 24, 2022, API signed a Contract to Sell for the sale of API's condominium unit in Rufino Pacific Tower for ₱35.8 million.

Hospitality

PHINMA Hospitality Inc., the hospitality arm of PHINMA Group, operates 14 Microtel by Wyndham hotels and one TRYP by Wyndham hotel in the Philippines. It is also a joint venture partner in majority of these properties, including the flagship 150-room Microtel by Wyndham Mall of Asia. PHINMA Corporation, has a 63.77% equity interest in PHINMA Hospitality as well as 23.75% equity interest in Coral Way City Hotel Corporation (Coral Way), owner of Microtel by Wyndham Mall of Asia. Coral Way's wholly owned subsidiary, Krypton Esplanade Hotel Corporation owns the 191-room TRYP by Wyndham Mall of Asia.

PHINMA Hospitality Inc. was incorporated in the Philippines and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on August 23, 1999. The Company is primarily engaged in the business of developing, owning, operating and managing economy lodging facilities.

Investment Holdings

P & S Holdings Corporation, a 60% owned subsidiary of Phinma Corporation was incorporated on September 11, 1998. The company's primary purpose is to invest in real and personal properties. The company currently owns and leases land located in Bulacan.

Product Lines

Construction Materials Group

Construction Materials Group' major product lines are:

Business Unit	Product	Туре	
Steel	Colored or Prepainted Sheets	In coil or in sheets roll formed	
	Heavy Gauges	In sheets, coils and roll formed	
	Long Span GI Sheets	Roll formed – in sheets	
	Claddings and Sidings	Roll formed – in sheets	
	Decking's / C. Purlins	Roll formed – in sheets	
	Metal frames / Studs	Roll formed – in sheets	
	Spandrel	Roll formed – in sheets	
	Polyurethane Panels	Roll formed – in sheets	
	Roofing Accessories	Bended or Roll formed	
	Pre-engineered Building Systems	Roll formed	
Cement	Cement (in 40-kg, jumbo bags, bulk) High-strength cement, purpose cement		
Solar	Rooftop System Solar photovoltaic rooftop syst		
	Power / electricity	Generation and distribution of solar power	

The Construction Materials Group namely UGC, Philcement and Phinma Solar generated combined revenues of PHP 13.27 billion, accounting for 62.37% of PHN's revenues in 2023.

CMG Consolidated Revenues (in thousands)				
	Calendar Year Calendar Year Calendar Year			
	Ended Ended Ended			
(in Thousand pesos)	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	
	2022	2022	2021	
	₱13,268,172	₱13,245,555	₱12,144,100	

Educational Services

PHINMA Education offers diversified tertiary programs mainly focused on employability. Its leading programs in terms of enrolment are in the areas of Criminology, Management & Accountancy, Allied Health Science, Engineering & Architecture, and Education. While PHINMA Education focuses on delivering tertiary education, some of its institutions also provide basic education, senior high school, graduate, and technical and vocational education and training (TVET) programs.

Properties

Listed herein below is a tabular presentation of the Group's completed and on-going projects:

PROJECT	LOCATION	YEAR COMPLETED	AREA (HECTARES)	NO. OF UNITS COMPLETED
Mariposa Square	C. Benitez, Quezon City	1987	0.20	10
Mariposa Villas	Mariposa St., Quezon City	1988	2.06	40
Manila Polo Club Townhouses	Forbes Park, Makati City	1989	2.40	43
Villa Milagrosa	San Pedro, Laguna	1994	1.00	155
Villa Elisa	Imus, Cavite	1996	3.40	334
Smile Citihomes I	Novaliches, Quezon City	1998	2.40	1,595
Smile Citihomes Annex	Camarin Rd., Caloocan City	2003	1.00	638
Sunny Villas	Pearl Drive, Commonwealth Ave., East Fairview, Quezon City	2005	1.44	812
Spazio Bernardo	Brgy. Sauyo, Bagbag, Quezon City	2006	1.66	957
Spazio Bernardo West Villas	Brgy. Sauyo, Quezon City	2007	0.66	319
San Benissa Garden Villas	Quirino Highway, Novaliches, Quezon City	2008	1.56	928
Fountain Breeze	Lombos Avenue, Sucat, Parañaque City	2011	3.12	1,640
Sofia Bellevue	Capitol Hills Drive, Quezon City	2011	1.70	840
Flora Vista	Peacock St., Brgy. Commonwealth, Quezon City	2010	1.88	870
ASiA Enclaves	Alabang, Muntinlupa City	2016	10.67	588
Solano Hills	Villongco St., Muntinlupa City	2016	2.90	1,260
Arezzo Place Pasig	Sandoval Avenue, Pasig City	2021	4.30	1,980

Bistekville –Townhouse	Novaliches, Quezon City	2015	0.17	40
Hacienda Balai	Novaliches, Quezon City	2021	2.90	1,220
Bistekville RH	Novaliches, Quezon City	2015	0.07	23
Arezzo Place Davao	Davao City	2023	27	1080
Grand Strikeville 4	Bacoor City, Cavite	2018		RH – 756 TH – 115
L'Oasis	Malabon City	2019	10.80	626
Aspire Homes	Cebu City	2019	1.80	238
Uniplace	Cebu City	1 building complete; 1 building ongoing	0.4	220
Metrotowne	Las Pinas City	1 building complete; 1 building ongoing; 3 buildings for Future construction	2.1	330
PHINMA Maayo San Jose	San Jose, Batangas	1 Phase On- Going Construction; 2 Phases for Future Construction	9.5	93
PHINMA Maayo Tugbok	Tugbok, Davao	1 Phase On- Going Construction; 2 Phases for Future Construction	9.6	-

Ongoing Construction Projects

8-storey Mt. Mayon Medical Center

Completed Construction Projects

Nuvista – San Jose Del Monte, Bulacan St. Joseph Homes – Calamba, Laguna St. Joseph Homes – Cabuyao, Laguna

Hospitality

PHINMA Hospitality focuses on developing and managing hotels primarily in the mid-market segment. It currently operates 14 hotels under the Microtel by Wyndham brand and one hotel under the TRYP by Wyndham brand in key business and leisure locations in the country.

Contribution of Export Sales

UGC, PhilCement and PHINMA Solar have no export sales.

<u>Supply</u>

Construction Materials

a. UGC

UGC's major raw materials in the production of color-coated sheets are galvanized iron sheets in coils or zinc-aluminum coated sheets in coils. The sources of galvanized and zinc aluminum coated materials are China and other Asian countries. As of today, there are no local manufacturers of these materials that can meet the quality of substrates for pre-painting.

UGCs sources steel coils from a minimum of five different suppliers and as such believes its supplier base is diverse enough so as not to pose a concentration risk to the company from the loss of any single supplier.

b. Philcement

Philcement currently sources substantially majority of its imported cement from one of the biggest privately-owned cement joint-stock companies in Vietnam. The Vissai Group, through Viet Cement Terminal JSC, and PHINMA, are shareholders of Philcement and it is in the mutual interest of both companies that the Vissai Group continues to supply Philcement with cement. However, the cement supply agreements between Philcement and The Vissai Group are non-exclusive, done at arm's length, and are at market prices, and as such, Philcement is free to source cement from other parties for supply reliability and risk mitigation.

To this end, Philcement has negotiated and developed cement supply arrangements with other suppliers in Asia and continues to develop other sources of cement.

c. PHINMA Solar

PHINMA Solar's major inputs are provided by solar panel suppliers and Engineering, Procurement and Construction ("EPC") contractors for turnkey solar projects. Supply contracts are done on a per project basis. Prior to finalizing contracts, PHINMA Solar evaluates offers from a minimum of 3 different suppliers. The company purchases from several competing suppliers and believes there is no concentration risk from any one particular supplier.

Educational Services

PHINMA Education schools have common suppliers only for requirements such as computers and tech systems, construction, uniforms, and learning materials. For all others, supply sources of its schools vary due to their geographic dispersion. PHINMA Education believes there is no concentration risk because no single supplier exerts any monopoly and there are several competing suppliers. The company benchmarks its supply costs against other schools in order to negotiate fair prices.

Properties

PPHC has adopted a state of the art (formwork) technology from abroad. The formwork system employs the use of tunnel form in building repetitive structural units. Concrete is then poured continuously resulting in highly durable housing shells compared with other existing housing units of its kind. Architectural flexibility is attained through the technology's versatile design that can be broken down into minor structural components during the planning stages of the project.

The Company has developed back up/alternative sources of materials to ensure availability and continuity of supply. The Company also arranged supply contracts for the total requirement of the project, and is not dependent on few selected suppliers.

Hospitality

Hotel supplies of PHINMA Hospitality-managed hotels are mainly sourced from different local suppliers. The group has several available suppliers and believes that there is no concentration risk from any one particular provider.

Customers

The Company believes its customer base across its major business segments are diverse enough and no single customer make up more than 20% or more of PHINMA or the business segments group revenue.

Nonetheless, below is a breakdown of some of the Group's major customers.

Construction Materials

The Construction Materials Group is not dependent on a single or few customers but, rather, has a wellbalanced customer portfolio.

UGC

UGC serves the steel roofing requirements of end-users, developers, contractors, and dealers for residential, and commercial building applications and government projects including school buildings and military housing units. UGC also caters to the agribusiness sector such as the cold storage and poultry industries.

Philcement

Philcement's customers are grouped into the following segments: Contractor, Dealers, Developers, End-User, Hardware stores and Retailer, and Ready-Mix Players. Notably, despite the short time since the start of its operations, Philcement has supplied a number of big commercial and infrastructure projects across the country.

PHINMA Solar

PHINMA Solar's customers are mainly in industries including mall operations, manufacturing, schools, agri-businesses, hospitals, and hotel operation.

Educational Services

PHINMA Education primarily serves post-secondary Filipino students that belong to the low-income market segment. Other categories of customers include students from middle-income families, foreign students, adults and working professionals in its graduate and TVET programs, high school students, and the Indonesian students in Horizon University.

Average tuition and other school fees across PHINMA Education's schools range from ₱15,000 to ₱42,000 per semester.

Properties

The majority of PHINMA Properties' buyers are first-time homeowners, typically with a monthly household income ranging from Php50,000 to Php150,000. Across all projects, the average total selling price stands at Php3.6M, effectively catering to the middle-income segment.

Construction Services

For construction projects, its ongoing engagement is for the construction of Mount Mayon Medical Center. This client is established to maintain, operate, own and manage hospitals which are fully departmentalized and equipped with the service capabilities needed to support certified/licensed medical specialists and other licensed physicians rendering service in the Department of Medicine, Pediatrics, Obstetrics, and Gynecology and Surgery as well as their specialties and subspecialists, medical and

related healthcare facilities and businesses such as, but without restriction to, clinical laboratories, diagnostic centers, ambulatory clinics, scientific research and other allied undertakings and services which shall provide medical, surgical, nursing therapeutic, paramedic or similar care, provided that purely professional, medical or surgical services shall be performed only by duly qualified and licensed physicians or surgeons who may or may not be connected with the hospitals and whose services shall be freely and individually contracted by patients.

Property Management

8990 Holdings

After disposing of its information technology and telecommunications business in 2012 and following its corporate reorganization a year after, 8990 began to focus, through its subsidiaries, on providing affordable and quality housing to hardworking Filipinos.

Through construction innovation and continuous improvement in quality, price, and service, 8990 is able to uphold its vision of providing decent shelter to Filipino families.

It is committed to its mission to help Filipinos own a home that they can be proud of and cherish for always.

The country's leading mass housing developer plans to expand to other cities and provinces to help more people realize their dream of home ownership.

Hospitality

For hotel management, PHINMA Hospitality operates hotels owned by various corporate entities and ownership groups. In terms of hotel customers, these consist of a combination of both individual and corporate accounts.

Transactions with and/or dependence on related parties

Other than transaction disclosed in "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions", PHINMA has no dependence on any related parties.

Marketing and Distribution

Construction Materials

UGC

UGC serves the steel roofing requirements of end-users, developers, contractors and dealers for residential, commercial building applications and government projects such as school buildings and reconstruction efforts. Its secondary markets are facilities for the agribusiness sector such as cold storage, poultry structures and government projects for school buildings and public markets.

UGC's main manufacturing facilities are located in Calamba City, Laguna and it maintains a nationwide distribution network consisting of roll-forming plants, warehouses and sales offices located in strategic regions around the Philippines.

Philcement

Backed by decades of experience in the cement industry and armed with technical and management expertise, Philcement aims to be a partner of choice for its reliability of supply and high-quality products and services. Philcement distributes its products in 40-kg bags, jumbo bags, and bulk trucks.

To serve key markets, Philcement has built a cement facility in the Freeport Area of Bataan which started operations in February 2020. It is the first in the industry to use ship unloader for bulk cement.

Further, in September 2019, Philcement entered into an agreement with Seasia Nectar Port Services, Inc. to purchase the port and port assets where its terminal is constructed on, thereby affording the company cost-efficiencies.

The cement processing complex is likewise strategically located and able to afford Philcement logistical advantage over competitors who transport cement mostly via land.

Philcement's main Office and Facility are located in the Freeport Area of Bataan, Mariveles, Bataan. Along with UGC, it continues to grow its distribution network nationwide.

Educational Services

PHINMA Education provides opportunities to students from low-income families by offering financial assistance and academic scholarships on top of already accessible fees. Partnerships with nearby high schools and communities are supplemented by digital marketing campaigns across each institution's catchment areas.

PHINMA Education is present in areas with a strong demand for tertiary education, with its footprint growing to 15 branches across 12 cities in the Philippines, and one school in Indonesia:

Institution/ Network	Campus	Location	Key Market/s		
PHILIPPINES					
AU	Main	Bitas, Cabanatuan City	Nueva Ecija		
	South	H. Concepcion, Cabanatuan City			
	San Jose	Canuto Ramos, San Jose City			
COC	Main/Carmen	Carmen, Cagayan de Oro City	Misamis Oriental		
	Puerto	Puerto, Cagayan de Oro City			
	lligan	Pala-o, Iligan City			
UI	Main	lloilo City	Iloilo Province and Guimaras		
UPang	Main/Dagupan	Dagupan City	Pangasinan		
	Urdaneta	Urdaneta City			
SWU	Main	Cebu City	Visayas, and Northern and estern Mindanao		
NCR Network	SJC Manila	Sampaloc, Manila City	National Capital Region		
	SJC QC	Cubao, Quezon City			
Laguna Network	RCL	Calamba City	Laguna		
	UCL	Sta. Cruz City			

INDONESIA			
Horizon University	Karawang	Karawang City	Karawang

Properties

PPHC has one of the most professional, highly motivated, and best-trained sales force composed of local brokers and in-house agents. They are provided with high-impact promotional tools and excellent working knowledge on the housing package including documentation and financing aspects of realty selling.

The Corporation has clear and well-studied set of sales policies and guidelines which ensures harmonious working relationship among brokers and agents belonging to different marketing agencies. Brokers and agents are given incentives for sales and documentation performance. All brokers and agents are given regular project and competitor updates. The marketing and documentation teams of the Corporation ensure that all brokers/agents and buyers get only the best service they so rightfully deserve.

<u>Hospitality</u>

PHINMA Hospitality main office is located in PHINMA Plaza, Rockwell Makati, which gives it an optimal location in terms of overseeing operations of hotels in Metro Manila, Southern Luzon, Central and Northern Luzon. Company officers also conduct regular visits to hotels in Visayas and Mindanao.

Hotels managed by PHINMA Hospitality located in various parts of the country utilize both online and traditional channels for hotel reservations.

Competition

Construction Materials

UGC

For steel roofing, UGC's main competitors are Puyat Steel, DN Steel, and Sonic Steel/United Steeltech Group. In terms of relative nationwide market share size in this category, it is estimated that UGC is roughly the same size as Puyat Steel and DN Steel, and a little over half the size of Sonic Steel/United Steeltech Group.

UGC's range of products in this category include: pre-painted galvanized sheets, galvanized sheets, light steel frames, purlins, and metal decking. In comparison, UGCs major competitors have a similar product range. UGC has a nationwide distribution network. In comparison, UGCs major competitors are also present nationwide. UGC effectively competes in the area of customer service, where its wide distribution network and speed of order fulfilment ensure its products are readily available in the market at the location and within the timeframe required by its customers.

For PU products, UGCs main competitors are DYD/Ultra, and iSteel. UGCs range of products in this category includes Insulated Roofing, Insulated Sandwich Panels and Doors.

Philcement

Philcement's main competitors are Holcim, Republic Cement, Eagle Cement, Northern Cement, and Cemex. It is estimated that in terms of relative nationwide market share size, Holcim has the largest share, while Philcement has the smallest share among the aforementioned market players. Holcim, with cement plants in La Union, Bulacan, Misamis Oriental, and Davao and terminals in Visayas and South Luzon, has nationwide market presence. Eagle Cement and Northern Cement's integrated cement plants are primarily focused on Luzon, with Northern Cement covering the areas of Northern Luzon while Eagle Cement Bulacan operations concentrate on Central Luzon, NCR, and South Luzon. In early 2022, Southern Concrete (Oro Cement), which is part of the San Miguel Group along with Northern and Eagle,

started operations in Davao del Sur. Republic Cement, similar to Holcim, maintains a nationwide market presence with several plants located mostly in Luzon, a grinding plant in Cebu, and its Iligan Cement plant in Lanao Del Norte. Cemex Philippines, with the Solid/Rizal cement plants in Antipolo City, Rizal and Apo cement plants in Naga, Cebu, has market presence in NCR and South Luzon and Visayas, respectively. Apart from Eagle Cement, many of these plants have been and continue to import clinker and, at many times, cement, to augment their supply. Aside from these large industry players with integrated capacities, Philcement also competes with cement importers in some areas. These cement importers source their cement mostly from Vietnam but also has supply from other parts of Asia.

Although Philcement's main facility is in Mariveles Bulacan, its port facilities provide transport flexibility to its customers. The facility can easily load cement to vessels and transport them out to different ports nationwide, while it can also dispatch cement products for land transport. This provides a significant competitive advantage compared to landlocked cement plants which have no choice but to traverse congested road networks. Philcement has been able to competitively serve areas such as llocos in North Luzon, Metro Manila, and islands in the MIMAROPA and the Visayas regions through vessels - markets which are very hard and costly to reach unless a cement plant is nearby.

In terms of pricing, Philcement recognizes the importance of quality of cement for its customers, while understanding the competitiveness of the market. Philcement's pricing strategy is market-driven and is competitive against local cement brands. For the bulk market segment where quality is of paramount significance, Philcement is also able to price competitively, while ensuring that it maintains consistent quality and reliability of supply for its customers.

Educational Services

Philippines

The competitors of each PHINMA Education school are concentrated within their geographic scope, and may either be private or state-owned schools that cater to the same market segment. PHINMA Education schools are generally among the top 5 private schools operating in their respective localities in terms of enrolment, with the exception of more recent acquisitions that are still in their turnaround and growth phases.

In SY 2023-2024, the group logged its highest enrolment yet by welcoming 146,474 students in the Philippines and Indonesia, with 49,407 college freshmen. This marks an 18% overall increase versus the previous school year's enrolment of 124,501 students.

Total tertiary enrolment in the Philippines is currently estimated at around 3.4 million, resulting in an estimated nationwide market share of around 2.2% for the PHINMA Education Schools in aggregate. The following table presents the top private higher educational institutions nationwide by enrolment:

Top 5 Private Higher Educational Institutions in the Philippines by Enrolment, SY 2015/2016¹

University of Sto. Tomas	44,769
Saint Louis University	32,725
South UPI College	29,052
ICCT Colleges	26,833
University of Cebu	26,593
	Saint Louis University South UPI College ICCT Colleges

The table below presents the top 5 state universities and colleges (SUCs) in the Philippines in terms of enrolment. While the passage of the Universal Access to Tertiary Education Act removed tuition as an admission requirement, the SUCs' capacity to accept enrolees is still limited by their capacity constraints and academic admission requirements. Hence, even with the passage of this law, PHINMA Education's enrolment continues to grow.

Top 5 SUCs in the Philippines by Enrolment, SY 2019/2020²

¹ CHED website, latest available data

1.	University of the Philippines	57,387
2.	Polytechnic University of the Philippines	56,928
3.	Cavite State University	43,634
4.	Cebu Technological University	41,395
5.	Batangas State University	39,955

In terms of program offerings, the PHINMA Education Schools carry course offerings designed toward employability of graduates, including programs such as BS Business Administration, Education, Nursing, IT, and Civil Engineering. These same programs have the highest enrolment in the country and are likewise offered by competitors.

PHINMA Education Schools have an established track record in producing national licensure exam topnotchers in programs such as Nursing, Medical Technology, Medicine, Engineering, and Criminology. COC is recognized by the CHED as a Center of Excellence in Criminology.

Indonesia

Horizon University's total enrolment in SY 2023-2024 was 1,773 students. The school offers Health Sciences, Information & Computer Technology, and Business Management programs, and it is currently the only nursing school in Karawang. Similar to the schools in the Philippines, Horizon University's competitors comprise private and state-owned tertiary institutions in its vicinity.

Horizon University has a tuition fee range at par with fees charged by its competitor schools. PHINMA Education identifies Universitas Medika Suherman, Bani Saleh, and STMIK Rosma as closest competitors in terms of enrolment size and programs.

Properties

There are other developers in each of PPHC's project sites offering affordable condominium units to middle-income population that practically have the same area in square meters as follows:

- Quezon City AMAIA Steps, Novaliches (Ayala Land), Neopolitan Condominiums (Sta. Lucia Land Inc.) and Trees Residences (SMDC)
- Pasig City AMAIA Steps (Ayala Land), Urban Deca Homes Pasig (8990 Holdings Inc.) and Kasara Urban Resort Residences (Empire East)
- Muntinlupa City Eastbay Residences (Rockwell Primaries), South Escalades (Robinsons), Rhapsody Residences (DMCI), Anuva Residences (SOC Land), Cerca Alabang (Alveo Land), Studio City (Filinvest)
- Paranaque City SM Bloom (SMDC), Calathea Place (DMCI), Asteria Residences (DMCI), The Atherton (DMCI), Amaia Steps Sucat (Amaia by Ayaland)
- Davao City Amani Grand Resort Residences (Grand Land Call Patrimonio Realty Corp.), The Acropolis (COHO by Vista Land) and The Frontera (COHO by Vista Land)
- Malabon City West Residences (Major Homes) and Buildersville (Finbar Realty Development Corporation)
- Tugbok, Davao Camella Toril (Vista Land), Casa Mira Townhouse (Cebu Landmasters), Ciudad Sor Serafina (Villocino Realty), The Garden at South Ridge (Urban East).

A subsidiary of PPHC, Community Developers and Construction Corporation (CDCC), operates within a diverse and competitive landscape in the construction industry, engaging in a wide array of projects

² CHED website, latest available data

across institutional, residential, and other categories. CDCC's reach extends from the National Capital Region (NCR) to various provinces, showcasing its expansive operational capabilities.

In the Institutional Sector, CDCC competes with firms such as Bluefort Construction, ITC, DM Casteel, Karkonz, Jaios, Jomatech, JLT Construction, and RD Talens. Additionally, other competitors include CCT, Cross-Link, Jethrock, Metriccon, and PrimeBuilt.

In the Residential Sector, competitors include Carwill Construction Incorporated, Lopzom Builders Corp, Chrey Builders Corp., JQ International Construction Inc, Kenjohn, Vision Properties, RAX Construction, Emsen, FTO, and FGU.

For External Projects, competitors include Isofirm, Domici Construction, and Nicandro Construction.

CDCC's distinction in the market is further solidified by its commitment to leveraging cutting-edge project management techniques, developing innovative construction solutions that incorporate green technologies, and establishing strategic partnerships that enhance project efficiency and effectiveness. These practices not only highlight CDCC's dedication to quality and excellence but also underscore its role as a forward-thinking leader, poised for continued growth and success in addressing the future demands of the Philippine construction industry.

The property management subsidiary of PPHC, CPMGI, has as its rivals, the following companies: JB Sosa Property Management Corporation, GD Prime Property Management Corporation, Century Property Management, Inc., Jones Lang Lasalle Philippines Inc., Colliers Philippines and Santos Knight Frank.

Out of all the market companies mentioned above, JLL is predicted to have the biggest share in terms of relative nationwide market share size 4.6B square feet., while CPMGI has the smallest share, behind only GPPMC. With the largest network, JLL is present both internationally and domestically in the Philippine market. North and South Luzon, as well as Central Luzon and the NCR, are the main areas of activity for Century Property Management Inc., whereas JB Sosa & GDPPC are mostly focused on Luzon and the NCR.

In Southeast Asia and other parts of the world, rival companies including Jones Lang Lasalle Philippines Inc., Colliers Philippines, and Santos Knight Frank have their market presence.

Hospitality

PHINMA Hospitality as a hotel group operating the Microtel by Wyndham and TRYP by Wyndham brands in the Philippines indirectly compete with other chains such as Seda Hotels of the Ayala Group, Park Inn by Radisson of the SM Group, Hotel 101 of the Double Dragon group, as well as the Citadines properties of the Ascott Group. Each individual hotel being managed also competes directly with other mid-market hotels in the locations in which they operate.

Intellectual Property

Under the Intellectual Property Code of the Philippines, the rights to a trademark are acquired through the registration with the Bureau of Trademarks of the Intellectual Property Office, which is the principal government agency involved in the registration of brand names, trademarks, patents and other registrable intellectual property materials.

Upon registration, the Intellectual Property Office shall issue a certificate of registration to the owner of the mark, which shall confer the right to prevent all third parties not having the consent of the owner from using in the course of trade identical or similar signs or containers for goods or services which are identical or similar to those in respect of which the mark is registered. The said certificate of registration shall also serve as prima facie evidence of the validity of registration and the ownership of the mark of the registrant. A certificate of registration shall remain in force for an initial period of ten (10) years, and may be renewed for periods of ten (10) years at its expiration.

As of December 31, 2023, PHINMA and its subsidiaries have the following registered trademarks:

PHINMA

Registered Trademark	Date of Registration	Registration No.	Date of Expiration
Making Lives Better	2 October 2015	4/2015/00001382	2 October 2025

Construction Materials

The Construction Materials Group holds several trademarks for the Union brand. UGC's logos and product names are registered while Philcement's Union Cement products are all registered. In 2022, PHINMA Solar secured the registration of its brand, Union Solar.

The Group is actively monitoring and registering its trademarks with the Intellectual Property Office.

Registered Trademark	Date of Registration	Registration No.	Date of Expiration
UGC Logo 1	30 November	4/2016/00014189	30 November 2027
	2017		
UGC Logo 2	30 November 2017	4/2016/00014190	30 November 2027
UGC Logo 3	2 March 2017	4/2016/00014188	2 March 2027
UNION GALVASTEEL			
UGC Logo 4	8 June 2016	4/2001/00007745	8 June 2026
Duratile	4 September 2014	4/2014/00000624	4 September 2024
Duraseam	18 October 2018	4/2018/00000734	18 October 2028
Ecolume (Inactive)	7 April 2019	4/2018/00015871	7 April 2029
Union Cement	19 February 2021	4/2020/505431	19 February 2031
Union V Super	11 May 2018	4/2017/16641	11 May 2028
Union V Ultra	11 May 2018	4/2017/16644	11 May 2028
Union Astig	28 September 2018	4/2018/6692	28 September 2028
Sementong Astig	3 February 2019	4/2018/6691	3 February 2029

Educational Services

Registered Trademark	Date of Registration	Registration No.	Date of Expiration
Araullo University	28 November 2005	4-004-005672	28 November 2025
Araullo University Seal	30 August 2004	4-2004-007972	14 December 2033

Registered Trademark	Date of Registration	Registration No.	Date of Expiration
A REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL PR			
Cagayan de Oro College	3 October 2012	4-2012-00012185	20 June 2033
Cagayan de Oro College Logo	3 October 2012	4-2012-00012187	15 August 2033
CAGAYAN DE ORO COLLEGE			
Cagayan de Oro College Seal	3 October 2012	4-2012-00012188	15 August 2033
Making Lives Better Through Education	5 November 2013	4-2013-00013276	3 July 2024
PHINMA Education Network	29 June 2006	4-2006-007016	22 May 2027
PHINMA Education Network Device (Logo)	21 May 2007	4-2006-007017	21 May 2027
PHINMA Education Network Logo (Pie Like Device)	29 June 2006	4-2006-007019	21 May 2027
RAD Learning	16 December 2020	4-2020-00520345	8 August 2031
RAD Learning Device (Logo)	16 December 2020	4-2020-00520344	8 August 2031
PHINMA Education Network	29 June 2006	4-2006-007016	22 May 2027
Southwestern University	14 January 2016	4/2015/00011472	14 January 2026
University of Iloilo Seal	13 January 2011	4-2010-005386	13 January 2031
University of Iloilo	13 January 2011	4-2010-005385	12 January 2031
University of Iloilo Logo	14 December 2020	4-2020-0003018	14 December 2030
PHINMA IDUCATION NETWORK			
University of Iloilo Rising Sun Design	7 June 2018	4-2018-0000163	7 June 2028
University of Pangasinan Seal	21 August 2014	4-2012-00012182	21 August 2024

Registered Trademark	Date of Registration	Registration No.	Date of Expiration
University of Pangasinan Flame and Book Design	7 March 2013	4-2012-00012183	7 March 2033
University of Pangasinan Logo	21 August 2014	4-2012-00012181	21 August 2024
			2.7.0900(2021
University of Pangasinan	14 June 2013	4-2012-00012180	14 June 2023*

*Pending request for renewal

Properties

Registered Trademark	Date of Registration	Registration No.	Date of Expiration
GRAND STRIKEVILLE 4	14 November 2019	4/2019/00011509	14 November 2029
Hacienda Balai	05 January 2020	4/2019/00011511	05 January 2030
Hacienda Balai NORTH QUERON CITY A Safe Community for New Beginnings	05 January 2020	4/2019/00011512	05 January 2030
METROTOWNE	07 March 2019	4/2018/00005446	07 March 7 2029
PHINMA PROPERTIES	22 February 2020	4/2019/00011501	22 February 2030
AREZO	04 March 2020	4/2019/00011513	04 March 2030
ASIA	17 July 2020	4/2019/00011506	17 July 2030

CDDCCC Consulty Developer Mil Construction Conjugation	04 April 4 2020	4/2019/00011499	04 April 2030
UNPLACE	11 September 2020	4/2019/00011503	11 September 2030
AREZO	05 March 2020	4/2019/11516	05 March 2030
PHINMA PROPERTIES	19 February 2021	4/2020/00000784	19 February 2031 (10 years)
PHINMA PROPERTIES	19 February 2021	4/2020/00000783	19 February 2031 (10 years)
Live fulfilled	11 December 2020	4/2019/00011517	11 December 2030 (10 years)
ASTA ENCLAVES	26 February 2021	4/2019/00011504	26 February 2031 (10 years)
PHINNA MAAYO IUGOK <u>PHINNA MAAYO</u> <u>IUGOK</u> <u>PI Begins Here</u>	04 April 2022	4/2021/00518706	04 April 2032 10 years
PHIMIA MAAYO - UNRAVEL THE COMPORT IN NEW BEGINNINGS	16 June 2022	4/2022/00507097	16 June 2032 10 years
PHINMA LIKHA - A FILIPINO MASTERPIECE INSPIRED BY TRADITION	16 June 2022	4/2022/00507098	16 June 2032 10 years
PHINMA MAHARLIKA - A WARM WELCOME TO LUXE LIVING.	16 June 2022	4/2022/00507099	16 June 2032 10 years
PHINMA PROPERTIES - WEAVING FILIPINO TRADITION INTO HOMES	16 June 2022	4/2022/00507107	16 June 2032 10 years

	24 November 2022	4/2021/00518708	24 November 2032
PHILMA MAAVO	24 November 2022	4/2021/00518707	24 November 2032

Hospitality

Registered Trademark	Date of Registration	Registration No.	Date of Expiration	
Microtel by Wyndham Logo	May 14, 2022	529627	14 May, 2032	
TRYP by Wyndham Logo	August 30, 2012	501553	30 August, 2032	

Effect of Existing or Probable Government Regulations on the Business

Construction Materials

The Construction Materials Group relies heavily on the importation of inputs including cement, steel roofing raw materials, and solar panels. Any new taxes on these inputs or other new forms of non-tariff import restrictions may increase prices, reduce market demand, and adversely affect the business and financial performance of the Construction Materials Group.

In 2019, the Department of Trade and Industry ("DTI") imposed a definitive safeguard duty on imported cement for three years to redress alleged serious injury in the domestic industry. Philcement has filed a case with the Court of Tax Appeals ("CTA") opposing the safeguard taxes, maintaining that local cement manufacturers were not unduly harmed by cement imports. As of writing, the case is still pending with the CTA. Moreover, the domestic industry applied for an extension of the safeguard duty, which expired in October 2022. The Tariff Commission did not recommend the extension of the safeguard duty citing no significant impairment in the overall position of the domestic industry and no existence of an imminent threat of serious injury in the near future. DTI concurred with the recommendation of the Tariff Commission and in October 2022, dismissed the petition filed by local cement manufacturers to extend the tariff protection.

On top of safeguard measures, the domestic cement industry also applied for the imposition of antidumping duties on cement from Vietnam. In October 2022, the Tariff Commission has determined that an anti-dumping duty should be imposed on Philcement's exporter of Ordinary Portland Cement ("OPC" or "Type I"). DTI issued the final order imposing the aforementioned duty in February 2023.

To mitigate this risk, Philcement has started to manufacture its own blended cement in 2021, sold in the market as Union Extra Strength. Philcement has also established supply from other cement

manufacturers in Asia. Moreover, Philcement has initiated several projects over a medium-term horizon which will allow the company to expand its product offerings and its domestic production of blended cement.

For the steel industry, DTI has received an application for safeguard tax protection from two local manufacturers claiming import protection in the galvanized roofing category, where UGC is also present. To mitigate this risk, UGC has the flexibility of activating its existing galvanized line to locally produce its own galvanized roofing. UGC, together with other steel roofing importers, continues to lobby against safeguard duties and has also submitted a position paper to the DTI against the proposed safeguard taxes to protect consumer interests.

Educational Services

Rules and regulations issued by the Commission on Higher Education (CHED), the Department of Education (DepEd), and the Technical Skills Development Authority (TESDA) affect the operations of the universities and colleges under PHINMA Education in the Philippines. Some of the more salient effects include curricular requirements, faculty qualifications, and specifications of facilities. The universities and colleges are also governed by the rules and regulations prescribed by R.A. 9337, "An Act Amending Certain Sections of the National Internal Revenue Code (NIRC), as amended, and for other purposes. Under R.A. 9337, the universities and colleges are subject to a tax of 10% on their taxable income. However, if the gross income from unrelated trade, business or other activity exceeds 50% of the total gross income derived by such educational institutions from all sources, the regular corporate income tax under the NIRC shall be imposed on the entire taxable income.

Under the CREATE Law, the tax rate for "proprietary educational institutions and hospitals which are non-profit" was reduced from ten percent (10%) of taxable income to one percent (1%) for the period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2023. The educational institutions which are subsidiaries of PHINMA Education should and will thus benefit from the said reduced rate as they are all proprietary (or privately-owned) educational institutions. However, on April 8, 2021, the BIR issued the Implementing Regulations of the CREATE Law (BIR Revenue Regulation No. 05-2021) where "Proprietary Educational Institutions" is defined as being non-profit, contrary to the CREATE Law itself.

The Revenue Regulations will in effect increase the tax rate of private educational institutions from the current ten percent (10%) to twenty-five percent (25%) which is not consistent with the CREATE Law. The subsidiary schools of PHINMA Education have joined other educational institutions in challenging the said Revenue Regulations.

On July 26, 2021, the BIR issued Revenue Regulation No. 14-2021 which suspended the implementation of BIR Revenue Regulation No. 05-2021, pending the passage of appropriate legislation on the matter.

The establishment, operation, administration and management of the Universities and Colleges under PEHI are subject to the existing laws, rules and regulations, policies and standards of the Technical Skills Development Authority (TESDA), Commission on Higher Education (CHED) and Department of Education (DepEd). Regulations from these governing bodies affect the operations of PEHI.

On January 24, 2022, the BIR issued Revenue Memorandum Circular (RMC) No. 13-2022, which reiterates the amendment on the tax treatment of nonprofit hospitals and proprietary educational institutions through Republic Act No. 11635, entitled "An Act Amending Section 27(B) of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, As Amended, and for Other Purposes". Qualified proprietary educational institutions and hospitals, which are nonprofit, are subject to a tax of ten percent (10%) of their taxable income, provided that from July 1, 2020 until June 30, 2023, the tax rate imposed shall be one percent (1%).

Properties

Regulatory and Environmental Matters

Residential Condominium and Housing and Land Projects

Presidential Decree No. 957, The Subdivision and Condominium Buyers' Protective Decree, as amended, is the principal statute which regulates the development and sale of real property as part of a condominium project or subdivision. The law covers subdivision projects and all areas included therein for residential, commercial, industrial, and recreational purposes as well as condominium projects for residential or commercial purposes. It also sets out standards for lower density developments.

The Department of Human Settlements and Urban Development (DHSUD) (formerly HLURB) is the administrative agency of the Government which, together with local government units, enforces these laws and has jurisdiction to regulate the real estate trade and business (under RA 11201). Subdivision or condominium units may be sold or offered for sale only after a license to sell (LTS) has been issued by DHSUD. The LTS may be issued only against a performance bond posted to guarantee the completion of the construction of the subdivision or condominium project and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

All subdivision and condominium plans are subject to approval by the relevant Local Government Unit (LGU) in which the project is situated and by DHSUD. The development of subdivision and condominium projects can commence only after DHSUD has issued a development permit. Approval of such plans is conditional on, among other things, the developer's financial, technical, and administrative capabilities. Alterations of approved plans which affect significant areas of the project, such as infrastructure and public facilities, also require the prior approval of the LGU and DHSUD.

Owners of or dealers in real estate projects are required to obtain licenses to sell before making sales or other dispositions of lots or real estate projects. Republic Act No. 9646, The Real Estate Service Act of the Philippines, provides that real estate consultants, appraisers, assessors, and brokers must pass the requisite exams and be duly registered and licensed by the Profession Regulation Commission (PRC), while real estate salespersons, or those who act of a real estate broker to facilitate a real estate transaction, only need to be accredited by the PRC. On the other hand, the Anti-Money Laundering Act of 2001 (AMLA), was recently amended by Republic Act No. (RA) 11521, has included real estate brokers and developers as covered persons (CPs) under the anti-money laundering/counter-terrorism financing (AML/CTF) regime. As a developer, the Company must report transactions which are considered as suspicious transactions and covered transactions or transactions with *single cash transactions in excess of PhP7.5 million*, or its equivalent in any other.

Project permits and the LTS may be suspended, cancelled or revoked by the DHSUD by itself or upon a verified complaint from an interested party for reasons such as non-delivery of title to fully paid buyers or deviation from approved plans. A license or permit to sell may only be suspended, cancelled, or revoked after notice to the developer has been served and all parties have been given an opportunity to be heard in compliance with the DHSUD's rules of procedure and other applicable laws.

Residential subdivision developments must comply with applicable laws and standard including but not limited to the Building Code (Presidential Decree No. 1096), regarding the suitability of the site, road access, necessary community facilities, open spaces, water supply, the sewage disposal system, electrical supply, lot sizes, the length of the housing blocks and house construction. Under current regulations, a developer of a residential subdivision is required to reserve at least 30% of the gross land area of such subdivision for open space for common uses, which include roads and recreational facilities. A developer of a commercial subdivision is required to reserve at least 3.5% of the gross project area for parking and pedestrian malls, but the minimum parking area requirement may be further increased by ordinances promulgated by LGUs.

In the development of the condominium and subdivision, the company must use accredited contractors during construction. It's subsidiary, Community Developers and Construction Corporation (CDCC) is a Triple AAA contractor accredited by the Philippine Constructor Accreditation Board (PCAB). In the performance of CDCC's services, it continuously complies with the mandate of the Construction Industry Authority of the Philippines (CIAP).

Republic Act No. 7279, Urban Development and Housing Act of 1992, as amended by Republic Act No. 10884, requires developers of proposed subdivision projects to develop an area for socialized housing equivalent to at least fifteen percent (15%) of the total subdivision area or total subdivision project cost and at least five percent (5%) of condominium area or project cost, at the option of the developer, in accordance with the standards set by DHSUD. Alternatively, the developer may opt to buy socialized

housing bonds issued by various accredited government agencies or enter into joint venture arrangements with other developers engaged in socialized housing development. The Company has benefited from providing low-income housing or projects of such types which are financially assisted by the government. These policies and programs may be modified or discontinued in the future.

The Government may also adopt regulations which may have the effect of increasing the cost of doing business for real estate developers. Under Republic Act No. 10884, income derived by domestic corporations from the development and sale of socialized housing is exempt from project related income taxes, capital gains on raw lands used for the project, value-added tax for the project contractor concerned, transfer tax for both raw completed projects, and donor's tax for lands certified by the LGU to have been donated for socialized housing purposes. Under the current Investment Priorities Plan issued by the Board of Investments (BOI), mass housing projects including development and fabrication of housing components, are eligible for government incentives subject to certain policies and guidelines. In the future, since the sale of socialized housing units comprise a portion of homes sold by the Company, any changes in the tax treatment of income derived from the sale of socialized housing units may affect the effective rate of taxation of the Corporation.

Once construction has started or before buyer's move-in, the Company will incorporate the Condominium Corporation or Homeowners Association in the Project. The incorporation is done thru the help of the company's subsidiary/property management arm, Community Property Managers Group Inc. (CPMGI). Republic Act No. 4726, The Condominium Act, is the primary law governing condominiums. The law covers the legal definition of a condominium, the rights of a unit owner, and the rules governing transfers, conveyances, and partitions in condominiums. On the other hand, Republic Act No. 9904, Magna Carta for Homeowners and Homeowners' Associations is the law governing homeowners' associations. The law tackles the registration of association with DHSUD and the rights and obligations of a homeowner, among others.

Zoning and Land Use

Under the agrarian reform law currently in effect in the Philippines and the regulations issued thereunder by the Department of Agrarian Reform (DAR), land classified for agricultural purposes as of or after June 15, 1988, cannot be converted to non-agricultural use without the prior approval of DAR.

Land use may also be limited by zoning ordinances enacted by LGUs. Once enacted, land use may be restricted in accordance with a comprehensive land use plan approved by the relevant LGU. Lands may be classified under zoning ordinances as commercial, industrial, residential, or agricultural. While a procedure for change of allowed land use is available, this process may be lengthy and cumbersome.

Costs and Effects of Compliance with Environment Laws

Costs vary depending on the size and nature of a construction project for the construction and real estate businesses. The company and its subsidiaries secure an Environmental Compliance Certificate for its projects from the Department of Environment and Natural Resources. Continuous efforts have been made by the company to meet and exceed all statutory and regulatory standards.

Hospitality

The hospitality industry is affected primarily by tax regulations issued by the BIR in general, as well as memorandums issued by the Department of Labor and Employment, particularly on routine regulations covering adjustments minimum wage for hotel workers, and provisions the distribution of service charge.

Governmental Evaluation of Products

Construction Materials

UGC

The Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) under its Mandatory Labelling with Self-Declaration and Conformity, requires that importers and manufacturers ensure that labelling and marking requirements of the applicable product standard and of the Consumer Act of the Philippines (R.A. 7394) are marked on the product itself.

Likewise, the Bureau of Philippine Standards (BPS) administers a product certification scheme for products under its List of Products under Mandatory Certification with specific product coverage and classification in safety and performance. For products not included in the mandatory list, manufacturers may still apply for PS License under the voluntary product certification scheme. UGC's products fall under the voluntary product certification scheme.

Philcement

DTI, through the Bureau of Philippine Standards, mandates that the importation of cement products must comply with the implementing guidelines under Department Administrative Order 17-06 "The New Rules and Regulations Concerning the Mandatory Certification of Portland Cement and Blended Hydraulic Cement with Pozzolan".

Under the same DAO, all importers and manufacturers abroad need to undergo a product certification scheme for cement products incompliance with applicable Philippine National Standards (PNS 07:2018 for OPC and PNS 63:2008 for blended hydraulic cement with pozzolan).

Hospitality

The Department of Tourism (DOT) regularly evaluates the facilities and services of hotels and provides the corresponding DOT Accreditation, to officially recognize tourism enterprises as having complied with the standards for the operation of tourism facilities and services.

Raw Materials

Construction Materials

UGC

UGC's major raw materials in the production of color-coated sheets are galvanized iron sheets in coils or zinc-aluminum coated sheets in coils.

The main sources of galvanized and zinc aluminum coated materials are China and Vietnam. There are no local manufacturers of these materials that can meet the quality of substrates for pre-painting.

Philcement

Philcement mainly sources its cement products from its strategic partner in Vietnam. The cement supply agreements between Philcement and The Vissai Group are non-exclusive, done at arm's length, and are at market prices, and as such, Philcement is free to source cement from other parties for supply reliability and risk mitigation

All cement products are inspected and tested for product quality under the Philippine National Standards (PNS) and American Standards for Testing and Materials (ASTM) before they leave the port of origin, and again undergo product quality testing when they arrive at local ports.

Educational Services

The PHINMA Education Academic System continually evolves to serve the needs of students and of the industry, both in the Philippine and global contexts. PHINMA Education fulfills accreditation requirements to the extent required by law or by the directions set for the schools it operates or the programs they offer in both the Philippines and Indonesia.

Properties

PPHC's raw materials include cement, rebars, ready mix concrete, and structural steel, among others.

Research and Development

Construction Materials

Period covere	Amount	% to Revenue
CY2023	P827	0.07%
CY2022	1,109	0.01%
CY 2021	3,011	0.03%

Research and Development Cost * (in '000)

UGC

UGC has a full time Research and Development Section and one of its main functions is to take the lead in the Continuous Improvement Program in order to enhance product quality, customer service and cost competitiveness. UGC is an ISO-certified company for its Quality and Environmental Management Systems.

Philcement

In its pursuit of delivering consistent and high-quality cement, Philcement Corporation has constructively completed its cement laboratory at its Mariveles Facility in 2021. The investment allows Philcement to do its own physical and chemical cement tests to ensure the consistent quality of its cement sold and distributed to customers. The Head of Plant Management is the lead for Product Quality and R&D activities for cement.

In Q3 2021, Philcement's Mariveles facility received the Philippine Standards license accreditation from DTI, allowing the Company to produce Type IP cement products locally.

Philcement is an ISO-certified company for its Quality, Environmental, and Health and Safety Management Systems.

Educational Services

PEHI's Academic System continually evolves to serve the needs of students and of the industry, both in the Philippine and global contexts.

Properties

Research and development activities of the Registrant and its subsidiaries are done on a per project basis. PPHC and its subsidiaries do not allocate fixed percentages or specific amounts as the costs of research and development vary depending on the nature of the project.

Hospitality

PHINMA Hospitality continually studies both global and local tourism and travel trends and explores how these can be incorporated in hotel operations.

Cost and Effects of Compliance with Environmental Matters

A discussion of the Company's compliance with its Manual on Good Corporate Governance maybe found in "Annex B"

Construction Materials

The Construction Materials Group operates production facilities that are subject to environmental regulations with terms specified in the Environmental Compliance Certificates ("ECCs") granted by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources ("DENR"). Although the companies exert due

diligence in ensuring their facilities comply with these terms, any violation of ECC terms may require the company involved to pay a fine or incur costs in order to cure the violation. There can be no assurance that current or future environmental laws and regulations will not increase the costs of conducting businesses. The introduction of new environmental laws and regulations applicable to the business could have a material adverse effect on the financial results of the business.

UGC

UGC, as a corporate citizen, is committed to protect the environment and safeguard the health and safety of its employees. It strictly conforms to government environmental regulatory standards through its pollution control facilities for water and air. It continuously monitors its wastewater and air emissions and maintains and improves such facilities and processes to ensure environment friendly results. Regular tests conducted internally and by third parties show that effluents consistently met Department of Environmental and Natural Resources (DENR) and Laguna Lake Development Authority (LLDA) standards. In addition, UGC is a member of the Local Government Units (Calamba Green Stream Brigade and Laguna Water Conservancy), Pollution Control Association of the Philippines, Inc. (PCAPI) and Water Environment Association of the Philippines (WEAP) to strengthen its commitment and involvement for a better environment.

An Environmental Management Group which reports directly to the Head of Manufacturing is responsible for the implementation of the Company's Environmental Program including compliance with all laws and regulations on Environmental Standards.

Philcement

Philcement fully complies with the regulations and conditions set by DENR and the Authority of the Freeport Area of Bataan. In January 2023, Philcement received its ISO certification, including its Environmental Management System.

A Pollution Control Officer, reporting directly to the Vice President - Plant Management, is responsible for the implementation and monitoring of the Company's environmental system, including compliance to environmental standards.

Employees

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, PHN and its subsidiaries had a total of 4,420 and 3,436 employees, respectively, broken down as follows:

Officers and Employees					
	No. of employees				
Company	CY	CY 2023		2022	
PHN (Holding Company)					
Management	7		5		
Staff	12	19	13	18	
UGC					
Executive	15		18		
Managers	85		74		
Supervisors	458		422		
Rank and File	172	730	180	694	
Philcement					
Executive	11		7		
Managers	24		19		
Supervisors	109		85		
Rank and File	8	152	4	115	
Phinma Solar					
Executive	4		3		
Managers	10		11		
Supervisors	21	35	19	33	
AU					

Officers and Employees

Academic	274		269	
School Operations	107	381	126	395
COC				
Academic	451		357	
School Operations	97	548	127	484
UPANG				
Academic	335		399	
School Operations	89	424	95	494
UI				
Academic	431		235	
School Operations	119	550	112	347
SWU				
Academic	384		339	
School Operations	153	537	135	474
SJC				
Academic	158		121	
School Operations	63	221	64	185
RC				
Academic	28		23	
School Operations	17	45	15	38
RCL				
Academic	41		19	
School Operations	29	70	26	45
UCL				
Academic	42		27	
School Operations	24	66	20	47
PEHI Rockwell				
Management	51		23	07
Staff	25	76	44	67
PPHC*	-			-
Executive	8		-	
Managers	29		-	
Supervisors	85	400	-	
Rank and File	71	193	-	-
CPMGI*	2			
Executive Managers	13		-	
Supervisors	45		-	
Rank and File	45 119	179		-
CDCC*	119	179	-	-
Executive	3		-	
Managers	3		-	
Supervisors	32			
Rank and File	67	105	-	
PHINMA HOSPITALITY*	07	105		
Executive	6		-	
Managers	23	1	-	1
Supervisors	3	1	-	1
Rank and File	5	37	-	-
PHINMA MICROTEL	-	1	1	
HOTELS*				
Executive	3	1	-	
Managers	-	1	-	
Supervisors	-	1	-	
Rank and File	2	5	-	-

CORAL WAY CITY HOTEL (MICROTEL MOA)*				
Executive	-		-	
Managers	8		-	
Supervisors	5		-	
Rank and File	14	27	-	-
KRYPTON ESPLANADE				
(TRYP)*				
Executive	-		-	
Managers	4		-	
Supervisors	5		-	
Rank and File	11	20	-	-
TOTAL		4,420		3,436

*These companies were consolidated to the Corporation only starting from the third quarter of 2023, after the purchase of shares in PPHC, PHINMA Hospitality and PHINMA Microtel in July 2023.

Employees of PHN and its subsidiaries are not subject to a Collective Bargaining Agreement (CBA) except for the following subsidiaries:

a) UPANG - CBA renewed on June 14, 2022 and will expire on June 10, 2027;

and

b) UGC - CBA been renewed on July 1, 2020 and will expire on June 30, 2025

The Company does not expect a substantial change in the workforce in the next twelve (12) months.

Risk Factors

1. Dividend Restriction

As a holding company which primarily derives cashflow from dividend income from its investments in subsidiaries and associates, PHINMA's ability to service its own obligations may be affected by the dividend restrictions imposed by the outstanding loan agreements and financial stability of its operating companies. Moreover, creditors of PHINMA's subsidiaries and affiliates will have priority claims over the assets of such subsidiaries and affiliates.

The Company has put in place prudent financial management measures, one of which is centralizing all loan documentation and availment within the Treasury Group, to ensure its subsidiaries and affiliates are still afforded flexibility to upstream dividends to their parent.

As parent company, PHINMA earned ₱341.49 million, ₱169.22 million, ₱307.86 million of dividend income for the years 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Though these may not be indicative of future performance of the Company, PHINMA hopes to benefit from its expansion initiatives such as new acquisitions for PHINMA Education including RCI, RCL, and Union College of Laguna, Inc. ("Union College"), to expand its cashflow stream.

2. Business Cyclicality Risk

Select businesses of the Group have exhibited seasonality in demand and revenues. Demand for construction materials are higher during the months from December to May, than in the rainy months of June to November. School year for PHINMA Education's schools is generally from August to April and summer classes are from May to July. Thus, cashflow outside these periods may be relatively lower. The Company takes this business seasonality into account during periodic budget review and

undertakes capital reallocation as necessary should there be adverse changes in the business units projected cashflows.

3. Competition Risk

Construction Materials

The construction materials industry is a fragmented industry with numerous domestic and foreign competitors, although there are local market players, such as UGC, that hold relatively strong market positions.

As of December 31, 2023, UGC's estimated domestic market share for steel roofing and polyurethane products is around 6-8%, while its market share for light steel frames is around 5%, based on the company's estimates. UGC's steel roofing and steel products business faces stiff competition from other market participants that import finished steel products from foreign sources like China, Korea and Vietnam.

Compared to its competitors, UGC has a very large and diversified distribution network, with roll forming plants, warehouses, and sales offices in strategic locations throughout the country. UGC leverages its nationwide distribution and manufacturing footprint as a competitive advantage that ensures that its products are always available when needed by its customers. UGC can also manufacture and import roofing materials, giving it the flexibility to fulfill large, customized orders.

Philcement likewise operates in a highly competitive industry. Market players may employ aggressive pricing strategies and make it difficult for competitors, in general, to gain any non-price competitive advantage. Philcement mitigates this risk by owning and operating a very efficient cement terminal in Bataan (the "Mariveles Cement Facility") that allows the company to efficiently load and unload cement into and from vessels and transport them to different destinations nationwide. To this date, Philcement has been able to competitively serve key markets in North Luzon, Central Luzon, South Luzon, Metro Manila, Visayas, and Mindanao regions. With the strong outcry for cleaner energy, PHINMA Solar finds itself in a very attractive and growing industry. Aside from other medium- and large-sized companies that offer solar rooftop solutions, several options have become available to the retail market, some of which are do-it-yourself and easily accessible through e-commerce channels. PHINMA Solar addresses this risk by ensuring high quality offers made possible by the use of materials that are of the highest quality, known as Tier 1 in the industry, as well as the provision of after-sales services. In addition PHINMA Solar was recently the sole company awarded rooftop solar contracts under the Department of Energy's Green Energy Auction Program (GEAP).

Educational Services

PHINMA Education Schools compete with both public and private educational institutions that cater to the low income market. If PHINMA Education is unable to keep its education costs at competitive levels, it may not be able to attract the desired number of students to maintain its growth and profitability.

PHINMA Education Schools are competitively priced compared to the other Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) which target the same market. Although State Universities and Colleges (SUC) offer free tuition since the passage of the Universal Access to Tertiary Education Act, enrollment in SUCs is limited due to constraints in budget and infrastructure, as well as stringent academic admission requirements of SUCs. In general, the PHINMA Education Schools, in terms of enrolment, are among the top 5 private schools operating in their respective localities based on enrollment size, with the exception of the newer acquisitions (SJCI, RCI, and RCL). Costs are managed in order to keep tuition fees accessible to the target market. Programs are modular, offering students options for shorter courses resulting in immediate course completion with employable skills. Options for remote and distance learning also reduce student transportations costs and improve affordability.

PHINMA Education Schools are designed to promote active learning and enable students immediately complete courses with employable skills. In total, PHINMA Education Schools have fielded 127 board exam topnotchers since PHINMA Education's acquisition of its first school in 2004. In terms of employment, around 81% of graduates are accepted into their first job within one (1) year from graduation based on tracer studies.

4. Market Risk

Construction Materials

The Company primarily serves the construction industry and by extension the infrastructure and real estate sectors. Growth in these key industries may be affected by certain factors including market trends, overall economic growth, and government policy. The strong consumption of construction materials in recent years may be affected by a national economic downturn, such as that caused by the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and the global economic slowdown following the war between Russia and Ukraine, leading to the delay of construction projects and real estate developments. A change in government policy and lowered budget spending on infrastructure may also lead to lower sales growth.

The Construction Materials Group will continue to optimize its nationwide distribution area to deliver high quality products and bring value to its customers.

Educational Services

A recession or decline in disposable income caused by the pandemic or other factors may reduce demand for affordable education. A discontinuation of the Senior High School Voucher Program and government subsidy for tertiary education may adversely impact the number of enrollees in PHINMA Education Schools.

5. Regulatory Risk

Construction Materials

The Construction Materials Group relies heavily on the importation of inputs including cement and steel roofing raw materials. Any new taxes on these inputs or other new forms of non-tariff import restrictions may increase prices, reduce market demand and adversely affect the business and financial performance of the Construction Materials Group.

In August 2019, the Department of Trade and Industry ("DTI") imposed a definitive safeguard duty on imported cement for three years to redress alleged serious injury in the domestic industry. Philcement has filed a case with the Court of Tax Appeals ("CTA") opposing the safeguard taxes, maintaining that local cement manufacturers were not unduly harmed by cement imports. As of writing, the case is still pending with the CTA. Subsequently, the domestic industry applied for an extension of the safeguard duty, which expired in October 2022. The Tariff Commission did not recommend the extension of the safeguard duty citing no significant impairment in the overall position of the domestic industry and no existence of an imminent threat of serious injury in the near future. DTI concurred with the recommendation of the Tariff Commission and in October 2022, dismissed the petition filed by local cement manufacturers to extend the tariff protection.

On top of safeguard measures, the domestic cement industry also applied for the imposition of antidumping duties on cement imported from Vietnam. In October 2022, the Tariff Commission determined that an anti-dumping duty should be imposed on various Vietnamese exporters of cement, including Philcement's supplier of Ordinary Portland Cement ("OPC" or "Type I"). DTI issued the final order in February 2019 imposing the aforementioned duty for a period of 5 years.

To mitigate this risk, Philcement has started to manufacture its own blended cement in 2021, sold in the market as Union Extra Strength. Philcement has also established supply from other cement manufacturers in Asia. Moreover, Philcement has initiated several projects over a medium-term horizon which will allow the company to expand its product offerings and its domestic production of blended cement.

For the steel industry, DTI has received an application for safeguard tax protection from two local manufacturers claiming import protection in the galvanized roofing category, where UGC is also present. To mitigate this risk, UGC has the flexibility of activating its existing galvanized line to locally produce its own galvanized roofing. UGC, together with other steel roofing importers, continues to lobby against

safeguard duties and has also submitted a position paper to the DTI against the proposed safeguard taxes to protect consumer interests.

Educational Services

The ability to raise additional equity financing from non-Philippine investors is restricted by the foreign ownership restrictions imposed by the Constitution and applicable laws. The Constitution prescribes that educational institutions shall be owned solely by citizens of the Philippines or corporations or associations at least sixty percent (60%) of the capital of which is owned by such citizens, except for educational institutions established by religious groups and mission boards.

The extended suspension of face-to-face classes due to pandemics may adversely impact the financial and operating performance of PHINMA Education. PHINMA Education has in the past adjusted its operations by piloting its new Flex Learning and Remote and Distance Learning programs. These remote learning programs are newly introduced, and their effectiveness compared to face-to-face classes are regularly being assessed and improved. To mitigate possible issues, PHINMA Education is conducting more frequent consultation with students and teachers and periodically adjusts the programs based on early feedback. The Flex Learning program also provides the flexibility to transition to face-to-face classes as these are gradually allowed.

Proposed legislation may have an effect on the operations of PHINMA Education. In December 2023, the Philippine Senate ratified the "No Permit, No Exam Prohibition Act" which is a reconciled version of Senate and House of Representative bills prohibiting private schools from disallowing students delinquent in their tuition payments from taking exams. As of February 2024, this proposed legislation has not yet been signed into law. Although this proposed law could affect the timing of PHINMA Education's tuition collections, the company believes any overall effects on operations to be minimal. To address risks from future education policy changes, the company has initiated a Private Education Policy initiative which seeks to communicate the benefits of and represent the interests of the Private education sector to private and government stakeholders.

PHINMA Education continues to ensure compliance with the program and curriculum guidelines and requirements of the Commission on Higher Education (CHED), Department of Education (DepEd) and Philippine Accrediting Association of Schools, Colleges and Universities (PAASCU). PHINMA Education also continuously engages in dialogue with CHED and other regulatory bodies, and coordinates with other educational institutions to develop guidelines for remote learning in the country.

6. Supply Chain Risk

Construction Materials

Philcement relies heavily on the importation of cement and cement materials. Philcement procures majority of its cement and cement materials from Vietnam. Any disruption in the supply of cement from Vietnam may have a material adverse effect on the operations and financial performance of Philcement. In addition, any prolonged disruption in supply of imported cement could adversely affect Philcement's relationships with key customers, including large cement dealers and retailers.

Philcement is free to source cement from other parties to ensure reliability in its supply chain. To diversify supply, Philcement has developed cement supply arrangements with another supplier in Asia, and continues to explore other sources of cement supply. There are key projects under evaluation which will provide the flexibility and capability to competitively produce and distribute cement domestically.

Philcement's supply chain can also be adversely affected in the event of a disruption in operations in its port in Bataan, which may be rendered non-operational due to accident or other event of Force Majeure.

For UGC, although the company imports both raw materials and finished products primarily from Chinese suppliers, the China steel industry is diverse to the point that there is no material risk posed by supply disruption from any single supplier. However, developments in the Chinese economy and any changes in the regulations in China that are relevant to their steel industry may have an impact on the

performance of UGC.

As the business of Construction Materials Group involves importation of raw materials for manufacturing inputs, geopolitical disruptions, disruptions in global supply chains and changes in global oil prices can have a significant impact on the ability of the company to source imported raw materials or on transportation costs, impacting the margins and pricing for products and services. To mitigate this, Construction Materials Group has initiatives to diversify imported raw material sources and also enters into both long-term and short-term vendor contracts with vessel companies to smoothen out the effect of volatility in oil prices on transportation costs.

7. People Risk

The current and future performance of the Company depends on the expertise, experience, and continued service and employment of its senior management and key officers. The loss of the services of key officers or members of the management team could result in disruption in the operations of the Company and may delay the execution of its business plans and growth strategies.

To mitigate this risk, the Company has adopted a succession plan by identifying members of the management team who will be able to assume and take on the role and additional responsibilities arising from departures of senior management. The Company has also established organizational policies and procedures for the development and advancement of its employees to ensure that business continuity is done by employees with superior skills and talent thereby diminishing overdependence on key individuals in the Company.

Operations of the businesses can be substantially affected by a pandemic outbreak affecting the health of employees, clients, customers, or students at the various sites including manufacturing plants, warehouses, schools, affordable housing developments, hotels, and head offices. In general, on-site work by employees has been limited, where possible, through work-from-home arrangements. While operations are, to the extent possible, managed remotely. PHINMA has taken measures to ensure that the facilities are safe and that employees, students, and customers will be assured of their well-being should they visit the facilities. In the past, PHINMA has implemented thermal-scanning and other controls at all designated entrances and exits, and other sanitation and social distancing protocols including directional passageways and signs, and disinfection stations. Masks and appropriate face coverings are required in all facilities, and all facilities adhere to local government protocols.

The Company further recognizes the need to support physical, psychological and mental wellbeing. The program My Wellness Journey, aims to address all of these concerns. Employees are given access to professional support for mental wellness and psychological safety, while physical well-being is promoted on a regular basis with various programs across the Group.

8. Dependence on Key Facilities and Equipment

Construction Materials

A substantial portion of UGC's income is derived from the sale of products produced or processed at UGC's production facilities. Any breakdown of, or significant damage to, UGC's production facilities could have a material adverse effect on its operations. UGC maintains comprehensive property and casualty insurance policies on its production facilities under a broad name peril policy. However, there is no assurance that the proceeds from UGC's insurance policies would be sufficient to insulate UGC from all effects of possible total loss or damage caused by the named perils in the respective policies. In addition, UGC has adopted a risks management system covering preventive and preparedness action plans.

Philcement derives its revenues and income from the sale of cement products. Any breakdown of, or significant damage to, Philcement's materials handling and processing facilities could have a material adverse effect on the results of its operations. While the equipment is still under warranty, substantial downtime could affect the efficiency of operations and attainment of financial goals and objectives. To mitigate risk of equipment failure, Philcement maintains multiple units for key items of equipment such as cement storage silos, mechanized cement packers, and truck loaders.

Educational Services

The income of the Education Group is derived from education operations at various school locations. Risk of a halt in operations due to fire or calamity is mitigated to the extent that all the schools currently employ remote learning models. The schools similarly have insurance protection, with coverage including property all risk insurance and fire and allied perils.

9. Dependence on Logistics

For the Construction Materials Group in particular, the business relies on the orderly and timely movement of imported inputs such as cement, steel coils, and solar panels into the facilities, as well as the orderly and timely dispatch of finished products to customers or warehouses. Thus, the business is highly dependent on the reliability of owned, as well as leased, logistics facilities and equipment including ship unloading equipment, warehouses, cement storage silos, ships, and trucks. Any event which causes damage or renders inoperable key logistics components such as piers or major roads could substantially affect business operations of the Construction Materials Group. In addition, any increase in third-party-provided logistics services, including international shipping and freight costs, could also effectively increase raw materials costs and reduce profit margins for the Construction Materials Group.

The Construction Materials Group companies maintain adequate level of insurance coverage over the facilities involved and undertakes periodic equipment repairs and maintenance.

10. Dependence on Weather

Construction Materials

Severe weather disturbances can affect the loading and unloading of cement at Philcement's Mariveles facility. Vessels cannot be loaded, transported, or unloaded over the duration of the severe weather disturbance. Prolonged or frequent weather disturbances could delay inbound material shipments which could reduce the inbound capacity of the terminal resulting in reduced sales for Philcement. Weather disturbances can also delay outbound overland shipments to customers resulting in failure to meet delivery schedules.

To mitigate this risk, Philcement contracts larger vessels more capable of withstanding turbulent weather. Philcement is also developing relationship with cement suppliers from other countries to diversify supplier base as well as geographic region.

Weather disturbances can also delay inbound shipments of raw materials to UGC as well as outbound delivery of finished products to customers. UGC relies on several third party operated ports for inbound shipments to reduce risk from weather disturbances and also performs seasonal planning and stocking to mitigate supply outages. The adverse effect of weather disturbances on outbound deliveries is also reduced due to UGCs nationwide network of roll forming facilities and warehouses, which reduces distance to customers and provides an available amount of finished goods inventory. UGC also tends to sell more steel roofing in the wake of weather disturbances in the Philippines involving strong winds which increases the demand for roofing around the country.

Educational Services

The Education Group is likewise affected by weather disturbances to the extent such disturbances affect the holding of face-to-face classes at each particular location. This is mitigated to the extent that all the schools currently employ some form of remote learning where the students do not attend face-to-face classes. The schools have also historically acted as local typhoon relief and evacuation centers in their particular communities.

11. Information Security Risk

In conducting their businesses, the business segments are required to retain confidential information from customers. Although the business segments take the necessary precautions to secure such

information, advances in the field of cryptography and increased exposure due to the recent prevalence of online transactions could result in compromise or breaches of security systems and personal data stored in our systems. The security measures set up by the Company and/or its subsidiaries may be inadequate to prevent security breaches which could adversely affect business operations.

The Company and its subsidiaries take precautions to protect the personal information of its customers through existing and periodically updated IT security policies. These policies are implemented by the respective IT teams of the Company and each of the subsidiaries. In addition, the Company and its subsidiaries have various information security software and tools, including firewalls, anti-virus, and 2-FA (2-Factor Authentication). IT risk assessment is periodically conducted using vulnerability assessment and penetration testing to check the vulnerability of the Company's and the subsidiaries' IT systems and network. Finally, information security awareness and training are also provided to all employees.

RISKS RELATED TO THE PHILIPPINES

1. Territorial Disputes

The Philippines, China and several Southeast Asian nations have been engaged in a series of longstanding territorial disputes over certain islands in the West Philippine Sea, also known as the South China Sea.

In January 2013, the Philippines lodged an arbitration case against China at the Permanent Court of Arbitration in The Hague to resolve the territorial dispute. China refused to recognize that the international tribunal had jurisdiction over the case. In July 2016, the international tribunal ruled in favor of the Philippines in its case against China by upholding the position that China's "nine dash line" maritime claim is excessive and that it encroached into the Philippines' 200-nautical mile exclusive economic zone. It held that China had no legal basis to claim historic and economic rights to resources within the sea areas falling within the "nine-dash line".

Should territorial disputes between the Philippines and other countries in the region continue or escalate further, the Philippines and its economy may be disrupted and the Company's operations could be adversely affected as a result. Further disputes between the Philippines and other countries may lead to reciprocal trade restrictions on the other's imports or suspension of visa-free access and/or OFW permits. Any impact from these disputes in countries in which the Company has operations could materially and adversely affect the business, financial condition and results of operations of the Company and its Subsidiaries.

2. Foreign Exchange Risk

Majority of the Company's revenues are denominated in Philippine peso. Nonetheless, the Company has offshore transactions such as its U.S. dollar-denominated preferred share investment in Vietnam, investments in schools in Indonesia and sourcing of cement from Vietnam. The Company likewise has plans of expanding its footprint in Southeast Asia, thus exposing PHINMA to more foreign exchange risks.

At present, the country's exchange rate policy supports a freely floating exchange rate system whereby the BSP allows market forces, such as supply and demand, market-moving events, to dictate exchange rate movement. The implementation of the revised Foreign Exchange rules eased the purchase of foreign currencies in the banking system. There is no assurance that the Philippine Peso will not deprecate against other currencies.

To mitigate its exposure to exchange rate fluctuation, the exchange rate risks on other foreign currencies are managed through constant monitoring of the global political and economic environment and its impact on the foreign exchange rates. Additionally, the Company takes advantage of hedging instruments such as deliverable and non-deliverable forward contracts to mitigate said risks.

Item 2. Properties

	Dec. 31, 2023*	Dec. 31, 2022*
Cost		
Land	₱4,188,583	₱3,271,394
Plant site improvements	4,296,922	3,472,872
Buildings and improvements	6,588,237	4,549,537
Machinery and equipment	3,037,574	2,495,712
Transportation and other equipment	1,020,256	602,384
Linens, Curtains and Draperies	31,790	-
	19,163,362	14,391,899
Less : accumulated depreciation		
Plant site improvements	520,135	375,831
Buildings and improvements	2,219,309	1,592,772
Machinery and equipment	2,206,471	1,842,164
Transportation and other equipment	719,758	404,896
Linens, Curtains and Draperies	27,194	-
	5,692,867	4,215,663
	13,470,495	10,176,236
Construction in progress	1,009,495	1,406,151
Net Book Value	₱14,479,990	₱11,582,387

Table - Property, Plant and Equipment (in thousands)

*Source: Audited financial statements as of December 31, 2023.

Outstanding construction in progress pertains to construction costs for various buildings and hospital renovations which are expected to be completed in 2023.

Currently, the Company has no intention to acquire material properties in the next twelve (12) months The following table summarizes the Group's principal properties as of December 31, 2022:

The following table summarizes the Group's principal properties as of December 31, 2023:

Description	Location	Use	Mortgages
PHINMA		•	
Land	Silang, Cavite; Calaca, Batangas; San Fernando, La Union; Samal Island, Davao Del Norte	Investment property; Residential	No encumbrances
Buildings and improvements	Makati City, Metro Manila; Silang, Cavite; San Fernando, La Union	Office space and parking lots; Residential	No encumbrances
UGC			
Land, plant and equipment	Calamba City, Laguna; Davao City, Davao del Sur	Plant operations and office	Encumbered
Lease improvements, machinery and equipment	San Fernando City, La Union; San Fernando City, Pampanga; Batangas City, Batangas; Cainta, Rizal; Pili, Camarines Sur; Bacolod City, Negros Occidental; Cebu City, Cebu; Tacloban City, Leyte; Iloilo City, Iloilo; Butuan City, Agusan del Norte; Cagayan de Oro City, Misamis Oriental; Zamboanga City, Zamboanga de Sur	Roll forming operations	No encumbrances
Lease	Lucena City, Quezon; Ozamis	Warehousing	No encumbrances

Description	Location	Use	Mortgages
improvements,	City, Misamis Occidental	operations	
machinery and			
equipment			
Condominium unit	Las Pinas City, Metro Manila;	Investment property	No encumbrances
Residential lot	Davao City, Davao del Sur; Isulan, Sultan Kudarat	Investment property	No encumbrances
Philcement			
Plant site improvements	Mariveles Diversion Road, Mariveles Bataan	Industrial	Encumbered
Educational Services			
Land, buildings and improvements	Cubao, Quezon City; Sampaloc, Metro Manila; Calamba, Laguna; Sta. Cruz, Laguna; Cebu City, Cebu; Danao, Cebu; Talisay City, Cebu; Iligan City, Misamis Oriental; Urdaneta City, Pangasinan	Educational, hospital, commercial, residential and agricultural	No encumbrances
Land, buildings and improvements	Cabanatuan City, Nueva Ecija; San Jose City, Nueva Ecija; Dagupan City, Pangasinan; Iloilo City, Iloilo; Cagayan de Oro City, Misamis Oriental	Educational and residential	Encumbered
PPHC	•	•	•
Building and building improvements, leasehold improvements, Office Equipment	Metro Manila, Bulacan, Cavite, Bacolod, Iloilo, Cebu, Davao	Administrative and Office use	No encumbrances
Machinery, Field	Metro Manila, Batangas, Cebu,	Construction	No encumbrances
Equipment	Davao,		
Right of use asset	Metro Manila	Administrative and Office Use	No encumbrances
PSHC			
Land	Calum[pit, Bulacan	Industrial	Encumbered

Lease Agreements

The Company, UGC, and schools also enter into lease agreements or other arrangements with various persons and entities for use in operations and office space. Lease agreements are subject to renewal under such terms and condition as may be mutually agreed upon by both parties.

PHINMA leases a portion of its office space which have a term of one (1) year, renewable at the option of the lessor at such terms and conditions to be mutually agreed by the parties.

Construction Materials

Union Galvasteel Corporation, Philcement and Phinma Solar entered into lease agreements covering its plants and warehouses, which have terms ranging from one (1) to twenty-five (25) years, renewable subject to mutual agreement of UGC, Philcement or Phinma Solar and the lessor under certain terms and conditions. In 2023, payments related to short-term leases totalled Php118.905 million and payments for long-term leases amounted to Php92.927 million

Educational Services

As a Lessee

On April 1, 2019, the College entered into a lease contract to occupy a four (4) storey building to be used exclusively for educational or school purposes for a period of 5 years. The lease agreement can be renewed subject to mutual agreement and can be terminated at the option of the College on the 3rd and 5th year of the lease. Refundable deposit related to the lease contract amounting to P0.2 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 equivalent to one month's rent shall be returned to the College after the expiration of lease term. In 2022, the College and the lessor agreed to amend the monthly rate from Php 220,000 to Php 90,000 starting June 2021 until the College resumes face-to-face classes. In 2023, the College and lessor agreed to increase the monthly rate to Php 200,000 starting December 2022.

As a Lessor

PHINMA Education's schools enter into operating leases on some of its properties, particularly, portions of its land and buildings for the operation of cell sites, canteens, food stands and convenience stores. These leases have terms ranging from less than a year to twenty-five (25) years. They include upward revisions or escalation clauses on the rental charge on an annual basis according to the prevailing market conditions, and are renewable subject to mutual agreement under certain terms and conditions.

On June 1, 2023, SWU entered into another lease contract for its investment properties. The lease term is five years with two months rent-free period. Monthly rental is Php 70,000, subject to 5% rent escalation beginning on the third year of commencement of the lease. On July 1, 2023, SWU entered a renewal of lease for its investment property. The lease term is five-years. Monthly rental is at Php 103,421.88, subject to 5% escalation clause beginning the 2nd year of lease contract.

Hospitality

As a Lessee

On August 16, 2009, the Company entered into a lease agreement with EMAR for the lease of office space, subject to annual renewal. Lease payments made in 2023 amount to Php 2,564,338.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

Construction Materials

Cohaco Merchandising & Development Corp., Fortem Cement Corporation, NGC Land Corp., Pabaza Import and Export Inc., and Philcement Corporation vs. Secretary Of Trade And Industry, Secretary of Finance, Commissioner Of Customs, And Chairman of The Tariff Commission (Court of Tax Appeals Case No. 10185)

On October 11, 2019, Philcement Corporation, a subsidiary of the Company, together with other cement importers Cohaco Merchandising & Development Corp., Fortem Cement Corporation, NGC Land Corp., Pabaza Import and Export Inc., filed a Petition for Review with the Court of Tax Appeals ("CTA") praying for the reversal and nullification of the decision of the Secretary of the Department of Trade and Industry ("DTI") dated 27 August 2019, or DTI Department Administrative Order ("DAO") No. 19-13, safeguard duties (the "Duties) on imported cement classified. Said petitioners also seek a declaration that they are not liable for payment of said Duties and a refund of the Duties already paid. They principally assert that their importations cause no serious injury or threat of serious injury to the domestic cement industry. Further, consistent with the position of the Philippine Competition Commission, the imposition of the Duties would weaken competitive pressure and endanger the realization of huge benefits that a competitive landscape in the cement industry would bring. The said petition is still pending for resolution before the CTA.

Properties

PPHC and its subsidiaries and affiliates are subject to various civil and criminal lawsuits and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of PPHC's management, none of the lawsuits or legal actions to which it is currently subject will materially affect the daily operations of its business nor will they have a material effect on the Group's consolidated financial position.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

During the calendar year covered by this report, no matter was submitted to a vote of security holders through solicitation of proxies or otherwise.

PART II – OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholders' Matters

Market Price

The shares of stock of PHN are listed and traded in the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. (PSE). The high and low market prices of the shares of stock of PHN for each quarter within the last two (2) years, and for the months January to March of 2023, are as follows:

Period	High	Low
Calendar Year 2024		
January	20.40	19.50
February	20.40	19.60
March	20.40	19.40
Calendar Year 2023		
January – March	19.78	18.90
April – June	19.78	18.00
July – September	20.75	19.02
October - December	20.45	19.50
Calendar Year 2022		
January – March	21.05	18.00
April – June	19.94	18.90
July – September	21.25	18.90
October - December	20.65	18.50

Source: Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc.

Dividends on Common Shares

Cash Dividends Payment on Common Shares

The payment by PHN of dividends shall be subject to the availability of retained earnings following the SEC rule on calculation of available retained earnings for dividend declaration, loan covenants and financial ratios.

PHN declares cash or stock dividends to its common stockholders in amounts determined by the Board taking into consideration the results of the Company's operations, its cash position, investments and capital expenditure requirements, and unrestricted retained earnings. The Company also declares special cash dividends where appropriate.

Dividends declared and paid from 2010 to 2023 are as follows:

		Dividend		
Date of Declaration	Туре	Rate	Record Date	Payment Date
March 3, 2010	Cash	P0.40 per share	March 29, 2010	April 23, 2010
March 3, 2011	Cash	P0.40 per share	March 29, 2011	April 26, 2011
March 22, 2012	Cash	P0.40 per share	April 11, 2012	April 26, 2012
March 6, 2013	Cash	P0.40 per share	March 22, 2013	April 17, 2013
March 4, 2014	Cash	P0.40 per share	March 20, 2014	April 15, 2014
March 4, 2015	Cash	P0.40 per share	March 18, 2015	March 31, 2015
March 4, 2016	Cash	P0.40 per share	March 18, 2016	March 31, 2016
March 22, 2017	Cash	P0.40 per share	April 5, 2017	April 21, 2017
March 6, 2018	Cash	P0.40 per share	March 22, 2018	April 6, 2018
March 5, 2019	Cash	P0.40 per share	March 21, 2019	March 29, 2019
November 11, 2019	Cash	P0.40 per share	November 25,	December 9, 2019

February 28, 2020	Cash	P0.40 per share	March 17, 2020	March 27, 2020
March 2, 2021	Cash	P0.40 per share	April 14, 2021	May 5, 2021
March 1, 2022	Cash	P0.40 per share	March 22, 2022	April 6, 2022
March 1, 2022	Cash	P0.10 per share	March 22, 2022	April 6, 2022
March 3, 2023	Cash	P0.60 per share	March 22, 2023	April 5, 2023

On March 5, 2024, the Board of Directors declared regular cash dividend of P 0.60 per share to all shareholders of record as of March 25, 2024 payable April 12, 2024.

Stock Dividends Payment on Common Shares

No stock dividend was declared for the calendar years 2018 up to 2023.

Holders

As of January 31, 2024, there are 1,214 common shareholders.

Sale of Unregistered Securities Within the Last Three (3) Years:

PHN has no unregistered securities, hence no sale of said securities within the last three (3) years.

Stockholders

As of January 31, 2024, PHN has 286,325,265 common shares outstanding held by 1,214 stockholders. The list of the top twenty (20) stockholders of the Company as recorded by the Stock Transfer Service, Inc., the Company's stock transfer agent, is as follows:

		No. of	% of
Rank	Stockholders	Shares	ownership
1	PCD Nominee Corp. (Filipino)	167,035,114	58.34%
2	Philippine Investment Management, Inc. (PHINMA)	97,903,395	34.19%
3	Magdaleno B. Albarracin, Jr.&/OR Trinidad Albaraccin	9,535,459	3.33%
4	Philippine Remnants Co.	1,176,308	0.41%
5	Salud D. De Castro	550,000	0.19%
6	Kayumanggi Publishers Co.	517,762	0.18%
7	Magdaleno B. Albarracin Jr. OR Trinidad M. Albarracin	464,600	0.16%
8	Victor Juan Del Rosario	439,356	0.15%
9	PCD Nominee Corp. (Non-Filipino)	424,246	0.15%
10	Doris Teresa Ho	185,461	0.06%
11	Virginia S. Syjuco	178,204	0.06%
12	Daughters of Charity of St. Vincent de Paul	175,533	0.06%
13	The Roman Catholic Bishop of the Diocese of Juan de Dios	169,268	0.06%
14	United Life Assurance Corporation	153,916	0.05%
15	Regina B. Alvarez	153,413	0.05%
16	United Insurance Company, Inc.	149,860	0.05%
17	Rosalia M. Amando	142,632	0.05%
18	Blanquita S. Gonzalez	141,051	0.05%
19	Caridad Sanchez Babao	115,484	0.04%
20	Bella S. Barrera	115,108	0.04%
TOTAL		279,726,170	97.70%

Stock Purchase Plan for Senior Officers

Following are the salient features of the Parent Company's Stock Purchase Plan:

Purpose	To motivate the Senior Officers to achieve the Parent Company's goals, to help make the personal goals and corporate goals congruent and to reward the senior officers for the resulting increase in the value of PHN shares.
Prices of share	The officers shall purchase shares of stock of PHN from those set aside under the Stock Purchase Plan at the average closing price of PHN shares in the stock market for 20 trading days, in no case shall the price be lower than par value.
Tranches	1/3 of the maximum shares can be purchased upon date of first notice and 1/3 each every year thereafter provided that work performance is deemed acceptable.
Holding period	One-third of the shares shall not be sold or transferred to a 3 rd party for at least one year from the date of each purchase or until retirement whichever comes first. Another one-third of the shares shall not be sold or transferred to a 3 rd party for at least two years from the date of each purchase or until retirement whichever comes first.
	The last one-third of the shares shall not be sold or transferred to a 3^{rd} party for at least three years from the date of each purchase or until retirement whichever comes first.
	Any such sale or transfer shall be considered null and void.

On April 2, 2009 and April 20, 2010, the BOD and shareholders of PHN, respectively, approved the setting aside of 8.4 million shares from the unsubscribed portion of the Parent Company's 420 million authorized common shares for stock purchase by the Senior Officers of this Corporation. On January 26, 2012, the Philippine SEC approved the Parent Company's Stock Purchase Plan while the PSE approved for listing the 8.4 million shares on May 23, 2012.

Under the Stock Purchase Plan, officers of the Parent Company can purchase P30.5 million worth of shares over three years, subject to certain conditions. The shares can be purchased at the average closing price of PHN shares in the market 20 days prior to each notice, but in no case shall the price be less than par value.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, shares acquired under the stock purchase plan totaled 2,703, 501.

Total cumulative expense recognized in relation to the stock purchase plan amounted to nil as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. There were no unexercised vested shares as at December 31, 2023.

Item 6. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation

CALENDAR YEAR 2023

PHINMA Corporation (PHN) realized strong consolidated revenues of ₱21.27 billion in 2023, a 20% increase from 2022. Consolidated net income correspondingly rose to ₱1.63 billion from last year's ₱1.53 billion while consolidated core net income rose 40% to ₱1.67 billion from the ₱1.19 billion recorded last year.

PHN's stronger financial results were driven by the sustained growth in the Education business which continued to see enrolment growth , along with the Construction Materials Group (CMG) and PHINMA Property Holdings Corp. (PHINMA Properties)'s efforts to improve cost efficiency. The Hospitality

business likewise took advantage of the continued recovery in domestic travel and events, particularly in the Mall of Asia area.

PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PHINMA Education) remained steadfast in its commitment to provide accessible quality education to the affordable segment. For the first semester of School Year (SY) 2023-2024, PHINMA Education logged its highest enrolment at 146,546 students in the Philippines and Indonesia, an 18% overall increase compared to the previous school year while also achieving savings on operational costs. As a result, PHINMA Education posted consolidated revenues of ₱5.44 billion and consolidated net income of ₱1.19 billion for calendar year 2023.

The Construction Materials Group (CMG), composed of Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC), Philcement Corporation (Philcement), and PHINMA Solar Corporation (PHINMA Solar), posted combined revenues of ₱13.27 billion and a combined net income of ₱430.95 million for the calendar year 2023. UGC saw a growth in sales volumes as construction activities rebounded in the second half of 2023. Meanwhile, Philcement implemented various cost-saving initiatives and strategic pricing amid the highly competitive environment. PHINMA Solar also secured 58 projects, totaling 9.39 mWp, in the government's Green Energy Auction Program (GEAP II) – making it the only company to successfully bid in the solar rooftop segment.

PHINMA Property Holdings Corp. (PHINMA Properties) aims to build sustainable communities to address the Philippines' growing housing backlog. In July 2023, PHN acquired additional shares of PHINMA Properties, increasing the company's ownership from 40.10% to 76.81%. The consolidated net income for the second half of 2023 worth ₱281.99 million offset the equitized net loss of ₱63.87 million in the first six months of the year.

With the acquisition of PHINMA Hospitality and PHINMA Microtel shares in July 2023, PHN consolidated net earnings of Coral Way, PHINMA Hospitality and PHINMA Microtel for the year of ₱26.56 million. This is inclusive of the equitized net income in Coral Way amounting to ₱5.25 million during the first half of the year. Coral Way benefitted from the resurgence of conventions, events and corporate bookings in the Mall of Asia area.

Consolidated net income attributable to equity holders of the parent was at ₱957.63 million with an earnings per share of ₱3.34 during the period. Core net income attributable to equity holders of the parent stood at P3.52 per share. Total cash and cash equivalents was at ₱2.91 billion at the end of the period. Meanwhile, consolidated total assets amounted to ₱43.48 billion and total stockholders' equity amounted to ₱10.70 billion.

2023 Highlights

PHINMA Education provides accessible quality education to underserved youth, and is today one of the largest private education networks in Southeast Asia. In the 2023-2024 academic year (AY), the company recorded its highest enrollment of 146,546 students, an 18% increase over the previous AY.

2023 academic results showed a continued commitment to our students' needs. In Indonesia, Horizon Education secured full university status for its first institution, and in the Philippines, PHINMA Education achieved an 83.11% first-time pass rate across all licensure exams with 26 topnotchers.

This commitment resulted in significant financial growth with consolidated revenues of ₱5.44 billion and net income of nearly ₱1.2 billion in Calendar Year (CY) 2023—up from ₱4.07 billion and PHP 818 million in CY 2022, respectively.

PHINMA CMG—which is composed of Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC), Philcement Corporation (Philcement), and PHINMA Solar Energy Corporation (PHINMA Solar)—supports public and private infrastructure development by supplying galvanized iron and steel building products, cement, and solar rooftop generation solutions.

Buoyed by the country's resilient economic performance in 2023, PHINMA CMG improved its cost efficiency operations as the group coursed through geopolitical tensions from the lingering Russia-Ukraine war, delayed rebound of China's economy, and delays in government infrastructure projects.

UGC's Light Steel Frames and Insulated Panels divisions have been gaining ground from their launch in 2022—all in line with the company's pivot towards the future. Philcement saw its sales volume increase but faced challenges in improving prices amid tough competition. The company also successfully concluded talks in 2023 with Petra Cement for a strategic partnership. On top of its highest-ever

revenues, PHINMA Solar secured 58 projects totaling 9.39 mWp from the government's second Green Energy Auction Program—making it the sole firm to bid successfully in the solar rooftop segment.

The three companies of PHINMA CMG produced combined revenues of ₱13.27 billion, rising slightly year-on-year. The group's combined net income moderated to ₱430.95 million, largely owing to a tight competitive environment.

PHINMA Properties shapes new urban communities nurturing Filipinos to become better citizens, believing that supportive communities can help our countrymen achieve their full potential. The affordable housing segment remained PHINMA Properties' primary market this 2023, with its Maayo line still focused on the urban workforce in growth centers nationwide. The company also reactivated its economic and socialized housing segment as the country's housing backlog continues to grow.

For 2023, PHINMA Properties registered consolidated revenues of ₱2.52 billion and a consolidated net income after tax of ₱114 million—a 17% year-on-year climb.

PHINMA Hospitality Inc. (PHINMA Hospitality) remains steadfast to its commitment to provide clean, comfortable, and secure lodging to leisure and business travelers in the country through its Microtel by Wyndham and TRYP by Wyndham. PHINMA Hospitality operates 13 Microtel by Wyndham hotels and one TRYP by Wyndham hotel in the Philippines.

The hotels witnessed significant recovery from the pandemic owing to strong local tourism, the return of business travel, and the sustained increase in international travels. The uptick in face-to-face meetings and events likewise drove up demand for accommodations and function rooms.

PHINMA Corporation acquired shares of PHINMA Hospitality and PHINMA Microtel shares last July 2023. The Company consolidated net earnings of Coral Way, PHINMA Hospitality and PHINMA Microtel for the year of ₱26.56 million. This includes the equitized net income in Coral Way amounting to ₱5.25 million in the first half of 2023.

The Group's efforts to make lives better for Filipino families and communities go beyond our business operations. We participated in the Department of Education's Brigada Eskwela program for the 17th straight year, where we revitalized nearly 160 classrooms in 50 public schools—directly benefiting 28,000 students and 570 teachers. Other efforts included tree plantation and bloodletting, all made possible by the mobilization of 2,000 PHINMA Hero volunteers.

This year, PHINMA Foundation, Inc. (PFI) welcomed 73 new college scholars into its flagship PHINMA National Scholarship (PNS) program. The PNS currently supports 150 scholars across partner institutions Philippine Normal University Manila, University of the Philippines Diliman, Technological University of the Philippines Manila, and PHINMA-University of Pangasinan. PHINMA employees also provide scholars mentorship through the Big Brother and Big Sister Program—accounting for over 70% of its total mentors. PHINMA Education also assists qualified students through the Hawak Kamay (HK) Scholarship Program in the Philippines, and the Beasiswa Sahabat Horizon Program in Indonesia which reduce tuition fees by as much as 75%. This SY, some 66,759 college students or 58% of enrolled students within the network are covered.

This year, your Company has also promoted and fortified synergies among its strategic business units. PFI scholars and PHINMA Education students can pursue internships required by their degree programs under our businesses. Several PHINMA schools and property developments also utilize solar panels from PHINMA CMG, while PHINMA Properties has exercised its construction capabilities in some schools. Our Ugnayan initiative includes hybrid groupwide townhalls and regional townhall meetings to help facilitate updates and networking among our businesses' employees nationwide.

PHINMA Corporation's strong business performance has allowed it to maintain a healthy balance sheet in 2023. We are also happy to report that the Board has declared a regular cash dividend of ₱0.60 per share, which is payable on 12 April 2024.

2024 Outlook

The country looks forward to sustaining its economic recovery amid the shift to a post-COVID normal. But challenges still loom locally, such as high interest rates and upside risks to inflation due to the El Niño phenomenon, and globally as the world economy is projected to slow further this year. Authorities have said they are counting on developments in sectors like tourism, infrastructure, and even the government's mass housing projects to help spur domestic economic activity.

As the learning crisis worsened by the pandemic lingers, PHINMA Education expects to be flexible in terms of time, space, and modality to reach more underserved youth here and in Southeast Asia and provide quality education to those needing it most. PHINMA Education likewise continues expanding through internal growth and strategic acquisitions, increasing its market and geographic reach.

PHINMA CMG looks forward to more returns from its new divisions this 2024 as the group reaffirms its commitment to sustainability and nation-building. The Light Steel Frames division is poised to reach further heights through more innovative products while the Insulated Panels division is gearing up for more cold storage projects to support national food security. Philcement's partnership with Petra Cement shall bolster our position in the cement industry, while PHINMA Solar has attracted interest from parties that could eventually become partners in scaling up the business.

PHINMA Properties will be pursuing more strategic expansions in the coming years which shall build on the successes of its current developments. It has developments currently under construction in Cebu City and Batangas. For its economic and socialized housing segment, PHINMA Properties likewise welcomed a senior Gawad Kalinga officer into its management to better cater to the underserved and low-income Filipinos.

Given the strong outlook on domestic and international tourism, PHINMA Hospitality is optimistic for the coming years. Microtel and TRYP by Wyndham Mall of Asia are expected to benefit from the build-up in demand from its key markets as more people embark on business and leisure travel.

This year and beyond, the Company looks forward to maximizing these growth opportunities, building from the successes achieved and improvements implemented from 2023. It also hopes to achieve more milestones and reach further heights with the support of its shareholders, leaders, employees, creditors, business partners, and other stakeholders as we continue to do well and to good together.

Key Performance Indicators (KPI)

Below are the top five (5) KPI's used to measure the financial performance of PHINMA and its material subsidiaries for the periods indicated:

Financial KPI	Definition	December 2023	December 2022
<u>Profitability</u>			
Return on Equity (ROE)	Net Income Attributable to <u>Equity holders of the Parent</u> Average Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent ³	11.92%	11.94%
Gross Profit Margin	<u>Gross Profit</u> Total Revenues	29.81%	24.74%

³ Average Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent is derived by dividing in two (2) the sum of beginning Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent and ending Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent.

⁴ Gross Profit is calculated by deducting cost of sales and cost of educational, installation, hospital and consultancy service, cost of real estate and construction services, cost of hotel operations and cost of management and administrative expenses from total revenues.

Efficiency			
Cash Flow Margin	Cash Flows from Operating <u>Activities</u> Total Revenues	0.65%	-7.30%
<u>Liquidity</u> Current Ratio	<u>Total Current Assets</u> Total Current Liabilities	1.13:1.00	1.71 : 1.00
Debt-to-Equity Ratio	<u>Total Debt</u> Total Equity	3.06:1.00	1.87 : 1.00

Profitability

The return on equity of 11.92 % in CY 2023, is slightly lower than 11.94% return of the previous year due to higher average equity attributable to shareholders of the parent in 2023. Gross profit margin on the other hand increased from 24.74% to 29.81% in 2023 due to initiatives from CMG and PHINMA Education to effectively manage fixed and semi-variable costs.

Efficiency

Net cash inflow from operations amounted to ₱138.64 million in CY2023 compared to net cash outflow of ₱1,289.70 million in CY 2022, mainly due to higher operating income in CY2023.

Liquidity

Current ratio dipped to 1.13:1.00 in CY 2023 as the P3 billion corporate bond became current as of December 31, 2023.

Debt-to-equity ratio of PHN and its subsidiaries as of end December 2023 increased from 1.87:1.00 to 3.06:1.00, mainly due to consolidation of indebtedness from the Properties and Hospitality group, resulting from the acquisition of shares in those businesses in July 2023.

Financial Ratio	Definition	December 2023	December 2022
Asset to Equity	<u>Total Assets</u> Total Equity	4.06	2.87
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio	<u>EBITDA</u> ⁵ Interest Expense and Other Financing Charges	3.56	4.17

Other Financial Ratios are as follows:

Asset to Equity ratio of PHN and subsidiaries as of end December 2023 increased from 2.87 to 4.06 due to consolidation of assets of PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality companies.

Interest rate coverage ratio decreased from 4.17 in 2022, due to higher interest expense incurred in 2023 resulting from notes payable and loans payable obtained in 2023 at higher interest rates.

⁵ EBITDA is net income of the Issuer after adding back (i) interest expense and other financing charges (ii) provision for (benefit from) income tax and (iii) depreciation and amortization.

Accounting Policies and Principles

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Phinma Corporation have been prepared in compliance with accounting principles generally accepted in the Philippines as set forth in Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial assets at fair value through profit and loss, available for sale investments and derivative investments that have been measured at fair value.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in Philippine pesos, the company's functional and presentation currency.

Disclosures on Financial Statements

Below are additional disclosures on the Company's operations :

a. On any known trend, demand, commitment, event and uncertainty that will result in or likely to decrease its liquidity in any material way :

PHN does not anticipate having any cash flow or liquidity problems nor does it anticipate any default or breach of any of its existing loans.

b. On any event that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation:

None

c. On material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations) and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other person created during the reporting period:

None

d. On material commitments for capital expenditures, the general purpose of such commitments and the expected sources of funds for such expenditures:

None

e. On any known trend, event or uncertainty that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales/revenues/income from continuing operations:

The geopolitical tensions from the lingering Russia-Ukraine war, delayed rebound of China's economy, delays in government infrastructure projects, tighter domestic competition as industries plan for aggressive expansion and interest rates remaining elevated, resulted in a sharp increase in input costs, which significantly affected the Company's margins. Their impact is reflected in the financial statements as of December 31, 2023. Phinma Corporation and its subsidiaries continue to monitor developments and to adapt accordingly with continuous implementation of cost management measures/cost rationalization across departments.

f. Any significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Issuer's continuing operations.

None.

g. On the causes for any material change from period to period which shall include vertical and horizontal analyses of any material item:

Increase or decrease of 5% or more in the financial statements are discussed below.

h. On any seasonal aspect that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations.

Like any other company in the construction industry, the operations of UGC is affected by seasonality demand. Demand for roofing materials is greater during the months from December to May than during the rainy months of June to November. Hence, the demand for the first semester of the calendar year is normally higher than that of the second semester.

The revenues of the PHINMA Education schools decline during summer months. Hence, net income during the first half of the calendar year is lower than the second half.

For other subsidiaries, there is no significant seasonality that would materially affect their operations.

Material Changes in Statement of Financial Position Accounts

As of December 31, 2023, the Group's total consolidated assets stood at ₱43.48 billion, higher by 35.83 % than the ₱32.01 billion total consolidated assets as of December 31, 2022.

Similarly, total consolidated liabilities amounted to ₱32.78 billion, higher by 57.07 % or by ₱11.91 billion than total consolidated liabilities as of December 31, 2022.

The following are the material changes in account balances:

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents

The movements in cash and cash equivalents are shown in the cash flow statement.

Investments held for trading

The decrease in the account is mainly attributable to redemption of investments in UITF of the Parent Company and schools, partially offset by consolidation of investments held for trading of APHI, PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality companies.

Current portion - Trade and other receivables

The net increase in receivables of ₱2.88 billion is driven by the consolidation of trade receivables of PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality companies amounting to ₱1.58 billion, in addition to the increase in receivables from CMG amounting to ₱745.36 million as business started to pick up in the third quarter. Receivables of schools likewise increased resulting from higher enrolment in SY2324.

Current portion - Contract assets

This account with a balance of ₱3.11 billion as of December 31, pertains to contract asset of PPHC, which is consolidated into the balance sheet starting July 2023 as a result of the purchase of PPHC shares by the Parent company.

Inventories

The net increase in inventory of ₱1.39 billion is attributable to the first-time consolidation of inventory of PPHC amounting to ₱1.37 billion and APHI inventory amounting to ₱42.46 million. This was partially offset by CMG's inventory reduction initiatives through purchasing process improvements.

Input value-added taxes and other current assets

The increase in the account is attributable to input tax on the Parent's purchase of shares and properties in July 2023, CMG's purchases of imported solar panels and mounting steels to support increased sales, and consolidation of PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality's input taxes and current assets.

Noncurrent portion - Trade and other receivables

The net increase in receivables – noncurrent of ₱150.78 million is driven by the consolidation of noncurrent trade receivables of PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality amounting to ₱73.67 million, in addition to the increase in receivables from CMG amounting to ₱77.11 million as business started to pick up in the third quarter.

Noncurrent portion - Contract assets

This account with a balance of ₱516.75 million as of December 31, pertains to contract asset of PPHC, which is consolidated into the balance sheet starting July 2023 as a result of the purchase of PPHC shares by the Parent company.

Investment in and advances to associates and joint venture

The decrease of ₱794.11 million is mainly due to reclassification of investment in PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality companies from associates to subsidiaries as a result of the purchase of shares of said companies in July 2023.

Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss

The decrease of ₱292.85 million is due to the mark-to-market loss on investment in preferred shares of Song Lam.

Financial asset at fair value through OCI

The ₱40.15 million increase in this account pertains mainly to APHI, PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality's financial assets at fair value, consolidated starting the third quarter of 2023.

Property, plant and equipment

The 20% increase in this account represents the following: 1) purchase of lot and property by the schools as part of their expansion projects, amounting to ₱1.90 billion and CMG's mixer plant facility; 2) purchase of office space in July 2023 by the Parent company and 3) consolidation of property, plant and equipment of PPHC, PHINMA Hospitality and Coral Way starting Q3 of 2023.

Investment properties

The net increase in this account mainly represents the purchase of properties by the Parent company in July 2023, in addition to PPHC's investment property, which was consolidated starting Q3 2023.

Deferred tax assets - net

The 29% net increase in this account pertains mainly to an increase in deferred tax assets arising from lease liabilities, provision for ECL, accrued and pension expense of CMG as well as consolidation of PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality companies' deferred tax assets.

Derivative asset - non-current

The 37% increase in this account pertains mainly to the unrealized gain on put option of the Parent company, related to the investment in Song Lam preferred shares.

Other noncurrent assets

The ₱337.45 million net increase in this account pertains mainly to the cost of digital transformation projects of the schools which are currently under development plus the consolidation of PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality companies' other non-current assets.

LIABILITIES

Notes payable

The ₱4.85 billion increase in this account is attributable mainly to the ₱ 3.49 billion notes payable of PPHC, consolidated for the first time in Q3 2023, plus the increase in short-term notes availed by CMG for working capital requirements, amounting to ₱1.35 billion.

Trade and other payables

The net increase in Trade and other payables is mainly due to consolidation of trade payables of PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality companies amounting to ₱1.13 billion as well as accrual of expenses by the schools.

Contract Liabilities

Tuition fees for the semester are accrued as receivable at the start of the semester and the corresponding liability is booked under Contract Liabilities. The account increased by ₱392.79 million mainly due to PPHC's contract liability consolidated starting Q3 2023 plus the higher contract liability of the schools, resulting from high enrolment in SY2324.

Trust receipts payable

The increase of ₱754.86 million in the account is due to availment of new trust receipts pavables in November and December 2023 by CMG, which allowed the group to maintain a sufficient cash balance at the end of the year.

Derivative liability

The decrease in this account is mainly attributable to lower forward rate on CMG's deliverable forward contracts compared to closing rate for the period.

Income and other taxes payable

The net increase in this account is mainly attributable to increase in tax payable from CMG and the schools.

Current portion - long-term debt

The increase in this account is mainly attributable to the reclassification to current portion of the Parent company's ₱3.0 billion corporate bond which will mature in August 2024.

Current portion - lease liability

The net increase in this account is mainly attributable to PPHC and Coral Way's lease liability consolidated beginning Q3 2023, partially offset by a decrease in CMG's and PEHI's lease liability.

Due to related parties

The net decrease in this account is mainly attributable to the decrease in the amounts due to the parent holding company.

Non-controlling interest put liability

The ₱382 million increase represents an increase in present value of the contingent amount payable by PHINMA Corporation to non-controlling shareholders of PHINMA Education.

Deferred tax liability The net increase in the account amounting to ₱269.93 million resulted mainly from the first-time consolidation of PPHC's deferred tax liability.

Pension and other post-employment benefits

The net increase in the account amounting to ₱82.72 million represents accrual of retirement expense by the schools as well as consolidation of accrued retirement from PPHC and the PHINMA Hospitality companies, shares of which were purchased in July 2023.

Lease liability - noncurrent

The net increase is mainly due to PPHC and Coral Way's lease liabilities which were consolidated starting Q3 2023, plus increase in CMG's lease liability.

Other noncurrent liability

The net increase mainly represents PPHC's other non-current liabilities which were consolidated beginning Q3 2023.

EQUITY

Treasury shares

The movement in the account represents the Parent company's shares held for investment by a subsidiary (ABCIC Property Holdings, Inc.), which are classified as treasury shares during consolidation.

Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations

The movement in the account represents the adjustments arising from the translation of the financial statements of One Animate Limited (OAL) to Philippine Pesos.

Equity reserves

The movement in the account is related to the put option on shares in PHINMA Education and the noncash consolidation adjustments resulting from the purchase of shares of PPHC, PHINMA Hospitality and PHINMA Microtel and PEHI in July 2023.

Other comprehensive income

The increase in this account is mainly attributable to the increase in fair market value of Parent company's investment in club shares, which the Company classified as financial assets at FVOCI.

Share in other comprehensive income of associates

The change is attributable to consolidation of PPHC, Coral Way and ABCIC Property Holdings Inc., which were previously associates of the Parent company.

Retained earnings

The increase in the account represents increase in net income for the year, partially offset by dividends declared during the period amounting to ₱171.80 million.

Non-controlling interests

The increase is mainly attributable to the share of non-controlling shareholders in the income of the schools, CMG, PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality companies, offset by the impact of the accretion of the contingent NCI put liability.

Material Changes in Income Statement Accounts

Revenues

The ₱3.61 billion increase in revenues is mainly due to an increase of ₱1.53 billion of PHINMA Education arising from record enrollment and revenues of the Property and Hospitality businesses amounting to ₱2.21 billion which were consolidated beginning July 2023.

Cost of sales

The ₱1.64 billion net increase in cost of sales is attributable to first-time consolidation of cost of sales of PPHC, PHINMA Microtel and Coral Way and the increase in variable costs of the schools to support the increase in enrollment in SY2023-24.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses also increased from previous year mainly due to consolidation of administrative expenses of PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality companies, coupled with higher personnel cost to support enrollment growth in SY2023-24.

Selling expenses

The increase in the account can be attributed to CMG's initiatives to deliver budgeted sales volume by implementing various marketing strategies.

Interest expense and other financing charges

Interest expense is higher in 2023 mainly due to increase in notes payable and loans availed of by the Parent company, CMG and the schools at higher interest rates plus the consolidation of interest expense for the second half of 2023 of PPHC and Coral Way amounting to ₱134.94 million.

Equity in net earnings (losses) of associates and joint ventures

Equity in net loss of investees is mainly due to the equitized loss in PHINMA Property Holdings Corp for the first half of 2023.

Foreign exchange gains (losses) - net

The drop in foreign exchange gain is attributable to a relatively stronger peso in 2023, with an exchange rate of ₱55.37:\$1, compared to ₱55.76:\$1 as of December 31, 2022.

Unrealized gain on change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Net loss is attributable to the unrealized foreign exchange loss from the investment in Song Lam preferred shares.

Gain (Loss) on derivatives

The gain on derivatives mainly resulted from the unrealized foreign exchange gain from the put option on the Song Lam preferred shares.

Gain on sale of investment properties

The amount represents the gain on sale of land by SWU.

Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment - net

The amount represents the gain on sale of service vehicles by CMG.

Others – net

The net increase in this account is attributable to the consolidation of PPHC's other income for the second half of 2023, partially offset by other charges from the schools

Provision for (benefit from) income tax

The provision for income tax increased as tax rates for schools reverted to 10% starting July 2023, compared to 1% for the same period last year. PHN also consolidated starting July 2023 tax provision of PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality companies amounting to ₱95.30 million, partially offset by provision for deferred income tax of CMG.

CALENDAR YEAR 2022

For the year ended December 31, 2022, consolidated revenue of PHINMA Corporation increased 10.14% to P17.66 billion. Consolidated net income declined 18.67% to P1.53 billion due to factors including higher raw materials costs driven by global supply chain disruptions, a strong US Dollar, and increased education costs due to a revision in school opening schedules.

PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PHINMA Education) is the country's largest private education network. In SY 2022-23, PHINMA Education posted a 31.81% increase in annual enrollment resulting in

consolidated revenue of P4.07 billion for 2022, an increase of 10.21% over the previous year. Enrollment of PHINMA Education is 124,501 students for SY 2022-23, making it the largest education network in the Philippines. Net income attributable to shareholders of the parent during the period however was P633.46 million, a decrease from P838.60 million for the previous year, due to a revision in the school opening schedules, reflecting 9 months of regular semester for 2022 compared to eleven months in 2021.

The Construction Materials Group (CMG), composed of Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC), Philcement Corporation, and PHINMA Solar Corporation (PHINMA Solar), achieved an increase of 9.07% over the previous year with combined revenues of P 13.25 billion for 2022. Net income for the group of P494.88 million for 2022 was however lower than P902.08 million posted in the previous year due to higher input costs amidst global supply chain issues and a strong US Dollar.

During the year, PHN's subsidiary, Asian Plaza Inc. posted net income of P40.77 million mainly due to a gain on sale of real property.

From affiliates PHINMA Property Holdings Corp. (PHINMA Properties) and Coral Way City Hotel Corporation (Coral Way), PHN equitized net income of P58.01 million in 2022, an increase over P32.94 million equitized in the previous year, as both companies posted improved operating results during the year.

Consolidated net income attributable to equity holders of the parent amounted to P947.68 million in 2022 which represents a decrease of 16.06% compared to the previous year.

For 2023, PHINMA Corporation expects a recovery in profitability of its Construction Materials Group and Properties business as global supply chains and foreign exchange rates continue to stabilize and input costs decrease. Profitability of the education business will gain clarity as school opening schedules become more regular every year. Our schools are also expanding capacity in anticipation of continuing growth in enrolment. Our hotels are also expected to post a strong recovery as occupancy rates and average daily rates continue to improve with leisure and business travel gaining momentum.

PHINMA Corporation ended the period with cash and cash equivalents of P3.42 billion. Consolidated Total Assets and Total Stockholders' Equity at December 31, 2022 stood at P 32.01 billion and P 11.14 billion, respectively.

2022 Highlights

PHINMA Education, the country's largest private education network, holds the group's investment in nine tertiary education schools in the Philippines and also oversees the Horizon Education tertiary institution brand in Indonesia. Despite the suspension of face-to-face classes in the country for most of 2022, PHINMA Education achieved record breaking enrolment for SY 2022 to 2023 of 124,501 students in the Philippines and Indonesia, an increase of over 30%.

To address inflation and its effect on affordability of its programs, PHINMA Education partnered with education financing platforms to intensify flexible tuition payment plans for students. In addition, six out of ten students in the Philippines benefit from scholarships which effectively reduce tuition fees. This resulted in high retention rates in both the Philippines and Indonesia. PHINMA Education continued to achieve strong results in key indicators like board exams and graduate employment. PHINMA Education's board exam passing rates in the Philippines averaged 76% in 2022, well above the national average. The PHINMA Education schools also produced two board topnotchers last year, producing 137 topnotchers since 2004. In its first ever tracer study, PHINMA Education found that over half of its 2020 graduates were employed within 6 months after graduation, perhaps the best testament to how the company makes lives better.

PHINMA Education posted consolidated revenues of P4.07 billion in 2022, an 11 percent increase over the previous year. Net income attributable to shareholders of the parent, on the other hand, decreased to P633.46 million due to revisions in the school opening schedules effectively shortening the 2022 school year with nine months of regular classes in CY2022 as compared to 11 months of regular classes in the previous year.

The PHINMA Construction Materials Group (PHINMA CMG), composed of Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC), Philcement Corporation (Philcement), and PHINMA Solar Energy Corporation (PHINMA Solar), supply galvanized iron and steel building products, cement, and solar rooftop generation solutions, respectively, in support of our nation's infrastructure and construction sectors.

In 2022, even as the local construction industry began to recover following the easing of pandemic constraints, further disruptions in global supply chains as well as a strong US dollar following the Russia-Ukraine war resulted in a sharp increase in landed cost of inputs for the domestic construction industry. In response, the PHINMA CMG implemented cost management and margin optimization initiatives to continue its revenue growth while also positioning itself for improved operating results in the future.

UGC managed costs and improved margins to address the global volatility. More importantly, the company expanded two new distinct divisions to focus on promising businesses with potentially higher margins. The Light Steel Frames and Insulated Panels divisions position UGC to capture more growth as the global economy stabilizes. Philcement strengthened relationships with customers, maintained sales volumes, and recalibrated strategies to focus on higher margin products and markets in 2022. Meanwhile, PHINMA Solar continued to expand in the residential market, reduced build costs, and leveraged group synergies through joint selling efforts with UGC.

The Construction Materials Group combined posted revenues of P13.25 billion for 2022, a 9.07% increase over the previous year. Net income for the group of P494.88 million was lower than the previous year due to the abnormal global supply chain issues and the strong US Dollar.

PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation (PHINMA Properties) seeks to make lives better through creating sustainable communities and townships for middle-income Filipino families. In 2022, PHINMA Properties closed the year with record high net reservations and revenue recognition leading to improved financial results. In our hospitality business, the two hotels operating under Coral Way City Hotel Corporation began recovering leisure and corporate bookings as pandemic restrictions were removed. The Company correspondingly recognized higher earnings contributions from these two associates amounting to P58.01 million in 2022.

In 2022, the Company in coordination with its financial advisors facilitated several online corporate access events to enhance visibility in the capital markets in support of the overall plan to improve shareholder values. PHINMA launched the PHINMA Certificate of Readiness (PHINMA CORE) Program to continue to develop its bench and to prepare for the future growth of its businesses.

PHINMA Corporation's strong business performance has allowed it to maintain a healthy balance sheet in 2022 with total assets of P32.01 billion, and a current ratio and debt-to-equity ratio of 1.71:1.00 and 1.87: 1.00, respectively.

The Company is happy to report that the Board has declared a regular cash dividend of P0.60 per share, which is payable on 5 April 2023.

The Company is also delighted to share how it has made lives better outside the business, through its volunteer and scholarship programs. Last September, PHINMA Group mobilized over 800 employees, scholars, and their families to help with Brigada Eskwela, the Department of Education's annual school improvement initiative. The Company's efforts benefitted 40 public schools across the country. In November, as part of PHINMA's 66th anniversary, some 1,300 volunteers once again gave their time and talent in various PHINMA Reaches Out activities, which ranged from bloodletting, tree-planting, and coastal and river clean-up drives.

Last year, 47 deserving students were inducted into the PHINMA National Scholarship (PNS) program. With this recent addition, the program now nurtures 99 scholars from Philippine Normal University, University of the Philippines, Polytechnic University of the Philippines, and PHINMA University of Pangasinan. As these scholars complete their tertiary education, they will add to PNS' growing list of alumni which currently numbers 252. More significant to note is the fact that the PHINMA Education network supports the schooling of about 60% of its student population with the Hawak Kamay scholarship, which reduces tuition by up to 75%, based on the student's capacity to pay. Hawak Kamay boasts of at least 74,000 beneficiaries, making it the single largest private sector-driven scholarship program in the country today.

Key Performance Indicators (KPI)

Below are the top five (5) KPI's used to measure the financial performance of PHINMA and its material subsidiaries for the periods indicated:

Financial KPI	Definition	December 2022	December 2021
Profitability Return on Equity	Net Income Attributable to	11.94%	16.05%
(ROE)	Equity <u>holders of the Parent</u> Average Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent ⁶		
Gross Profit Margin	<u>Gross Profit^z</u> Total Revenues	24.74%	28.05%
<u>Efficiency</u> Cash Flow Margin	Cash Flows from Operating <u>Activities</u> Total Revenues	-7.30%	5.80%
<u>Liquidity</u> Current Ratio	<u>Total Current Assets</u> Total Current Liabilities	1.71:1.00	1.71 : 1.00
Debt-to-Equity Ratio	<u>Total Liabilities</u> Total Equity	1.87:1.00	2.02 : 1.00

Profitability

The return on equity of 11.94 % in CY 2022, is lower than 16.05% return of the previous year due to lower net income in 2022, coupled with higher equity resulting from the CY2022 net income and sale of treasury shares in September 2022. Gross profit margin decreased from 28.05% to 24.74% in 2022 due to increased input costs, given the abnormal supply conditions and weakening of the peso.

Efficiency

Net cash outflow from operations amounted to ₱1,289.70 million in CY 2022 compared to net cash inflow of ₱929.82 million in CY 2021, mainly due to increase in trade and other receivables and in inventory of CMG and the schools, as well as payment of trust receipts by CMG.

Liquidity

Current ratio remained the same at 1.71:1.00 in CY 2022 as there were minimal net movements with current assets and current liabilities.

Debt-to-equity ratio of PHN and its subsidiaries as of end December 2022 decreased from 2.02:1.00 to 1.87:1.00, mainly due to higher equity resulting from net income for the year and sale of the treasury shares.

⁶ Average Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent is derived by dividing in two (2) the sum of beginning Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent and ending Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent.

⁷ Gross Profit is calculated by deducting cost of sales and cost of educational, installation, hospital and consultancy service from total revenues.

Other Financial Ratios are as follows:

Financial Ratio	Definition	December 2022	December 2021
Asset to Equity	<u>Total Assets</u> Total Equity	2.87	3.02
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio	EBITDA [®] Interest Expense and Other Financing Charges	4.17	4.97

Asset to Equity ratio of PHN and subsidiaries as of end December 2022 decreased from 3.02 to 2.87 due to increase in total equity from ₱9.97 billion in 2021 to ₱11.14 billion in 2022, mainly due to net income and sale of treasury shares.

Interest rate coverage ratio decreased from 4.97 in 2021 to 4.17 in 2022, due to lower earnings in CY 2022, as compared to CY 2021.

Accounting Policies and Principles

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Phinma Corporation have been prepared in compliance with accounting principles generally accepted in the Philippines as set forth in Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial assets at fair value through profit and loss, available for sale investments and derivative investments that have been measured at fair value.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in Philippine pesos, the company's functional and presentation currency.

Disclosures on Financial Statements

Below are additional disclosures on the Company's operations :

a. On any known trend, demand, commitment, event and uncertainty that will result in or likely to decrease its liquidity in any material way :

PHN does not anticipate having any cash flow or liquidity problems nor does it anticipate any default or breach of any of its existing loans.

b. On any event that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation:

None

d. On material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations) and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other person created during the reporting period:

None

d. On material commitments for capital expenditures, the general purpose of such commitments and the expected sources of funds for such expenditures:

None

e. On any known trend, event or uncertainty that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales/revenues/income from continuing operations:

The easing of pandemic constraints followed by further disruptions in global supply chains as well

⁸ EBITDA is net income of the Issuer after adding back (i) interest expense and other financing charges (ii) provision for (benefit from) income tax and (iii) depreciation and amortization.

as a strong US dollar following the Russia-Ukraine war, resulted in a sharp increase in input costs, which significantly affected the Company's margins. Their impact is reflected in the financial statements as of December 31, 2022. Phinma Corporation and its subsidiaries continue to monitor developments and to adapt accordingly with continuous implementation of cost management measures/cost rationalization across departments.

f. Any significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Issuer's continuing operations.

None.

g. On the causes for any material change from period to period which shall include vertical and horizontal analyses of any material item:

Increase or decrease of 5% or more in the financial statements are discussed below.

h. On any seasonal aspect that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations.

Like any other company in the construction industry, the operations of UGC is affected by seasonality demand. Demand for roofing materials is greater during the months from December to May, than during the rainy months of June to November. Hence, the demand for the first semester of the calendar year is normally higher than that of the second semester.

The revenues of the PHINMA Education schools decline during summer months. Hence, net income during the first half of the calendar year is lower than the second half.

For other subsidiaries, there is no significant seasonality that would materially affect their operations.

Material Changes in Statement of Financial Position Accounts

As of December 31, 2022, the Group's total consolidated assets stood at ₱32.01 billion, higher by 6.19 % than the ₱30.15 billion total consolidated assets as of December 31, 2021.

Similarly, total consolidated liabilities amounted to ₱20.87 billion, higher by 3.44 % or by ₱694.83 million than total consolidated liabilities as of December 31, 2021.

The following are the material changes in account balances:

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents

The movements in cash and cash equivalents are shown in the cash flow statement

Investments held for trading

The drop in the account is mainly attributable to maturity of investments in UITFs of the parent company.

Trade and other receivables

The net increase in trade and other receivables is attributable to higher trade receivables from CMG on the back of improved selling prices and higher volume.

Inventories

The net increase in inventory of P401.95 million is attributable to higher input costs in 2022.

Input value-added taxes and other current assets

The net increase in this account is attributable to increase in prepaid expenses and prepaid taxes from CMG and the schools

Derivative asset - current

Higher forward rates on CMG's deliverable forward contracts compared to closing rate resulted in a derivative liability, hence the decrease in this asset account.

Investment in associates and joint venture

The increase of P165.55 million is mainly due to additional investment of Phinma Education in IPM.

Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss

The increase of P103.85 million is due to the mark-to-market gain on investment in preferred shares of Songlam.

Property, plant and equipment

The P916.52 million increase is due to the purchase of land in COC, continuing construction activities in various school buildings and CMG plant site, hospital renovation and purchase of transportation and machinery equipment.

Right-of-use assets

The ₱20.21 million decrease represents the depreciation of the right-of-use assets of CMG.

Deferred tax assets - net

The 26.46% increase in this account pertains mainly to an increase in deferred tax assets of CMG, SWU and RCL.

Derivative asset – non-current

The increase of P137.62 million is due to unrealized gain on the put option on the investment in Song Lam preferred shares.

Other noncurrent assets

The 16.98% increase in this account pertains mainly to the increase in advances to suppliers and contractors, in relation to the on-going construction and renovation of the schools.

LIABILITIES

Notes payable

The P1.85 billion increase in this account is attributable to the short-term notes that CMG availed of in 2022.

Trade and other payables

The increase of ₱ 172.79 million in trade and other payables represents increase in trade and other payables of the various schools partially offset by payments made by CMG and parent.

Contract Liabilities

The increase in contract liabilities is attributable to the higher enrolment in SY22-23 vs SY21-22. Tuition fees are accrued as payables at the start of the semester and decrease as the revenue is earned over the semester.

Trust receipts payable

The decrease of ₱1.58 billion in the account is attributable to settlement of CMG's trust receipts payable using the proceeds from the short-term loans.

Derivative liability

The increase in this account is mainly attributable to higher forward rate on CMG's deliverable forward contracts compared to closing rate for the period, resulting in a derivative liability.

Income and other taxes payable

The increase in this account is attributable to increase in tax payable from the schools.

Current portion - long-term debt

The increase in this account resulted mainly from re-classification of a portion of long-term debt of CMG which became current towards the latter part of 2022.

Due to related parties

The drop in this account is mainly attributable to payment of amounts due to the parent holding company.

Non-controlling interest put liability

The movement represents the increase in present value of the contingent amount payable by PHINMA Corporation to non-controlling shareholders of PHINMA Education.

Pension and other post-employment benefits

The increase in the account represents increased accrual of retirement benefits by CMG.

Lease liability

The decrease in the account amounting to ₱36.18 million represents periodic lease payments by UPang.

EQUITY

Treasury shares

The movement in the account represents the sale of 14.41 million treasury shares in 2022.

Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations

The movement in the account represents the adjustments arising from the translation of the financial statements of One Animate Limited (OAL) to Philippine Pesos.

Equity reserves

The movement in the account is due to the increase in the contingent liability arising from the put option on shares in PHINMA Education.

Share in other comprehensive income of associates

The change is attributable to other comprehensive income of ABCIC Property Holdings Inc.

Retained earnings

The increase in the account represents increase in net income for the year, partially offset by dividends declared during the period amounting to ₱135.93 million.

Non-controlling interests

The increase is mainly attributable to the share of non-controlling shareholders in the income of the schools and in CMG offset by the impact of the accretion of the contingent NCI put liability.

Material Changes in Income Statement Accounts

Revenues

The P1.63 billion increase in revenues is mainly due to higher CMG revenues and higher enrollment in schools.

Cost of sales

The P1.76 billion increase in cost of sales is attributable to higher costs of raw materials, fuel and freight faced by CMG, and higher cost of learning materials and other direct costs as students returned to face to face classes.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses also increased from previous year due to higher costs resulting from volatile supply situation as well as higher personnel cost to support increased enrollment in SY2223.

Selling expenses

The decrease in the account can be attributed to the manpower rationalization in CMG.

Interest expense and other financing charges

The increase in interest expense and other financing charges resulted from the P3 billion corporate bond issued during third quarter of last year as well as the additional long-term debt obtained by Philcement during the last quarter of 2021.

Equity in net earnings (losses) of associates and joint ventures

Equitý in net earnings of investees increased in 2022 due to higher equitized earnings in Phinma Property Holdings Corp.

Foreign exchange gains (losses) - net

In 2021, the foreign exchange gain arose from the dollar-denominated assets of the parent company, earmarked for the investment in Song Lam. For 2022, the forex gain is attributable to PEHI's USD holdings restated at the forex rate of P55.755: \$1 compared to P50.99: \$1 as of December 31, 2021.

Unrealized gain on change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Increase in this account is attributable to the increase in fair value of the investment in Song Lam preferred shares.

Gain (Loss) on derivatives

The gain on derivatives mainly resulted from the increase in value of the put option on the Song Lam preferred shares.

Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment - net

The amount represents the gain on sale of PPE of the Construction Materials group.

Others - net

The decrease in this account is mainly due to the lower other income of CMG and Phinma Education compared to CY 2021

Provision for (benefit from) income tax

The provision resulted mainly from the deferred tax adjustments of PHINMA Education.

CALENDAR YEAR 2021

2021 marked the second year of the pandemic, which has posed a new set challenges for all of us. As our nation continues to embrace these challenges, the PHINMA Group has become even more determined to pursue its mission of making lives better by giving communities, not only in the Philippines but wherever else we might find the need, improved access to the essentials of a dignified life. Despite the prolonged impact of the pandemic, your Company successfully achieved major milestones, including the acquisition of its tenth tertiary education institution, its first bond issuance in over 25 years, and vaccine rollout for employees and their dependents. Based on the proven resiliency and innovative strategies of its business units, we believe PHINMA Corporation has established a strong base for sustained growth.

In 2021, your Company posted consolidated revenues of ₱16.04 billion and consolidated net income of ₱1.87 billion. This represents a 250-percent growth in bottom line on the back of strategic business units that continued to achieve strong results amid a challenging business environment.

Our Education Group, led by *PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc.*, significantly exceeded its pre-pandemic performance owing to record-breaking enrollment for SY 2021-2022. Our Construction Materials Group, comprised of *Union Galvasteel Corporation, Philcement Corporation,* and *Phinma Solar Energy Corporation,* posted higher revenues and nearly maintained its bottom line through strategic partnerships, operational efficiencies, and margin optimization initiatives. *PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation* achieved growth by capitalizing on a shift in demand trends driven by the pandemic. Meanwhile, our two hotels in the Mall of Asia complex, operating under *Coral Way City Hotel Corporation*, sustained occupancy and positive cash generation through quarantine bookings.

2021 Highlights

PHINMA Education holds the group's investment in tertiary education schools in the Philippines and Southeast Asia. PHINMA Education was able to grow its network to nine schools in the Philippines through its acquisition of PHINMA Union College of Laguna (PHINMA UCL) last May 2021 in line with its plans to strengthen its offerings in Laguna. PHINMA Education also continues to manage Horizon Karawang in Indonesia and formally launched the Horizon Education brand to the public in December 2021.

Despite the worsening learning crisis in the country with face-to-face classes still suspended, PHINMA Education successfully hit record-breaking enrollment in SY 2021-2022 and welcomed 95,503 students. This marked a 31% growth in enrollment from the previous school year and is a testament to PHINMA Education's successful implementation of distance learning systems starting in 2020.

Leveraging on learnings from the previous year, PHINMA Education continued to respond to challenges in creative and proactive ways with the goal of maintaining the quality and accessibility of its offerings. Apart from enrollment, PHINMA Education achieved higher-than-expected results in key indicators like student retention and employment. PHINMA Education also continued to produce strong student-based outcomes in SY 2020-2021, including a board passing rate of 78 percent for first-time takers as well as 10 additional board exam topnotchers.

The remarkable growth achieved by PHINMA Education in 2021 has resulted in consolidated revenues of ₱3.69 billion, a 76-percent increase year-on-year. An additional contributor to this was the delayed recognition of some revenues from SY 2020-2021. Consolidated net income, on the other hand, rose to ₱1.02 billion.

Our Construction Materials Group consists of *Union Galvasteel Corporation, Philcement Corporation,* and *Phinma Solar Energy Corporation*, which boost our nation's infrastructure and construction sectors by supplying galvanized iron and steel building products, cement, and solar rooftop generation solutions. In 2021, demand for construction materials was buoyed by a recovery in construction activities. However, our Construction Materials Group faced a new set of challenges during the year which were primarily driven by global supply chain disruptions. In response to these challenges, the group focused on leveraging its competitive advantages and optimizing its margins.

Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC) saw an improvement in performance in 2021 despite obstacles brought about by an industry slowdown, material availability constraints, and higher input costs. UGC responded to these by capitalizing on its market leadership through margin optimization initiatives, including selling price increases, and cost efficiencies realized in logistics and manufacturing. We are also proud to share that in response to the devastation caused by Typhoon Odette last December, UGC was able to utilize its wide distribution network to continue to ensure the stable supply of roofing products in key locations across the country. Additionally, all roofing sheets were made available at pre-typhoon prices without sacrificing product quality.

On the back of the recovery of domestic construction activities, *Philcement Corporation* (Philcement) successfully was operating near capacity in 2021. This strengthened its resilience against a substantial increase in its costs due to global supply chain disruptions. In order to manage these cost increases and improve margins, Philcement began to manufacture its own blended cement. Philcement also leveraged its strategic relationship with the Vissai Group and implemented logistics optimization strategies to manage the impact of increasing freight costs on its margins. In May, 2021, your Company closed on its strategic investment in Song Lam Cement Joint Stock Company, which will assure Philcement of a steady supply of quality cement to support expanding infrastructure development projects.

Moreover, *PHINMA Solar Energy Corporation* (PHINMA Solar) successfully shifted its business model to capture more pandemic-resilient industries, including residential and retail markets as well as small to medium commercial projects. PHINMA Solar also ramped up its sales effort and leveraged synergies with UGC in the areas of sales and logistics. As a result, the company achieved profitability for the first time in 2021.

Together, the Construction Materials Group achieved a 20-percent growth in topline and booked ₱12.14 billion in consolidated revenues in 2021. Meanwhile, despite severe cost pressures faced in 2021, the Construction Materials Group attained ₱902.08 million in consolidated net income, demonstrating the group's resilient strategies and ability to quickly and innovatively respond to challenges.

PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation (PHINMA Properties) is the group's property arm which seeks to make lives better through creating sustainable communities for middle-income Filipino families. In 2021, PHINMA Properties showed an improvement in performance owing primarily to higher sales amidst delays in new project launches because of the pandemic. The company successfully sold out residences at Arezzo Place, Pasig and Hacienda Balai, Quezon City, and ended the year with a cumulative total of 16,264 residential units sold. Moreover, at our hospitality business, your two hotels under *Coral Way City Hotel Corporation* have managed to sustain occupancy despite the pandemic's impact on travel and tourism by serving as accredited quarantine facilities for returning Filipinos. Your Company correspondingly recognized higher net earnings from associates amounting to ₱28.61 million in 2021.

Apart from the milestones achieved by its strategic business units, 2021 also marked your Company's first public bond issuance in more than 25 years, which was well-received by the market and was more than 9 times oversubscribed. The ₱3.00 billion raised through this issuance has been deployed to support growth and enhance operational efficiencies across our strategic business units. The bond issuance is part of your Company's overall value building plan and will be the first of many capital market transactions to come for the PHINMA Group.

PHINMA Corporation's strong business performance has allowed it to maintain a healthy balance sheet in 2021 with total assets of ₱30.08 billion, and a current ratio and debt-to-equity ratio of 1.71: 1.00 and 2.03: 1.00, respectively.

Finally, in celebration of the key milestones achieved by your Company in 2021, we are happy to report that the Board has declared a regular cash dividend of ₱0.40 per share, along with a special cash dividend of ₱0.10 per share, which were both paid on 6 April 2022.

Educational Services

PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PHINMA Education) is the strategic business arm of the PHINMA Group which aims to make lives better by providing quality education, adapting to the evolving needs of the underserved youth in the Philippines and Southeast Asia.

PHINMA Education owns and operates schools in key cities in the Philippines. Outside the National Capital Region (NCR), these include PHINMA Araullo University (PHINMA AU), PHINMA Cagayan de Oro College (PHINMA COC), PHINMA University of Pangasinan (PHINMA UPang), and PHINMA University of Iloilo (PHINMA UI). The PHINMA Education NCR network is composed of PHINMA St. Jude College (PHINMA SJC), PHINMA Republican College (PHINMA RC), and two schools, in a Laguna subnetwork, PHINMA Rizal College of Laguna (PHINMA RCL) and PHINMA Union College of Laguna (PHINMA UCL).

PHINMA UCL, acquired in May 2021, is the newest institution under the PHINMA Education network, now poised to further strengthen PHINMA Education's offerings in the Laguna province. The college presently offers undergraduate courses targeting employment, including Accountancy, Business Administration, Information Technology, Hospitality Management, Psychology, Education, and Criminology. With two schools now in the subnetwork, PHINMA Education plans to continue to expand in Laguna.

PHINMA Education also owns a majority stake in Southwestern University PHINMA (SWU PHINMA) in Cebu, which serves the region's mid-income market as well as a growing number of international students. It provides highly competitive programs that cater to health and allied health sciences, with graduates consistently placing within the top ten of board licensure examinations in the country and abroad.

In Indonesia, PHINMA Education manages Horizon Karawang in West Java through PT IndPhil Management (IPM). The STMIK and STIKES colleges of Horizon Karawang cater to underserved markets, specializing in Nursing and Information Technology programs that boast an 80%-100% licensure exam success rate. The Horizon Education brand was formally launched to the public in December 2021 at the virtual event, *Horizon Rising*.

Despite the ongoing pandemic, In SY 2021-2022, PHINMA Education welcomed 94,452 students in the Philippines and 1,051 in Indonesia, a 31% increase from total enrollment of 72,746 students in SY 2020-2021. The increase in enrollment resulted in Consolidated Revenues of ₱ 3.69 billion, a 76% increase year-on-year. Consolidated Net Income, on the other hand, rose to ₱ 1.02 billion.

PHINMA Education's mission has always been aligned with the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals for the country for 2030. Beyond its focus on educating underserved youth, PHINMA Education implemented programs to strengthen sustainability in the schools and increase social and political awareness among students.

In January 2021, PHINMA Education spearheaded the first ever annual *Education@theMargins: A Global Alliance* conference, gathering education industry experts from several countries including the Philippines to tackle issues such as the widening gap in education, how to help marginalized students cope with the pandemic, and tech solutions to marginalized education.

In March 2021, PHINMA Education contributed a chapter to the *World Scientific* publication, "Univer-Cities: Reshaping Strategies to Meet Radical Change, Pandemics and Inequality - Revisiting the Social Compact?" The chapter discussed how the company is responding to three major challenges underserved students face at higher education institutions (HEIs).

In April 2021, the company institutionalized an Environmental and Social Management System (ESMS) Policy across its constituent campuses. All PHINMA Education schools now have a waste segregation scheme in place via an on-site Material Recovery Facility (MRF). The company is also steadily

expanding its use of green technologies, including solar panels, rainwater catchment systems, gray water facilities, and sewer treatment plants.

In August 2021, PHINMA Education hosted two webinars with Chel Diokno, a Filipino lawyer, educator, and human rights advocate who serves as chairman of the Free Legal Assistance Group and the founding dean of the De La Salle University College of Law. The webinars, which focused on human rights and the justice system, were attended by students across the PHINMA Education network in the Philippines.

Later in the year, PHINMA Education released a series of white papers through the Education@theMargins website newsletter, focused on youth and civic engagement and the impact of the pandemic on college retention. The white paper discussed MULAT, a nationwide civic engagement and education program launched in 2020.

Through MULAT, educators implement curricular and extra-curricular interventions to increase the students' social awareness and promote human dignity, educating them about their rights and encouraging them to take an active role in pursuing positive social change in the Philippines. As MULAT is aligned with the overall mission of PHINMA, the company has folded this into its classroom curriculum and college experience, focusing on modules that raise social and political awareness and inculcate values of good citizenship and active civic participation.

In 2021, as part of its initiatives to strengthen and improve corporate governance in the organization, the company organized Board Committees with independent directors to oversee key governance areas including Nominations, Remunerations, and Risk Oversight.

2021 was a pivotal year for PHINMA Education as it moved towards recovery from the initial effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. Forays into alternative learning systems and more accessible financing options instituted in the previous year have paid off with higher-than-expected results in key indicators including enrollment, retention, and employment. With further improvements in corporate governance and continued network additions, PHINMA Education is poised to continue further growth in the years to come as it expands even further in the country and throughout Southeast Asia.

Construction Materials

In 2021, sustained vaccination campaigns and lower cases of infection in the second half of the year allowed business sectors to open up and increase operating capacities. As COVID-19 related restrictions were eased, the construction industry posted a significant recovery, growing 9.8% over the year. Investment in construction measured via gross capital formation rose 10.6% as downstream sectors such as real estate and tourism heavily affected by the pandemic began to recover.

While construction activities rebounded in 2021, the challenges to contain the Delta variant in the 2nd half of the year dampened hopes for a much stronger economic recovery. Meanwhile, global supply chain disruptions affected the availability of raw materials and the cost of international freight, which led to higher costs of landed inputs for domestic construction materials suppliers. Hampered by the cancellation of export subsidies from China, the world's largest supplier, domestic flat steel firms also experienced soft demand. On the other hand, the local cement industry, based on management's own estimates, climbed 12-14% year-on-year on increased infrastructure investments.

With greater experience in navigating the pandemic, the firms under the PHINMA Construction Materials Group (PHINMA CMG) – Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC), Philcement Corporation (Philcement), and PHINMA Solar Energy Corporation (PHINMA Solar) - responded by sustaining "new normal" protocols and recalibrating operations and strategies to the volatile business environment. Supported by the PHINMAVax vaccination programs of PHINMA, the group has been able to operate continuously while keeping its employees safe and protected against COVID.

In 2021, UGC again managed to deliver gains despite soft demand and supply challenges. The company implemented margin optimization and cost management initiatives, primarily on production and logistics, to support a solid bottom line by year-end.

Philcement continued to perform encouragingly well in 2021, supported by sound sales performance and more efficient operations. To partially offset external shocks which led to the sharp rise in the cost of its inputs, the company implemented measures to keep customers engaged, manage margins and improve productivity across functions. Initiatives in the areas of production, quality, and distribution enabled the company support the cement requirements of its growing customer base.

In the midst of the pandemic, Phinma Solar made modest returns in 2021 as potential customers put investment decisions on hold. Supported by its competitive advantages in the construction materials industry, PHIMA Solar actively pivoted towards the residential segment instead of the institutional sector. This alignment in strategy is expected to enhance the synergies between Phinma Solar and its two affiliates, UGC and Philcement.

PHINMA CMG closed 2021 with a decent performance, with the three firms contributing total revenues of ₱ 12.14 billion, an increase of 20% from the previous year. Total net income for the group was ₱ 902.08 million.

With the worst of the pandemic hopefully behind, PHINMA CMG maintains an optimistic yet cautious outlook for 2022. As the group's journey continues, it understands the challenges and uncertainties as well as opportunities that lie ahead. To sustain the momentum and common success of the three companies, PHINMA CMG needs to continue to perform well, learn from the lessons of the past, and ultimately remain engaged and deliver on its commitment to improve lives by providing materials to build a better future.

Properties

PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation (PPHC) seeks to make Filipino lives better by creating sustainable communities and townships based on ergonomic and green architecture. The company's vision is to be the preferred property developer in providing Filipinos the essentials for dignified living, developing communities inspired by the traditional Filipino *Bayanihan* spirit.

Since its inception in 1987, PPHC heeded the call for nation building, becoming an early pioneer of vertical metropolitan development and spearheading Medium Rise Buildings (MRB)s for the low-income market within Metro Manila. PPHC continues to be a major player in this highly competitive market, with sold-out residences at Arezzo Place, Pasig and Hacienda Balai, Quezon City. The company has also expanded further into the market segment in places such as Uniplace @ SWU Village, in Cebu City.

Inspired, well-built, conveniently located, and competitively-priced living spaces are a hallmark of PPHC, enabling it to weather market downturns including challenges posed by the COVID-19 pandemic. In 2021, PPHC started the year strong, posting high average monthly reservations despite a host of issues. The COVID-19 lockdowns over the year were compounded by a rise in sales reservation cancellations due to a moratorium on pandemic assistance loans as well as a shift in VAT regulatory guidelines. In addition, super typhoon Odette battered Cebu and Davao, directly affecting the company's developments in those areas.

Despite these setbacks, the company capped 2021 on a high note, rallying in the fourth quarter to end the year with a total of 688 residential units sold. Phinma Corporation equitized net income of ₱ 40.87 million in PPHC.

In 2021, PPHC continued to expand related businesses. Community Property Managers Group, Inc. (CPMGI), a subsidiary engaged in property management and leasing, now services close to 28,000 units for PPHC as well as for other property developers. Meanwhile, the *Community Developers and Construction Corporation* (CDCC), PPHC's own construction division that pioneered the use of the Tunnel Formwork System, has expanded its operations to provide construction and construction management services to external clients as well as the PPHC. To date, this group has built a total of 21,334 for PPHC and for other private developers and LGUs.

During the pandemic, PPHC listened to its customers, finding that many, particularly millennials and new-nesters, place more value now on ownership versus home rental. PPHC has always strived to be the preferred developer for first-time Filipino homebuyers seeking to live in nurturing communities. The

company has designed its portfolio to cater to these new-nesters, who account for as much as 90% of our clientele.

There has also been a marked increase in the demand for properties in emerging "new wave" areas outside of established central business districts. In recent years, PPHC has seen a progressive shift among prospective homeowners to expand into emerging cities. This has been spurred by the abrupt changes brought by the COVID-19 pandemic, which has driven demand for mixed-use spaces that allow work or study from home. The crisis has also driven demand for low-density housing. PPHC is moving to address both these needs by delivering tailored products and services—particularly green and ergonomic architecture—within a trustworthy, high-touch customer service experience. PPHC is poised to meet rising demand in provinces where it already has a foothold, particularly in Batangas, Davao, and Cebu. The first of these projects, PHINMA Maayo, is already being executed in San Jose, Batangas, and Tugbok, Davao. Through mostly horizontal developments such as single detached, single attached, and townhouse units, PPHC aims to minimize working capital while maintaining profitability, even as the company remains on the lookout for traditional vertical development opportunities.

Moving forward, aside from residential projects, PPHC is considering township developments in emerging regions across the country, due to the better availability of land and the shift in demand. Mixed-use developments considered could be zoned with residential, commercial, office, transportation, hotels/condotel, schools, or recreational areas. These towns will be master planned in collaboration with high-profile designers, ensuring features and amenities that are attuned to the needs and lifestyle of the local market. The residential portion of the townships will be composed of both middle-income and high-end units to maximize land use and generate increased project returns.

PPHC remains driven by its mission of making lives better while meeting aspirations of various stakeholders. The company weaves the cherished Filipino *Bayanihan* spirit into all its endeavors as it cooperates with shareholders, creditors, and employees to provide first time Filipino families essential homes as part of a dignified life.

Hospitality

PHINMA Hospitality Inc., the hospitality arm of PHINMA Group, operates 14 Microtel by Wyndham hotels and one TRYP by Wyndham hotel in the Philippines. It is also a joint venture partner in majority of these properties, including the flagship 150-room Microtel by Wyndham Mall of Asia. PHINMA Corporation, through Asian Plaza Inc., has a 36% equity interest in PHINMA Hospitality as well as a direct 24% equity interest in Coral Way City Hotel Corporation (Coral Way), owner of Microtel by Wyndham Mall of Asia. Coral Way's wholly owned subsidiary, Krypton Esplanade Hotel Corporation owns the 191-room TRYP by Wyndham Mall of Asia.

The pandemic severely affected the global travel and tourism industry from 2020 up to 2021. Because of continued restrictions on land, air and sea travel worldwide, border closures, and health and safety concerns, demand for business and leisure travel was at an all-time low. However, Microtel by Wyndham Mall of Asia and TRYP by Wyndham Mall of Asia were able to maximize demand for quarantine-related accommodation which comprised the majority of hotel bookings for 2021.

Microtel by Wyndham Mall of Asia and TRYP by Wyndham Mall of Asia served as accredited quarantine facilities, providing safe and comfortable accommodations to returning Overseas Foreign Workers under the Overseas Workers Welfare Administration repatriation program, seafarers from various shipping companies, corporate travelers, and returning Filipinos. In response to the COVID-19 situation, the hotels ensured that health and safety protocols were strictly implemented.

In 2021, Microtel by Wyndham Mall of Asia and its subsidiary TRYP by Wyndham Mall of Asia achieved a combined average occupancy of 83% and posted positive cash flow for the year. Equity in net loss from the hospitality group amounted to ₱ 12.04 million.

The hotel industry will continue to face challenges moving forward as companies have adapted to workfrom-home arrangements, online meetings, and travel restrictions. The ongoing pandemic has also resulted in changes in the travel and booking behavior of the market. We remain optimistic that demand from the leisure, corporate and meetings/events markets will slowly build-up and drive occupancy in our properties as international and domestic travel recover.

Key Performance Indicators (KPI)

Below are the top five (5) KPI's used to measure the financial performance of PHINMA and its material subsidiaries for the periods indicated:

Financial KPI	Definition	December 2021	December 2020
Profitability			
Return on Equity (ROE)	Net Income Attributable to Equity <u>holders of the Parent</u> Average Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent ⁹	15.96%	2.61%
Gross Profit Margin	<u>Gross Profit¹⁰</u> Total Revenues	28.26%	26.54%
<u>Efficiency</u> Cash Flow Margin	Cash Flows from Operating <u>Activities</u> Total Revenues	5.67%	9.04%
<u>Liquidity</u>			
Current Ratio	Total Current Assets Total Current Liabilities	1.71:1.00	1.53 : 1.00
Debt-to-Equity Ratio	<u>Total Liabilities</u> Total Equity	2.03:1.00	1.86 : 1.00

Profitability

The return on equity of 15.96 % in CY 2021, is higher than 2.61% return for the previous year due to steady performance of the CMG business and improved performance of PHINMA Education. Gross profit margin increased from 26.54% to 28.26% in 2021 mainly due to optimized gross profit margin contribution of the schools and the Construction Materials Group.

Efficiency

Net cash inflow from operations in CY 2021 was ₱908.87 million compared to net cash inflow from operations of ₱1.11 billion for CY 2020. The decrease was due to the increase in trade and other receivables of the schools and CMG as well as decrease in trust receipts payable of CMG.

Liquidity

Current ratio increased from 1.53:1.00 in CY 2020 to 1.71:1.00 in CY 2021 resulting from the increase in trade and other receivables of the schools and CMG.

Debt-to-equity ratio of PHN and its subsidiaries as of end December 2021 increased from 1.86:1.00 to 2.03:1.00, mainly due to issuance of the parent company's corporate bond.

⁹ Average Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent is derived by dividing in two (2) the sum of beginning Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent and ending Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent.

¹⁰ Gross Profit is calculated by deducting cost of sales and cost of educational, installation, hospital and consultancy service from total revenues.

Other Financial Ratios are as follows:

Financial Ratio	Definition	December 2021	December 2020
Asset to Equity	<u>Total Assets</u> Total Equity	3.03	2.86
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio	EBITDA ¹¹ Interest Expense and Other Financing Charges	4.96	2.79

Asset to Equity ratio of PHN and subsidiaries as of end December 2021 increased from 2.86 to 3.03 due to increase in total assets from ₱24.47 billion in 2020 to ₱30.08 billion in 2021. The increase is mainly due to the increase in trade and other receivables of the schools and CMG as well as the increase in fair value of the parent company's investment in Song Lam, presented as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss.

Interest rate coverage ratio increased from 2.79 in 2020 to 4.96 in 2021, due to stable performance of the CMG business and improved performance of the schools.

Accounting Policies and Principles

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Phinma Corporation have been prepared in compliance with accounting principles generally accepted in the Philippines as set forth in Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial assets at fair value through profit and loss, available for sale investments and derivative investments that have been measured at fair value.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in Philippine pesos, the company's functional and presentation currency.

Disclosures on Financial Statements

Below are additional disclosures on the Company's operations :

a. On any known trend, demand, commitment, event and uncertainty that will result in or likely to decrease its liquidity in any material way :

PHN does not anticipate having any cash flow or liquidity problems nor does it anticipate any default or breach of any of its existing loans.

b. On any event that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation:

None

e. On material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations) and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other person created during the reporting period:

None

d. On material commitments for capital expenditures, the general purpose of such commitments and the expected sources of funds for such expenditures:

None

e. On any known trend, event or uncertainty that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a

¹¹ EBITDA is net income of the Issuer after adding back (i) interest expense and other financing charges (ii) provision for (benefit from) income tax and (iii) depreciation and amortization.

material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales/revenues/income from continuing operations:

The COVID-19 surges in Q1 and Q3 have resulted in disruptions in operations of the various business units. Its impact is reflected in the financial statements as of December 31, 2021. Phinma Corporation and its subsidiaries continue to monitor developments and to adapt accordingly with continuous implementation of cost management measures/cost rationalization across departments.

g. Any significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Issuer's continuing operations.

None.

g. On the causes for any material change from period to period which shall include vertical and horizontal analyses of any material item:

Increase or decrease of 5% or more in the financial statements are discussed below.

h. On any seasonal aspect that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations.

Like any other company in the construction industry, the operations of UGC is affected by seasonality demand. Demand for roofing materials is greater during the months from December to May, than during the rainy months of June to November. Hence, the demand for the first semester of the calendar year is normally higher than that of the second semester.

The revenues of the PHINMA Education schools decline during summer months. Hence, net income during the first half of the calendar year is lower than the second half.

For other subsidiaries, there is no significant seasonality that would materially affect their operations.

Material Changes in Statement of Financial Position Accounts

As of December 31, 2021, the Group's total consolidated assets stood at ₱30.08 billion, higher by 22.92% or by ₱5.61 billion than the ₱24.47 billion total consolidated assets as of December 31, 2020.

Similarly, total consolidated liabilities amounted to ₱20.15 billion, higher by 26.57% or by ₱4.23 billion, than total consolidated liabilities as of December 31, 2020.

The following are the material changes in account balances:

Cash and cash equivalents

The movements in cash and cash equivalents are shown in the cash flow statement

Investments held for trading

The 38.46% decrease in investments held for trading is mainly attributable to redemption of Phinma Solar's and the schools' investments in unit investment trust fund (UITF) as well as the redemption of the parent company's investment in Song Lam preferred shares in May 2021.

Trade and other receivables

The 44.21% increase in trade and other receivables is attributable to increase in receivables of the schools on the back of increased enrolment and increase in the receivables of the Construction Materials Group (CMG) and safeguard duties in relation to Philcement's importation of cement.

Inventories

The ₱366.07 million increase in inventory mainly represents the increase in CMG's product costs due to global supply chain disruptions due to COVID-19 surges.

Input value-added taxes and other current assets

The increase in the account of ₱58.23 million represents mainly the increase in prepaid expenses and prepaid assets of the Construction Materials Group and the increase in the deferred scholarship and discounts of the schools. The latter is amortized and charged to expense over the semester.

Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss

The account represents the parent company's \$50 million investment in Song Lam, carried at fair value.

Property, plant and equipment

The P1.16 billion increase in PPE was mainly due to the completion of Philcement's port facility in Mariveles, Bataan and construction and building improvements of the schools.

Deferred tax assets - net

The 24.57% decrease represents mainly the decrease in deferred tax assets of the Construction Materials Group and SWU.

Derivative asset - non-current

The derivative asset pertains to the value of the put option of Phinma Corporation with respect to the investment in Song Lam preferred shares.

Right-of-use assets

The decrease in right of use assets of ₱63.26 million represents mainly the depreciation of the right-ofuse assets of CMG and UPang.

Other noncurrent assets

The decrease in noncurrent assets pertains mainly to the reclassification of the amount of ₱ 255 million from advance to Song Lam to investment in preferred shares of Song Lam, partially offset by the increase in long-term receivable of Phinma Solar and other non-current assets of PEHI.

Notes payable

The decrease in the account amounting to ₱395.74 million represents payment of short-term borrowings of the parent company, AU, COC, UI and SWU, partially offset by the additional borrowings of CMG.

Trade and other payables

The increase of ₱ 354.6 million in trade and other payables represents increase in trade and other payables of the various schools and of the parent company.

Trust receipts payable

Net decrease of ₱319.44 million was mainly due to a decrease in trust receipts payable of the Construction Materials Group

Contract Liabilities

The increase in contract liabilities is attributable to the schools. Tuition fees are accrued as payables at the start of the semester and decrease as the revenue is earned over the semester.

Income and other taxes payable

The decrease in the account of ₱3.57 million represents the decrease in tax payable of the schools and the Construction Material Group due to lower income tax rate due to the implementation of the CREATE law.

Due to related parties

The ₱31.77 million increase in the account represents payable of the parent company and Phinma Education to the ultimate parent, Phinma Inc.

Derivative liability

The group has no derivative liability as of December 31, 2021.

Long-term debt – net of current portion

The increase in the account represents the ₱3.0 billion corporate bond issued by the parent company during the year and the availment of additional long-term loan by Philcement for working capital requirements and the Mariveles port facility.

Lease liability

The decrease in the account represents the lease payments of Construction Materials Group net of pretermination.

Non-controlling interest put liability

The account represents the present value of the contingent amount payable by PHINMA if the noncontrolling shareholders of PHINMA Education exercise their put option on PHINMA Education shares. The increase in the account is the accretion of the present value of the liability during the year.

Other noncurrent liabilities

The decrease in the account in the amount of ₱2.56 million is primarily a decrease in other noncurrent liabilities of the schools.

Share in other comprehensive income of associates

The change is due to an increase in fair value of financial assets held by ABCIC Property Holdings

Corporation.

Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations

The movement in the account represents the cumulative adjustments arising from the translation of the financial statements of PHINMA Education Myanmar to Philippine pesos.

Equity reserves

The movement in the account arises from the increase in the liability on the put option on shares of Phinma Education Holdings Inc., net of the increase in the carrying value of the said shares.

Non-controlling interests

The increase is mainly attributable to the share of non-controlling shareholders in the income of the schools and in CMG offset by the impact of the accretion of the NCI put liability.

Treasurv shares

The movement in the account represents the buyback of 456,600 shares of Phinma Corporation from the market during the year.

Material Changes in Income Statement Accounts

Revenues

The 30.37% increase in the account is mainly due to the performance of the Construction Materials group, higher enrolment and higher retention of students for the schools and accrual of interest income by the parent company for its investment in preferred shares of Song Lam.

Rental revenue declined primarily due to decrease in rental income of the schools due to the pandemic. On the other hand, investment income increased due to an increase in interest income of the parent company.

Cost of sales

The ₱2.47 billion net increase in cost of sales is largely attributable to higher production cost of the CMG business, resulting from global supply chain disruptions and the increase in raw material costs throughout the year.

General and administrative expenses

The 20.36% increase in general and administrative expenses is mainly driven by the schools' higher number of enrolees in 2021.

Selling expenses

The 13.68% increase in selling expenses is attributable to the Construction Materials Group's increased selling efforts during the pandemic period.

Unrealized gain on change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The amount represents the unrealized fair value gain on the investment in Song Lam preferred shares.

Gain (Loss) on derivatives

The gain on derivative is the increase in the value of the put option of PHN with respect to the investment in Song Lam preferred shares.

Foreign exchange gains (losses) - net Foreign exchange gain of ₱56.24 million as at December 31, 2021 arose from the restatement of dollar denominated assets, largely earmarked for dollar-denominated investments of PEHI and restated at an exchange rate of ₱50.999 to US\$1.00.

Equity in net earnings (losses) of associates and joint ventures

In CY 2021, PHN equitized income in Phinma Property Holdings Corp. improved to ₱ 40.8 million

Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment - net

The amount represents the gain on sale of vehicles of the Construction Materials group.

Loss on deconsolidation

In 2020, Phinma Corporation booked a loss on deconsolidation arising from the sale of its investment in ICI Asia.

Others – net

Other income decreased by ₱4.5 million due to a decrease in other income of the schools.

Provision for (benefit from) income tax

The decrease in provision for income tax reflects the lower income tax rate of the subsidiaries as a result

of the implementation of the CREATE law.

Information on Independent Accountant and other Related Matters

The Company paid or accrued the following fees for professional services rendered by SGV and Co. for the past two (2) years:

Year	Audit Fees	Tax Fees	All Other Fees
2023	3,125,000	-	4,200,765
2022	3,400,000	-	-

The above audit fees are for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements or services normally provided in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements for CY 2023 and 2022.

Tax Fees - The Company did not engage SGV & Co. for tax advisory services for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, thus fees amounting to nil, respectively.

All Other Fees in CY2023 represent various SGV engagements like valuation of options, IT security risk assessment and training of directors and officers on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence.

The Audit Committee discusses with the external auditor before the audit commences, the nature and scope of the audit. The Committee also approves audit plans, audit fees, scope and frequency before the conduct of the external audit. It evaluates and determines non-audit work by the external auditor and reviews the non-audit fees paid to the external auditor, both in relation to their significance to the audit and ensuring that there is no conflict with the audit work and in relation to the Company's total expenditure on consultancy.

Item 7. Financial Statements

Please find the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for calendar years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 attached hereto as **Annex A.** The Audited Parent Financial Statements are attached as **Annex A-1**.

<u>Item 8. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and</u> <u>Financial Disclosures</u>

During the past eight (8) years, there has been no event in which PHINMA Corporation and SGV has any disagreement with regard to any matter relating to accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosures or auditing scope or procedures.

The Company is in compliance with SRC Rule 68, paragraph 3(b) (ix) requiring the rotation of external auditors or engagement partners who have been engaged by the Company for a period of five (5) consecutive years and the mandatory two-year cooling-off period for the re- engagement of the same signing partner or individual auditor. The engagement partner who conducted the audit for Calendar Year 2023 is Ms. Belinda T. Beng Hui, a SEC accredited auditing partner of SGV. This is the fifth year of Ms. Beng Hui as audit partner of the company.

The Audit Committee, the Board of Directors and the stockholders of PHINMA Corporation approved the engagement of SGV as the Company's external auditor for CY 2023. The members of the Audit and Related Party Transactions Committee are the following:

Juan B. Santos	-	Chairman
Rizalina G. Mantaring	-	Member
Edgar O. Chua	-	Member
Jose L. Cuisia Jr.	-	Member

The external auditors for the most recently completed calendar year are expected to be present at the shareholders' meeting, will have the opportunity to make a statement if they desire to do so, and are expected to be available to respond to appropriate questions.

On August 8, 2023, Isla Lipana & Co./PwC Philippines, was endorsed by the Audit Committee to the Board as the new auditing firm of the Company for calendar year 2024. The Board, in turn, approved the endorsement and appointment, and will nominate the appointment of the said auditing firm by the stockholders at the scheduled Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

PART III – CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

Item 9. Directors and Executive Officers of the Issuer

a) Board of Directors

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the overall management and direction of the Company. The Board meets quarterly or as often as required, to review and monitor the Company's financial position and operations.

The directors of the Company are elected at the Annual Stockholders Meeting to hold office for one year and until their respective successors have been elected and qualified. No director has resigned nor declined to stand for re-election to the Board since the date of the last annual meeting of the Company because of a disagreement with the Company on matters relating to the Company's operations, policies and practices. The Board of Directors has no reason to believe that any of the aforesaid nominees will be unwilling or unable to serve if elected as a director.

The attendance of the directors at the meetings of the Board of Directors ("Board") held in 2023 is as follows:

Directors	No. of BOD Meetings Attended/Held	Percent Present
Oscar J. Hilado	6/6	100%
Magdaleno B. Albarracin, Jr.	6/6	100%
Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr.	6/6	100%
Meliton B. Salazar, Jr.	6/6	100%
Victor J. del Rosario	6/6	100%
Amb. Jose L. Cuisia, Jr.	6/6	100%
Eduardo A. Sahagun	5/6	83%
Juan B. Santos	6/6	100%
Lilia B. de Lima	6/6	100%
Rizalina G. Mantaring	5/6	83%
Edgar O. Chua	6/6	100%

Except for Dr. Magdaleno B. Albarracin, Jr., a member of the Board of Directors who directly owns 3.947% of PHN shares, none of the members of the Board of Directors and Officers directly own more than 2% of PHN shares.

Listed are the incumbent directors of the Company with their qualifications which include their ages, citizenship, current and past positions held and business experience for the past five years.

Directors	Citizenship	Age	Position
Oscar J. Hilado	Filipino	86	Chairman Emeritus
Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr.	Filipino	79	Chairman & CEO
Magdaleno B. Albarracin, Jr.	Filipino	87	Vice-Chairman
Victor J. del Rosario	Filipino	75	Director
Meliton B. Salazar, Jr.	Filipino	58	President & COO, Head of Education
Eduardo A. Sahagun	Filipino	66	Executive Vice President, Construction Materials
Amb. Jose L. Cuisia, Jr.	Filipino	79	Director
Juan B. Santos	Filipino	85	Independent Director
Lilia B. de Lima	Filipino	83	Independent Director
Rizalina G. Mantaring	Filipino	64	Independent Director
Edgardo O. Chua	Filipino	67	Independent Director

Oscar J. Hilado is the Chairman Emeritus of PHINMA Corporation and was the Chairman of the Board from 2003 to 2021. He is the Chairman of the Board of the Philippine Investment-Management (PHINMA), Inc. ("PHINMA, Inc."), and Vice-Chairman of PHINMA Properties Holding Corp., and Union Galvasteel Corporation. Mr. Hilado is an Independent Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee of A. Soriano Corporation, Philex Mining Corporation, Smart Communications, Inc., Rockwell Land Corporation and Roxas Holdings Inc. He is also a Director of Seven Seas Resort and Leisure, Inc., Digital Telecommunications Philippines, Inc., Manila Cordage Company, Beacon Venture Holdings, Inc., United Pulp and Paper Company, Inc., Phil. Cement Corp., PHINMA Hospitality, PHINMA Education and the PHINMA Education schools.

Mr. Hilado is a Certified Public Accountant with a Bachelor of Science Degree in Commerce from the De La Salle College in Bacolod and a Master's Degree in Business Administration from the Harvard Graduate School of Business. He has been a Director of the Company since 1969 and is also the Chairman of the Executive Committee and Retirement Committee and member of the Nominations Committee and Executive Compensation Committee of the Company. He attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV & Co.

Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr. is the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of PHINMA Corporation whose business portfolio includes educational institutions, the manufacture and distribution of construction materials, property development, and hotels and hospitality management. He is also Chairman of the educational institutions under the PHINMA Education Network: Araullo University, Cagayan de Oro College, University of Iloilo, University of Pangasinan, Southwestern University, St. Jude College, Republican College, Rizal College of Laguna and Union College of Laguna and a number of other PHINMA companies. He is President of the Board of Commissioners of PT Ind Phil Management. He serves as a member of the Board of Directors of Bank of the Philippine Islands (BPI).

Mr. del Rosario served as the Philippines' Secretary of Finance from 1992 to 1993 and is a Masters in Business Administration graduate of Harvard Business School and of De La Salle University, Manila with an AB-BSC degree, magna cum laude. He is a 1978 Ten Outstanding Young Men (TOYM) awardee in the field of Investment Banking and Finance and was conferred the "Management Man of the Year Award for 2010" by the Management Association of the Philippines. Mr. del Rosario was honored in 2010 by the Philippine District of the De La Salle Brothers as an Affiliated Member of the Institute of the Brothers of the Christian Schools. He was also awarded the "Business as a Noble Vocation Award", the first recipient of this global award presented by the International Christian Union of Business Executives or UNIAPAC in Lisbon, Portugal during its XXVI World Congress on November 24, 2018. In addition to two earlier honorary doctorate degrees from other institutions, Mr. del Rosario was recently conferred the Degree of Doctor of Business Administration, Honoris Causa, by De La Salle University last December 10, 2022.

Mr. del Rosario is Chairman of Philippine Business for Education (PBEd). He is Vice Chairman of Caritas Manila and PHINMA Foundation, and is a member of the Board of Trustees and former chairman of the Makati Business Club and the Ramon Magsaysay Award Foundation. He is a member of the World Bank-Civil Service Organizations (CSO) Advisory Group and of the Board of Advisors of Ramon V. del Rosario, Sr.-AIM Center for Corporate Social Responsibility. He also served previously as Chairman of the National Museum of the Philippines and the Integrity Initiative. He attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV & Co.

Dr. Magdaleno B. Albarracin, Jr. is the Vice-Chairman of PHINMA Corporation and Philippine Investment Management, Inc. (PHINMA, Inc.) and the Chairman of PHINMA, Inc.'s Executive Committee. He is a Member of the Board of all the companies in the PHINMA Group. He was president and a former director of Holcim Philippines, Inc. Dr. Albarracin was a member of the Board of Regents of the University of the Philippines (U.P.) as well as Board of Trustees of U.P. Engineering Research and Development Foundation, Inc. (UPERDF). He was the Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the University of San Carlos, Cebu City. He served as Dean of the UP College of Business Administration and was President of the ASEAN Federation of Cement Manufacturers. Dr. Albarracin has a Bachelor of Science degree in Electrical Engineering from the University of the Philippines and a Master of Science degree in Electrical Engineering from the University of Michigan. He obtained his Master in Business Administration degree from the University of the Philippines and his Doctorate in Business Administration from Harvard University. He has been with PHINMA, Inc. since June 23, 1971 and has been a Director of PHINMA Corporation since 1980. He attended the Corporate Governance Orientation Program of the Institute of Corporate Directors on November 7 & 8, 2023.

Dr. Meliton B. Salazar, Jr., is the President & COO, Head of Education of PHINMA Corporation. Concurrently, he is the President and Chief Executive Officer of PHINMA Education and a Senior Vice President of PHINMA, Inc. from 2003 to present. Dr. Salazar was first elected as Director of the Company at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on April 14, 2021, and will serve as such for the ensuing year, until his successor is duly elected.

He is also the President and Co-Founder of Philippine Business for Education (PBEd), a nonprofit organization founded by the country's top business leaders that works for education policy reform, the Vice-Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Ateneo de Manila University (ADMU), and Governor of the Management Association of the Philippines (MAP).

Dr. Salazar has a PhD in International Relations, Major in International Development and Development Management from the School of International Service at The American University in Washington, D.C.; an M.A. in International Political Economy and Development from Fordham University in New York, and a B.S. Management Engineering degree from ADMU.

Prior to joining PHINMA, he was a part-time Associate Professor at the School of Management and at the School of Social Sciences from 2007 to 2010 and Part-Time Lecturer at the Department of Economics, Department of English and Department of Math at the Ateneo de Manila University (ADMU) from 1998 to 1992. He was also a part-time Lecturer at the Economics Department of Assumption College and an Associate Professor at the Asian Institute of Management (AIM). From 1997 to 1998 he served as a Consultant at the Institute of Environmental Studies and United National Environmental Programme Project. He became a Research Assistant to both Dr. James Mittelman, Chair of the Department of Regional and Comparative Studies and Dr. Steven Arnold, Director of the International Development Program at the American University from 1993 to 1995. In 1991, he was an Assistant to Dr. Henry Schwalbenberg, Director of the Program in International Political Economy and Development of Fordham University.

Victor J. del Rosario is an Economics and Accounting graduate of De La Salle University and holds a Master's degree in Business Administration from Columbia University. He was elected as director on September 15, 2008. He is the Chairman of Union Galvasteel Corporation and PhilCement Corporation. He is also a member of the Board of Directors of PHINMA, Inc. and other PHINMA-managed companies. Mr. Del Rosario is the brother of Mr. Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr. and Mr. Jose Mari del Rosario. He attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on

October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV & Co.

Eduardo A. Sahagun, is the President and Chief Executive Officer of UGC, PHINMA Solar, and PhilCement. He has held the roles for these companies, since 2017. He is also a director of UGC, PhilCement, PHINMA Solar, PPHC, T-O Insurance Brokers, Inc., PHINMA Renewable Energy Corporation, PHINMA Corporation, Song Lam Joint Stock Company, First Batangas Hotel Corporation, and Cagayan de Oro College, Inc., as well as a member of the PHINMA Foundation, Inc.'s Board of Trustees. He is also the Chairman of Edcommerce Corporation and an Independent Director of Philippine Savings Bank. He formerly served as Chairman and President of Holcim Philippines, Inc., as a Director of Holcim Philippines Manufacturing Corporation, and as a Director of Holcim Mining and Development Corporation. He attended the Senior Management Program, Senior Leadership Program, and Managing Change Program at the Institute for Management Development, based in Lausanne, Switzerland. He obtained his graduate degree in Management Science from the Arthur D. Little Management Education Institute (now known as Hult International Business School) in Cambridge, MA. USA, in 1994. Prior to that, he obtained a Master's in Business Administration from the Ateneo Graduate School of Business in the Philippines and is a Certified Public Accountant. In 1978, he obtained his Bachelor of Science in Commerce degree, with a major in Accounting, from Holy Angel University. Mr. Sahagun was first elected as a Director of the Company at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on April 14, 2021, and will serve as such for the ensuing year, until his successor is duly elected. He attended the Annual Corporate Governance Seminar on Governance of Data Privacy Management, Executive Briefing on Cybersecurity for Board and Management, Updates on Anti-Money Laundering Laws and Regulations, The Corporate Board's Roadmap to ESG-Driven Sustainability Strategy and Reporting conducted by SEC-accredited training provider Center for Global Best Practices on October 20, 2023.

Jose L. Cuisia, Jr. was the Philippine Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the United States of America and non-resident Ambassador to Trinidad & Tobago, the US Virgin Islands, Grenada, Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of Jamaica and the Republic of Haiti, Antigua & Barbuda, Barbados, the Commonwealth of Dominica, The Federation of St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines. Ambassador Cuisia previously served the Philippine Government as Governor of the Philippine Central Bank and Chairman of its Monetary Board from 1990-1993, was Governor for the Philippines to the International Monetary Fund and Alternate Governor to the World Bank. He was also Administrator and CEO of the Philippine Social Security System from 1986-1990. He was also appointed Commissioner, representative of the Employer's Group, for the Social Security System (SSS) from September-December 2010. He was President and CEO of Philam Life for 16 years. He is the Chairman of the Board of The Covenant Car Company, Inc. and FWD Life Insurance Company, Adlemi Properties Inc., Five J's Diversified Inc. and JVC Holdings Corporation. He was Vice-Chairman of the Board and Lead Independent Director of SM Prime Holdings and former director of Manila Water Company, Inc. He holds directorates in Century Properties Group, Inc., PHINMA, Inc., and Asian Breast Center, Inc. He previously held the Chairmanship of the Board of Far East Bank and Trust Company, Union Bank of the Philippines, Asian Institute of Management, BPI-Philam Life Assurance Co., Philam Foundation, Tower Club, Inc., and De La Salle University. Ambassador Cuisia was elected as Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the University of Asia & the Pacific in 2019; elected to the Board of Trustees of the De La Salle Medical & Health Sciences Institute and De La Salle University -Dasmarinas in December 12, 2019 and the former Chairman, Current Trustee and Treasurer of the Ramon Magsaysay Awards Foundation. He is a Convenor-Trustee of the PBED and a Trustee of the Makati Business Club. Ambassador Cuisia is a recipient of numerous awards including 2016 Ten Outstanding Filipino, 2016 Order of the Sikatuna, and Management Man of the Year Award for 2007 from the MAP, among others. He obtained his BSC-Accounting and AB-Social Sciences degrees (Magna cum Laude) from De La Salle University and Master's degree in Business Administration from University of Pennsylvania. He has been a Director of the Company since 1994. He attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV & Co.

Juan B. Santos was elected as an Independent Director in 2018 and was appointed as Lead Independent Director in June 2021. He is also an Independent Director of Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation and Lead Independent Director of House of Investments, Inc. He is a Director of Sunlife

Grepa Financial, Inc., and Allamanda Management Corporation. He is a Member of the Advisory Board of Mitsubishi Motors Phils. Corp. and East-West Seeds Co; Trustee of St. Luke's Medical Center. His past experiences include: Chairman of Social Security System; Secretary of Trade and Industry, Philippines; Chairman and CEO of Nestle Philippines, Singapore and Thailand; Director of Philex Mining Corporation, Philippine Long Distance Telephone Company, San Miguel Corporation; Educational Background: Advanced Management from International Institute of Management Development (IMD), Lausanne, Switzerland; Postgraduate studies on Foreign Trade from Thunderbird School of Global Management, Arizona, USA; and Bachelor of Science in Business Administration from Ateneo De Manila University, Philippines. He attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV & Co.

Dr. Lilia B. de Lima received the 2017 Ramon Magsaysay Award for her sustained leadership as Director General of the Philippine Economic Zone Authority, in building a credible and efficient ("PEZA") during her 21 years of service from its creation in 1995 to 2016. She is the first woman honored as "Management Man of the Year" by the Management Association of the Philippines in 2010. In 2014 The Philippine-Japan Society recognized her Outstanding Achievement in the Promotion of Philippine-Japan Relation, the first woman to receive the award in 36 years. The Joint Foreign Chambers of Commerce of the Philippines awarded her The Arangkada Lifetime Achievement Award in 2014. She was awarded the Robert Storey International Award for Leadership by The Center for American and International Law in Dallas, Texas in 2013. She was awarded the ASEAN CEO Award in 2011 and in 2010 the Government of Japan bestowed on her the highest award given to a non-head of State, the Order of the Rising Sun, Gold and Silver Star. She is twice a recipient of the Presidential Medal of Merit from the Philippine government. Miss de Lima was also recognized as Outstanding Women in the Nation's Service Award in the field of law in 1983. She was elected Delegate to the 1971 Constitutional Convention, served as Director of the Bureau of Domestic Trade, Executive Director of the Price Stabilization Council, Department of Trade and Industry, Chief Operating Officer of World Trade Center Manila and Commissioner of the National Amnesty Commission.

She earned her Associate in Arts from the Centro Escolar University and her Bachelor of Laws from the Manuel L. Quezon University and subsequently passed the Philippine BAR. She was conferred a Doctor of Laws Honoris Causa by Manuel L. Quezon University and is a fellow of the Center for American and International Law in Dallas, Texas, USA. She is Independent Director of IONICS, Inc., IONICS EMS, FWD Insurance Philippines, Dusit Thani Philippines, Science Park of the Philippines, RFM Science Park of the Philippines, Pueblo de Oro Development Corporation, Regatta Properties Inc. and Cadence Property Development. She is a Directors/Trustee of Fatima Center for Human Development, Senior Adviser to the Board in RCBC and a Board Advisor of AC Industries. She was elected as Independent Director of the Company on April 19, 2018. She attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV & Co.

Rizalina G. Mantaring was the CEO of Sun Life Financial Philippines until her retirement in June 2018, after which she assumed the chairmanship of Sun Life Financial Philippine Holding Co. until she stepped down in August 2019. She started her career in Information Technology, joining Sun Life in 1992 as Senior Manager for Asia Pacific of its Information Systems Department and progressively took on a variety of roles until she was appointed Chief Operations Officer for Asia in 2008. She is the Lead Independent Director of First Philippine Holdings Corporation Inc. and Bank of the Philippine Islands. She is an Independent Director of Ayala Corporation Inc., Universal Robina Corporation Inc., BPI Asset Management & Trust Company (BPI Wealth), GoTYME Bank, Inc., Maxicare Healthcare Corporation Inc. and East Asia Computer Center Inc. She is also a director of Sun Life Grepa Financial Inc. Among her other affiliations are as Board of Trustees of Makati Business Club and Philippine Business for Education. She was also President of the Management Association of the Philippines and the Philippine Life Insurance Association. A recipient of the Asia Talent Management Award in the Asia Business Leaders Award organized by the global business news network Consumer News and Business Channel (CNBC), she has also been recognized by the International Association of Business Communicators (Philippines) with the CEO Excel award, and was named by Moneysense Magazine as one of the 12 Most Influential in Personal Finance. She was selected as one of the 100 Most Outstanding Alumni of the past century in 2010 by the University of the Philippines College of Engineering and received the PAX award, the highest award given to outstanding alumnae, in 2019 from St. Scholastica's College

Manila. She holds a BS Electrical Engineering degree from the University of the Philippines where she graduated with honors. She obtained her MS degree in Computer Science from the State University of New York at Albany. She is also a Fellow, Life Management Institute (with distinction) and Associate, Customer Service (with honors) of the Life Office Management Association. She was elected as Independent Director of the Company on April 12, 2019. She attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV & Co.

Edgar O. Chua is currently the Chairman of Makati Business Club, Philippine Business for the Environment and De La Salle Philippines. He is the Lead Independent Director of Integrated Micro-Electronics, Inc., Independent Director of Metropolitan Bank and Trust Company since 2017. PhilCement since 2021, and First Gen since 2021. He is currently the Chairman for the College of Saint Benilde, University of La Salle Bacolod and CEO of De La Salle Philippines. He is a Trustee/Treasurer of PBED and Trustee for the De La Salle Greenhills since 2019. The English-Speaking Union of the Philippines, Inc. since 2009, Gawad Kalinga Community Development Foundation Inc. since 2005, and Pilipinas Shell Foundation Inc. 2003. He is also a Member of the Advisory Board of Mitsubishi Motors Phil. Corp. and Coca Cola Bottlers Phils. Mr. Chua is affiliated with the Integrity Initiative, National Resilience Council, and the Phil. Disaster and Resilience Foundation. He held senior positions within various Shell group of companies, both locally and outside of the Philippines, including but not limited to being the Chairman and President of Pilipinas Shell Petroleum from September 2003 to May 2017 and being the Country Chairman of Shell companies in the Philippines from September 2003 to October 2016. He earned his Bachelor of Science degree in Chemical Engineering from De La Salle University in 1978 and attended various international seminars and courses including the senior management course in INSEAD in Fontainebleau, France.

Mr. Chua was first elected as Director of the Company at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on April 14, 2021 and will serve as such for the ensuing year, until his successor is duly elected. He attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV & Co.

b) Executive Officers

The officers of PHINMA Corporation are elected annually by the Board of Directors and serve for one (1) year and until their respective successors are elected and qualified.

Name	Citizenship	Age	Position
Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr	Filipino	79	Chairman and CEO
Meliton B. Salazar, Jr.	Filipino	58	President and COO, Head of Education
Eduardo A. Sahagun	Filipino	66	Executive Vice President, Construction
Pythagoras L. Brion, Jr.	Filipino	71	Group CFO
Jose Mari del Rosario	Filipino	66	Senior Vice President, Hospitality
Raphael B. Felix	Filipino	52	Senior Vice President, Properties
Regina B. Alvarez	Filipino	57	Senior Vice President and Group Controller
Nanette P. Villalobos	Filipino	51	Vice President and Treasurer
Edmund Alan A. Qua Hiansen	Filipino	40	Vice President, Deputy Group CFO
Annabelle S. Guzman	Filipino	51	Vice President, Controller
Rolando Soliven	Filipino	49	Vice President, Corporate Governance
Peter Angelo V. Perfecto	Filipino	58	Vice President, Public Affairs
Alejandro Diego Luis Giles R. Katigbak	Filipino	53	Chief Risk Officer

None of the officers of the Company holds more than two percent (2%) of the Company's shares.

Grace M. Purisima	Filipino	41	Assistant Treasurer
Troy A. Luna	Filipino	61	Corporate Secretary
Ma. Concepcion Z. Sandoval	Filipino	43	Assistant Corporate Secretary

Pythagoras L. Brion, Jr. was appointed as Executive Vice President and Group CFO on November 10, 2021. He concurrently serves as Executive Vice President and Group CFO of PHINMA, Inc. He serves in the Board of Directors of SJCI, RCI, PHINMA Solar Corporation, CDCC, API and PHINMA PRISM Property Development Inc. He received his Bachelor of Science in Management Engineering degree from Ateneo de Manila University and holds a Master in Business Administration degree from the University of the Philippines. He attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV & Co.

Jose Mari del Rosario Senior Vice President – Hospitality of PHINMA Corporation (PHN), is concurrently the President and CEO of PHINMA Microtel Hotels Inc. and PHINMA Hospitality, Inc. These two companies are the master franchise holder and management company respectively of Microtel by Wyndham & TRYP by Wyndham in the Philippines. Microtel & TRYP are international hotel chains under Wyndham Hotels & Resorts with properties operating in key business hubs and leisure destinations in the country. Mr. del Rosario is also the President and CEO of Paramount Hotels & Facilities Management Co. Inc., which provides property management and consultancy services to hotels, food & beverage facilities, and office/commercial buildings.

Presently, he sits on the Board of Directors of the Philippine Hotel Owners Association and Philippine Franchise Association. In 2015, he was honored with the Ernst & Young Entrepreneur of the Year – Industry Entrepreneur award for his game-changing role in the hospitality industry. In 2007, he was recognized by GoNegosyo as Most Inspiring Tourism Entrepreneur. He earned his Diploma in Hotel & Restaurant Management in Hotelconsult Schulhotels (now César Ritz Colleges) Valais, Switzerland. He is also an alumnus of Cornell University's General Managers Program. He took up his MBA at Arthur D. Little School of Management (now Hult International Business School) in Cambridge, Massachusetts. He is the brother of Mr. Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr. and Mr. Victor J. del Rosario. He attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV & Co.

Raphael B. Felix, Senior Vice President - Properties of PHINMA Corporation (PHN) is concurrently the President and Chief Executive Officer of PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation (PPHC), the real-estate subsidiary of PHN. He also serves as the President of PHINMA Prism Development Corporation since 2019, involved in upscale housing developments. He also serves as chairman of Community Developers and Construction Corporation, PPHC's construction arm. He joined PHINMA Properties in 2007 as Business Planning Manager. Mr. Felix is a graduate of AB Economics from the Ateneo de Manila University and has attended business planning and strategy courses from Asian Institute of Management, Ateneo Graduate School and Harvard Business Review. He attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV

Regina B. Alvarez is the Senior Vice President and Group Controller. She was previously appointed as Senior Vice President – Finance of the company in April 2005. Ms. Alvarez is concurrently Senior Vice President and Group Controller of PHINMA, Inc. and holds various executive posts in PHINMA-managed companies. She is also a director of AU and SWU. Ms. Alvarez is a Certified Public Accountant and holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration and Accountancy from the University of the Philippines and a Master's degree in Business Administration from the Wharton School of Business.

Nanette P. Villalobos was appointed Vice President and Treasurer in January 2019. She was previously the Treasurer for PHEN from 2018 to 2019 and Treasurer for South Luzon Thermal Energy Corporation from 2015-2019. Currently, she also holds the following positions: Vice President and Treasurer for PHINMA, Inc., Assistant Treasurer for PPHC, Treasurer for PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc., Treasurer and Compliance Officer for TO Insurance Brokers, Inc. and Treasurer for PHINMA Hospitality. She obtained her degree in Bachelor of Science in Accountancy from University of the East. She completed the Ateneo-BAP Treasury Certification Program in 2004. She attended the Basic Management Program at the Asian Institute of Management in 2008. She attended and completed a Certification study for Macro Economics at University of Asia and the Pacific in 2014. She took up the Diploma Program in Corporate Finance of the Ateneo Graduate School of Business-Center for Continuing Education in 2022. She is a member of Fund Managers Association of the Philippines (FMAP) and Financial Executives Institute of the Philippines (FINEX). She attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV & Co.

Edmund Alan A. Qua Hiansen is Vice President, Strategy and Planning. Concurrent positions held include: Chief Financial Officer of Song Lam Cement Joint Stock Company and Deputy Chief Finance Officer of PHINMA Prism Development Corporation. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Finance from Butler University in Indianapolis, Indiana, USA where he was recognized as one of the Top 100 Outstanding Students in 2005 and a Master's degree in Global Finance from HKUST-NYU Stern. He is the Chairman of the FINEX Research and Development Foundation Junior FINEX Committee and a Vice Chairman of the Financial Executive Institute of the Philippines Ethics Committee. He attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV & Co.

Annabelle S. Guzman is Vice President, Controller. She joined the company in September 2020 and was appointed Vice President and Controller on April 14, 2021. She is a Certified Public Accountant and holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration and Accountancy from the University of the Philippines. Prior to joining the Company, she worked in the financial services industry, as VP – Fund Administration Manager with JP Morgan Chase & Co and as Finance Head with Pepper Financial Services. She attended the SEC accredited training on Strategic Thinking for Board Directors and Leaders on November 17, 2023.

Rolando D. Soliven was elected Compliance Officer on April 14, 2021 and is concurrently Vice President – Group Corporate Governance since April 2019 and Data Protection Officer since May 2022. He has been an officer of the company since March 2012. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Accountancy from San Beda College. He has also completed the Enterprise Wide Risk Management Program and the Business Analytics Program of the Asian Institute of Management. He is a Certified Public Accountant (CPA), Certified Internal Auditor (CIA), Certified in Risk Management Assurance (CRMA), ISO 31000 Certified Risk Manager (CRM), and Certified Fraud Examiner (CFE). He is a Fellow of the Institute of Corporate Directors (ICD) and a member of both the Institute of Internal Auditors (IIA) and the Association of Certified Fraud Examiners (ACFE). He attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV & Co.

Peter Angelo V. Perfecto was appointed Vice President, Public Affairs in April 2019. As former Executive Director of the Makati Business Club from 2011 to 2018, he also took on leadership and secretariat roles in the Integrity Initiative, Bishops-Businessmen's Conference for Human Development, National Competitiveness Council and the APEC Business Advisory Council. He also helped establish Philippine Business for Education and became its first Executive Director, driving business-led advocacies for education reform and mobilizing resources from corporates as well as international agencies. Today, he concurrently serves as the PHINMA Foundation Vice President, chairman of the Oxfam Pilipinas Board as well as its Country Governance Group, and private sector representative of the People's Survival Fund. His other past positions include Director V for Media and Public Affairs of the

Office of the Presidential Adviser on the Peace Process and Executive Director of Amnesty International Philippines where he had the opportunity to join various international meetings and working groups on human rights. An alumnus of the Ateneo de Manila University, he completed his Bachelor of Science in Management Engineering in 1987. He attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV & Co.

Alejandro Diego Luis Giles R. Katigbak was appointed as Assistant Vice President, Chief Risk Officer effective April 12, 2022. He received his bachelor's degree in Management Economics from the Ateneo de Manila University and an MBA with concentration in Finance and Corporate Accounting from the University of Rochester in New York. Prior to joining PHINMA Corporation he was employed in a financial advisory capacity at various Philippine firms including Investment & Capital Corporation of the Philippines, Jardine Fleming Exchange Capital Group, Inc., and SyCip, Gorres, Velayo and Company. He attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV & Co.

Grace M. Purisima joined the company in 2011 and was elected Assistant Treasurer in April 2019. She is also the Assistant Treasurer of PHINMA, Inc. She completed the Treasury Certification Program from the Ateneo de Manila University Graduate School of Business and Bankers Association of the Philippines (Ateneo-BAP) in 2012. She holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in Management Economics from Ateneo de Manila University. He attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV & Co.

Troy A. Luna was elected as the Corporate Secretary in March 2017. He also acts as Corporate Secretary of PHINMA, Inc., and other PHINMA-related corporations such as the AU, COC, UPang, UI, SWU, SJCI, RC, RCL, UCL, PHINMA Education, Asian Plaza, Inc., UGC, PhilCement, ABCIC, Toon City Animation, Inc. and other unrelated companies such as TCL Sun, Inc., Newminco Pacific Mining Corporation and Philippine Business for Education, Inc., a Trustee of the Licensing Executives Society of the Philippines and a Trustee and President of the Intellectual Property Alumni Association . He was elected as Director of the Company on November 5, 2020 until April 2021. He holds a Liberal Arts in Economics degree from the De La Salle University. He is a lawyer by profession, having earned his Bachelor of Laws degree from the Ateneo de Manila University School of Law in 1986 and was admitted to the Philippine Bar in 1987. He is a Senior and name Partner of the Migallos & Luna Law Offices. He attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV & Co.

Ma. Concepcion Z. Sandoval was elected Assistant Corporate Secretary in March 2017. She also acts as Assistant Corporate Secretary of PHINMA, Inc. and other PHINMA-related companies such as UI, PHIINMA Education, ABCIC, Asian Plaza, Inc., Toon City Animation, Inc. and unrelated companies such as TCL Sun, Inc. and Philippine Business for Education, Inc. She earned her Bachelor of Laws degree from San Beda College of Law in 2006 and was admitted to the Philippine Bar in 2007. She holds a Bachelor of Arts major in Legal Management degree from the University of Sto. Tomas. She is a Junior Partner of the Migallos & Luna Law Offices. She attended the PHINMA Group Annual Corporate Governance Enhancement Session on October 2, 2023 on Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence (AI), Workplace Reimagined and Overview of Corporate Governance conducted by SGV & Co.

Significant Employees

Other than the Directors and Officers identified in the item on Directors and Executive Officers in this Information Statement, there are no other employees of the Company who may have significant influence in the Company's major and/or strategic planning and decision-making.

Family Relationships

Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr. is the brother of Mr. Victor J. del Rosario and Mr. Jose Mari del Rosario. Other than the foregoing family relationships, none of the directors, executive officers or persons nominated to be elected to PHN's Board are related up to the fourth civil degree, either by affinity or consanguinity.

Pending Legal Proceedings

The Company is not aware of any of the following events having occurred during the past five years up to the date of this report that are material to an evaluation of the ability or integrity of any director, nominee for election as Director, executive officer, underwriter or controlling person of the Company :

1) any bankruptcy petition filed by or against any business of which such person was a general partner or executive officer either at the time of the bankruptcy or within two (2) years prior to that time ;

2) any conviction by final judgment, including the nature of the offense in a criminal proceeding, domestic or foreign, or being subject to a pending criminal proceeding, domestic or foreign, excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses;

3) being subject to any order, judgment or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of competent jurisdiction, domestic or foreign, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring suspending or otherwise limiting his involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities or banking activities ; and

4) being found by a domestic or foreign court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the SEC or comparable foreign body, or a domestic or foreign exchange or other organized trading market or self-regulatory organization, to have violated a securities or commodities law or regulation, and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended or vacated.

5) A securities or commodities law or regulation, and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended or vacated.

Other than the case disclosed in <u>Item 3. Legal Proceedings</u>, the Company is not involved in or aware of any material legal proceedings that may significantly affect the Company, or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates.

Independent Directors

On June 30, 2004, the SEC approved amendment to the Amended By-Laws of PHINMA Corporation to incorporate a provision stating that it shall conform to the requirement of law to have independent directors. On May 27, 2010, the SEC approved a further amendment to the Amended By-laws adopting and stating that the Company shall comply with Securities Regulation Code (SRC) Rule 38 as amended and all rules and regulations relative to the requirements on nomination and election of independent directors.

The following are the nominees for independent directors, as submitted to and pre-screened by the Nominations Committee of the Company using the aforementioned guidelines, pertinent provisions of the Company's Manual on Good Corporate Governance and its Amended By-Laws. They are neither officers nor substantial shareholders of the Company. Mr. Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr. nominated the candidates for independent directors. Mr. Del Rosario is not related to the independent director-nominees by consanguinity or affinity.

- 1. Juan B. Santos
- 2. Lilia de Lima
- 3. Rizalina G. Mantaring
- 4. Edgar O. Chua
- 5. Dato Timothy Ong

- 6. Edilberto C. de Jesus
- 7. Cielito F. Habito

All the independent directors possess the qualifications and none of the disqualifications under Securities Regulation Code or the Company's Manual of Corporate Governance.

Item 10. Compensation of Directors and Executive Officers

The Directors are paid a bonus based on the net income of the Company for each calendar year. The compensation received by the officers who are not included in the Board of Directors of the Company represents salaries and bonuses.

For the calendar years ended December 2023 and 2022, the total salaries, allowances and bonuses paid by the Company to the directors and executive officers as well as estimated compensation of directors and executive officers for CY 2024 are as follows:

TABLE 12 - Compensation of Directors and Executive Officers

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Others
CEO and the Top 4				
Oscar J. Hilado				
Chairman Emeritus				
Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr.				
Chairman and CEO				
Meliton B. Salazar, Jr.				
President and COO, Head of Education				
Pythagoras L. Brion, Jr.				
Group CFO				
Regina B. Alvarez				
Senior Vice President, Group Controller				
	2024*	27,718,664	12,223,284	1,525,000
TOTAL	2023	25,198,785	10,250,700	1,525,000
	2022	20,296,660	14,586,400	2,193,813
	2024*	25,010,552	15,572,223	5,025,000
All other Directors and Officers as a	2023	22,736,865	14,224,850	5,025,000
Group unnamed	2022	21,646,908	17,690,695	4,125,000

*Estimated compensation of directors and executive officers for the year.

a) **Compensation of Directors**

The Directors receive per diem and bonus based on a percentage of the net income of the Company for each calendar year.

There are no other existing arrangements/agreements to which said Directors are to be compensated during the last completed calendar year and the ensuing year.

Employment Contracts and Termination of Employment and change-in Control b) Arrangements

There is no existing contract between the Company, the executive officers or any significant employee.

Under Article VI, Section 1 of the Company's By-Laws, the Officers of the Corporation shall hold office for one (1) year and until their successors are chosen and qualified in their stead. Any Officer elected or appointed by the majority of the Board of Directors may be removed by the affirmative vote of the Board of Directors.

c) <u>Compensatory Plan or Arrangement</u>

The compensation received by Officers who are not members of the Board of Directors of the Company represents salaries, bonuses and other benefits.

All permanent and regular employees of the Company and its subsidiaries are covered by PHINMA Group retirement plan (the "Plan"). The Plan provides benefits upon normal retirement beginning at age sixty (60), early retirement beginning at age fifty (50) with completion of at least ten (10) years of service, voluntary separation beginning upon completion of at least ten (10) years of service, total and physical disability, death and involuntary separation. The benefits are based on the employee's final monthly basic salary and length of service.

The Company also provides a defined contribution plan that covers all regular full-time employees under which the Company pays fixed contributions based on the percentage contributed by the employees from their monthly salaries.

d) <u>Compensation Committee</u>

The members of the Compensation Committee are as follow:

-	Chairman
-	Member
-	Member
-	Member
	-

Item 11. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

a) Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners:

The table below shows persons or groups known to PHN as of January 31, 2024 to be directly or indirectly the record or beneficial owners of more than 5% of the company's voting securities:

Title of Class	Name & Address of Record Owner and Relationship with Issuer	Name of Beneficial Owner and Relationship with Record Owner	Citizenship	# of Shares held	%
Common	Phil. Investment Mgmt.(PHINMA), Inc. ("PHINMA, Inc.") ¹ Level 12, Phinma Plaza, No. 39 Plaza Drive Rockwell Center, Makati City Stockholder	Phil. Investment Mgmt. (PHINMA), Inc. which is also the record owner. Mr. Oscar J. Hilado, Chairman of Board, is the person appointed to exercise voting power.		188,386,207	65.79%
Common	Philippine Depository and Trust Corporation ² MSE Bldg. Ayala Avenue Makati City Stockholder	Various	Filipino	51,145,288	17.86%

Table 13 - Owners of Voting Securities

¹Phinma Inc.'s principal stockholders are: 1) EMAR Corporation (46.82%), a Filipino company principally owned by the immediate family of the late Amb. Ramon V. del Rosario, Sr., 2) Mariposa Properties, Inc. (30.25%), which is owned by Mr. Oscar J. Hilado and the members of his immediate family, and 3) Dr. Magdaleno B. Albarracin, Jr. who owns 9.59% of Phinma Inc.'s outstanding shares. The Del Rosario and Hilado Families are expected to direct the voting of the shares held by EMAR Corp. and Mariposa Properties, Inc.

² Philippine Depository and Trust Corporation ("PDTC") is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Philippine Central Depository, Inc., ("PCD") which acts as trustee-nominee for all shares lodged in the PCD system. It was formerly known as PCD Nominee Corporation. The beneficial owners of such shares are PCD participants who hold the shares on their behalf or in behalf of their clients.

b) Security Ownership of Management

The table below shows the securities beneficially owned by all directors, nominees and executive officers of PHN as of January 31, 2024.

Title of Class	Name of Beneficial Owner	No. of shares	Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Citizenship	% of Ownership
Common	Oscar J. Hilado	400,00	Direct	Filipino	.140%
		800,000	Indirect	Filipino	.279%
		1,007,77	Indirect	Filipino	.352%
Common	Magdaleno B. Albarracin, Jr.	11,300,00	Direct	Filipino	3.947%
Common	Victor J. del Rosario	1,069,245	Direct	Filipino	.373%
		1,059,99	Indirect	Filipino	.370%
		789,138	Indirect	Filipino	.276%
Common	Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr.	432.66	Direct	Filipino	.151%
		9,855,424	Indirect	Filipino	3.442%
		789,139	Indirect	Filipino	.276%
		250,000	Indirect	Filipino	.087%
Common	Jose L. Cuisia, Jr.	17,927	Direct	Filipino	.006%
Common	Meliton B. Salazar Jr.	1	Direct	Filipino	.000%
		20,270	Indirect	Filipino	.007%
Common	Eduardo A. Sahagun	1	Direct	Filipino	.000%
Common	Rizalina G. Mantaring	1	Direct	Filipino	.000%
Common	Juan B. Santos	50,001	Direct	Filipino	.017%
Common	Lilia B. de Lima	1	Direct	Filipino	.000%
Common	Edgar O. Chua	1	Direct	Filipino	.000%
Common	Pythagoras L. Brion, Jr.	354,086	Direct	Filipino	.124%
Common	Regina B. Alvarez	449,571	Direct	Filipino	.157%
Common	Jose Mari del Rosario	349,785	Direct	Filipino	.122%
		512,576	Indirect	Filipino	.179%
		575,036	Indirect	Filipino	.201%
Common	Raphael B. Felix	25,000	Direct	Filipino	.009%
Common	Rolando D. Soliven	31,000	Direct	Filipino	.011%
Common	Nanette P. Villalobos	26,450	Direct	Filipino	.009%
Common	Peter V. Perfecto	29,000	Direct	Filipino	.010%
Common	Edmund Alan A. Qua Hiansen	22,900	Direct	Filipino	.008%
Common	Annabelle S. Guzman	10,000	Direct	Filipino	.004%
Common	Grace M. Purisima	2,900	Direct	Filipino	.001%
Directors an	d Officers as a Group	30,229,888			10.558%

Table 14 - Security Ownership of Management

Item 12. Relationships and Related Transactions:

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence which include affiliates. Related parties may be individual or corporate entities.

The Company, in the regular conduct of business, has entered into transactions consisting of reimbursement of expenses, office space rentals, consultancy fees and grant of non-interest bearing advances with associates and other related parties. Transactions entered into with related parties are at arm's length and have terms similar to the transactions entered into with third parties.

In last two years, the Company was not a party in any transaction in which a Director or

Executive Officer of the Company, any nominee for election as a director, any security holder owning more than 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares and/or any member of his immediate family had a material interest thereon, except as disclosed below.

The Company has a management contract with Philippine Investment-Management (PHINMA), Inc. up to June 30, 2024 renewable thereafter upon mutual agreement. Under this contract, PHINMA has a general management authority with the corresponding responsibility over all operations and personnel of the Company including planning, direction, and supervision of finance and other business activities of the Company. Under the existing management agreement, the Company pays PHINMA, Inc. a fixed monthly management fee plus an annual incentive based on a certain percentage of the Parent Company's net income. Renewal has been approved by the Board on March 5, 2024 and will be endorsed to the shareholders for their approval during the Annual Shareholders' Meeting on April 23, 2024.

As of January 31, 2024, PHINMA Inc. owns 188,386,207 shares, which represent 65.79% of total outstanding shares of stock of the Company.

Material related party transactions are reviewed by the Audit and Related Party Committee of the Board. The Company have approval requirements and limits on the amount and extent of related party transactions in compliance with the requirements under Revised SRC Rule 68.

Refer to Note 33 – Related Party Transactions of the 2023 Audited Consolidated Financial Statements for further details.

PART IV - CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Compliance Policy

In accordance with the State's policy to actively promote corporate governance reforms aimed to raise investor confidence, develop capital market and help achieve high sustained growth for the corporate sector and the economy, the Board of Directors, Management, and Employees of PHINMA Corporation (the "Corporation") commit to the principles and best practices contained in the Manual on Good Corporate Governance approved in August 2002 and as amended in March 2004, February 2008, March 2011 and June 2014. The Manual was further amended to substantially adopt the 2016 Code of Corporate Governance for Publicly-Listed Companies in May 2017 and March 2018. Relevant provisions from the 2019 Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines (R.A. 11232) were incorporated into the Manual in October 2020 and in November 2022.

Integrated Annual Corporate Governance Report (I-ACGR)

SEC MC No. 15, Series of 2017 was released in December 2017 which mandates all publicly-listed companies to submit an Integrated Annual Corporate Governance Report (I-ACGR) covering all relevant information for the year on May 30 of each year.

PHINMA Corporation submitted to the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) its I-ACGR for 2022 on May 29, 2023.

As of December 31, 2023 PHINMA Corporation has substantially complied with the principles and best practices contained in the Manual on Good Corporate Governance. There were no sanctions imposed on any director, officer or employee for non-compliance with the Manual.

Compliance Monitoring and Improving Corporate Governance

The Compliance Officer and the Internal Auditor monitor the Corporation's compliance with the Manual and the timely submission of reports and disclosures to SEC, PSE and PDEx. In addition, the SEC, PSE and PDEx websites are constantly monitored for relevant circulars or memorandums affecting, improving, and updating the corporate governance of the Corporation. As appropriate, the Manual and relevant policies are promptly amended and circulated for implementation. Directors and officers of the company are provided with annual training on corporate governance and related topics such as Sustainability and Artificial Intelligence.

As a result of the Compliance Program, there is effective management of the relationships between shareholders, stakeholders, directors, creditors, government, and employees. Furthermore, the internal workings of the Corporation are directed and controlled leading to corporate integrity, transparency, and enhanced corporate performance, a dominant theme of Good Corporate Governance.

In 2023, PHINMA Corporation received a Two-Arrow Recognition based on the result of the ASEAN Corporate Governance Scorecard (ACGS) for year 2020 and 2021. The Golden Arrow is awarded to publicly-listed companies that exhibited observable conformance with the Philippine Code of Corporate Governance and internationally recommended corporate governance practices as espoused by the ACGS.

Board of Directors Attendance

In 2023, the Board of Directors held a total of six (6) meetings, five (5) regular board and one (1) organizational meeting. The attendance of the directors in the Board meetings is as follows:

	2023 Board Meetings					
Directors	Mar 3 Regular	April 11 Organiza- tional	May 11 Regular	Aug 8 Regular	Nov 10 Regular	Dec 13 Regular
OSCAR J. HILADO	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
RAMON R. DEL ROSARIO, JR.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
MAGDALENO B. ALBARRACIN, JR.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
JOSE L. CUISIA, JR.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
VICTOR J. DEL ROSARIO	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
MELITON B. SALAZAR, JR.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
EDUARDO A. SAHAGUN	Р	Р	A	Р	Р	Р
JUAN B. SANTOS	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
LILIA B. DE LIMA	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
RIZALINA G. MANTARING	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	А
EDGAR O. CHUA	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р

P: Present A: Absent

To assist it in discharging its duties and responsibilities, the Board constitutes committees which directly report to the Board in accordance with duly approved procedures. The attendance of directors to meetings of the committees in 2023 is as follows:

	Corporate		Audit and
Directors	Governance	Risk Oversight	RPT
MAGDALENO B. ALBARRACIN, JR.	-	2/2	-
		Member	
JOSE L. CUISIA, JR.	-	-	6/7
			Member
EDGAR O. CHUA	3/3	2/2	6/7
(Independent Director)	Member	Member	Member
JUAN B. SANTOS	-	-	6/7
(Independent Director)			Chairperson
LILIA B. DE LIMA	3/3	2/2	-
(Independent Director)	Chairperson	Member	
RIZALINA G. MANTARING	3/3	2/2	7/7
(Independent Director)	Member	Chairperson	Member

Board Performance Assessment Policy and Report

The Board of Directors of PHINMA Corporation obtained an overall rating of Excellent for their performance in the year 2023. All (11) eleven directors of the company participated in the online assessment exercise completed in February 2023. The results of the board evaluation and action plans were presented to the Corporate Governance Committee and to the Board of Directors in March 2024.

The Board Assessment Policy and Procedures prescribe a self-assessment process that uses a five-point rating scale (1-Excellent to 5-Poor) to evaluate the performance of the Board as a body, the Board Committees, individual directors, Chairman of the Board and Key Officers. The criteria used in this assessment covered the key areas of governance, based on the duties and responsibilities listed in the Manual on Corporate Governance, Board Charter, and other relevant company policies.

This exercise also enabled the directors to provide insights and recommendations to address continuing training needs and pursue further improvements in board performance.

Item 13. List of Exhibits

Annex A – Audited Consolidated Financial Statements For Calendar Years 2023, 2022 and 2021

Statement of Management's Responsibility For Financial Statements

Report of Independent Public Accountants

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as of December 31, 2023 and 2022

Consolidated Statements of Income for the Years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity for the Years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Annex B – Supplementary Schedules To The Audited Financial Statements							
SCHEDULE	DESCRIPTION						
A	Financial Assets						
В	Accounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)						
С	Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements						
D	Intangible Assets – Other Assets						
E	Long-term Debt						
F	Indebtedness to Related Parties (Long-term loans from Related Companies)						
G	Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers						
H	Capital Stock						
Additional Comp	onents :						
i)	Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration						
ii)	Map of Relationships of the Companies within the Group						
iii)	Financial Soundness Indicators – December 31, 2023						

Annex	Annex C - SEC Form 17 - C									
Date Filed	Description									
January 6, 2023	An advisory on the attendance of directors to board meetings of the company held in the year 2022.									
January 18, 2023	An advisory on the advance provided to PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation, amounting to P276 million									
March 3, 2023	An advisory on the matters approved by the Board of Directors on March 3, 2023.									
March 6, 2023	An advisory on a press release on PHINMA Corporations financial results for CY2022									
April 11, 2023	An advisory on the results of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting and Organizational Meeting held on April 11, 2023.									
April 17, 2023	An advisory on a press release on the Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on April 11, 2023									

May 11, 2023	An advisory on the matters approved by the Board of Directors on May 11, 2023
May 12, 2023	An advisory on a press release on PHINMA Corporation's consolidation of investments to improve value and drive synergies across the group
May 19, 2023	An advisory on the holding of an earnings call on financial results for the first quarter of 2023
August 8, 2023	An advisory on the matters approved by the Board of Directors on August 8, 2023
August 10, 2023	An advisory on a press release on PHINMA Corporation's financial results for the first half of 2023
September 12, 2023	An advisory on the holding of an analysts briefing on PHINMA Corporation's financial results for the second quarter of 2023
November 10, 2023	An advisory on the matters approved by the Board of Directors on November 10, 2023
November 10, 2023	An advisory on a press release on PHINMA Corporation's financial results for the first nine months of 2023
November 13, 2023	An advisory on the amendment to the SEC Form 17-C submitted on November 10, 2023, in relation to the approved consent solicitation exercise of PHINMA Corporation
November 17, 2023	An advisory on the matters approved by the Board of Directors on November 10, 2023 and Consent Solicitation Statement
December 1, 2023	An advisory on the completion of the Consent Solicitation exercise
December 7, 2023	An advisory on the holding of an analysts briefing on PHINMA Corporation's financial results for the first nine months of 2023
December 7, 2023	An advisory on a press release on the signing of the Supplemental Trust Agreement, executed on December 7, 2023
December 7, 2023	An advisory on the Consent Solicitation and Effectivity of the Supplemental Trust Agreement

Annex D -	SEC Form 17 - Q
Quarter Ending	Date Submitted
March 31, 2023	May 15, 2023
June 30, 2023	August 14, 2023
September 30, 2023	November 14, 2023

Annex E - Sustainability Report

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 17 of the Code and Section 141 of the Corporation Code, this report is signed on behalf of the issuer by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized in the City of Makati on April _____, 2024

By:

RAMON R. DEL ROSARIO, JR. Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

111

EDMUND ALAN A. QUA HIANSEN Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

MELITON B. SALAZAR, JR. President and Chief Operating Officer Head of Education

REGINA B. ALVAREZ

Senior Vice President, Group Controller

TROY A. LUNA Corporate Secretary

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this <u>APR</u> taly 292 pril 2024, affiants exhibiting to me their government issued IDs, as follows:

Name	ID Presented	Date of Issue	Place of Issue		
Ramon R. Del Rosario, Jr.	Passport No. P5770713A	January 26, 2018 – January 25, 2028	DFA NCR EAST		
Meliton B. Salazar, Jr.	Passport No. P2127840B	May 09, 2019 – May 08, 2029	DFA ANTIPOLO		
Edmund Alan A. Qua Hiansen	Passport No. P5980426A	February 10, 2018 – February 09, 2028	DFA MANILA		
Regina B. Alvarez	Passport No. P1941749C	October 7, 2022 – October 6, 2032	DFA MANILA		
Troy A. Luna	Passport No. P8660514B	January 7, 2022 – January 6, 2032	DFA MANILA		

 Doc No.
 156

 Page No.
 33

 Book No.
 67

 Series of 2024

ATTY. JOEL FERRER FLORES Notary Public for Makati City Up December 31, 2024 Appointment No. M-115 (2023-2024) Roll of Attorney No. 77376 MCLE Compliance VIII No. 0001393 Jan. 3, 2023 until Apr. 12, 2028 PTR No. 10073945/ Jan. 2, 2024/ Makati City IBP No. 330740/ Jan. 2, 2024/ Pasig City 1107 Bataan St., Guadalupe Nuevo, Makati City

ANNEX A

Audited Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2023



STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY FOR CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management of **PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES** is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements including the schedules attached therein, as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework indicated therein, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the consolidated financial statements including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders.

Sycip Gorres Velayo & Co., the independent auditors, appointed by the stockholders has audited the consolidated financial statements of the company in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing and in its report to the Stockholders, has expressed their opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

Signed this <u>14th</u> day of March 2024.

RAMON R. DEL ROSARIO, JR. Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

MELITON B. SALAZAR, JR. President and COO, Head of Education

PYTHÁGORAS L. BRION, JR. Group CFO

UNION GALVASTEEL | PHILCEMENT | PHINMA SOLAR | PHINMA EDUCATION | PHINMA PROPERTIES | PHINMA HOSPITALITY | T-O INSURANCE, INC. | PHINMA FOUNDATION

12th Floor, PHINMA Plaza 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center Makati City, Philippines 1210 Tel: +632 8870 0100 Fax: +632 8870 0456 www.phinma.com.ph PHN Statement of Management Responsibility for Consolidated Financial Statements Page....2

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this _____1 4 day of March 2024 in Makati City, affiants exhibiting to me their respective identifications, as follows:

Name	ID Presented	Date of Issue	Place of Issue
Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr.	Passport No. P7959521A	26-Jan-2018 25-Jan-2028	DFA NCR East
Meliton B. Salazar, Jr.	Passport No. P2127840B	09-May-2019 08-May-2029	DFA Antipolo
Pythagoras L. Brion, Jr.	OSCA No. 58262	03-March-2013	Pasig City

Doc No.: 268; Page No.: 55 Book No.: 1; Series of 2024 XANTHE DAPHNE VALERIE A. ALCASID NOTARY PUBLIC FOR AND IN THE CITY OF MAKATI APPOINTMENT NO. M-631 (2023-2024) COMMISSION EXPIRES ON DECEMBER 31, 2024 Th Floor, The PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive Rockwell Center, Makati City 1/2/2024 IBP O.R. No. 302563; Cebu City, 1/9/2024 TIN 328-230-909 Attorney's Roll No. 84417 Admitted to the Philippine Ber: 2 May 2023

COVER SHEET

for **AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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NOTE 1: In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated. 2 : All Boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies shall not excuse the corporation from liability for its deficiencies.





6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City Philippines

SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. Tel: (632) 8891 0307 Fax: (632) 8819 0872 ev.com/ph

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors and Stockholders PHINMA Corporation 12th Floor, PHINMA Plaza 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center Makati City

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of PHINMA Corporation and its subsidiaries (the Company), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the consolidated statements of income, consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023 are prepared in all material respects, in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs), as modified by the application of the financial reporting reliefs issued and approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), as described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements which indicates that the consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with PFRSs, as modified by the application of the financial reporting reliefs issued and approved by the SEC in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The impact of the application of the financial reporting reliefs on the 2023 consolidated financial statements are discussed in detail in Note 2. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.





Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements, as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Recoverability of Goodwill

Under PFRS, the Company is required to annually test the amount of goodwill for impairment. As at December 31, 2023, the Company's goodwill arising from its acquisitions of educational institutions amounted to $\mathbb{P}1,817.9$ million, which is considered significant to the consolidated financial statements. In addition, management's assessment process requires significant judgment and is based on assumptions which are subject to higher level of estimation uncertainty, specifically revenue growth rate and discount rate.

The Company's disclosures about goodwill are included in Notes 5 and 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

Audit Response

We obtained an understanding of the management's process for evaluating the impairment of goodwill. We involved our internal specialist in evaluating the methodologies and the assumptions used. We compared the key assumptions used, such as revenue growth against historical performance of the cash-generating unit, local economic development, industry outlook and other relevant external data. We tested the parameters used in the determination of the discount rate against market data. We also reviewed the Company's disclosures about those assumptions to which the outcome of the impairment test is most sensitive; specifically those that have the most significant effect on the determination of the recoverable amount of goodwill.

Valuation of Unquoted Investment Classified as Financial Asset at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

The Company has unquoted equity investment classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) amounting to £1,916.2 million, comprising 4.4% of total assets as at December 31, 2023. The valuation of this investment is significant to our audit because it is inherently subjective as it involves the use of valuation inputs that are not market observable. Management also applied judgment in selecting the valuation technique and the assumptions to be used. These assumptions include discount rate, explicit forecast period, long-term growth rate, volatility, option-adjusted spread and risk-free rate.





The Company's disclosures about its unquoted equity investment classified as financial assets at FVPL are included in Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

Audit Response

We involved our internal specialists in evaluating the valuation technique and assumptions used. For long-term growth rate, we compared it with the growth rate for the products, industries or relevant country gross domestic product growth rate. We compared the other key assumptions such as the explicit forecast period, volatility, option-adjusted spread and risk-free rate against the historical performance of the investee, industry outlook and other relevant external data. We tested the parameters used in the determination of the discount rate against market data. We also reviewed the Company's disclosures about those assumptions to which the outcome of the valuation is most sensitive; specifically, those that have the most significant effect on the determination of the fair value of the unquoted equity investment.

Real Estate Revenue Recognition

The Company's revenue recognition process, policies and procedures are significant to our audit because these involve application of significant judgment and estimation in the following areas: (1) assessment of the probability that the entity will collect the consideration from the buyer; (2) application of the input method as the measure of progress in determining real estate revenue; and (3) estimation of the total project cost.

In evaluating whether collectability of the amount of consideration is probable, the Company considers the significance of the buyer's initial payments in relation to the total contract price (or buyer's equity). Collectability is also assessed by considering factors such as history with the buyer, and age and pricing of the property. Management regularly evaluates the historical sales cancellations and back-outs, if it would still support its current threshold of buyers' equity before commencing revenue recognition.

In measuring the progress of its performance obligation over time, the Company uses input method. Under this method, progress is measured based on actual costs incurred relative to the estimated total project cost. In the estimation of total project costs, the Company's specialists (project engineers) to estimate all the inputs involved in the construction and development of the projects to include materials, labor and other costs directly related in the construction of the projects. The management uses the information from the project engineers to identify the appropriate inputs for their computation of the percentage of completion (POC) per project.

The disclosures related to the real estate revenue are included in Note 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

Audit Response

We obtained an understanding of the Company's revenue recognition process.

For the buyers' equity, we evaluated management's basis of the buyer's equity by comparing this to the historical analysis of sales cancellations from buyers with accumulated payments above the collection threshold. We traced the analysis to supporting documents such as past due report, history of payments, notices of contract cancellation, letters of backout and notices of forfeiture.





- 4 -

For the application of the input method, in determining real estate revenue, we obtained an understanding of the Company's processes for determining the percentage of completion (POC), including the cost accumulation process, and for determining and updating of total estimated costs, and performed tests of the relevant controls on these processes. We assessed the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the project engineers by reference to their qualifications, experience and reporting responsibilities. For selected projects, we traced the accumulated incurred costs to the supporting documents such as contractors' and suppliers' invoices and receipts. For the estimation of total project costs, we obtained an understanding of the Company's budgeting and project close-out process and, on a sampling basis, performed test of details (price and quantity) for the inputs for each of the major project development workstream. We also performed test of subsequent changes to the budget by tracing to relevant documents such as estimated development cost reports and signed and approved change order forms. For selected projects, we traced the accumulated incurred costs to the supporting analysis and documents such as schedule of actual and budgeted costs per project, certificate of completion project and purchase order forms. We visited selected ongoing and completed project sites in 2023, made relevant inquiries with project engineers and correlated our observations with the reported project accomplishment. We performed test computation of the POC calculation of management.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023 are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRSs, as modified by the application of the financial reporting reliefs issued and approved by the SEC, as described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.





Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in accordance with PFRSs, as modified by the application of financial reporting reliefs issued and approved by the SEC, as described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



- 5 -



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We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Belinda T. Beng Hui.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

Belinda T. Jung Hui Belinda T. Beng Hui

Belinda T. Beng Hui *O*Partner
CPA Certificate No. 88823
Tax Identification No. 153-978-243
BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, August 25, 2021, valid until April 15, 2024
BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-078-2023, October 23, 2023, valid until October 22, 2026
PTR No. 10079907, January 5, 2024, Makati City

March 5, 2024



PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Amounts in Thousands)

		nber 31
	2023	2022
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 9, 36 and 37)	₽2,905,913	₽3,421,578
Investments held for trading (Notes 10, 36 and 37)	375,096	654,316
Current portion of:	,	,
Trade and other receivables (Notes 11, 36 and 37)	8,513,789	5,631,456
Contract assets (Note 25)	3,105,830	-
Inventories (Note 12)	3,765,002	2,376,008
Input value-added taxes and other current assets (Notes 19 and 36)	1,871,411	629,517
Total Current Assets	20,537,041	12,712,875
Noncurrent Assets		
Noncurrent portion of:		
Trade and other receivables (Notes 11, 36 and 37)	331,719	175,803
Contract assets (Note 25)	516,752	
Investment in and advances to associates and joint ventures (Note 13)	618,524	1,412,637
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) (Notes 14, 36 and 37)	1,916,238	2,209,088
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)	1,710,430	2,209,088
(Notes 15, 36 and 37)	163,108	122,959
Property, plant and equipment (Note 16)	14,479,990	11,582,387
Investment properties (Note 17)	925,471	627,291
Intangible assets (Note 18)	1,951,480	1,853,725
Right-of-use assets (Note 38)	423,281	315,031
Deferred tax assets - net (Note 34)	164,807	127,736
Derivative asset (Notes 14, 36 and 37)	889,721	648,117
Other noncurrent assets (Notes 19 and 36)	560,824	223,376
Total Noncurrent Assets	22,941,915	19,298,150
	₽ 43,478,956	₽32,011,025
	£43,478,950	£32,011,023
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Notes payable (Notes 20, 36 and 37)	₽7,626,264	₽2,779,103
Trade and other payables (Notes 21, 36 and 37)	3,572,566	2,150,350
Contract liabilities (Notes 22 and 25)	1,809,423	1,416,637
Trust receipts payable (Notes 12, 36 and 37)	883,106	128,249
Derivative liability (Notes 36 and 37)	-	371
Income and other taxes payable	224,350	49,151
Current portion of: Long-term debt (Notes 23, 36 and 37)	3,799,341	652,399
Lease liabilities (Notes 36, 37 and 38)	128,510	102,676
Due to related parties (Notes 33, 36 and 37)	71,981	155,595
Total Current Liabilities	18,115,541	7,434,531
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 23, 36 and 37)	10,339,725	10,282,347
Non-controlling interest put liability (Notes 7, 36 and 37)	2,570,619	2,188,320
Deferred tax liabilities - net (Note 34)	696,455	426,529
	358,321	275,600
Pension and other post-employment benefits (Note 35)		211,452
Pension and other post-employment benefits (Note 35) Lease liabilities - net of current portion (Notes 36 and 38)	396.007	ZII.41/
Lease liabilities - net of current portion (Notes 36 and 38)	396,007 301,918	
	396,007 301,918 14,663,045	<u>49,577</u> 13,433,825

(Forward)



	Dece	mber 31
	2023	2022
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent		
Capital stock (Note 24)	₽2,863,312	₽2,863,312
Additional paid-in capital	396,845	396,845
Treasury shares (Note 24)	(57,909)	(182)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(773)	(933)
Equity reserves (Note 7)	(1,709,755)	(299,535)
Other comprehensive income (Note 15)	63,772	50,920
Share in other comprehensive income of associates (Note 13)	_	9,809
Retained earnings (Note 24)	6,132,003	5,360,643
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent	7,687,495	8,380,879
Non-controlling Interests	3,012,875	2,761,790
Total Equity	10,700,370	11,142,669
	₽43,478,956	₽32,011,025

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.



PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Amounts in Thousands, Except Per Share Data)

	Years	Years Ended December 31					
	2023	2022	2021				
REVENUES							
Revenue from contracts with customers (Note 25)	₽20,840,789	₽17,334,033	₽15,820,133				
Investment income (Note 26)	£20,840,789 329,681	£17,334,033 260,901	¥15,820,135 148,380				
Rental income (Note 17)	103,348	69,648	69,673				
	21,273,818	17,664,582	16,038,186				
COSTS AND EXPENSES							
Cost of sales (Note 27)	11,678,169	11,681,409	10,147,777				
General and administrative expenses (Note 28)	2,778,457	2,030,826	1,680,114				
Cost of educational, hospital and installation services (Note 27)	2,053,833	1,613,799	1,391,127				
Cost of real estate sold and construction services	004 000						
(Note 12 and 27)	984,290	-	-				
Selling expenses (Note 29)	720,468	534,525	563,568				
Cost of hotel operations (Note 27)	131,322	-	-				
Cost of management and administrative services (Note 27)	83,875	-	-				
	18,430,414	15,860,559	13,782,586				
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)							
Interest expense and other financing charges (Note 32)	(1,004,689)	(688,190)	(649,248)				
Unrealized gain (loss) on change in fair value of financial assets							
at FVPL (Note 14)	(292,850)	103,845	172,438				
Net gains on derivatives (Notes 14 and 37)	241,212	142,596	56,324				
Equity in net earnings (losses) of associates and joint ventures							
(Note 13)	(81,596)	58,014	32,940				
Foreign exchange gains - net (Note 36)	4,580	89,500	56,237				
Gain on sale of investment properties (Note 17)	7,764	-	-				
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment - net (Note 16)	2,366	489	214				
Gain on bargain purchase (Note 6)	-	-	8,334				
Others - net (Notes 25 and 38)	70,341	39,400	43,806				
	(1,052,872)	(254,346)	(278,955)				
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	1,790,532	1,549,677	1,976,645				
			· · ·				
PROVISION FOR (BENEFIT FROM) INCOME TAX (Note 34)							
Current	144,701	59,642	70,883				
Deferred	19,228	(39,146)	25,566				
	163,929	20,496	96,449				
NET INCOME	₽1,626,603	₽1,529,181	₽1,880,196				
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Parent	₽957.626	₽947,677	₽1,128,965				
Non-controlling interests	£957,626 668,977	£947,677 581,504	F 1,128,965 751,231				
	/	<u></u>					
Net income	P1,626,603	#1,329,181	₽1,880,196				
Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Common Share - Attributable to							
Equity Holders of the Parent (Note 40)	₽3.34	₽3.42	₽4.15				

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.



PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Amounts in Thousands)

	Years Ended December 31			
	2023	2022	2021	
NET INCOME	₽1,626,603	₽1,529,181	₽1,880,196	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)				
Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss				
in subsequent periods				
Unrealized gain (loss) on change in fair value of financial assets at				
FVOCI (Note 15)	32,542	15,713	(1,365)	
Re-measurement gain (loss) on defined benefit obligation (Note 35)	(16,112)	8,797	(3,865)	
Share in unrealized gain (loss) on change in fair value of financial				
assets at FVOCI and defined benefit obligation of associates and				
joint venture (Note 13)	(201)	(1,729)	13,675	
Income tax effect	(6,409)	(2,199)	196	
	9,820	20,582	8,641	
Item to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods				
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	208	(439)	(1,261)	
Total other comprehensive income	10,028	20,143	7,380	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	₽1,636,631	₽1,549,324	₽1,887,576	
Attributable to:				
Equity holders of the Parent	₽980,877	₽964,965	₽1,141,246	
Non-controlling interests	655,754	584,359	746,330	
Total comprehensive income	₽1,636,631	₽1,549,324	₽1,887,576	

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.



PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIESCONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Amounts in Thousands)

				Equity A	ttributable to E	quity Holders of t	he Parent					
							Share in Other					
				Exchange		0.4	Comprehensive					
				Differences on		Other	Income of					
	a	Additional		Translation of	D '' D	Comprehensive	Associates and	D () 1 D (Non-	
	Capital Stock	Paid-in	Shares	-	Equity Reserves		Joint Ventures	Retained Earni	0		controlling	Total
	(Note 24)	Capital	(Note 24)	Operations	(Note 7)		(Note 13)	Appropriated U		Subtotal	Interests	Equity
Balance, January 1, 2023	₽2,863,312	₽396,845	(P182)	(P933)	(₽299,535)	₽50,920	₽9,809	₽1,765,500	₽3,595,143	₽8,380,879	₽2,761,790	₽11,142,669
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	957,626	957,626	668,977	1,626,603
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	160	-	27,370	(201)	-	(4,078)	23,251	(13,223)	10,028
Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	160	-	27,370	(201)	-	953,548	980,877	655,754	1,636,631
Cash dividends (Note 24)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(171,795)	(171,795)	(301,564)	(473,359
Realized gain on sale of financial assets at												
FVOCI (Note 15)	-	-	-	-	-	(238)	-	-	238	-		-
Business combination (Note 6)	-	-	-	-	(636,375)		(9,608)	-	(10,631)	(670,894)	573,887	(97,007
Dilution of equity shares (Note 7)	-	-	-	-	(3,053)		-	-	-	(3,053)	(734)	(3,787
Acquisition of NCI (Note 7)	-	-	-	-	(522,315)		-	-	-	(522,315)	(542,437)	(1,064,752
Put option over NCI (Note 7)	-	-	-	-	(248,477)	-	-	-	-	(248,477)	(133,821)	(382,298
Reversal of appropriation (Note 24)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,765,500)	1,765,500	-	-	-
Appropriation of retained earnings (Note 24)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,600,000	(1,600,000)	-	-	-
Parent company shares held by a subsidiary												
(Note 24)	-	-	(57,727)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(57,727)	-	(57,727
Balance, December 31, 2023	₽2,863,312	₽396,845	(£57,909)	(P 773)	(₽1,709,755)	₽63,772	₽-	₽1,600,000	₽4,532,003	₽7,687,495	₽3,012,875	₽10,700,370
Balance, January 1, 2022	₽2.863.312	₽259.248	(₽143.574)	(₽ 581)	(₽81.446	₽38.167	₽11.538	₽1,765,500	₽2.776.780	₽7.488.944	₽2,483,624	₽9.972.568
Net income	+2,805,512	+239,240	(+145,574)	(+561)	(±01,440	-50,107		+1,705,500	947,677	947,677	581,504	1,529,181
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	_	(352)	_	13,153	(1,729)	_	6,216	17.288	2.855	20,143
Total comprehensive income (loss)	_		_	(352)	_	13,153	(1,729)	_	953,893	964,965	584,359	1,549,324
Cash dividends (Note 24)	_	-		(352)			(1,729)		(135,930)	(135,930)	(198.838)	(334,768
Realized gain on sale of financial assets at	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	(155,950)	(155,950)	(120,030)	(334,708
FVOCI (Note 15)		_	_		_	(400)			400	_	_	
Put option over NCI (Note 7)	-	_	-	-	(218,089		-	—	400	(218,089)	(107,355)	(325,444
Sale of treasury shares	-	137,597	143,851	-	(210,009		-	—	—	281,448	(107,555)	281,448
Buyback of shares (Note 24)	_		(459)	-	_		_		_	(459)	_	(459)
Balance, December 31, 2022	₽2,863,312	₽396.845	(₽182)	(₽933)	(₽299,535	₽50,920	₽9,809	₽1,765,500	₽3,595,143	₽8,380,879	₽2,761,790	₽11,142,669



	Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent											
							Share in Other					
				Exchange			Comprehensive					
				Differences on		Other	Income of					
		Additional	Treasury	Translation of		Comprehensive					Non-	
	Capital Stock	Paid-in	Shares	Foreign	Equity Reserves	Income	Joint Ventures	Retained Earr	nings (Note 24)		controlling	Total
	(Note 24)	Capital	(Note 24)	Operations	(Note 7)	(Note 15)	(Note 13)	Appropriated	Unappropriated	Subtotal	Interests	Equity
Balance, January 1, 2021	₽2,863,312	₽259,248	(₽136,347)	₽297	₽34,694	₽38,922	(₽2,137)	₽2,415,500	₽1,106,503	₽6,579,992	₽1,973,422	₽8,553,414
Net income	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,128,965	1,128,965	751,231	1,880,196
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	(878)	-	(755)	13,675	-	239	12,281	(4,901)	7,380
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	(878)	-	(755)	13,675	-	1,129,204	1,141,246	746,330	1,887,576
Cash dividends (Note 24)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(108,927)	(108,927)	(132,304)	(241,231)
Business combination (Note 6)	-	-	-	-	3,629	-	-	-	-	3,629	53,429	57,058
Dilution of equity shares	-	-	-	-	14,038	-	-	-	-	14,038	(14,038)	-
Put option over NCI (Note 7)	-	-	-	-	(133,807)	-	-	-	-	(133,807)	(143,215)	(277,022)
Reversal of appropriation (Note 24)	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	(2,250,000)	2,250,000	_	_	_
Appropriation of retained earnings												
(Note 24)	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	1,600,000	(1,600,000)	-	-	-
Buyback of shares (Note 24)	-	-	(7,227)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,227)	-	(7,227)
Balance, December 31, 2021	₽2,863,312	₽259,248	(₽143,574)	(₽581)	(₽81,446)	₽38,167	₽11,538	₽1,765,500	₽2,776,780	₽7,488,944	₽2,483,624	₽9,972,568



PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Years Ended December 31			
	2023	2022	2021	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	₽1,790,532	₽1,549,677	₽1,976,645	
Adjustments to reconcile income before income tax				
to net cash flows:				
Interest expense and other financing charges (Note 32)	1,004,689	688,190	649,248	
Depreciation and amortization (Note 31)	786,056	629,184	603,562	
Interest income (Note 26)	(314,349)	(248,963)	(132,186)	
Net gain on derivatives (Notes 14 and 37)	(241,212)	(142,596)	(56,324)	
Unrealized loss (gain) on change in fair value of financial				
assets at FVPL (Note 14)	292,850	(103,845)	(172,438)	
Pension and other employee benefits expense (Note 35)	125,143	103,368	79,732	
Unrealized foreign exchange gain - net (Note 36)	(4,580)	(89,500)	(56,237)	
Equity in net losses (earnings) of associates and joint				
ventures (Note 13)	81,596	(58,014)	(32,940)	
Gain on investments held for trading - net (Note 10)	(15,124)	(11,737)	(15,970)	
Gain on sale of investment properties (Note 17)	(7,764)	(32,592)	_	
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment (Note 16)	(2,366)	(489)	(214)	
Dividend income (Note 26)	(208)	(201)	(224)	
Loss (gain) on pre-termination of long-term leases				
(Note 38)	225	(5,621)	(849)	
Gain on bargain purchase (Note 6)	_	-	(8,334)	
Operating income before working capital changes	3,495,488	2,276,861	2,833,471	
Decrease (increase) in:	, ,	, ,	, ,	
Trade and other receivables	(1,978,796)	(496,743)	(1,403,768)	
Contract assets	(1,092,158)	-	-	
Inventories	205,160	(401,954)	(366,073)	
Input value-added taxes and other current assets	(308,577)	(274,586)	(53,590)	
Increase (decrease) in:				
Trade and other payables	(199,886)	(91,297)	314,174	
Trust receipts payable	754,857	(1,583,184)	(319,443)	
Contract liabilities	142,082	89,495	717,868	
Net cash provided by (used in) operations	1,018,170	(481,408)	1,722,639	
Interest paid	(912,060)	(706,092)	(690,872)	
Income tax paid	(239,392)	(86,107)	(53,146)	
Contributions to the pension fund (Note 35)	(101,679)	(41,844)	(47,337)	
Benefits paid from operating fund (Note 35)	(11,016)	(23,804)	(13,182)	
Interest received	212,618	49,554	11,715	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(33,359)	(1,289,701)	929,817	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Additions to:				
Investment held for trading	(68,000)	(1,468,223)	(2,974,298)	
Property, plant and equipment (Note 16)	(2,432,584)	(1,432,052)	(1,573,268)	
Investment in and advances to associates and joint	(_,,, .)	(-, - , -)	(-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,	
ventures (Note 13)	(165,024)	(109,266)	_	
Intangible assets	(32,391)	(11,124)	(7,048)	
Investment properties	(241,193)	(3,780)	(7,010)	
Financial assets at FVPL		(3,700)	(1,932,805)	
Derivative asset	_	_	(1,952,805) (202,345)	
			(202,545)	

(Forward)



	Yea	rs Ended Decem	ber 31
	2023	2022	2021
Proceeds from sale of:			
Investments held for trading	₽507,416	₽2,136,372	₽3,809,362
Investment properties	19,928	35,759	_
Property, plant and equipment (Note 16)	10,761	2,054	3,523
Financial assets at FVOCI	250	1,450	_
Decrease (increase) in other noncurrent assets	195,737	(58,065)	(124,404)
Payment of advances to associates and joint ventures			
(Note 13)	5,000	-	_
Dividends received (Note 13)	208	201	224
Acquisition of subsidiaries - net of cash acquired (Note 6)	(983,362)	_	(101,543)
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,183,254)	(906,674)	(3,102,602)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payments of:			
Notes payable	(7,158,495)	(1,531,718)	(2,398,285)
Long-term debt	(748,958)	(1,048,952)	(918,091)
Cash dividends	(405,795)	(377,332)	(188,048)
Lease liabilities	(111,449)	(125,452)	(124,617)
Treasury shares	-	(459)	(7,227)
Proceeds from availments of:			
Notes payable	9,029,800	3,380,647	2,002,549
Long-term debt	3,159,325	1,280,000	4,524,477
Proceeds from sale of treasury shares	-	281,448	—
Increase (decrease) in due to related parties	(85,767)	(27,283)	31,768
Increase (decrease) in other noncurrent liabilities	86,245	1,640	(2,556)
Issuance of shares to non-controlling interests	-	-	3,629
Acquisition of non-controlling interests (Note 7)	(1,068,538)	_	
Net cash provided by financing activities	2,696,368	1,832,539	2,923,599
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	4,580	89,500	56,237
NET INCDEASE (DECDEASE) IN			
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN	(515 ((5)	(274,226)	907 051
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(515,665)	(274,336)	807,051
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,421,578	3,695,914	2,888,863
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
AT END OF YEAR (Note 9)	₽2,905,913	₽3,421,578	₽3,695,914
	,	- , - , ~	- , + , •

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.



PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information

PHINMA Corporation (PHN or the Parent Company) was incorporated in the Philippines and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on March 12, 1957.

The Parent Company is listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) since August 15, 1958.

On August 2, 2006, the Philippine SEC approved the extension of the Parent Company's corporate life for another 50 years. On May 27, 2010, the Philippine SEC approved the change in the Parent Company's corporate name from Bacnotan Consolidated Industries, Inc. to PHINMA Corporation. Its principal activity is holding investments in shares in various subsidiaries, associates and investees and other financial instruments.

Following are the subsidiaries of the Parent Company and the nature of their principal business activities:

			De	ecember 31, 20	023	De	ecember 31, 20	22
		_	PHN	Direct	PHN	PHN	Direct	PHN
		Calendar/	Direct	Interest of	Effective	Direct	Interest of	Effective
Subsidiaries	Nature of Business	Fiscal Yearend	Interest	Subsidiary	Interest	Interest	Subsidiary	Interest
Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC)	Manufacturing and distribution of steel products	December 31	98.01	-	98.01	98.01	_	98.01
PHINMA Solar Energy Corporation (PHINMA Solar)	Solar rooftop	December 31	-	100.00	98.01	-	100.00	98.01
PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PEHI) ^(a and d)	Holding company	March 31	75.21	-	75.21	67.18	-	67.18
Pamantasan ng Araullo (Araullo University), Inc. (AU) ^(a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	97.76	73.53	-	97.57	65.55
Cagayan de Oro College, Inc. (COC) ^(a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	91.27	68.64	-	91.27	61.32
University of Iloilo (UI) (a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	69.23	52.07	-	69.23	46.51
University of Pangasinan (UPANG) and Subsidiary ^(a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	69.33	52.14	-	69.33	46.58
Southwestern University (SWU) ^(a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	84.34	63.43	-	84.34	56.66
St. Jude College, Inc. (SJCI) (a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	98.30	73.93	_	98.30	66.04
Republican College, Inc. (RCI)	Educational institution	December 31	-	98.41	74.01	_	98.41	66.11
Rizal College of Laguna (RCL) (a)	Educational institution	April 30	-	90.00	67.69	_	90.00	60.46
Union College of Laguna (UCLI) (a)	Educational institution	December 31	-	80.91	60.85	_	80.91	54.36
Career Academy Asia, Inc. (CAA) ^(b)	Educational Institution	March 31	90.00	-	90.00	90.00	-	90.00
Philcement Corporation (PCC)	Manufacturing and distribution of cement products	December 31	60.00	-	60.00	60.00	-	60.00
P & S Holdings Corporation (PSHC)	Investment and real estate holdings	December 31	60.00	-	60.00	60.00	-	60.00
Asian Plaza, Inc. (API)	Lease of real property	December 31	57.62	-	57.62	57.62	_	57.62
PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation (PPHC) ^(d)	Real estate development	December 31	76.81	22.38	94.01	-	-	-
Community Developers and	Real estate	December 31	-	99.22	93.28	-	-	-
Construction Corporation (CDCC) ^(d) Community Property Managers Group, Inc. (CPMGI) ^(d)	development Property Management	December 31	-	95.75	90.01	_	_	-
ABCIC Property Holdings, Inc. (APHI)	Selling of real and personal properties	December 31	89.98	-	89.98	-	-	-
PHINMA Hospitality, Inc. (PHI) and Subsidiaries ^(d)	Management services and investment holdings	December 31	63.77	36.23	84.65	-	-	-
PHINMA Microtel Hotels, Inc. (PHINMA Microtel) ^(d)	Hotel franchising	December 31	51.00	-	51.00	-	-	-
Coral Way City Hotel Corp. (Coral Way)	Hotel operations	December 31	23.75	26.44	46.13	-	_	_
Krypton Esplanade Hotel Corporation (KEHC)	Hotel operations	December 31	-	100.00	46.13	-	-	-
One Animate Limited (OAL) and Subsidiary ^(c)	Business process outsourcing - animation services	December 31	80.00	-	80.00	80.00	-	80.00

^(a) Balances as at and for the year ended December 31 of these subsidiaries were used for consolidation purposes.

^(b) CAA ceased its operations on March 31, 2019.

(c) OAL owns 100.00% interest in Toon City Animation, Inc. (Toon City). OAL and Toon City ceased operations in April 2013.

^(a) On July 17, 2023, PHN acquired shares in the following companies: 36.71% ownership interest of PPHC; 63.47% ownership interest of APHI; 63.77% ownership interest of PHI; 51.00% ownership interest of PHINMA Microtel and 8.03% ownership interest of PEHI



The Parent Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Company") were all incorporated in the Philippines, except for OAL which was incorporated in Hong Kong. The Company's ultimate parent company is Philippine Investment-Management (PHINMA), Inc. (PHINMA, Inc.), which is also incorporated in the Philippines.

The information on the segments of the Company is presented in Note 41 to the consolidated financial statements.

The registered office address of the Parent Company is 12th Floor, PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023 were reviewed and recommended for approval by the Audit Committee on March 1, 2024. On March 5, 2024 the Board of Directors (BOD) approved the issuance of the Company's consolidated financial statements.

2. Basis of Preparation and Consolidation and Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investments held for trading, investments in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and derivative financial instruments that are measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine peso (\mathbb{P}) which is the Parent Company's functional and presentation currency. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand peso, except when otherwise indicated.

Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS), as modified by the application of the financial reporting reliefs issued and approved by SEC in response to COVID-19 pandemic.

The Company availed of the relief granted by the SEC under Memorandum Circular (MC) No. 34-2020 which further extended the deferral of Philippine Interpretations Committee (PIC) Q&A 2018-12-D (assessment if the transaction price includes a significant financing component) until December 31, 2023.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Parent Company and its controlled subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through power over the investee.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction and is shown as part of "Equity reserves" under the consolidated statement of changes in equity.



3. Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

Current Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new standards effective as at January 1, 2023. Unless otherwise indicated, adoption of these new standards did not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

Amendments to PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2, Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments provide guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by:

- Replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies, and
- Adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures

The amendments to the Practice Statement provide non-mandatory guidance.

The adoption resulted in the changes of accounting policy information to only include material accounting policy information.

Amendments to PAS 8, *Definition of Accounting Estimates*

The amendments introduce a new definition of accounting estimates and clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. Also, the amendments clarify that the effects on an accounting estimate of a change in an input or a change in a measurement technique are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors.

• Amendments to PAS 12, Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under PAS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

Future Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

Pronouncements issued but not yet effective are listed below. Unless otherwise indicated, the Company does not expect that the future adoption of the said pronouncements will have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements. The Company intends to adopt the following pronouncements when they become effective.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2024

Amendments to PAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

The amendments clarify:

- That only covenants with which an entity must comply on or before reporting date will affect a liability's classification as current or non-current.
- That classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right.

• That only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and must be applied retrospectively. The Group is currently assessing the impact the amendments will have on current practice and whether existing loan agreements may require renegotiation.

- Amendments to PFRS 16, Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback
- Amendments to PAS 7 and PFRS 7, Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2025

- PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts
- Amendments to PAS 21, Lack of exchangeability

Deferred effectivity

• Amendments to PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, and PAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments address the conflict between PFRS 10 and PAS 28 in dealing with the loss of control of a subsidiary that is sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture. The amendments clarify that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transfer to an associate or joint venture involves a business as defined in PFRS 3. Any gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that does not constitute a business, however, is recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

On January 13, 2016, the Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council deferred the original effective date of January 1, 2016 of the said amendments until the IASB completes its broader review of the research project on equity accounting that may result in the simplification of accounting for such transactions and of other aspects of accounting for associates and joint ventures.

 Adoption of the Deferred Provisions of PIC Q&A 2018-12, PFRS 15 Implementation Issues Affecting the Real Estate Industry (as amended by PIC Q&A 2020-04)

On February 14, 2018, the PIC issued PIC Q&A 2018-12 which provides guidance on some PFRS 15 implementation issues affecting the real estate industry. On October 25, 2018 and February 8, 2019, the Philippine SEC issued SEC MC No. 14-2018 and SEC MC No. 3-2019 respectively, providing relief to the real estate industry by deferring the application of the following provisions of this PIC Q&A for a period of three (3) years until December 31, 2020. On December 15, 2020, the Philippine SEC issued SEC MC No. 34-2020 which further extended the deferral of certain provisions of this PIC Q&A until December 31, 2023.



The PIC Q&A provisions covered by the Philippine SEC deferral that the Company availed in 2021 follows:

	Deferral Period
Assessing if the transaction price includes a significant	Until December 31, 2023
financing component as discussed in PIC Q&A 2018-12-D	
(as amended by PIC Q&A 2020-04)	

On July 8, 2021, to assist real estate companies to finally adopt the above mentioned PIC Q&A and IFRIC pronouncements and enable them to fully comply with PFRS 15 and revert to full PFRS, the SEC issued SEC MC No. 8-2021 amending the transition provision of the above PIC Q&A, which would provide real estate companies the accounting policy option of applying either the full retrospective approach or modified retrospective approach when they apply the provisions of the above PIC Q&A and IFRIC pronouncements.

After the deferral period, real estate companies would have to adopt PIC Q&A No. 2018-12 and any subsequent amendments thereto retrospectively or as the SEC will later prescribe.

PPHC availed of the SEC relief on the accounting for significant financing component of PIC Q&A No. 2018-12.

4. Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information

Financial Instruments - Initial Recognition and Subsequent Measurement

Financial assets

Initial Recognition and Measurement. Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortized cost, FVOCI, and FVPL.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Company's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Company has applied the practical expedient, the Company initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at FVPL, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Company has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under PFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or FVOCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at FVPL, irrespective of the business model.

The Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.



Subsequent Measurement. For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments)
- financial assets at FVOCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)
- financial assets designated at FVOCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)
- financial assets at FVPL

Financial Assets at Amortized Cost (Debt Instruments). Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in consolidated statement of income when the asset is derecognized, modified or impaired.

The Company's financial assets at amortized cost includes cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, refundable deposits (presented under "Input value-added taxes and other current assets" and "Other noncurrent assets") and deposits (presented under "Other noncurrent assets") as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Financial Assets Designated FVOCI (Equity Instruments). Upon initial recognition, the Company can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at FVOCI when they meet the definition of equity under PAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation* and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognized as "Investment income" in the consolidated statement of income when the right of payment has been established, except when the Company benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at FVOCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

The Company elected to classify irrevocably under this category its investment in club shares and non-listed equity investments as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Financial Assets at FVPL. Financial assets at FVPL are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

This category includes investments held for trading and non-listed equity investment which the Company had not irrevocably elected to classify at FVOCI. Dividends on listed equity investments are also recognized as "Investment income" in the consolidated statement of income when the right of payment has been established.

A derivative embedded in a hybrid contract, with a financial liability or non-financial host, is separated from the host and accounted for as a separate derivative if: the economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to the host; a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative; and the hybrid contract is not measured at FVPL.

Embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the FVPL category.



A derivative embedded within a hybrid contract containing a financial asset host is not accounted for separately. The financial asset host together with the embedded derivative is required to be classified in its entirety as either at amortized cost or at fair value depending on whether the cash flows of the hybrid contract are solely payments of principal and interest and the assessment of the business model within which the financial asset is held.

Modification of Financial Assets. The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new asset, with the difference between its carrying amount and the fair value of the new asset recognized as a derecognition gain or loss in profit or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded. The Company considers both qualitative and quantitative factors in assessing whether a modification of financial asset is substantial or not.

When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified and the renegotiation or modification does not result in the derecognition of that financial asset, the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset as the present value of the renegotiated or modified contractual cash flows discounted at the original EIR (or credit-adjusted EIR for purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets) and recognizes a modification gain or loss in the consolidated statement of income.

Derecognition. A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e., removed from the Company's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

Impairment of Financial Assets. The Company recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at FVPL. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original EIR. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

For cash and cash equivalents, other receivables and deposits (presented under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the consolidated statement of financial position), the Company applies a general approach which measures ECL on either a 12-month or lifetime basis depending on whether a significant increase in credit risks has occurred once initial recognition on whether an asset is considered to be credit-impaired, adjusted for the effects of collateral, forward-looking factors and time value of money.

For trade receivables [excluding real estate installment contracts receivable (ICR)], the Company applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience for trade receivables, and external-credit mapping for other debt instruments at amortized cost to calculate ECLs, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.



For its real estate ICR and contract assets, the Company uses the vintage analysis for ECL by calculating the cumulative loss rates of a given real estate ICR and contract asset pool. It derives the probability of default (PD) from the historical data of a homogenous portfolio that share the same origination period. The information on the number of defaults during fixed time intervals of the accounts is utilized to create the probability model. It allows the evaluation of the loan activity from its origination period until the end of the contract period.

The Company, in general, considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company. A financial asset is written off, in whole or in part, when the asset is considered uncollectible, the Company has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded that it has no reasonable expectations of recovering the financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

The receivables of PEHI, PCC, UGC and PPHC that were subjected to specific identification were not included in the credit loss computation. Specifically impaired receivables are receivables that have high non-collectibility risk and fully provided for ECL.

Financial Liabilities

Initial Recognition and Measurement. Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at FVPL, financial liabilities at amortized cost (loans and borrowings and payables), or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include notes payable, trade and other payables, trust receipts payable, due to related parties, lease liabilities, long-term debt, derivative liability and non-controlling interest put liability.

Subsequent Measurement. The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial Liabilities at FVPL. Financial liabilities at FVPL include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at FVPL. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by PFRS 9. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at FVPL are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in PFRS 9 are satisfied. This category includes the Company's derivative liability as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Loans and Borrowings and Payables. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings and other payables are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process.



Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as "Interest expense and other financing charges" in the consolidated statement of income.

This category generally applies to notes payable, trade and other payables, trust receipts payable, due to related parties, lease liabilities, long-term debt and non-controlling interest put liability of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Derecognition. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

Derivative Financial Instruments

Initial Recognition and Subsequent Measurement. The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Consequently, gains or losses from changes in fair value of these derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognized immediately in the consolidated statement of income as part of "Other income (expenses)". The Company has opted not to designate its derivative transactions under hedge accounting. The fair values of freestanding forward currency transactions are calculated by reference to current forward exchange rates for contracts with similar maturity profiles.

Non-controlling Interest Put Liability

While the NCI put remains unexercised, the Company accounts for it at the end of each reporting period as follows:

- (a) The Company determines the amount that would have been recognized for the NCI including an update to reflect allocations of profit or loss, allocations of changes in OCI and dividends declared for the reporting period, as required by PFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements*;
- (b) The Company derecognizes the NCI as if it was acquired at that date;
- (c) The Company recognizes a financial liability at the present value of the amount payable on exercise of the NCI put in accordance with PFRS 9. There is no separate accounting for the unwinding of the discount due to the passage of time; and
- (d) The Company accounts for the difference between (b) and (c) as an equity transaction.

If the NCI put is exercised, the same treatment is applied up to the date of exercise. The amount recognized as the financial liability at that date is extinguished by the payment of the exercise price.

If the NCI put expires unexercised, the position is unwound so that the NCI is recognized at the amount it would have been, as if the put option had never been granted. The financial liability is derecognized, with a corresponding credit to the same component of equity.



Determination of Fair Value

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell or transfer the liability takes place either:

- in the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to their fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to their fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The fair value for financial instruments traded in active markets at the reporting date is based on their quoted price or binding dealer price quotations (bid price for long positions and ask price for short positions), without any deduction for transaction costs. Securities defined in these account as 'listed' are traded in an active market. When the Company has financial assets and financial liabilities with offsetting positions in market risks or counterparty credit risk, it has elected to use the measurement exception to measure the fair value of its net risk exposure by applying the bid or ask price to the net open position as appropriate.

For all other financial instruments not traded in an active market, the fair value is determined by using valuation techniques deemed to be appropriate in the circumstances. Valuation techniques include the market approach (i.e., using recent arm's length market transactions adjusted as necessary and with reference to the current market value of another instrument that is substantially the same) and the income approach (i.e., discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models making as much use of available and supportable market data as possible).



For the purpose of the fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value (NRV). Costs incurred in bringing each inventory to its present location and conditions are accounted for as follows:

Finished goods	-	determined using the moving average method; cost includes direct materials, labor and a proportion of manufacturing overhead costs based on normal operating capacity but excludes borrowing costs.
Raw materials, spare parts and others	-	determined using the moving average method.

The net realizable value of inventories, except spare parts, is the selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. The net realizable value of spare parts is the current replacement cost.

Real Estate Inventories. Property acquired or being constructed for sale in the ordinary course of business, rather than to be held for rental or capital appreciation, is held as real estate inventory and are measured at the lower of cost and NRV. Principally, this is the land, condominium and residential units and parking slots that the Company develops and intends to sell before, or on completion of, development.

Cost incurred in bringing each property to its present location and condition includes:

- Acquisition costs of raw land;
- Amounts paid to contractors for construction and development; and
- Capitalized borrowing costs, planning and design costs, cost of site preparation, professional fees for legal services, property transfer taxes, development overheads and other related costs.

NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, based on market prices at the reporting date, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When a real estate inventory is sold, the carrying amount of the property is recognized as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognized. The carrying amount of the real estate inventory recognized in profit or loss is determined with reference to the directly attributable costs incurred on the property sold and an allocation of any other related costs based on the relative size of the property sold.

Construction Materials Inventory. This pertains to construction materials, which are stated at lower of cost and NRV. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method and composed of purchase price, transport, handling and other costs directly attributable to the acquisition. NRV of construction materials inventory is the current replacement cost. In determining the NRV, the Company considers any adjustment necessary for obsolescence.

Other Current Assets

Deferred charges. Deferred charges refer to scholarship and discounts unamortized as of the end of financial reporting period.



Prepaid taxes. This consists of creditable withholding taxes which are withheld from purchases to suppliers that will be used within the normal operating cycle of the Company.

Prepayments. Prepayments are expenses paid in advance and recorded as assets before they are utilized. Prepayments expected to be realized for no more than twelve months after the reporting period, are classified as current assets. Otherwise, they are classified as other noncurrent assets.

Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures

The Company's investments in associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method. The investments in associates and joint ventures are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Company's share of net assets of the associates, less any impairment in value.

The consolidated statement of income reflects the Company's share of the results of operations of the associates and joint ventures. In addition, when there has been a change recognized directly in the equity of the associates and joint ventures, the Company recognizes its share of any changes, when applicable, in equity. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Company and the associates and joint ventures and are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate or joint ventures.

The Company's share of profits or losses of its associates and joint ventures is shown on the face of the consolidated statement of income outside operating profit and represents profit. This is the profit or loss attributable to equity holders of the associates and joint ventures and therefore is profit or loss after tax and net of controlling interest in the subsidiaries of the associates and joint venture.

The accounting policies of the associates and joint ventures are consistent to those used by the Company for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. When necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Company.

When the Company's share of losses exceeds its interest in an equity-accounted associate and joint venture, the carrying amount of the investment, including any long-term interests that form part thereof, is reduced to zero, and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Company has an obligation or have made payments on behalf of the associates or joint ventures.

After application of the equity method, the Company determines whether it is necessary to recognize an additional impairment loss on the Company's investments in associates and joint ventures. The Company determines at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that the Company's investment in associates and joint ventures is impaired. If this is the case, the Company calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of its investment in the associates and joint ventures and its carrying amount and recognizes the amount in the Company's consolidated statement of income.

Upon loss of significant influence or joint control over the associates or joint venture, the Company measures and recognizes any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amounts of the Company's investment in the associates and joint ventures upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the remaining investment and proceeds from disposal is recognized in consolidated statement of income.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment, except land, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation, amortization and any impairment loss. Land is carried at cost (initial purchase price and other cost directly attributable to the acquisition) less any impairment loss.



Land, plant site improvements, buildings, plant and installations, machinery and equipment of UGC are stated at revalued amount before UGC adopted PFRS 1 in 2005. Upon adoption of PFRS, UGC elected to change its basis for measuring land, plant site improvements, buildings and installations, machinery and equipment from revalued amounts to the cost basis. Consequently, such assets are stated at "deemed cost" as allowed by the transitional provisions of the standard. There are no further increases in the asset revaluation reserve and the account is reduced by the amount of depreciation except for land, on appraisal increase charged to operations, net of tax effect, until the item of land, plant site improvements, buildings and installations, machinery and equipment is fully depreciated or upon its disposal. Such asset revaluation reserve has been closed to retained earnings.

Depreciation commences once the property, plant and equipment are available for use and is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

10 - 20 years
10 - 50 years
5 - 20 years
2 - 10 years
3 - 10 years
3 - 10 years or lease term,
whichever is shorter

Investment Properties

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including direct transaction costs.

The carrying amount includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time the cost is incurred, if the recognition criteria are met, and excludes the costs of day-to-day servicing of an investment property. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties (except land) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Land is carried at cost less any impairment in value.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over 50 years, the estimated useful lives of the depreciable investment properties, which refer to building, apartment and condominium units.

Depreciation of the building improvements is calculated over the shorter between the estimated useful life of the building improvements and the remaining useful life of the building unit.

Business Combinations, Goodwill and Impairment of Goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any NCI in the acquiree. For each business combination, the Company measures the NCI in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition costs incurred are expensed and included in general and administrative expenses.

When the Company acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree. If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss. It is then considered in the determination of goodwill.



Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as equity is not remeasured and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of PFRS 9, is measured at fair value with the changes in fair value recognized in the consolidated statement of income in accordance with PFRS 9. Other contingent consideration that is not within the scope of PFRS 9 is measured at fair value at each reporting date with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

Business combinations under common control used an accounting similar to pooling-of-interest method. In pooling-of-intrests method, the assets and liabilities of the acquired entities are based on the carrying values reported in the consolidated financial statements of the original parent. Accordingly, the assets and liabilities of the acquired entities will be based on the fair value as at the date the acquired entities became part of the original parent and adjusted for subsequent transactions. Any goodwill relating to the acquired entities that was recognized in the original parent's consolidated financial statements will also be recognized. No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognize any new assets or liabilities, at the date of combination that would otherwise be done under the acquisition method. The only adjustments that are made are to align the accounting policies. The difference in the carrying values of the acquired entities and the fair value of the consideration given is accounted for as "Other reserves" and is presented as a separate component of equity in the consolidated statement of financial position. Whereas, the carrying amount with respect to the new parent are the same as those in its existing financial statements prior to taking over control of the other entity.

The Company did not restate the periods prior to the combination under common control but retained the equity balances. While the financial information for periods prior to the transaction are not restated, the values assigned to the acquired entities, including equity reserves, are determined as if pooling had been applied since the entities were under common control. This means that any equity values associated with the acquired entities that would have been recognized in equity are carried over as at the date of transaction. This view of not restating balances is consistent with of the pooling-of-interests concept.

Further, the Company's common control business combination involves acquisition of partially owned subsidiaries of the original parent. The NCI is acquired as part of the common control business combination at the same time as the common control transaction. Accordingly, the acquisition of the NCI by the new parent is accounted for from the date of acquisition of these interests.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognized for NCI over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If this consideration is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the acquirer shall report in its financial statements provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. During the measurement period, the acquirer shall retrospectively adjust the provisional amounts recognized at the acquisition date to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date and, if known, would have affected the measurement of the amounts recognized as of that date. During the measurement period, the acquirer shall also recognize additional assets or liabilities if new information is obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date and, if known, would have resulted in the recognition of those assets and liabilities as of that date. The measurement period ends as soon as the acquirer receives the information it was seeking about facts



and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date or learns that more information is not obtainable. However, the measurement period shall not exceed one year from the acquisition date.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash generating units (CGUs) that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

When goodwill forms part of a CGU and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the CGU retained.

Impairment of Goodwill. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. Under PAS 36, *Impairment of Assets*, the Company is required to perform annual impairment tests on the amount of goodwill acquired in a business combination. Moreover, if the Company did not finalize the goodwill allocation to CGUs, as required by PAS 36, and there are indicators that the provisional goodwill may be impaired, an impairment test of the provisional goodwill is performed. Impairment is determined for goodwill by assessing the recoverable amount of each CGU (or group of CGUs) to which the goodwill relates. When the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than its carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognized. Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods.

Intangible Assets (Except for Goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and the expenditure is reflected in the consolidated statement of income in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

The useful lives of intangible assets are as follows:

Franchise	20 years
Software costs	5 years
Student lists	3 years
Leasehold rights	Based on the term in the facility lease agreement

Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the leasehold rights, student lists and software costs and franchise are accounted for by changing the appropriate amortization period or method, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

The amortization expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognized in the consolidated statement of income in the expense category consistent with the function of the intangible asset.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, and are recognized in consolidated statement of income.



Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that a nonfinancial asset, excluding goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives, may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for a nonfinancial asset is required, the Company makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs to sell and its value-in-use (VIU). The recoverable amount determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

- 16 -

In assessing VIU, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

The Company bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Company's CGU to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast generally cover a period of five years. For longer period, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year. Impairment losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of income in expense categories consistent with the function of impaired asset.

For nonfinancial assets excluding goodwill and other intangible asset with indefinite useful life, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset or CGU is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. However, that increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in consolidated statement of income. After such a reversal, the depreciation charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

Treasury Shares

Treasury shares are recorded at cost and deducted from the Company's equity. No gain or loss is recognized in the consolidated statement of income on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments. On subsequent issuance, any difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received is recognized under "Additional paid-in capital" account in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Shares of the Parent Company held by a subsidiary are reflected as treasury shares in the consolidated statements of changes in equity.

Equity Reserves

Other reserves consist of equity transactions other than capital contributions, such as equity transactions arising from transactions with NCI and share-based payment transactions.



When determining the Company's performance obligations, the Company assesses its revenue arrangements against specific criteria to determine if the Company is acting as principal or agent. The Company considers both the legal form and the substance of the agreement to determine each party's respective roles in the agreement.

The disclosures of significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions relating to revenue from contracts with customers are provided in Note 5.

The specific recognition criteria before revenue is recognized are as follows:

Sale of Goods. Revenue from sale of goods is principally derived from sale of roofing and other steel products, books, uniforms and incidentals, and pharmacy sales and payment is normally due upon delivery to customers or up to 60 days for sale of roofing and other steel products. Revenue from stand-alone sale of roofing and other steel products, sale of books, uniforms and incidentals in bookstores and sale of medicines and supplies in pharmacy are considered as single performance obligations and recognized at a point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the promised goods.

There are no other promises in these types of arrangements that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of the transaction price needs to be allocated (e.g., warranties, customer loyalty points). There are no variable consideration, significant financing components, noncash consideration, and consideration payable to the customer that could affect the determination of the transaction price.

Certain books, uniforms and incidentals are included already in the total amount of fees to be paid by the students upon enrolment. The consideration for these goods are assessed separately from tuition and other fees. The Company determined that these goods are distinct promises from the educational services since the students can benefit from the books, uniforms and incidentals either on their own or together with other resources that are readily available to the student, and the Company's promise to transfer the said goods to the students is separately identifiable from the educational services in the contract.

Installation Services. The Company provides installation services for roofing and other steel products that are bundled together with the sale of the roofing and other steel products and payment is normally due within 60 days from progress billing. The Company assessed that while the installation services can be obtained by the customers from other providers, the installation and the goods are not distinct within the context of the contract since the Company provides a significant service of integrating the goods or services with other goods or services promised in the contract into a bundle of goods or services that represent the combined output for which the customer has contracted. In other words, the Company is using the goods or services as inputs to produce or deliver the combined output specified by the customer.

Hence, the transaction price which corresponds to the contract price net of discount is allocated entirely to the installation service. The Company recognizes revenue from installation services over time, using an output method based on the percentage of completion to measure progress towards complete satisfaction of the service, because the customer controls an asset as it is created or enhanced by the Company in the customer's premises.

Tuition, School Fees and Other Services. Revenue is recognized over time when the related educational services are rendered using the output method (i.e., time lapsed over the service period such as semester or school year, depending on the curriculum registered). Total assessments of tuition and other school fees, net of monthly amortization to revenue, are recorded as part of

"Contract liabilities" account in the consolidated statement of financial position and are normally due upon enrollment up to 5 months which corresponds to one semester.

Hospital Routine Services. Revenue is recognized over time upon rendering of medical services and administration of medicines and other pharmaceutical products to in-patient customers to be used in their medical operations and payment is due normally upon performance of the service up to one year. The Company elects to use the right to invoice practical expedient in recognizing revenue because the Company has a right to the consideration from the patient in an amount that corresponds directly with the value to the patient of the Company's performance to date. The Company assessed that the medical services and products used by in-patients are not distinct within the context of the contract since the Company provides a significant service of integrating the promises within the contract. The total consideration, net of discount, for the medical services and the medicines used by in-patients comprises the transaction price which is allocated entirely to hospital routine services.

Consultancy Services. Revenue from consultancy services are recognized over time using an outputbased measure of progress based on milestones achieved assessed by project managers since based on the terms and conditions of the Company's contract with its customers, the Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use and the Company has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. Payment for consultancy services is normally due within 60 days from progress billing. Revenue from consultancy services also include the revenue on services provided by the Parent Company as a consultant in establishing and facilitating cement sale deals between its subsidiary and a cement seller.

Real Estate Sales. The Company enters into contracts with customers to sell property that are either completed or under development.

Completed Real Estate Inventory

The sale of completed property constitutes a single performance obligation and the Company has determined that it is satisfied at the point in time when control is transferred. For unconditional exchange of contracts, this generally occurs when legal title is transferred to the customer. For conditional exchanges, this generally occurs when all significant conditions are satisfied.

Real Estate Inventory under Development

The Company considers whether there are promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of the transaction price needs to be allocated. For contracts relating to sale of property under development, the Company is responsible for the overall management of the project and identifies various goods and services to be provided, including design work, procurement of materials, site preparation and foundation pouring, framing and plastering, mechanical and electrical work, installation of fixtures (e.g., windows, doors, cabinetry, etc.) and finishing work. The Company accounts for these items as a single performance obligation because it provides a significant service integrating the goods and services (the inputs) in the completed property (the combined output) which the customer has contracted to buy.

For the sale of real estate inventory under development, the Company has determined that its performance does not create an asset with alternative use to the Company based on the terms and conditions of its contract with the buyers and it has concluded, at all times, it has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. Therefore control is transferred and revenue is recognized over time.



The Company's performance is measured using input method, by reference to the costs incurred to the satisfaction of a performance obligation (e.g., resources consumed, labor hours expended, costs incurred, time elapsed or machine hours used) relative to the total expected inputs to the completion of the property. The Company excludes the effect of any costs incurred that do not contribute to the Company's performance in transferring control of goods or services to the customer (such as unexpected amounts of wasted materials, labor or other resources) and adjusts the input method for any costs incurred that are not proportionate to the Company's progress in satisfying the performance obligation (such as land, mobilization costs, temporary facilities and uninstalled materials).

Revisions in the estimated development costs brought about by increases in projected costs in excess of the original budgeted amounts, for part of total project costs on a prospective basis, is allocated between costs of sales and real estate inventories.

Construction Contracts. Revenue from construction contracts are recognized over time using the input method. Input method recognizes revenue on the basis of the entity's efforts or inputs to the satisfaction of a performance obligation. Progress is measured based on actual resources consumed such as materials, labor hours expended and actual overhead incurred relative to the total expected inputs to the satisfaction of that performance obligation, or the total estimated costs of the project. The Company uses the cost accumulated by the accounting department to determine the actual resources used. Input method exclude the effects of any inputs that do not depict the entity's performance in transferring control of goods or services to the customer.

Contract costs include all direct materials and labor costs and those indirect costs related to contract performance. Expected losses on onerous contracts are recognized immediately when it is probable that the total unavoidable contract costs will exceed total contract revenue. The amount of such loss is determined irrespective of whether or not work has commenced on the contract; the stage of completion of contract activity; or the amount of profits expected to arise on other contracts, which are not treated as a single construction contract. Changes in contract performance, contract conditions and estimated profitability, including those arising from contract penalty provisions and final contract settlements that may result in revisions to estimated costs and gross margins are recognized in the year in which the changes are determined. Profit incentives are recognized as revenue when their realization is reasonably assured.

Service Fees. Service fees pertains to rental management, technical services and property administration and management. These services pertain to the Company's obligation to look for different tenants and manage different condominium covered by the management agreement. Related fees are recognized over time when services are rendered.

Unit Improvement Income. Unit improvement income under pre-completion stage are recognized over time during the construction period or percentage of completion (POC) since based on the terms and conditions of its contract with the buyers, the Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use and the Company has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

In measuring the progress of its performance obligation over time, the Company uses output method. The Company recognizes revenue on the basis of direct measurements of the value to customers of the goods or services transferred to date, relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract. Progress is measured using survey of performance completed to date. This is based on the monthly project accomplishment report prepared by the third-party surveyor as approved by the construction manager which integrates the surveys of performance to date of the construction activities for both sub-contracted and those that are fulfilled by the developer itself.



Water Revenues. Revenue from water services is recognized upon the supply of water to the customers and when the related services are rendered. The performance obligations are satisfied over-time.

Forfeitures and Cancellations of Real Estate Contracts. Income from forfeited reservation and collections is recognized when the deposits from potential buyers are deemed nonrefundable due to prescription of the period for entering into a contracted sale. Such income is also recognized, subject to the provisions of Republic Act (RA) No. 6552, *Realty Installment Buyer Act*, upon prescription of the period for the payment of required amortizations from defaulting buyers.

In 2021, PPHC adopted the third acceptable approach in accounting for cancellations under PIC Q&A 2020-05 where the cancellation is accounted for as a modification of the contract (i.e., from non-cancellable to being cancellable). Under this approach, revenues and related costs previously recognized shall be reversed in the period of cancellation and the inventory shall be reinstated at cost.

Commission Income. Revenue from commissions is recognized upon collection of insurance premium from policyholders.

Management Fees. Management fees represent payment to the Company for services rendered as covered by existing management contracts. Management fees are recognized over time when earned based on a certain percentage of gross revenues of hotels as provided in the management contracts.

License, Marketing and Reservation Fees. License fees represent payment to the Company in consideration for the services provided by the Company to hotel licensees with respect to training, consultation, compliance and other services. Marketing and reservation fees represent the share of the hotel licensee in the marketing and promotional efforts provided by the Company for the hotel brand. License, marketing and reservation fees are recognized over time when earned based on certain percentage of gross revenues of the licensees as provided in the license agreements.

Franchise Fees. Franchise fees represent the one-time fee payment equivalent to a fixed rate upon signing of the license agreement. Franchise fees are recognized when earned based on certain amount per guest room of the licensee.

Hotel Operations. Revenue is recognized based on actual occupancy. Based on the Company's assessment, all of the Company's contracts with customers generally undertake to provide single performance obligation are fixed price which is mainly hotel services and sale of goods.

The Company recognizes revenue as the services are rendered over time. Revenue from stand-alone sale of hotel supplies are considered as a single performance obligation recognized at a point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the promised goods.

Contract Balances

Receivables. A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

Contract Assets. A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Company performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognized for the earned consideration that is conditional. The Company currently does not have right to consideration that is conditional.



For the Company's real estate segment, the amounts recognized as revenue related to sale of a property under development for a given period do not necessarily coincide with the amounts billed to or certified by the customer. In the case of contracts in which the goods or services transferred to the customer exceed the related amount billed, the difference is recognized as a contract asset.

For the Company's construction segment, contract assets include costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts which represents total costs incurred and estimated earnings recognized in excess of amounts billed.

Contract Liabilities. A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognized when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue when the Company performs under the contract. These pertain to unearned revenue from tuition, school and other service fees and deposits from customers for future goods and services.

For the Company's real estate segment, contract liability is recognized in the case of contracts in which the goods or services transferred are lower than the amount billed to the customer.

For the Company's construction segment, contract liabilities include billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts which represents billings in excess of total costs incurred and estimated earnings recognized.

Costs to Obtain Contract. The Company pays sales commission to its employees for each contract that they obtain for sale of roofing and other steel products and installation services. The Company has elected to apply the optional practical expedient for costs to obtain a contract which allows the Company to immediately expense sales commissions included under "Selling expenses" account because the amortization period of the asset that the Company otherwise would have used is one year or less.

On the other hand, the Company's real estate segment pays sales commission to its brokers and marketing agents for contracts that they obtain to sell certain units of property and capitalizes the incremental cost of obtaining a contract that meet the criteria in PFRS 15. These costs are amortized and are charged to expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognized as earned. Capitalized costs to obtain such contracts are represented as "Cost to obtain contract" under "Other current assets" account in the consolidated statement of financial position and its amortization is included in the "Operating expenses" as "Commission expense" in the consolidated statement of income.

The real estate segment assesses, at each reporting date, whether the carrying amount exceeds the remaining amount of consideration that the entity expects to receive in exchange for the residential development less the costs that relate directly to completing the development and that have not been recognized as expenses.

Contract Fulfillment Assets. The Company's contract fulfillment costs pertain to cost of temporary facilities, mobilization and demobilization costs, capitalized borrowing costs and land acquisition costs as included in the "Inventories" account in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Company amortizes contract fulfillment assets over the expected construction period using POC following the pattern of real estate revenue recognition. The amortization is included within cost of sales (for contract fulfillment asset) and operating expenses (for capitalized costs to obtain a contract).



Other Revenues

Investment Income. Investment income includes net gains and losses on investments held for trading and interest income. Interest income is recognized as the interest accrues, taking into account the effective yield on the asset. Dividend income is recognized when the shareholder's right to receive the payment is established.

Rental Income. Revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term or based on the terms of the lease as applicable.

Costs and Expenses

Costs and expenses are generally recognized as incurred. Costs and expenses constitute the following:

Cost of Sales, Cost of Real Estate Sold and Construction Services, Cost of Educational Services, Cost of Installation Services, Cost of Hotel Operations, Cost of Hospital Services, and Cost of Management Services. Cost of sales includes direct materials used, personnel costs, as well as repair and power and fuel used to run production of steel products. Cost of sales also includes cost of books, uniforms and incidentals and cost of medicines and pharmaceutical products sold. Cost of educational services constitutes costs incurred to administer academic instruction. Cost of hospital services includes professional fees paid to medical personnel, utilities and other medical supplies used to render medical services. Costs of hotel services includes advertising and promotions expenses incurred for advertising schemes and promotional activities for indorsing the project hotels of the Company. Costs of real estate sold includes cost of land and development. Costs of management services constitute costs incurred for the general management of all operations and personnel of customers and costs of administering the business. These expenses are expensed as incurred.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses constitute costs of administering the business and are expensed as incurred.

Selling Expenses. Selling expenses include costs of distribution of steel products, books, incidentals, personnel costs, freight expenses, commission and advertising. Selling expenses are expensed as incurred.

Pension and Other Employee Benefits

Defined Benefit Plan. The Parent Company, PHI, PHINMA Microtel Hotels, PPHC, Coral Way, PCC, UGC, PEHI, UPANG, AU, COC, UI, SJCI, RC, RCL, UCLI and SWU have distinct funded, noncontributory defined benefit retirement plans covering all permanent employees, each administered by their respective Retirement Committees. The rest of the subsidiaries have no retirement plan either because the subsidiaries ceased commercial operations or accounting or administrative functions are handled by an employee of another company within the group. Retirement costs on these defined benefit retirement plans are actuarially determined using the projected unit credit method.

The net pension liability or asset is the aggregate of the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period reduced by the fair value of plan assets (if any), adjusted for any effect of limiting a net defined benefit asset to the asset ceiling. The asset ceiling is the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

Net pension cost comprises the following:

- service cost;
- net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset; and
- remeasurement of defined benefit liability or asset in OCI



Service costs which include current service costs, past service costs and gains or losses on nonroutine settlements are recognized as expense in the consolidated statement of income. Past service costs are recognized when plan amendment or curtailment occurs.

Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset is the change during the period in the net defined benefit liability or asset that arises from the passage of time which is determined by applying the discount rate based on government bonds to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset is recognized as expense or income in the consolidated statement of income.

Remeasurements comprising actuarial gains and losses, return on plan assets and any change in the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding net interest on defined benefit liability) are recognized immediately in OCI in the period in which they arise. Remeasurements are not reclassified to the consolidated statement of income in subsequent periods but rather these are closed to retained earnings every end of the period.

Plan assets are assets that are held by a long-term employee benefit fund or qualifying insurance policies. Plan assets are not available to the creditors of the Company, nor can they be paid directly to the Company. Fair value of plan assets is based on market price information. When no market price is available, the fair value of plan assets is estimated by discounting expected future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects both the risk associated with the plan assets and the maturity or expected disposal date of those assets (or if they have no maturity, the expected period until the settlement of the related obligations).

The Company's right to be reimbursed of some or all of the expenditure required to settle a defined benefit obligation is recognized as a separate asset at fair value when and only when reimbursement is virtually certain.

Defined Contribution Plan. The Parent Company also provides a defined contribution plans that cover all regular full-time employees under which the Company pays fixed contributions based on the percentage contributed by the employees from their monthly salaries. The retirement funds for the defined benefit and defined contribution plans cannot be used to meet the funding requirements of each other. While the Company is covered under Republic Act (R.A.) 7641, otherwise known as *"The Philippine Retirement Law"*, which provides for qualified employees to receive a defined minimum guarantee, the existing defined benefit plan is sufficient to cover the required minimum retirement obligation under the law. Accordingly, the Company accounts for its monthly defined contribution as expense when incurred.

Termination Benefits. Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of an employee's employment as a result of either an entity's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date or an employee's decision to accept an offer of benefits in exchange for the termination of employment.

A liability and expense for a termination benefit is recognized at the earlier of when the entity can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the entity recognizes related restructuring costs. Initial recognition and subsequent changes to termination benefits are measured in accordance with the nature of the employee benefit, as either post-employment benefits, short-term employee benefits, or other long-term employee benefits.

Employee Leave Entitlement. Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognized as a liability when they are accrued to the employees.



Leases

Company as Lessee. The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases. The Company recognizes lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right-of-use Assets. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation
and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. Unless the
Company is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease
term, the recognized right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of
its estimated useful life and the lease term as follow:

Land	5-25 years
Buildings	3.5-5 years
Warehouses	2-20 years
Vehicles	3-3.5 years
Others	3-5 years

Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment.

• Lease Liabilities. At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term Leases. The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date or initial application of PFRS 16 and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Company as Lessor. Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the consolidated income to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are earned.



Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense in the consolidated statement of income. When the Company expects a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recorded as a separate asset but only when the receipt of the reimbursement is virtually certain.

Foreign Currency-denominated Transactions and Translation

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine peso, which is the Parent Company's functional and presentation currency. The subsidiaries determine their own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each subsidiary are measured using that functional currency.

Other than OAL, the functional and presentation currency of the subsidiaries within the Company is Philippine peso. The functional currency of OAL is U.S. dollar. The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into Philippine peso at the rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and their income statements are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transactions. The exchange differences arising on the translation are recognized in OCI. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of OCI relating to that particular foreign operation is recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

Taxes

Current Income Tax. Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authority. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date.

Deferred Income Tax. Deferred income tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward benefits of unused tax credits from excess minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) and unused tax losses from net operating loss carry over (NOLCO), to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward benefits of unused MCIT and NOLCO can be utilized, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates and interest in joint venture. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each



reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred income tax relating to items recognized outside the consolidated statement of income is recognized outside profit or loss. Deferred income tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Value-Added Tax (VAT). Revenue, expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of VAT, if applicable.

When VAT from sales of goods and/or services (output VAT) exceeds VAT passed on from purchases of goods or services (input VAT), the excess is recognized as part of "Income and other taxes payable" account in the consolidated statements of financial position. When VAT passed on from purchases of goods or services (input VAT) exceeds VAT from sales of goods and/or services (output VAT), the excess is recognized as part of "Input value-added taxes" account in the consolidated balance sheet to the extent of the recoverable amount.

Earnings per Common Share (EPS) Attributable to the Equity Holders of the Parent

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income attributable to the common equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of outstanding common shares during the year after giving retroactive effect to any stock dividend declared during the year.

The Company does not have potential common share or other instruments that may entitle the holder to common shares. Hence, diluted EPS is the same as basic EPS.

Segment Reporting

The Company is organized into six major business segments namely, investment holdings, property development, construction materials, educational services, hospitality, hotel franchising and management and business process outsourcing (BPO). Financial information about the Company's business segments is presented in Note 41 to the consolidated financial statements.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements. They are disclosed in the notes to consolidated financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements but are disclosed in the notes to consolidated financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Events After Financial Reporting Date

Post year-end events up to the date of approval of the consolidated financial statements by the BOD that provide additional information about the Company's financial position at the reporting date (adjusting events) are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Post year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

5. Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The accompanying consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with PFRS require management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and related notes. In preparing the Company's consolidated financial statements, management has made its best judgments, estimates and assumptions of certain amounts, giving due consideration to materiality. The judgments, estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of





relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

The Company believes the following represents a summary of these significant judgments, estimates and assumptions and related impact and associated risks in its consolidated financial statements.

Judgments

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the Company's consolidated financial statements:

Revenue Recognition for Real Estate

i. Existence of a Contract.

The Company's primary document for a contract with a customer is a signed contract to sell. It has determined however, that in cases wherein contract to sell are not signed by both parties, the combination of its other signed documentation such as reservation agreement, official receipts, quotation sheets and other documents, would contain all the criteria to qualify as contract with the customer under PFRS 15.

In addition, part of the assessment process of the Company before revenue recognition is to assess the probability that the Company will collect the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the real estate property that will be transferred to the customer. In evaluating whether collectability of an amount of consideration is probable, the Company considers the significance of the customer's initial payments in relation to the total contract price. Collectability is also assessed by considering factors such as past credit history of customer, age, pricing of the property and ability to comply with the documentary requirements. The Company requires a certain percentage of buyer's payments of total selling price (buyer's equity), to be collected as one of the criteria in order to initiate revenue recognition. Reaching this level of collection is an indication of buyer's continuing commitment and the probability that economic benefits will flow to the Company. Management regularly evaluates the historical cancellations and back-outs if it would still support its current threshold of customers' equity before commencing revenue recognition.

From September 1, 2020, the Company changed its policy and criteria for recognizing real estate revenues for its Home Development Mutual Fund (HDMF), bank and in-house financing schemes. Previously, a contract is considered to meet the revenue recognition criteria once it has breached the minimum collection threshold and met certain documentary requirements. The change beginning September 1, 2020 resulted to management requiring a lower collection requirement for bank and in-house financed real estate sales, while a higher collection threshold and more stringent documentation for HDMF-financed real estate sales. Management takes the view that this revised collection threshold provides reliable and more relevant information considering that there were minimal backouts under the previous collection requirement for bank and in-house financed sales. For its HDMF financing scheme, the change was in response to the challenges brought by the COVID-19 pandemic, which limited the documentary requirements required by HDMF in the facilitation of loan take-outs for real estate sales. The effect in 2021 was increase in revenue of £287.2 million, with corresponding impact on tax. The impact on future periods cannot be presently determined as it is dependent on existing and future sales contracts that will or will not fall or meet the new collection threshold and/ or documentary requirements.



For construction contracts, the Company assessed that various documents or arrangements (whether separately or collectively) will create a contract in accordance with PFRS 15. The Company considered relevant facts and circumstances including customary business practices and assessed that the enforceability of its documents or arrangements depends on the nature and requirements stated in the terms of those documents or arrangements. Certain documents that indicate enforceability of contract include Letter/ Notice of Award, Letter of Intent, Notice to Proceed and Purchase Order.

ii. Revenue Recognition Method.

For sale of real estate inventories under development, the Company has concluded that revenue is to be recognized over time because: (a) the Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use and; (b) the Company has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. The promised property is specifically identified in the contract and the contractual restriction on the Company's ability to direct the promised property for another use is substantive. This is because the property promised to the customer is not interchangeable with other properties without breaching the contract and without incurring significant costs that otherwise would not have been incurred in relation to that contract. In addition, under the current legal framework, the customer is contractually obliged to make payments to the developer up to the performance completed to date.

The Company has determined that input method used in measuring progress of the performance obligation faithfully depicts the Company's performance in transferring control of real estate development to the customers.

For construction contracts, the Company concluded that revenue is to be recognized over time because: (a) the customer controls assets as it is created or enhanced; (b) the Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use; and (c) the Company has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. The Company assessed that the first criterion is consistent with the rationale for POC revenue recognition approach for constructed and the Company builds the asset on the customer's land and the customer can generally control any work in progress arising from the Company's performance. The last criterion is evident in the actual provisions of the contract. As the Company cannot direct the asset to another customer, it satisfies the criteria of no alternative use.

The Company elected to use the input method to measure the progress of the fulfillment of its performance obligation, which is based on the actual costs incurred to date relative to the total estimated costs to complete the construction projects. The Company believes that this method faithfully depicts the Company's performance towards satisfaction of its performance obligation because there is a direct relationship between the Company's efforts (i.e., costs incurred) and the transfer of control of the services provided to the customer.

iii. Identifying Performance Obligation.

Construction projects of the Company usually includes individually distinct goods and services. These goods and services are distinct as the customers can benefit from the service on its own and are separately identifiable. However, the Company assessed that goods and services are not separately identifiable from other promises in the contract. The Company provides significant service of integrating the various goods and services (inputs) into a single output for which the customer has contracted. Consequently, the Company accounts for all of the goods and services in the contract as a single performance obligation.



iv. Consideration of Significant Financing Component in a Construction Contract. The Company usually imposes to its customers a percentage of contract price as an advance payment of the total contract price as mobilization fees. The Company concluded that there is no significant financing component for those contracts where the customer pays in advance, considering: (a) the advance payments have historically been recouped within 12 months from the reporting date; and (b) the billings are normally based on the POC. The lag time between performance of construction service which is measured through POC and actual billing and billing to collection is substantially within 12 months.

Material Partly-owned Subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements include additional information about subsidiaries that have NCI that are material to the Company (see Note 8). Management determined material partly-owned subsidiaries as those with carrying value of NCI greater than 5% of total NCI as at end of the year.

Material Associates and Joint Ventures. Management determined material associates and joint ventures as those associates and joint ventures where the carrying amount of the Company's investment is greater than 5% of the total investments in associates and joint ventures as at end of the year and the associate or joint venture contributes more than 5% of the consolidated net income based on the equity in net earnings/losses. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company has no material associates and joint ventures (see Note 13).

Determining the Lease Term of Contracts with Renewal and Termination Options – Company as a Lessee. The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Company has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Company applies judgment in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customization to the leased asset).

Rent expense for short-term leases amounted to ₽166.0 million, ₽113.5 million and ₽103.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Notes 27, 28 and 38).

Estimates and Assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed in the succeeding paragraphs.

Business Combination. The Company's consolidated financial statements and financial performance reflect acquired businesses after the completion of the respective acquisition. The Company accounts for the acquired businesses using the acquisition method, which require extensive use of accounting judgments and estimates to allocate the purchase price to the fair market values of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities and contingent liabilities, if any, at the acquisition date. Any excess in the purchase price over the estimated fair market values of the net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill in the Company's consolidated statement of financial position. Thus, the numerous judgments made in estimating the fair market value to be assigned to the acquiree's assets and liabilities can materially affect the Company's financial performance.



On May 21, 2021, PEHI and the shareholders of UCLI entered into a Share and Asset Purchase Agreement to acquire 65.76% of the total issued and outstanding capital stock of UCLI for a consideration of P86.8 million which resulted in allocation of the purchase consideration to the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities of UCLI as at the date of the acquisition were finalized in 2022 and are disclosed in Note 6.

Leases - Estimating the Incremental Borrowing Rate. The Company cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate (IBR) to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Company would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Company 'would have to pay', which requires estimation when no observable rates are available (such as for subsidiaries that do not enter into financing transactions) or when they need to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease (for example, when leases are not in the subsidiary's functional currency). The Company estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates (such as the subsidiary's stand-alone credit rating).

The Company's lease liabilities amounted to p224.5 million and p314.1 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 38).

Estimating Allowance for ECLs

The following information explains the inputs, assumptions and techniques used by the Company in estimating ECL:

General approach for cash and cash equivalents, other receivables and deposits

The ECL is measured on either a 12-month or lifetime basis depending on whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred since initial recognition or whether an asset is considered to be credit-impaired. The Company considers the probability of its counterparty to default in its obligation and the expected loss at default after considering the effects of collateral, any potential value when realized, forward-looking estimates and time value of money.

Simplified approach for receivables from customers

The Company uses a simplified approach for calculating ECL on receivables from customers through the use of provision matrix to calculate ECLs. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns (i.e., by geography and customer type and rating).

The provision matrix is initially based on the Company's historical observed default rates. The Company will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e., gross domestic product) are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the Company's operating segments, the historical default rates are adjusted. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking rates are analyzed.

For the Company's real estate segment, it uses vintage analysis approach to calculate ECLs for real estate ICR and contract assets. The vintage analysis accounts for expected losses by calculating the cumulative loss rates of a given loan pool. It derives the probability of default



from the historical data of a homogenous portfolio that share the same origination period. The information on the number of defaults during fixed time intervals of the accounts is utilized to create the probability of default (PD) model. It allows the evaluation of the loan activity from its origination period until the end of the contract period.

Incorporation of forward-looking information

The Company considers a range of relevant forward-looking macro-economic assumptions for the determination of unbiased general industry adjustments and any related specific industry adjustments that support the calculation of ECLs. A broad range of forward-looking information are considered as economic inputs such as the gross domestic product, inflation rate, unemployment rates, industry growth rates and other economic indicators.

The macroeconomic factors are aligned with information used by the Company for other purposes such as strategic planning and budgeting.

The Company identifies and documents key drivers of credit risk and credit losses of each portfolio of financial instruments and, using an analysis of historical data, has estimated relationships between macro-economic variables and credit risk and credit losses.

Predicted relationship between the key macro-economic indicators and default and loss rates on various portfolios of financial assets have been developed based on analyzing historical data over the past three (3) to five (5) years. The methodologies and assumptions including any forecasts of future economic conditions are reviewed regularly.

Grouping of instruments for losses measured on collective basis

For expected credit loss provisions modelled on a collective basis, a grouping of exposures is performed on the basis of shared risk characteristics, such that risk exposures within a segmentation are homogeneous. The Company segmentized its receivable from students on the basis of the geographical location of each school (e.g., Pangasinan, Cebu, Iloilo, Nueva Ecija, Manila, Quezon City, Cagayan de Oro) while receivable from customers of construction materials are segmentized based on the type of customer (e.g., contractors, hardwares, developers, roofing specialists, fabricators and end users). Receivable from patients, consultancy services, and others are assessed as separate segments. Receivables from real estate sales are grouped based on shared risk characteristics, such that risk exposures within a group are homogenous. In performing this grouping, there must be sufficient information for the Company to be statistically credible. Where sufficient information is not available internally, the Company has considered benchmarking internal/external supplementary data to use for modelling purposes. The characteristics and any supplementary data used to determine groupings for real estate receivables are (i) bank financing, (ii) in-house financing and (iii) HDMF financing.

The following credit exposures are assessed individually:

- a. All stage 3 assets, which are considered to be specifically impaired, regardless of the class of financial assets; and
- b. Cash and cash equivalents, other receivables and deposits

There have been no significant changes in estimation techniques or significant assumptions. The receivables of the Company that were subjected to specific identification were not included in the credit loss computation. Specifically impaired receivables are receivables that have high non-collectibility risk and fully provided for ECL.



The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Company's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future. The changes in the gross carrying amount of receivables during the year and impact of COVID-19 pandemic did not materially affect the allowance for ECLs.

Provision for ECL amounted to P88.1 million, P178.8 million and P185.9 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 28). The allowance for ECL amounted to P1,524.7 million and P1,377.4 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables amounted to P8,845.5 million and P5,807.3 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 (see Note 11).

Estimating Net Realizable Value of Inventories. The Company carries inventories at net realizable value when this becomes lower than cost due to damage, physical deterioration, obsolescence, changes in price levels or other causes.

The Company recognized provision (reversal) for inventory obsolescence of ($\mathbb{P}7.4$ million) and $\mathbb{P}4.0$ million in 2023 and 2022, respectively. Write-off of inventory amounted to nil in 2023 and 2022. The allowance for inventory obsolescence amounted to $\mathbb{P}6.7$ million and $\mathbb{P}14.1$ million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The carrying amounts of inventories amounted to $\mathbb{P}3,765.0$ million and $\mathbb{P}2,376.0$ million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Impairment of Goodwill. The Company performs impairment testing of goodwill on an annual basis or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. This requires an estimation of the VIU of the CGU to which the goodwill is allocated. VIU is determined by making an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the CGU and applies a discount rate to calculate the present value of these cash flows. Goodwill acquired through business combination has been allocated to one CGU which is also the operating entity acquired through business combination and to which the goodwill relates. The recoverable amount of goodwill has been determined based on VIU calculation using cash flow projections covering a five-year period. The calculation of VIU for the Company's goodwill is sensitive to revenue growth rates and discount rates. Revenue growth rates estimates are based on values acquired in previous years and also takes into account anticipated increase from various market initiatives. Discount rate reflects the current market assessment of the risk specific to each CGU. The discount rate is based on the average percentage of the weighted average cost of capital for the industry. This rate is further adjusted to reflect the market assessment of any risk specific to the CGU for which future estimates of cash flows have not been adjusted.

	Good	dwill	Pre-tax Disc	count	Growth Ra	tes
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
SWU	₽996,484	₽996,484	12.1%	14.9%	5%	5%
UPANG	385,817	385,817	12.1%	14.6%	5%	5%
UI	213,995	213,995	12.1%	14.6%	5%	5%
SJCI	103,992	103,992	12.1%	14.7%	5%	5%
RCI	61,286	61,286	12.1%	15.4%	5%	5%
AU	35,917	35,917	12.1%	14.6%	5%	5%
COC	20,445	20,445	12.1%	14.6%	5%	5%
PPHC	4,122	_	12.1%	_	5%	_
	₽1,822,058	₽1,817,936				

The carrying amount of goodwill, pre-tax discount rates and growth rates applied to cash flow projections for impairment testing are as follows:



Management believes that no reasonably possible change in these key assumptions would cause the carrying values of goodwill to materially exceed its recoverable amount. The Company performs its annual testing of goodwill every December 31.

There was no impairment loss on goodwill in 2023 and 2022. The carrying amount of goodwill amounting to P1,822.1 million and P1,817.9 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, was presented under "Intangible assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position (see Note 18).

Realizability of Deferred Tax Assets. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. The assessment in the recognition of deferred tax assets on temporary differences is based on the level and timing of forecasted taxable income of the subsequent reporting periods. This forecast is based on past results and future expectations on revenues and expenses. However, there is no assurance that sufficient taxable profit will be generated to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized.

Carrying values of deferred tax assets amounted to P804.2 million and P421.4 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 34). The Company's deductible temporary differences, unused NOLCO and MCIT, for which no deferred tax assets are recognized in the consolidated statements of financial position are disclosed in Note 34.

Estimating Useful Lives of Property, Plant and Equipment, Investment Properties and Intangible Assets with Finite Useful Lives. The Company estimates the useful lives of depreciable property, plant and equipment, depreciable investment properties and intangible assets with finite useful lives based on the period over which the property, plant and equipment, investment properties and intangible assets with finite useful lives are expected to be available for use and on the collective assessment of industry practice, internal technical evaluation and experience with similar assets and in the case of intangible assets, useful lives are also based on the contracts covering such intangible assets. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and intangible assets with finite useful lives are reviewed at each financial year-end and updated if expectations differ materially from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence and legal or other limits on the use of the property, plant and equipment, investment properties and intangible assets with finite useful lives. However, it is possible that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in the estimates brought about by changes in factors. The amounts and timing of recording of expenses for any period would be affected by changes in these factors and circumstances.

The carrying amounts of depreciable property, plant and equipment, investment properties and intangible assets with finite useful lives are as follows:

	2023	2022
Property, plant and equipment (see Note 16)	₽9,281,912	₽6,904,842
Investment properties (see Note 17)	300,731	12,787
Intangible assets with finite useful lives		
(see Note 18)	121,806	35,789

Pension Benefits. The cost of pension plans is determined using projected unit credit method. Actuarial valuation includes making various assumptions which consists, among other things, discount rates, rates of compensation increases and mortality rates. Due to complexity of valuation, the underlying assumptions and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in assumptions. While the Company believes that its assumptions are reasonable and



appropriate, significant differences in its actual experience or significant changes in its assumptions may materially affect its cost for pension and other retirement obligations.

All assumptions are reviewed every year-end (see Note 35).

Pension costs amounted to P125.1 million, P103.4 million and P79.7 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 30). Pension and other-employment benefits liability amounted to P358.3 million and P275.6 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 35).

Fair Value of Financial Instruments. When the fair values of financial instruments recorded on the consolidated statements of financial position cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of mathematical models. The input to these models is taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. The judgments include considerations of liquidity and model inputs such as correlation and volatility. The Company's investments held for trading, financial assets at FVPL, financial assets at FVOCI and derivatives instruments are recorded at fair value.

The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of financial assets and liabilities are discussed in Note 37.

Contingencies and Tax Assessments. The Company is currently involved in various legal proceedings and assessments for local and national taxes

The estimate of the probable costs for the resolution of these claims has been developed in consultation with outside counsel handling the defense in these matters and is based upon an analysis of potential results. The Company currently does not believe these proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements. Based on management's assessment, appropriate provisions were made in the consolidated statements of financial position.

6. Business Combination

Acquisition of PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation, ABCIC Property Holdings, Inc. PHINMA Hospitality and PHINMA Microtel Hotels, Inc. On July 17, 2023, the Parent Company and PHINMA, Inc., executed a Deed of Sale for the purchase of investments of PHINMA, Inc. in the following Companies:

Company	Description	PHINMA, Inc.'s Direct Ownership	Transaction Value (P in millions)
РРНС	Holding company of the Company's property development arm	36.71%	₽588.9
PHI	Management company of the Company's Microtel and TRYP hotels; part-owner in 7 hotels	63.77%	251.2
PHINMA Microtel	Master franchisor of Microtel and TRYP hotels in the Philippines	51.00%	21.2
APHI	Owner of real estate properties	63.47%	409.4
Total			₽1,270.7



The net cash outflow related to the acquisition is as follows:

Cash payments relating to acquisition	₽1,270,699
Less cash of acquired subsidiaries	287,337
Net cash outflow	₽983,362

The Parent Company and all the entities above are subsidiaries of PHINMA, Inc. before and after the business combination. Thus, the acquisition was accounted for as business combination under common control for which pooling of interests method was applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. The assets, liabilities and equity of the acquired businesses are included in the consolidated financial statements at their carrying amounts. Financial information for periods prior to the date of business combination was not restated.

Under the pooling of interests method:

- The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts;
- No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognize any new assets or liabilities at the date of combination. The only adjustments would be to harmonize accounting policies between the combining entities;
- No "new" goodwill is recognized as a result of the business combination;
- Any difference between the consideration transferred and the net assets acquired is reflected within equity;
- The consolidated statement of income in the year of acquisition reflects the results of the combining entities starting when the combination took place.

The combination resulted to equity adjustment from common control business combination, included under "Equity reserves" account, amounting to ₱636.4 million. It also resulted to increase in "Non-controlling interests" account amounting to ₱573.9 million and decrease in "Retained earnings" account amounting to ₱10.6 million.

Acquisition of Union College of Laguna (UCLI). On May 21, 2021, PEHI signed and closed the Share and Asset Purchase Agreement and acquired 65.76% controlling shares of stock of UCLI for a consideration of ₱86.8 million. UCLI offers Junior High School and the Academic Track (Accountancy & Business Management Strand, General Academic Strand, and Humanities and Social Sciences Strand), Technical Vocational Track (Home Economics) and ICT Track (Computer Hardware Servicing Strand) for Senior High School. UCLI also offers undergraduate courses in Psychology, Criminology, Education, Business Administration, Accountancy, Hospitality Management, and Information Technology, and graduate programs in Education and Public Administration. UCLI is a school that operates secondary, tertiary and graduate programs.



The fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of UCLI as at the date of the acquisition are as follows:

	Fair Values
	Recognized at
	Acquisition Date
Total assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	₽2,377
Tuition fee and other receivables	9,419
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,711
Land	142,032
Building and improvements	59,633
Furniture and fixtures	2,494
Indemnification assets	13,747
Total assets	231,413
Total liabilities:	
Trade and other payables	34,105
Deferred tax liabilities	18,578
Long-term payable	32,494
Pension liability	1,503
Total liabilities	86,680
Total identifiable net assets acquired	144,733
Proportionate share of NCI in net assets acquired	(49,557)
Gain arising from acquisition	(8,334)
Purchase consideration transferred	₽86,842

The net assets recognized in the December 31, 2021 financial statements were based on a provisional assessment of the fair value while PEHI sought an independent valuation for the fixed assets of the acquired business.

In 2022, the valuation was completed, and on the acquisition date fair value of land and buildings were increased by P116.5 million over the provisional value. Fair value of other net assets acquired were decreased by P22.9 million. The 2021 comparative information was restated to reflect the adjustment to the provisional amounts. As a result, there was an increase in the non-controlling interest of P32.0 million and recognition of gain from bargain purchase of P8.3 million from provisional goodwill in 2021 amounting to P53.2 million. The gain on bargain purchase has been presented as a separate line item in the 2022 consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The description of the valuation technique used and key inputs to fair valuation are as follows:

	Valuation Technique	Inputs	Value
Land	Cost approach	Price per square meter	₽22,000
Buildings and	Cost approach	Reproduction or	Buildings -
improvements		replacement cost of	₽94.0 million
		the property	

The net cash inflow related to the acquisition is as follows:

Cash payments relating to acquisition	₽86,842
Less cash of acquired subsidiary	2,377
Net cash inflow	₽84,465



From the date of acquisition to December 31, 2021, the net revenue included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income contributed by UCL was P38.0 million. UCL also contributed net loss of P0.4 million over the same period. If the acquisition had taken place at the beginning of the year 2021, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income would have included net revenue of P44.9 million and net income of P0.9 million. Total transaction costs for the acquisition, amounting to P1.0 million, have been expensed and included in the "General and administrative expenses" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and is part of operating cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2021.

7. Transactions with Non-controlling Interests and Others Changes in Ownership

Acquisition of Ownership Interest of NCI in PEHI

On July 17, 2023, the Parent Company acquired the shares in PEHI held by PHINMA, Inc. for a total cost of P1,064.8 million, which increased its ownership interest to 75.21%. The transaction resulted to the decrease in "Non-controlling interests" and "Equity reserves" accounts by P542.4 million and P522.3 million, respectively.

Dilution and Acquisition of Ownership Interest of NCI in AU

On September 1, 2023, PEHI acquired 32,361 shares in AU for a total cost of $\mathbb{P}3.79$ million, which increased its ownership interest to 97.76%. The transaction resulted to the decrease in "Equity reserves" and "Non-controlling interests" accounts by $\mathbb{P}3.1$ million and $\mathbb{P}0.7$ million, respectively.

Call and Put Option over the NCI in PEHI

As part of the signed investment agreement of PEHI and the Investors, in the event that an initial public offering (IPO) of PEHI is not completed on the fifth anniversary of the agreement, the Investors have an irrevocable right and option to sell to and obligate the Parent Company to purchase all or portion of their shares (put option). On the other hand, the Parent Company has an irrevocable right and option to purchase and obligate all of the Investors to sell all of its shares under certain conditions.

The exercise price of the options is based at a price that generates 10% internal rate of return, based on the investor US dollar subscription price per share, which is calculated at the agreed exchange rate for the period beginning on the closing date and ending on the date of the relevant notice.

This transaction resulted to recognition of "Non-controlling interest put liability" amounting to P2,570.6 million and P2,188.3 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and derecognition of "Non-controlling interests" amounting to P133.8 million and P107.4 million in 2023 and 2022, with the difference recorded as "Equity reserves" amounting to P248.5 million and P218.1 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively. As at December 31, 2023, the Company fully expects to complete the IPO within a certain period as agreed in the signed investment agreement and will at that point derecognize the put liability with a corresponding credit to the same component of equity.



8. Material Partly-owned Subsidiaries

Financial information of subsidiaries that have material NCI are provided below:

Proportion of equity interest held by NCI in 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Percentage of Ownership		
Name	2023	2022	
API	42.38	42.38	
PCC	40.00	40.00	
PEHI and subsidiaries	24.79	32.82	
PPHC and subsidiaries	23.19	_	

Accumulated balances of material NCI as at December 31 are as follow:

Name	2023	2022
PEHI and subsidiaries	₽1,347,026	₽1,788,535
PCC	885,152	791,331
PPHC and subsidiaries	318,482	_
API	189,808	182,374

Profit allocated to material NCI for the years ended December 31 follows:

Name	2023	2022
PEHI and subsidiaries	₽251,216	₽392,637
PCC	134,536	167,327
API	7,434	17,240
PPHC and subsidiaries	3,490	_

The summarized financial information of these subsidiaries are provided below. This information is based on amounts before inter-company eliminations.

Summarized total assets and liabilities as at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

	PPHC and subsidiaries	PEHI and subsidiaries	API	PCC
Current assets	₽6,898,713	₽4,531,476	₽112,950	₽4,656,472
Noncurrent assets	1,012,287	11,759,680	289,145	4,090,432
Total assets	₽7,911,000	₽16,291,156	₽402,095	P8,746,904
Current liabilities	₽4,774,291	₽3,619,863	₽52,189	₽4,696,188
Noncurrent liabilities	1,130,710	4,752,096	-	1,545,834
Total liabilities	₽5,905,001	₽8,371,959	₽ 52,189	P6,242,022

Summarized total assets and liabilities as at December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	PEHI and subsidiaries	API	РСС
Current assets	₽4,369,960	₽115,966	₽3,847,322
Noncurrent assets	9,575,462	268,596	3,819,641
Total assets	₽13,945,422	₽384,562	₽7,666,963
Current liabilities	₽2,848,810	₽52,174	₽3,215,710
Noncurrent liabilities	3,915,240	23	2,144,925
Total liabilities	₽6,764,050	₽52,197	₽5,360,635



	PPHC and subsidiairies	PEHI and subsidiaries	API	PCC
Revenues	₽1,915,503	₽5,438,698	₽3,588	₽8,664,116
Cost of sales	(1,068,166)	(2,405,211)	-	(7,821,066)
Administrative and selling				
expenses	(391,002)	(1,600,733)	(1,509)	(289,544)
Finance costs	(122,759)	(210,544)	-	(261,349)
Other income - net	32,578	17,960	15,409	19,866
Income before income tax	366,154	1,240,170	17,488	312,023
Income tax	(84,009)	(45,994)	_	24,266
Net income	282,145	1,194,176	17,488	336,289
Other comprehensive income				
(loss)	(11,440)	(24,638)	_	(1,785)
Total comprehensive income	P270,705	₽1,169,538	₽17,488	P 334,504

Summarized statements of comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2023:

Summarized statements of comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	PEHI and		
	subsidiaries	API	PCC
Revenues	₽4,068,537	₽37,040	₽8,764,769
Cost of sales	(1,842,370)	(3,333)	(7,924,976)
Administrative and selling expenses	(1,339,092)	(3,200)	(252,009)
Finance costs	(175,166)	_	(200,046)
Other expense - net	100,044	15,291	18,668
Income before income tax	811,953	45,798	406,406
Income tax	6,396	(5,026)	11,422
Net income	818,349	40,772	417,828
Other comprehensive income	6,176	-	1,107
Total comprehensive income	₽824,525	₽40,772	₽418,935

Summarized statements of cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	PPHC and subsidiaries	PEHI and subsidiaries	API	PCC
Operating	(₽1,074,261)	₽67,667,789	₽16,316	₽435,491
Investing	(25,769)	(68,794,704)	2,324	(365,809)
Financing	789,987	804,306	-	138,595
Net increase (decrease) in cash				
and cash equivalents	(310,043)	(322,609)	₽18,640	₽208,277
Dividends paid to non-controlling				
interests	₽-	₽259,994	₽–	₽40,000

Summarized statements of cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	PEHI and		
	subsidiaries	API	PCC
Operating	₽1,363,613	₽10,567	(₽1,303,942)
Investing	(1,072,565)	3,238	(530,144)
Financing	(213,455)	-	1,625,094
Net increase (decrease) in cash			
and cash equivalents	₽77,593	₽13,805	(₽208,992)
Dividends paid to non-controlling			
interests	₽115,285	₽-	₽40,000

9. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
Cash on hand and in banks	₽ 2,115,094	₽1,727,119
Short-term deposits	790,819	1,694,459
	₽2,905,913	₽3,421,578

Cash in banks earn interest at the prevailing bank deposit rates. Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of up to three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Company and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates.

Interest income from cash and cash equivalents amounted to P69.5 million, P29.6 million and P7.8 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 26).

10. Investments Held for Trading

This account consists of investments in:

	2023	2022
Unit Investment Trust Funds (UITFs)	₽371,412	₽647,383
Marketable equity securities	3,684	6,933
	₽375,096	₽654,316

Investments held for trading have yields ranging from 3.83% to 5.00% in 2023, 1.25% to 1.84% in 2022 and 0.04% to 1.25% in 2021. Net gains from investments held for trading amounted to P15.1 million, P11.7 million and P16.0 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 26).

Interest income from investments held for trading amounted to nil in 2023, 2022 and 2021.

11. Trade and Other Receivables

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
Receivables from customers (Note 25)	₽6,058,404	₽4,560,715
Advances to suppliers and contractors	2,198,352	1,759,992
Advances to other third parties	540,518	160,985
Accrued interest receivables	440,276	338,546
Loans receivables	379,486	4,417
Due from related parties (see Note 33)	150,870	28,918
Rent receivable	112,662	95,761
Advances to officers and employees	61,793	56,148
Others	427,844	179,196
	10,370,205	7,184,678
Less allowance for ECLs	1,524,697	1,377,419
	8,845,508	5,807,259
Less: Noncurrent portion	331,719	175,803
	₽8,513,789	₽5,631,456



Receivables from customers include receivables from sale of roofing and other steel products to customers which are normally on a 30-60 day term. Receivables from customers also include tuition and other school fees receivables which are normally collected within the current school semester. It also includes PPHC's trade receivables with detailed nature below:

Retention Receivables

Retention receivables includes those arising from sale of real estate under HDMF financing and those from construction contracts.

Retention receivables from HDMF represent amounts withheld by HDMF on the Group's loan take-out of sales of condominium and housing units availed under HDMF financing scheme. These are released to the Group within two years from the date of loan take-out.

Retention receivable from construction contracts represents the amount retained by the contract owner as security for any construction defects and other non-compliance from the specifications and shall be released after the period as indicated in the contract.

Real Estate ICR

Real estate ICR consist of accounts collectible in equal monthly installments with various terms up to a maximum of ten (10) years). These are carried at amortized cost. The corresponding titles to the condominium and housing unit sold under this arrangement are transferred to the buyers only upon full payment of the contract price. Real estate ICR are subject to 16.0% interest rate per annum. Interest income earned from real estate ICR amounted to P24.4 million in 2023 (see Note 26).

On February 28, 2022 and December 1, 2020, PPHC entered into a receivable purchase agreement with a local financial institution whereby PPHC will assign its installment contracts receivable on a "with recourse basis" in the aggregate credit facility agreement totaling P500.0 million and P50.0 million, respectively. PPHC assigned real estate ICR (included in trade receivables) with an aggregate carrying amount and equal amount of cash proceeds of nil in 2023.

PPHC retains the assigned receivables in the real estate ICR and contract asset account and records the proceeds from these sales as short-term and long-term debt. The carrying value of real estate ICR and contract assets assigned with recourse and the associated liability amounted to nil as of 2023. The real estate ICR on a with recourse basis are used as collaterals for the bank loans obtained. If the real estate ICR are not paid at maturity, the bank has the right to request PPHC to pay the unsettled balance.

General Construction Receivables

General construction receivables principally consist of receivables arising from third-party construction projects. These receivables are based on progress billings provided to customers over the period of construction and are normally collected within 30 days. Interest income earned from construction receivables amounted to nil in 2023.

Property Management Receivables

Receivables from property management services are claims from condominium corporations and unit owners for the services rendered by the Group. These are generally on a 30-day credit term.

Other trade receivables are noninterest-bearing and are normally collected within the next financial year.



Advances to suppliers and contractors are noninterest-bearing and normally received within the next financial year. This account mainly consists of safeguard duties paid to Bureau of Customs in relation to the PCC's importation of cement. In October 2019, PCC filed a petition with the Court of Tax Appeals (CTA) to reverse and nullify the imposition by the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) of safeguard duties on its importation of cement during the year. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, safeguard duties paid amounted to P1,242.6 million.

Advances to other third parties mainly represent advances to utility companies, brokers and agents. It also include PPHC's advances to condominium corporations for the out-of-pocket costs paid while in the process of establishing the condominium corporations and receivables from the related parties of SWU before the takeover of the Company in April 2015. The amount is fully provided with an allowance for ECL.

Accrued interest receivables are normally collected within the next financial year. Interest income from trade and other receivables amounted to P35.2 million, P9.9 million and P5.1 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 26).

Rent receivables are noninterest-bearing and are collectible within the next financial year.

Advances to officers and employees pertain to advances made to officers and employees for business transactions they enter on behalf of the Company. These are normally liquidated within a year.

The terms and conditions of the amounts due from related parties are discussed in Note 33.

Loan receivables pertain to sums of money lent to third parties to be paid either in lump sum or in installment over the specified period of time.

Other receivables include receivables from Social Security System (SSS) and Philippine Health Insurance Corporation (Philhealth), which are noninterest-bearing and are normally collected within the next financial year.

Movements in the allowance for ECLs are as follows:

	2023				
_	Customer	Others	Total		
Balance at January 1, 2023	₽1,230,484	₽146,935	₽1,377,419		
Provisions (see Note 28)	87,376	725	88,101		
Write-off	(22,747)	_	(22,747)		
Acquisition through business					
combination	81,879	45	81,924		
Balance at December 31, 2023	₽1,376,992	₽147,705	₽1,524,697		
		2022			
-	Customer	Others	Total		
Balance at January 1, 2022	₽1,051,679	₽146,935	₽1,198,614		
Provisions (see Note 28)	178,805	_	178,805		
Balance at December 31, 2022	₽1,230,484	₽146,935	₽1,377,419		



12. Inventories

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
At cost:		
Finished goods	₽1,884,342	₽1,942,001
Land and development cost	1,218,512	_
Condominium and housing units for sale	179,625	_
Raw materials	248,514	186,259
Other inventories	133,168	149,607
At net realizable value:		
Spare parts and others	91,294	90,345
Other inventories	9,547	7,796
	P3,765,002	₽2,376,008

Movements in the land and development costs and condominium and housing units for sale are as follows:

Land and development costs	2023
Balance at beginning of year	₽-
Acquisition through business combination	1,755,136
Sale (recognized in cost of real estate sold and construction services)	
(see Note 27)	(797,321)
Land and development cost	87,482
Land acquired during the year	141,560
Cancelled sales	31,636
Capitalized depreciation (see Note 31)	19
Balance at end of year	₽1,218,512
Condominium and housing units for sale	2023
Balance at beginning of year	₽-
Acquisition through business combination	259,739
Sale (recognized in costs of real estate sold and construction services)	
(see Note 27)	(111,750)
Cancelled sales	31,636
Balance at end of year	₽179,625

Real estate inventories recognized as costs of sales amounted to £909.1 million in 2023 (see Note 27). Cost of real estate sales includes acquisition cost of land, amount paid to contractors, development costs and other costs attributable to bringing the real estate inventories to their intended condition. There are no borrowing costs capitalized in 2023.

Under the terms of the agreements covering liabilities under trust receipts, certain inventories amounting to $\mathbb{P}883.1$ million and $\mathbb{P}128.2$ million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, have been released to UGC and PCC in trust for the banks. UGC and PCC are accountable to the banks for the inventories under trust or its sales proceeds.

Finished goods mainly represent roofing and other steel products of UGC.

The cost of spare parts and other inventories carried at net realizable value amounted to P107.5 million and P112.3 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The Company has allowance for inventory write-down amounting to P6.7 million and P14.1 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Cost of inventories sold, presented as "Inventories used" under "Cost of sales", amounted to P10,587.6 million, P10,694.9 million and P9,189.2 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 27).

Depreciation charges amounting to ₽19,241 were capitalized to "Land and development" in 2023.

There are no real estate inventory used as collateral or pledged as security to secure the borrowings of the Group.

13. Investment in and Advances to Associates and Joint Ventures

The Company's associates and joint ventures consist of the following:

	Percentage of Ownership		ip	
	2023		20	22
	Direct	Effective	Direct 1	Effective
Investment in associates:				
PPHC ^(a and h)	_	_	35.42	42.71
APHI ^(b and h)	_	_	26.51	28.15
Coral Way ^(c and h)	_	_	23.75	29.27
PHI ^(d and h)	_	_	_	20.88
Diniwid Beach Hotel Corp. (DBHC) ^(e)	_	36.46	_	_
First Batangas Hotel Corp (FBHC) ^(e)	_	35.83	_	_
Nemo Beach Hotel Corp. (NBHC) ^(e)	_	16.93	_	_
First Commonwealth Hotel Corp.(FCHC) ^(e)	_	16.93	_	_
South Forbes Silangan Hotel Corp. (SFSHC) ^(e)	_	25.39	_	_
Inphin8 Space, Inc. (InPHIN8) ^(f)	_	34.56	_	_
Interests in joint ventures:				
PHINMA Saytanar Education Company Limited (PHINMA				
Saytanar) ^(g)	_	37.61	_	35.92
PT Ind-Phil Management (IPM) ^(g)	_	51.69	_	46.17
^(a) Indirect ownership through API and APHI.				
^(b) Indirect ownership through UGC.				
^(c) Indirect ownership through PHI.				
^(d) Formerly Microtel Development Corporation (MDC). Indirect ownership through	n API.			
^(e) Indirect ownership through PHI.				
^(f) Indirect ownership through PPHC.				
^(g) Indirect ownership through PEHI.				
^(h) Subsidiaries staring July 17, 2023 and accounted for as business combination und	er common	control for which	pooling of in	terest

⁽¹¹⁾ Subsidiaries staring July 17, 2023 and accounted for as business combination under common control for which pooling of interest method was used.



Investment in Associates

The Company's associates are all incorporated in the Philippines. The reporting period of the associates ends at December 31 as the end of reporting period. The detailed carrying values of investments in associates (accounted for under the equity method) are as follows:

	2023	2022
DBHC	₽35,178	₽–
FBHC	21,952	_
NBHC	10,147	_
FCHC	8,774	_
SFSHC	29,314	_
InPHIN8	2,454	_
PPHC	_	₽366,537
APHI	_	173,191
PHI	_	132,476
Coral Way		62,913
	₽107,819	₽735,117

The movements and details of the investments in associates are as follows:

	2023	2022
Acquisition costs		
Balances at beginning of year	₽1,535,212	₽1,535,212
Reclassification from advances to associate	328,110	_
Acquisitions through business combination	149,471	_
Reclassification to subsidiaries	(1,863,322)	_
Balances at end of year	149,471	1,535,212
Accumulated equity in net losses		
Balances at beginning of year	(825,859)	(883,407)
Equity in net earnings (loss)	(76,568)	57,548
Acquisition through business combination	(41,231)	_
Reclassification to subsidiaries	902,006	_
Balances at end of year	(41,652)	(825,859)
Share in other comprehensive income		
of associates		
Balances at beginning of year	25,764	27,493
Acquisition through business combination	(9,608)	_
Share in other comprehensive loss	(201)	(1,729)
Reclassification to subsidiaries	(15,955)	_
Balances at end of year	_	25,764
	₽107,819	₽735,117

The aggregate comprehensive income (loss) of associates that are not individually material follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Share in net income (loss)	(P76,568)	₽57,548	₽28,614
Share in other comprehensive			
income (loss)	(201)	(1,729)	13,675
Share in total comprehensive income			
(loss)	(₽76,769)	₽55,819	₽42,289



InPHIN8

On June 11, 2019, InPHIN8 was incorporated and registered with the SEC. InPHIN8 is a company incorporated in the Philippines and involved in co-working space services thru providing facilities and equipment in connection therewith, extending all relevant support services, and undertaking any and all activities which may be required for the purpose of said business.

For the year 2023, PPHC has a total share in net income amounting to ₽1.8 million.

<u>PPHC</u>

Pursuant to the deeds of assignment dated December 28, 2018, the Company and APHI transferred real properties in exchange for PPHC shares. PPHC will issue 65,622 shares to the Company at par value of P5,000.00 per share in exchange for the real property with appraised value of P328.1 million, costing P20.0 million. In 2018, the Company and APHI applied for a tax-free exchange pursuant to Section 40(C) of the Tax Code, as amended. In addition, the Company recorded a gain on sale of P164.2 million from the tax-free exchange.

As at December 31, 2022, the Transfer of Certificate of Title over the property has yet to be transferred in the name of PPHC. PPHC is yet to issue the shares to the Company and APHI, pending approval of the request for increase in capital stock of PPHC by SEC as at March 3, 2023.

On January 18, 2023, the Company advanced the amount of ₽276.0 million to PPHC for future subscription in common shares.

On April 13, 2023, the request for increase in capital stock of PPHC with SEC was approved. The Company's advances to PPHC amounting to P328.1 million was converted to investment in PPHC and this resulted to change in ownership interest from 35.42% to 40.10%.

The movement in advances to associate is as follows:

	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of year	₽328,110	₽328,110
Conversion to subsidiary	(328,110)	_
Advances during the year	276,000	_
Reclassification as a result of being a subsidiary	(276,000)	_
Acquisition through business combination	6,299	_
Payments	(5,000)	_
Balance at end of year	₽1,299	₽328,110

Interests in Joint Ventures

PHINMA Saytanar and IPM were incorporated in Myanmar and Indonesia, respectively. The reporting period of the joint ventures end at December 31. The detailed carrying values of interests in joint ventures (accounted for under the equity method) are as follows:

	2023	2022
IPM	₽509,406	₽349,410
PHINMA Saytanar	_	_
	₽509,406	₽349,410



	2023	2022
Acquisition costs:		
Balance at beginning of year	₽344,769	₽235,503
Additions	165,024	109,266
Balance at end of year	509,793	344,769
Accumulated equity in net earnings (losses):		
Balance at beginning of year	4,641	4,175
Equity in net earnings (losses)	(5,028)	466
Balance at end of year	(387)	4,641
	₽509,406	₽349,410

The movements and details of the investments in joint venture are as follows:

The Company has no material joint venture as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

The aggregate comprehensive income (loss) of joint ventures that are not individually material follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Share in net income (loss) / total			
comprehensive income (loss)	(P5,028)	₽ 466	₽4,326

Following are the status of operations and significant transactions of the interests in joint ventures:

(a) PHINMA Saytanar

In February 2018, PEHI entered into a Joint Venture Agreement (JVA) with T K A H Company Ltd. (TKAH) to establish PHINMA Saytanar in Yangon, Myanmar to provide training in vocational courses in caregiving, particularly in the care of children, the elderly, persons with disabilities, and other cases requiring specialized care. Through the joint venture, the parties aim to provide various technical vocational education and training (TVET) programs and upon the issuance and clarification of rules and regulations in Myanmar, open a higher educational institution or college that will offer various undergraduate courses including courses in Business, Information Technology, Hospitality, Nursing, Healthcare and other disciplines.

PHINMA Saytanar have an initial capital stock of US\$50,000, consisting of 100 shares at US\$500 per share. Fifty percent shall be owned by PEHI, while the remaining fifty percent shall be owned by TKAH.

In May 2020, PHINMA Saytanar has ceased its operations pending formal filing with regulators.

(b) IPM

On February 11, 2019, PEHI signed a Joint Venture Agreement with Tripersada Global Manajemen to form IPM for a 66.00% ownership of PEHI and 34.00% owned by Tripersada. In February 2019, PEHI invested US\$2.6 million (equivalent to ₽133.2 million) into the joint venture. IPM has commenced its operations in June 2019.

On September 19, 2022, PEHI infused additional capital to IPM amounting to P109.2 million. This resulted to change in ownership interest from 66% to 68.72%.



On December 6, 2023, PEHI infused additional capital to IPM amounting to P165.0 million. No change in the ownership interest of 68.72%.

14. Financial Assets at FVPL

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
Investment in preferred shares	₽1,916,238	₽2,209,088

On September 18, 2019, the Parent Company executed a Term Sheet with Song Lam Cement Joint Stock Company (Song Lam), Vissai Ninh Binh Joint Stock Company (Vissai) and Hoang Manh Truong (Sponsor) for the investment of US\$50.0 million via preferred shares in Song Lam. Song Lam manufactures, markets, distributes and exports clinker, cement and cement products and is a supplier of PCC, a 60%-owned subsidiary of PHN. Vissai is the parent company of Song Lam which owns and manages five cement plants in Vietnam.

In January 2020, the Parent Company, Song Lam, Vissai and Hoang Minh Truong entered into share subscription agreement related to the Parent Company's subscription of the new preferred shares of Song Lam. An advance payment of 10% equivalent to US\$5.0 million was made on November 26, 2019 and the 90% balance or US\$45.0 million was paid on May 18, 2021. The total US\$50.0 million investment has an equivalent peso amount of $\mathbb{P}2.39$ billion on May 18, 2021.

The preferred shares are entitled to receive an annual fixed cumulative dividends of 7.5%, independent of Song Lam's business outcome and regardless of operating business results of Song Lam and the existence of retained earnings. The preferred shares shall be convertible to common shares after two (2) years from issuance thereof. The Parent Company may convert the preferred shares between the last day of the second (2nd) year after issuance thereof until the end of the seventh (7th) year following said issuance.

The Parent Company has the option to sell the preferred shares or converted shares to Vissai, the Sponsor or Song Lam at a price equivalent to seventy-five million US Dollars (US\$75,000,000.00), less the amount of preferred dividends received by the Parent Company. The put option may be exercised by the Parent Company after five (5) years from closing and until the end of the seventh (7th) year from said closing.

The Parent Company performs valuation of embedded derivatives and financial assets at FVPL at every reporting date using Cox-Ross-Rubenstein Binomial Lattice Model (Binomial Model). This requires an estimation of the expected future cash flows from the investee and applying a discount rate to calculate the present value of these cash flows. The discount rate uses the weighted average cost of capital (WACC) which incorporates the median debt-to-equity ratios and median beta of comparable companies as well as applying an alpha based on small-risk premium. The cash flow projections cover a five-year period.

The significant assumptions used in the fair value computation as at 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

- a. The pre-tax discount rate applied to cash flow projection is 17.11% and 16.20%, respectively.
- b. The explicit forecast period used in discounting cash flows in 2023 and 2022 is 5 years.
- c. The terminal value in the discounted cash flow uses 5.8% and 6.20% long-term growth rate based on expected Vietnam Gross Domestic Product (GDP) growth rate in 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- d. The binomial model uses 38.06% and 44.23% average volatility of comparable companies' quarterly historical prices and used interquartile range to consider outliers in 2023 and 2022, respectively.



- e. The option-adjusted spread computed at inception from the binomial model is 9.93% in 2023 and 2022.
- f. The risk-free rate used in the binomial model is 3.77% and 3.82% in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The unrealized gain (loss) on change in fair value of financial assets at FVPL amounted to P292.8 million, P103.8 million and P172.4 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The derivative asset arising from the put option amounted to P889.7 million and P648.1 million as at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. The unrealized gain on change in fair value of the derivative asset amounted to P241.6 million, P137.6 million and P53.1 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

15. Financial Assets at FVOCI

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
Investment in club shares	₽70,550	₽41,000
Non-listed equity securities	92,558	81,959
	₽163,108	₽122,959

Investment in equity investments pertain to shares of stock and club shares which are not held for trading as shown below.

	2023	2022
Unquoted		
Beacon Property Ventures, Inc.	₽65,473	₽64,335
Manila Cordage	14,773	11,045
Others	9,695	6,579
Quoted		
Manila Polo Club	55,000	30,000
Alabang Country Club, Inc. B	15,000	10,500
Others	3,167	500
	₽163,108	₽122,959

The Company has irrevocably designated the equity instruments at FVOCI, as the Company considers these investments to be strategic in nature. No dividends were received in 2023 and 2022 from financial assets at FVOCI.

The movements in net unrealized gain on financial assets at FVOCI, net of tax in 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of year	₽50,920	₽38,167
Acquisition through business combination	(14,280)	_
Gain due to changes in fair value of investment in		
equity instruments	27,370	13,153
Sale of equity instruments	(238)	(400)
Balance at end of year	₽63,772	₽50,920



16. Property, Plant and Equipment

This account consists of:

		Acquisition				
		through business				
	January 1,	combination				December 31,
	2023	(see Note 6)	Additions	Disposals	Reclassifications	2023
Cost						
Land	₽3,271,394	₽62,699	₽854,490	₽-	₽-	₽4,188,583
Plant site improvements	3,472,872	-	-	-	824,050	4,296,922
Buildings and improvements	4,549,537	806,453	1,192,769	-	39,478	6,588,237
Machinery and equipment	2,495,712	180,898	312,643	(1,035)	49,356	3,037,574
Transportation and other equipment	602,384	328,534	104,031	(14,693)	-	1,020,256
Linens, curtains and draperies	-	28,609	3,181	-	-	31,790
	14,391,899	1,407,193	2,467,114	(15,728)	912,884	19,163,362
Less Accumulated Depreciation						
Plant site improvements	375,831	-	144,304	-	-	520,135
Buildings and improvements	1,592,772	411,459	215,078	-	-	2,219,309
Machinery and equipment	1,842,164	139,284	226,058	(1,035)	-	2,206,471
Transportation and other equipment	404,896	274,743	46,417	(6,298)	-	719,758
Linens, curtains and draperies	-	26,404	790	-	-	27,194
	4,215,663	851,890	632,647	(7,333)	-	5,692,867
	10,176,236	555,303	1,834,467	(8,395)	912,884	13,470,495
Construction in progress	1,406,151	95	588,721	_	(985,472)	1,009,495
Net Book Value	₽11,582,387	₽555,398	₽2,423,188	(P8,395)	(₽72,588)	₽14,479,990

		Acquisition through business				
	January 1, 2022	combination (see Note 6)	Additions	Disposals	Reclassifications	December 31, 2022
Cost						
Land	₽3,141,322	₽-	₽130,072	₽-	₽-	₽3,271,394
Plant site improvements	3,473,015	-	-	(10,884)	10,741	3,472,872
Buildings and improvements	4,147,397	-	408,070	(5,930)	-	4,549,537
Machinery and equipment	2,271,102	-	224,610	-	-	2,495,712
Transportation and other equipment	560,501	-	46,622	(4,739)	-	602,384
	13,593,337	_	809,374	(21,553)	10,741	14,391,899
Less Accumulated Depreciation						
Plant site improvements	246,493	-	140,222	(10,884)	-	375,831
Buildings and improvements	1,460,651	-	138,051	(5,930)	-	1,592,772
Machinery and equipment	1,633,050	-	209,114	_	-	1,842,164
Transportation and other equipment	366,988	-	41,082	(3,174)	-	404,896
	3,707,182	-	528,469	(19,988)	-	4,215,663
	9,886,155	-	280,905	(1,565)	10,741	10,176,236
Construction in progress	779,711	-	637,181	-	(10,741)	1,406,151
Net Book Value	₽10,665,866	₽–	₽918,086	(₽1,565)	₽-	₽11,582,387

Outstanding construction in progress pertains to construction costs for various buildings and hospital renovations which are expected to be completed in 2023.

Interest capitalized as part of "Construction in progress" account amounted to P106.6 million and P42.6 million at a capitalization rate ranging from 5.575% to 8.45% and 3.0% to 7.1% in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Unpaid portion of the acquired property and equipment included under "Accounts payable and other current liabilities" in the consolidated statements of financial position amounted to P516.7 million and P14.5 million as at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

Certain property and equipment of AU, COC, UI, UPANG, PCC, UGC, Coral Way and Krypton Esplanade Hotel Corporation (KEHC) with aggregate amount of £5,053.3 million and £4,922.4 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, are used as collateral for their respective long-term debts obtained from local banks (see Note 23).

In 2023, the Company sold various property and equipment with aggregate carrying value of $\mathbb{P}8.4$ million for $\mathbb{P}10.8$ million, resulting to a gain of $\mathbb{P}2.4$ million.



In 2022, the Company sold various property and equipment with aggregate carrying value of P1.6 million for P2.1 million, resulting to a gain of P0.5 million.

In 2021, the Company sold various property and equipment with aggregate carrying value of P3.2 million for P3.4 million, resulting to a gain of P0.2 million.

17. Investment Properties

This account consists of:

	A January 1,	Acquisition through business		-	December 31,
	• /	mbination	Additions	Disposals	2023
Cost:	2023 00	monution	riduitions	Disposais	2023
Land	₽614,504	₽19,200	₽3,200	(P12,164)	P624,740
Buildings for lease	85,625	68,240	237,993	_	391,858
	700,129	87,440	241,193	(12,164)	1,016,598
Less accumulated depreciation -	,	,	,		
Buildings for lease	72,838	11,679	6,610	_	91,127
	₽627,291	₽75,761	₽234,583	(₽12,164)	₽925,471
	January 1,				December 31,
	2022	Add	itions	Disposals	2022
Cost:					
Land	₽610,724	₽	3,780	₽-	₽614,504
Buildings for lease	95,625		_	(10,000)	85,625
	706,349		3,780	(10,000)	700,129
Less accumulated depreciation -	,				,
Buildings for lease	78,911		760	(6,833)	72,838
<u> </u>	₽627,438	₽	3,020	(₽3,167)	₽627,291

The profits from the investment properties for the years ended December 31 are as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Rental income	₽103,348	₽69,648	₽69,673
Depreciation and amortization			
(included under "General and			
administrative expenses"			
account) (see Notes 28			
and 31)	(6,610)	(760)	(1,231)
	₽96,738	₽68,888	₽68,442

The fair values of the investment properties amounted to P4,042.1 million and P2,919.4 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, based on valuations performed by accredited independent appraisers on various dates from 2019 to 2023.

The description of the valuation techniques used and key inputs to fair valuation are as follows:

	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Range
Land	Market comparable assets	Price per square metre	₽250-₽100,000
Buildings for lease	Market comparable assets	Price per square metre	₽165,000-₽255,000

The fair value disclosure is categorized under Level 3, except for the investment property of COC which is categorized under Level 2.



While fair value of some investment properties was not determined as at December 31, 2023, the Company's management believes that cost of these investment properties approximate their fair values as at December 31, 2023.

PSHC's land amounting to $\mathbb{P}220.0$ as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 is used as a security for its long-term debt (see Note 23). Other than this, the Company has no restrictions on the realizability of its investment properties and no contractual obligations to either purchase, construct or develop investment properties.

The Company sold certain investment properties and recognized a net gain of $\mathbb{P}7.8$ million, $\mathbb{P}32.6$ million and nil in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

18. Intangible Assets

Following are the details and movements in this account:

			Trademark with		
	Student List	Software Costs	Indefinite Useful Life	Goodwill	Total
Cost					
At January 1, 2023	₽165,638	₽85,650	₽–	₽2,221,068	₽2,472,356
Acquisition through business combination	-	25,130	15,335	4,122	44,587
Additions	-	32,391	-	-	32,391
Reclassification (Note 16)	-	72,588	_	-	72,588
At December 31, 2023	₽165,638	₽215,759	₽15,335	₽2,225,190	₽2,621,922
Amortization and Impairment					
At January 1, 2023	₽165,638	₽49,861	₽–	₽403,132	₽618,631
Acquisition through business combination	-	15,275	6,541	_	21,816
Amortization (see Note 31)	-	28,816	1,179	-	29,995
At December 31, 2023	₽165,638	₽93,952	₽ 7,720	₽403,132	₽670,442
Net Book Value					
At December 31, 2023	₽-	₽121,806	₽7,616	₽1,822,058	₽1,951,480
At December 31, 2022	₽-	₽35,789	₽–	₽1,817,936	₽1,853,725

The Company performs its annual impairment test close to year-end, after finalizing the annual financial budgets and forecasts. The impairment test of goodwill is based on VIU calculations that uses the discounted cash flow model. Cash flow projections are based on the most recent financial budgets and forecast. Discount rates applied are based on market weighted average cost of capital with estimated premium over cost of equity. The carrying amount of goodwill allocated to each of the CGUs and key assumptions used to determine the recoverable amount for the different CGUs are discussed in Note 5.

Based on the impairment test performed for each of the CGUs, there was no impairment loss in 2023, 2022 and 2021.



19. Other Noncurrent Assets

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
Advances to suppliers and contractors	₽395,376	₽160,400
Deposits in escrow - bonds	105,296	_
Refundable and other deposits (see Note 36)	21,138	10,193
Creditable withholding taxes	7,812	7,812
Indemnification assets (see Note 6)	6,412	38,114
Others	24,790	6,857
	₽560,824	₽223,376

Advances to suppliers and contractors

This consists of amounts advanced to various building contractors, suppliers and utility providers while construction is in progress and are recouped proportionately upon every progress billing payment.

Deposits in Escrow - Bonds

This pertains to deposits made by PPHC and held by the escrow agent and will be returned once the conditions, as stated in the escrow agreement, is fulfilled. PPHC has an escrow agreement with HDMF, with Security Bank Corporation (SBC) Trust Division as the escrow agent , whereby HDMF, in relation to the conversion of the CTS to real estate mortgage, allowed PPHC to substitute the retention held by HDMF with an escrow account.

In 2022, PPHC has an escrow agreement with Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation (RCBC) and Security Bank and Trust Corporation on incentivized compliance provision for Metrotowne Las Piñas and Phinma Maayo San Jose projects.

Refundable and other deposits

Refundable deposits mainly pertain to deposits under operating lease and construction. Other deposits consist of deposits made for Company's utilities which are to be applied to the last billing of the utilities provider. The current portion is included in "Input value-added taxes and other current assets" amounting to P333.4 million and P67.3 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

20. Notes Payable

This account consists of notes payable of the following subsidiaries:

	2023	2022
PCC	₽2,949,000	₽1,775,000
РРНС	3,494,468	_
UGC	1,152,796	1,004,103
PSEC	30,000	_
	₽7,626,264	₽2,779,103

The notes payable are unsecured short-term peso-denominated loans obtained from financial institutions with an annual interest rate ranging between 4.0% to 17.0% and 2.60% to 4.05% in 2023 and 2022, respectively.



Interest expense incurred from notes payable amounted to P302.6 million, P92.3 million and P122.5 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively (See Note 32).

21. Trade and Other Payables

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
Trade	₽1,275,683	₽1,107,394
Accruals for:		
Professional fees and others	920,957	591,946
Commission	193,246	_
Personnel costs (Note 30)	148,148	113,109
Freight, hauling and handling	147,476	45,797
Interest (see Notes 23 and 32)	132,140	73,551
Processing cost	12,712	_
Dividends	254,258	185,687
Deposits from buyers	170,143	_
Retentions payable	152,373	_
Deposit liabilities	61,608	4,874
Liability from acquisition of land (see Note 39)	12,943	_
Others	90,879	27,992
	₽3,572,566	₽2,150,350

Trade payables are noninterest-bearing and are normally settled on 30 to 90-day terms.

Accrued expenses and dividends are normally settled within the next financial year.

Dividends payable pertains to dividends not yet claimed by various stockholders. These are expected to be claimed by various stockholders within the next financial year.

Deposits from buyers pertains to equity payments on sale of condominium units and parking slots prior to recognition of revenue.

Retentions payable, representing 10.0% of each progress payments to suppliers and contractors retained by PPHC are released upon fulfillment of certain requirements.

Deposit liabilities mainly comprises laboratory deposits, student development fund and alumni fees which are refundable to students. These represent collections from (i) graduating students for their alumni membership fees and alumni identification cards; (ii) Commission on Higher Education (CHED) for their scholars; and (iii) students for their student organizations and club fees. Organizational and club fees are used to defray costs of their activities, printing and other related expenses. It also represents PPHC's rents collected on behalf of the unit owner under rental management agreement, amounts collected from customers for processing of title and registration of purchased units and security deposits for water subscription.

Other liabilities pertain to other unpaid general and administrative expenses which are normally settled throughout the financial year.



22. Contract Liabilities

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
Unearned revenues	₽1,487,609	₽1,327,343
Customers' deposits	321,814	89,294
	₽1,809,423	₽1,416,637

Unearned revenues pertain to portion of tuition fees received or due from students to which the Company still has an obligation to transfer services to the students within the next financial year. The amount of unearned revenues for a term shall be divided equally by the number of months covered by the term (five months each for the 1st and 2nd semesters and two months for summer). The resulting amount shall be recorded as the amount of tuition and school fees for the month, net of amortization of deferred scholarship and discounts. Total deferred scholarships and discounts amounted to ₽203.5 million and ₽225.4 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 presented under the "Input value-added taxes and other current assets" accounts in the statements of financial position.

Customers' deposits pertains to cash advance received to which the Company has an obligation to deliver roofing and other steel products and installation services within the next financial year.

23. Long-term Debt

This account consists of the Parent Company's fixed rate bonds and the Company's long-term loans.

2023 ₽3.000.000 Principal **₽3.000.000** Less: debt issuance cost 10,802 2,989,198

PHN Fixed Rate Bonds due 2024

Less current portion - net of debt issuance cost

On May 6, 2021, the Parent Company filed with the SEC a Registration Statement for the proposed offering of three-year fixed rate bonds due 2024 with an aggregate principal amount of up to two Billion Pesos (₱2,000,000,000.00), with an oversubscription option of up to One Billion Pesos (₱1,000,000,000.00) at an offer price of 100% of face value. This bond offering was authorized by resolutions of the BOD of the Parent Company on March 2, 2021 and the Executive Committee of the Parent Company on April 30, 2021. The Certificate of Permit to offer securities for sale was issued by SEC on August 10, 2021. The interest rate was set at 3.5335% and the offer period commenced at 9:00 a.m. on August 10, 2021 and ended at 5:00 p.m. on August 16, 2021. The Parent Company appointed China Bank Capital Corporation and SB Capital Investment Corporation as Joint Issue Managers and Joint Lead Underwriters; Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation - Trust and Investments Group as the Trustee; and Philippine Depository & Trust Corp. as the Registrar and Paying Agent.

The bonds were listed in the Philippine Dealing & Exchange Corp. on August 20, 2021.



2022

27,223

2.972.777

₽2,972,777

(2.989.198)

P_

- 56 -

The balance of unamortized debt issuance cost follows:

	2023	2022
Beginning of year	₽27,223	₽42,984
Amortization	(16,421)	(15,761)
End of year	₽10,802	₽27,223

Long- Term Loans

	2023	2022
PHN	₽2,930,000	₽1,950,000
PEHI	1,957,160	2,025,080
PCC	1,857,000	1,288,365
UGC	912,500	962,500
UPANG	597,875	226,933
SWU	581,000	589,000
PPHC	491,875	_
AU	394,907	221,497
UI	380,000	386,000
COC	320,938	150,965
SJC	270,000	_
Coral Way	214,000	_
Phinma Solar	201,831	97,222
PSHC	112,000	120,982
	11,221,086	8,018,544
Less debt issuance cost	71,218	56,575
	11,149,868	7,961,969
Less current portion - net of debt issuance cost	810,143	652,399
	₽10,339,725	₽7,309,570

The debt agreements presented in the succeeding pages include, among others, certain restrictions and requirements. The loan agreements with Security Bank Corporation (SBC), Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation (RCBC) and China Banking Corporation (CBC) stipulate, among others, positive and negative covenants which must be complied with by PHN, UGC, PCC, PEHI, AU, COC, UPANG, UI, SWU, PPHC and Coral Way for as long as the loans remain outstanding. Negative covenants include certain restrictions and requirements, such as maintenance of certain current, debt-to-equity and debt service coverage ratios.

As at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company is in compliance with the required financial ratios and other loan covenants.

Certain assets amounting P5,053.3 million and P4,922.4 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, are mortgaged as collaterals for the respective long-term debts as follows (see Notes 16 and 17):

Collateral
Land and land improvements in the main campus
Land in the main campus
Land and land improvements
Land and land improvements
Assignment of leasehold rights on the land where the cement
terminal is constructed, registration of real estate or chattel
mortgage on cement terminal building, equipment and other assets,
and assignment of port ownership, right to land lease and rights to
foreshore lease
Land, plant site improvements, buildings and installations and
machinery and equipment
Land
Real estate ICR under receivable purchase agreements
Real estate mortgage on a hotel building
Assignment of the lease rights over the land where the hotel is
constructed and real estate mortgage over the hotel building and its
permanent improvements

PEHI's loan agreement with CBC is covered by a negative pledge on the shares of stocks held by PEHI with AU, COC, UPANG, UI and SWU.

The balance of unamortized debt issuance cost follows:

	2023	2022
Beginning of year	₽ 56,575	₽62,043
Additions	30,675	12,440
Acquisition through business combination	1,587	_
Amortization	(17,619)	(17,908)
End of year	₽71,218	₽56,575

Interest expense (including amortization of debt issuance costs) pertaining to the long-term debt was presented as part of "Interest expense and other financing charges" account in the consolidated statements of income amounting to P630.6 million, P556.2 million and P502.3 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 32).



The details of long-term loans are summarized below:

		Date of		Terms						
		Loan			Final				Outstanding	
Debtor	Loan Amount	Agreement	Lender	Installments	Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
РЕНІ	P1,500,000 ⁽¹⁾	December 7, 2015	RCBC	28 equal quarterly payments of P3.8 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment commenced on March 7, 2019.	December 7, 2025	First five years is based on the three-day average of five-year Philippine Dealing System Treasury Reference Rate (PDST-R2) plus a 1.35% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher, and to be repriced at the end of the fifth year for the remaining five years at an interest rate based on the interest rate then current or the applicable five-year benchmark rate plus 1.35% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher.	December 7, 2015	₽500,000	₽420,692	₽433,375
РЕНІ		December 7, 2015	RCBC	28 equal quarterly payments of P6.8 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment commenced on March 7, 2019.	December 7, 2025	First seven years is based on the three-day average of seven-year PDST-R2 plus a 1.40% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher, and to be repriced at the end of the seventh year for the remaining three years at an interest rate based on the interest rate then current or the applicable three-year benchmark rate plus 1.40% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher.	December 7, 2015	900,000	751,087	769,255
РЕНІ	1,000,000 ⁽⁷⁾	December 1, 2015	CBC	28 equal quarterly payments of P3.8 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment commenced on March 8, 2019.	December 8, 2025	First five years is based on the three-day average of five-year PDST-R2 plus a 1.35% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher, and to be repriced at the end of the fifth year for the remaining five years at an interest rate based on the interest rate then current or the applicable five-year benchmark rate plus 1.35% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher.	December 8, 2015	500,000	425,524	441,901
РЕНІ	364,000 ⁽²¹⁾	December 27, 2021	RCBC	16 equal quarterly payments of P2.73 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment will commence on March 27, 2022.	December 7, 2025	Nominal interest rate of 4.85%	December 27, 2021	364,000	340,780	351,016



		Date of		Terms		_				
Dahtan	T A	Loan	T J	To sta Dava and a	Final	Ladamard Dada	Defee Dever	Amount Drawn	Outstanding December 31, 2023	g Amounts ⁽¹⁰⁾
Debtor COC	Loan Amount P100,000 ⁽²⁾	Agreement March 27, 2013	Lender CBC	Installments 40 equal quarterly payments of P1.3 million. First principal payment commenced on June 27, 2013.	Installment March 27, 2023	Interest Rate Nominal interest rate of 5.81% from March 27, 2013 to March 27, 2018, 6.05% from March 27, 2018 to March 27, 2020 and 6.30% from March 27, 2020 to March 27, 2023 with the EIR of 6.12% over 365 days.	Dates Drawn March 27, 2013	P50,000	P=	December 31, 2022 P1,251
COC		July 18, 2013	CBC	39 equal quarterly payments of P1.3 million. First principal payment commenced on June 27, 2013.	March 27, 2023	Nominal interest rate of 5.81% from July 18, 2013 to June 27, 2018, 6.05% from June 27, 2018 to June 27, 2020 and 7.38% from June 27, 2020 to March 27, 2023 with the EIR of 6.07% over 365 days.	July 18, 2013	50,000	-	1,284
COC	125,000 ⁽³⁾	June 24, 2018	CBC	28 unequal quarterly payments as follows: 8 quarterly installments of P0.3 million from October 9, 2021 to July 9, 2023; 8 quarterly installments of P1.6 million from October 9, 2023 to July 9, 2025; 8 quarterly installment of P3.1 million from October 9, 2025 to July 9, 2027 and 4 quarterly installments of P21.3 million from October 9, 2027 to July 9, 2028. First principal payment will commence on July 9, 2021.	July 9, 2028	Fixed rate of 6.25% p.a. for the first five years; for remaining five years, higher of applicable five-year PDST-R2 plus a spread of up to 100 bps or 6.25% p.a.	July 9, 2018	125,000	120,920	123,003
COC	25,000 ⁽⁴⁾	April 13, 2018	Private funder	One-time payment at maturity date of April 13, 2023.	April 13, 2023	Interest rate at 6.25% per annum payable until fully paid.	April 13, 2018	25,000	-	25,000
COC (Forward)	200,000 ⁽²⁷⁾	February 1, 2023	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: P1.69 million from May 10, 2025 to November 10, 2032 and; P97.5 million upon maturity on February 10, 2033	February 10, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears at 7.3170% per annum fixed up to February 10, 2028, and 7.6258% per annum thereafter up to February 10, 2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the initial drawdown date until the maturity date, the interest rate per annum shall be reset on the interest rate resetting date to the higher of: (a) benchmark rate plus interest spread, divided by the interest premium factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	February 10, 2023	150,000	149,113	-



		Date of Loan		Terms	Final	_			Outstanding	Amounts ⁽¹⁰⁾
Debtor	Loan Amount	Agreement	Lender	Installments	Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
COC		February 1, 2023	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: P0.565 million from May 10, 2025 to November 10, 2032 and; P32.5 million upon maturity on February 10, 2033	February 10, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears at 7.2824% per annum fixed up to February 10, 2028, and 7.5897% per annum thereafter up to February 10, 2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the initial drawdown date until the maturity date, the interest rate per annum shall be reset on the interest rate resetting date to the higher of: (a) benchmark rate plus interest spread, divided by the interest premium factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	March 17, 2023	₽50,000	₽49,697	₽-
UI	200,000 ⁽⁵⁾	December 12, 2017	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: P1.0 million per quarter for the 3 rd and 4 th year from initial drawdown; P1.5 million per quarter for the 5 th and 6 th year; P2.5 million per quarter for the 7 th until 9 th year and P37.5 million per quarter for the 10 th year.	December 20, 2027	The borrower has the option, which shall be made known to the bank on the initial drawdown date: i. Fixed for the first seven years. Applicable seven- year PDST-R2 a spread up to 1.25%, for the remaining three years, the applicable three-year PDST-R2 plus a spread up to 1.25%; or, ii. Fixed for ten years, applicable PDST-R2 plus a spread up to 1.35%.	December 20, 2017	100,000	89,289	92,088
UI	200,000 ⁽⁵⁾	December 12, 2017	CBC	Principal payments will be the same with the first drawdown. As per agreement both the first and second drawdown will be repaid at the same dates and terms.	December 20, 2027	Fixed for the first seven years. Applicable seven- year PDST-R2 a spread up to 1.25%, and for the remaining three years, the applicable three-year PDST-R2 plus a spread up to 1.25%.	April 24, 2018	100,000	89,653	92,556
UI	200,000 ⁽⁵⁾	October 14, 2022	RCBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: P1.5 million per quarter from the beginning of the 3rd year drawn	December 18, 2032	For the first seven years, from the initial drawn date to the end of the 7th year. Interest shall be based on the sum of the applicable 7-year benchmark and margin. For the next 3 years: from the beginning of the 8th year to final maturity date - sum of the applicable 3-year benchmark and the margin.	October 18, 2022	200,000	198,957	198,582



		Date of		Terms		_				
		Loan			Final				Outstanding	
Debtor	Loan Amount	Agreement	Lender	Installments	Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
AU	₽57,000 ⁽⁶⁾	November 29, 2019	CBC	20 equal quarterly payments of P3.0 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment commenced on February 29, 2020.	November 29, 2024	Fixed rate for the first five years based on five-year Benchmark rate of the term plus interest spread or a floor rate of 5.25% plus applicable GRT.	November 29, 2019	₽53,700	₽10,700	₽21,351
AU	100,000 ⁽⁶⁾	November 29, 2019	CBC	27 equal quarterly payments of P1.5 million starting from November 29, 2022 to May 5, 2029 with the remaining balance of P60.3 million to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment will commence on February 28, 2023.	November 29, 2029	Fixed rate for the first five years based on the five-year Benchmark rate of the term plus interest spread or a floor rate of 5.25% plus applicable GRT. Interest rate is subject for repricing for the remaining five years based on: i. Initial interest rate; or ii. Then prevailing five-year Benchmark rate plus interest spread, whichever is higher.	November 29, 2019	100,000	93,723	99,315
AU	100,000 ⁽⁶⁾	November 29, 2019	CBC	28 unequal quarterly payments as follows: 8 quarterly installments of P2.5 million from February 28, 2023 to November 29, 2024; 16 quarterly installments of P3.8 million from February 28, 20205 to November 29, 2028 and four quarterly installment of P5.0 million from February 28, 2029 to November 29, 2029. First principal payment will commence on February 28, 2023.	November 29, 2029	Fixed rate for the first five years based on the five-year Benchmark rate of the term plus interest spread or a floor rate of 5.25% plus applicable GRT. Interest rate is subject for repricing for the remaining five years based on: i. Initial interest rate or ii. Then prevailing five-year Benchmark rate plus interest spread, whichever is higher.	November 29, 2019	100,000	89,606	99,357





		Date of		Terms		_				
		Loan			Final				Outstanding	
Debtor	Loan Amount	Agreement	Lender	Installments	Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
AU	₽200,000 ⁽²⁷⁾	February 1, 2023	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: P1.1 million from June 1, 2025 to December 1, 2032 and; P65.0 million upon maturity on March 1, 2033	March 1, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears at 7.3900% per annum fixed up to March 1, 2028, and 7.7019% per annum thereafter up to March 1, 2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the initial drawdown date until the maturity date, the interest rate per annum shall be reset on the interest rate resetting date to the higher of: (a) benchmark rate plus interest spread, divided by the interest premium factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	March 1, 2023	₽100,000	₽98,794	р_
AU		February 1, 2023	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: P1.1 million from June 1, 2025 to December 1, 2032 and; P65.0 million upon maturity on March 1, 2033	March 1, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears at 7.7601% per annum fixed up to March 1, 2028, and 8.8076% per annum thereafter up to March 1, 2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the initial drawdown date until the maturity date, the interest rate per annum shall be reset on the interest rate resetting date to the higher of: (a) benchmark rate plus interest spread, divided by the interest premium factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	July 11, 2023	100,000	100,000	_
UPANG	190,000 ⁽⁷⁾	March 27, 2018	CBC	32 unequal quarterly payments as follows: P1.9 million from June 27, 2020 to March 27, 2022; P2.9 million from June 27, 2022 to March 27, 2025; P4.8 million from June 27, 2025; March 27, 2027; and P25.7 million from June 27, 2027 to March 27, 2028.	March 27, 2028	Interest shall be payable quarterly in arrears from February 27, 2018 to June 27, 2018 (92 days) shall be at 6.50% inclusive of GRT fixed for the first five years. Interest shall be based on five-year PDST-R2 (5.22% + 122 bps + 1% GRT. The interest rate for the remaining five years of the loan shall be the PDST-R2 plus a spread of up to 125 bps or 6.50% whichever is higher.	March 27, 2018	190,000	154,311	165,554



		Date of		Terms		_				
		Loan			Final				Outstanding	
Debtor	Loan Amount	Agreement	Lender	Installments	Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
UPANG	₽200,000(27)	February 1, 2023	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: P1.1 million from May 27, 2025 to November 27, 2032 and; P65.0 million upon maturity on February 27, 2033	February 27, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears at 7.3871% per annum fixed up to February 27, 2028, and 7.6988% per annum thereafter up to February 27, 2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the initial drawdown date until the maturity date, the interest rate per annum shall be reset on the interest rate resetting date to the higher of: (a) benchmark rate plus interest premaium factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	February 27, 2023	₽100,000	₽99,401	₽-
UPANG		February 1, 2023	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: P0.57 million from May 27, 2025 to November 27, 2032 and; P32.5 million upon maturity on February 27, 2033	February 27, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears at 7.4081% per annum fixed up to February 27, 2028, and 7.7207% per annum thereafter up to February 27, 2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the Initial Drawdown Date until the Maturity Date, the Interest Rate per annum shall be reset on the Interest Rate Resetting Date to the higher of: (a) Benchmark Rate plus Interest Spread, divided by the Interest Premium Factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	July 3, 2023	50,000	49,672	-
UPANG		February 1, 2023	CBC	31 quarterly installments of P0.564 million from May 27, 2025 to November 27, 2032, full payment of P32.5 million upon maturity	February 27, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.3775% p.a. fixed up to 2/27/2028, and 7.6888% p.a. thereafter up to February 27, 2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the Initial Drawdown Date until the Maturity Date, the Interest Rate per annum shall be reset on the Interest Rate Resetting Date to the higher of: (a) Benchmark Rate plus Interest Spread, divided by the Interest Premium Factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	December 13, 2023	50,000	49,632	_



		Date of		Terms						
		Loan			Final				Outstanding	
Debtor	Loan Amount	Agreement	Lender	Installments	Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
UPANG Urdaneta	P100,000 ⁽⁷⁾	September 29, 2015	RCBC	28 quarterly payments, to commence at the end of the 13th quarter from the initial drawdown date.	September 29, 2025	Interest shall be payable quarterly in arrears. i. Fixed rate for the first seven (7) years of the term based on three-day average of seven-year PDST-R2 + 1.42%, subject to repricing at the end of the seventh year; and ii. On the last three years of the term, the interest rate shall be based on the interest rate then current or the three-day average of three-year PDST-R2 + 1.42%, whichever is higher.	September 29, 2015	₽100,000	₽42,979	₽60,488
UPANG Urdaneta	300,000	April 25, 2023	RCBC	31 quarterly payments of P1.5 million with the remaining balance of P84.5 million to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment will commence on September 1, 2025.	June 1, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears at 7.0200% per annum fixed up to June 1, 2028 and 7.3160% thereafter up to June 1, 2030. From the beginning of the 8th year to final maturity date, interest shall be applicable 3-year BVAL + 115bps.	June 1, 2023	130,000	129,157	-
				31 quarterly installments of P0.790 million from September 1, 2025 to March 1, 2033, full payment of P45.5 million upon maturity	June 1, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.652% p.a. fixed up to June 1, 2028 and 7.9750% thereafter up to June 1 2030.From the beginning of the 8th year to final maturity date, interest shall be applicable 3-year BVAL + 115bps	September 8, 2023	70,000	69,538	_
SWU	400,000 ⁽⁸⁾	December 6, 2017	RCBC	28 quarterly payments of P1.0 million. First principal payment will commence on March 7, 2021.	December 7, 2027	Interest is payable quarterly in arrears, commencing at the end of the first quarter from the initial drawdown date. Interest shall be fixed at 6.66% from years one to five and at 6.94% onwards until maturity.	December 7, 2017; December 20, 2017; March 29, 2018	100,000 200,000 100,000	96,750 194,000 97,250	97,915 195,831 97,915

- 64 -



		Date of		Terms		_				
		Loan			Final	_				Amounts ⁽¹⁰⁾
Debtor	Loan Amount	Agreement	Lender	Installments	Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn		December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
SWU	P 200,000 ⁽⁸⁾	April 18, 2018	CBC	28 equal quarterly payments of P0.5 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment will commence on July 18, 2021.	April 18, 2028	Fixed for the first five years, applicable five-year PDST-R2 plus a spread of up to 125 bps. For the remaining five years, applicable five-year PDST-R2 plus a spread of up to 125 bps.	April 18, 2018	₽200,000	₽193,000	₽196,829
SJC	110,000 ⁽²⁸⁾	April 25, 2023	RCBC	31 quarterly payments of P1.2 million with the remaining balance of P71.5 million to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment will commence on August 3, 2025	May 3, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears at 7.2320% per annum fixed up to May 3, 2028 and 7.5340% thereafter up to May 3, 2030. From the beginning of the 8th year to final maturity date, interest shall be applicable 3-year BVAL + 115bps.	May 3, 2023	110,000	109,302	-
SJC	70,000 ⁽²⁸⁾	April 25, 2023	RCBC	31 quarterly payments of P0.79 million with the remaining balance of P45.5 million to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment will commence on August 3, 2025	May 3, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears at 7.0670% per annum fixed up to May 3, 2028 and 7.3650% thereafter up to May 3, 2030. From the beginning of the 8th year to final maturity date, interest shall be applicable 3-year BVAL + 115bps.	May 31, 2023	70,000	69,548	-
SJC	90,000 ⁽²⁸⁾	April 25, 2023	RCBC	August 3, 2023 31 quarterly payments of P1.0 million with the remaining balance of P58.5 million to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment will commence on August 3, 2025	May 3, 2023	Interest payable quarterly in arrears at 7.5080% per annum fixed up to May 3, 2028 and 7.824% thereafter up to May 3, 2030. From the beginning of the 8th year to final maturity date, interest shall be applicable 3-year BVAL + 115bps.	July 5, 2023	90,000	89,405	-
PHN	2,000,000 ⁽⁹⁾	May 23, 2017	SBC	Principal repayment shall commence at the end of the 3 rd year from initial drawdown date until maturity date; balloon payment amounting to P1.9 billion or 94% of principal amount on maturity date.	May 21, 2027	Interest rate is equivalent to: i) the applicable 10-year PDST-R2 Benchmark Rate plus an interest spread of 125 basis points per annum (1.25% p.a.), and ii) 6.25% p.a., whichever is higher.	May 23, 2017	2,000,000	1,923,946	1,942,344
PHN (Forward)	1,000,000 ⁽²⁹⁾	July 11, 2023	CBC	Principal repayment of P50.0 million after 1 year of initial drawdown date and balance on principal amount on maturity date	July 17, 2025	With regular interest of 7.8557%. Interest to be paid on quarterly basis.	July 17, 2023	1,000,000	994,151	-



		Date of		Terms						
		Loan			Final				Outstanding	
Debtor	Loan Amount	Agreement	Lender	Installments	Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
UGC	₽1,000,000 ⁽²²⁾	February 18, 2022	BDO	Principal amortization commence three months after drawdown date and every quarter thereafter and shall be paid based on 1.25% every quarter for 4 years and the remaining 80% paid in balloon upon maturity	February 18, 2027	Interest rate is based on 3Y BVAL 3.3618+ spread 1.25%= 4.6118% + 5% GRT = 4.8545%	February 18, 2022	₽1,000,000	₽906,247	₽954,206
PCC	875,000 ^(14,15)	June 1, 2018	SBC	14 equal quarterly payments (16)	October 25, 2023	Interest rate is based on the 5-year PDST-R2 reference rate for securities with 5-year tenor plus 1.25% spread, subject to floor rate of 5.5% per annum. No repricing of interest rate from availment date to maturity date.	October 25, 2018 January 03, 2019 January 22, 2019 January 25, 2019 April 26, 2019 May 21, 2019 July 5, 2019 September 4, 2019	160,000 160,000 59,000 18,555 81,439 251,977 51,418		45,567 45,602 16,833 18,549 5,281 23,234 71,888 14,667
PCC	720,000(17)	February 26, 2021	SBC	Eight quarterly principal payments of ₽10.3 million, nine quarterly principal payments of ₽20.5 million and remaining balance to be paid at maturity date	June 13, 2025	Interest rate of 6.73% GRT inclusive, fixed rate up to maturity	February 26, 2021	369,363	203,270	286,005
PCC		February 26, 2021	SBC	 8 quarterly principal payments of P9.7 million, 9 quarterly principal payments of P19.5 million and remaining balance to be paid at maturity date 		Interest rate of 6.84% GRT inclusive, fixed rate up to maturity		₽350,637	₽192,964	₽271,504



		Date of		Terms		_					
		Loan			Final				Outstanding		
Debtor	Loan Amount	Agreement	Lender	Installments	Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn		December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
PCC	P500,000 ⁽¹⁸⁾	March 19, 2021	SBC	20 unequal quarterly payments as follows: P1.0 million from September 30, 2021 to December 29, 2021; P2.5 million from March 30, 2022 to December 29, 2022; P5.0 million from March 30, 2023 to December 29, 2023; P58.4 million from March 29, 2024 to December 27, 2024; P49.2 million from March 28, 2025 to December 29, 2025 and P36.8 million on March 30, 2026.	March 30, 2026	Interest rate of 5.1% GRT inclusive, fixed rate up to March 29, 2024 and for the remaining two years, the applicable two-year BVAL plus 40 bps, subject to a floor rate of 5.1%	March 19, 2021	₽500,000	₽463,284	£484,899	
PCC	1,000,000 ⁽³⁰	September 5, 2023	SBC	Eight quarterly principal payments of ₱10.0 million, Four quarterly payments of ₱50.0 million and four quarterly payments of ₱180.0 million. First principal payment will commence on December 7, 2023.	September 7, 2027	Interest rate of 7.2056% fixed rate for the first 2 years, subject to repricing at the end of the 2nd year (2+2 structure)	September 7, 2023	1,000,000	976,313	_	
Phinma Solar	20,000 ⁽¹⁹⁾	June 25, 2021	DBP	Principal repayment to commence at the end of the fifth (5th) quarter from date of Initial Draw Down. Principal shall be payable in thirty-six equal quarterly installments.	August 13, 2031	4.875% (4.924% GRT inc.) for the 1st 5 years. Next 5 years based on the relevant 5YR BVAL + 1% spread with a floor rate not lower than the rate prior to repricing (4.875%). Interest to be paid on quarterly basis	August 31, 2021	20,000	17,125	18,164	
Phinma Solar	80,000 ⁽²³⁾	April 21, 2022	DBP	Principal repayment to commence at the end of the sixth (6) months from date of Draw Down. Principal shall be payable in thirty- six equal quarterly installments.	August 13, 2031	With regular interest of 6.37710%	April 21, 2022	80,000	68,447	78,378	



		Date of		Terms		_				
		Loan	Loan		Final				Outstanding Amounts(10	
Debtor	Loan Amount	Agreement	Lender	Installments	Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Phinma Solar	₽50,000 ⁽³¹⁾	August 2, 2023	DBP	Principal repayment to commence on August 13, 2023 from date of drawdown and principal shall be payable in 33 equal quarterly installments.	August 13, 2031	With regular interest of 7.31470%	August 2, 2023	₽50,000	₽46,601	₽-
PHINMA Solar	40,000 ⁽³¹⁾	November 10, 2023	DBP	Principal repayment to commence on November 13, 2023 and shall be payable in 32 equal quarterly installments.	August 13, 2031	With regular interest rate of 7.5413%	November 10, 2023	40,000	38,450	-
PHINMA Solar	30,000 ⁽³¹⁾	December 22, 2023	DBP	Principal repayment to commence Feb 13, 2024 and shall be payable in 31 equal quarterly installments.	August 13, 2031	With regular interest rate of 6.9291%	December 22, 2023	30,000	29,775	-
PSHC	154,000 ⁽²⁰⁾	July 15, 2006	UPPC	Annual installment payments of P4 million for 32 years starting December 31, 2021.	December 31, 2052	The effective interest rate after the modification of term is 6.80%	July 15, 2006	154,000	112,000	120,982
PPHC	950,000 ⁽²⁴⁾	February 15, 2016	RCBC	28 quarterly installments within seven (7) years.	February 15, 2023	Fixed interest rate of 5.5%, 5.5903% and 5.885% on P250.0, P450.0, and	February 15, 2016	250,000	-	-
						₽250.0 million, respectively.	March 1, 2016 April 14, 2016	450,000 250,000		
PPHC	500,000 ⁽²⁴⁾	March 31, 2016	CBC	Payable in 36 quarterly installments with final	April 11, 2026	Fixed interest rate of 6.1567% and 6.04% on ₽100.0, and ₽400.0 million,	April 11, 2016	100,000	98,164	-
				repayment on April 11, 2026. Annual principal payment of 1/4 of 1% of beginning principal balance to commence on 5th quarter with remaining principal balance payable on final maturity date.		respectively.	March 20, 2016	400,000	392,650	_

(Forward)





		Date of		Terms		_				
	Loan		Final	Final				Outstanding	Amounts ⁽¹⁰⁾	
Debtor	Loan Amount	Agreement	Lender	Installments	Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Coral Way	P200,000 ⁽²⁵⁾	October 29, 2015	Local bank	40 quarterly installments	October 29, 2025	First 7 years - fixed based on a seven- year Philippine Daily System Treasury Fixing - R2 benchmark rate plus the minimum spread of 1.4% or annual fixed 5.75%; whichever is higher. Next 3years – subject to repricing after the 7 th year based on the prevailing market rate as mutually agreed upon by the third parties.	October 29, 2015	₽200,000	₽60,000	₽-
KEHC	300,000 ⁽²⁶⁾	January 2017	Local bank	35 quarterly installments	January 2017	The term loan bears quarterly interest of 5.5% for the first seven (7) years and subject to repricing after the 7 th year.	January 2017	300,000	154,000	-
	Total					· · · · ·			₽11,149,867	₽7,961,969

⁽¹⁾ The purpose of this debt is to finance the acquisition of majority ownership in AU, COC, UPANG, UI and SWU by PEHI.

⁽²⁾ The purpose of this debt is to finance various capital expenditures of COC.

⁽³⁾ The purpose of this debt is to finance the expansion and development plans of COC.

⁽⁴⁾ The purpose of this debt is for general funding requirements of COC.

⁽⁵⁾ The purpose of this debt is to finance the expansion and development plans including school building upgrades and improvement of existing facilities of UI.

⁽⁶⁾ The purpose of this debt is to finance various capital expenditures and to refinance existing obligations of AU.

⁽⁷⁾ The purpose of this debt is to finance various capital expenditures and to refinance existing obligations of UPANG and subsidiary.

(8) The purpose of this debt is to finance the building development, expansion and purchase of equipment for SWU's Hospital and building developments of SWU.

⁽⁹⁾ The purpose of this loan is to refinance investments in subsidiaries and other general corporate purposes.

⁽¹⁰⁾ Amounts are net of unamortized debt discount and/or debt issue cost.

(11) The purpose of this loan is to refinance the outstanding loan of the UGC with SBC in the principal amount of #182.3 million and to finance general working capital requirements, and acquisition of equipment and plant structural components of UGC.

⁽¹²⁾ The purpose of this amended loan is to extend maturity date of old loan to July 20, 2023.

⁽¹³⁾ The purpose of this loan is to finance plant expansions in Calamba, Davao and Pampanga.

(14) The purpose of this loan is to partially finance construction of an integrated cement processing terminal in Mariveles, Bataan, permanent working capital requirements and importation of equipment.

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⁽¹⁵⁾ Availment of loan is staggered based on pre-agreed drawdown schedule during the availability period.

⁽¹⁶⁾ The quarterly installment will commence at the end of the sixth quarter following the initial drawdown date of October 25, 2018.

(17) The purpose of this loan is to partially finance the acquisition of Phase 2 port terminal. This is a continuation of the remaining tenor with the original SNPSI loan.

⁽¹⁸⁾ The purpose of this loan is to refinance short-term project costs and finance the mixer facility.

⁽¹⁹⁾ The purpose of this loan is to finance the general corporate requirements of the rooftop solar projects.

⁽²⁰⁾ The purpose of this loan is to finance the acquisition of land from UPPC.

(21) The purpose of this loan is to refinance the loan used to partially finance the investment through acquisition by PEHI of majority stock ownership in AU, COC, UPANG, UI and SWU.

(22) The purpose of this loan is to refinance the outstanding loan of UGC with BDO and convert the short term loans to long-term loans.

⁽²³⁾ The purpose of this loan is to finance the general corporate requirements of the rooftop solar projects.

⁽²⁴⁾ The purpose of this loan is to fund PPHC's ongoing projects.

⁽²⁵⁾ The purpose of this loan is to partially finance the equity contribution in a subsidiary for construction of a hotel.

⁽²⁶⁾ The purpose of this loan is to partially finance the construction of the hotel and for working capital purposes.

⁽²⁷⁾ The proceeds of this loan shall be used by the borrower to finance its capital expenditures and expansion plans.

(28) The proceeds of the loan shall be exclusively used to finance capital expenditures, expansion plans, and other general corporate purposes of the debtor.

(29) The purpose of this loan shall be used by the borrower to finance its acquisition of shares in various PHINMA entities from Philippine Investment-Management (PHINMA), Inc.

⁽³⁰⁾ The purpose of this loan is for refinancing of Phinma loans and expansionary/improvements in Mariveles facility.

⁽³¹⁾ To finance the general corporate requirements of the rooftop solar projects of the borrower.



- 70 -

24. Equity

a. Capital Stock

The composition of the Parent Company's capital stock as at December 31 is as follows:

Number of Shares		
2023	2022	
50,000,000	50,000,000	
50,000,000	50,000,000	
_	—	
420,000,000	420,000,000	
286,303,550	286,303,550	
39,994	39,994	
286,343,544	286,343,544	
18,279	18,279	
	2023 50,000,000 50,000,000 - 420,000,000 286,303,550 39,994 286,343,544	

The issued and outstanding shares as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 are held by 1,214 and 1,218 equity holders respectively.

The following summarizes information on the Parent Company's track record of registration of securities under the Securities Regulation Code:

Date of SEC Approval	Authorized Shares	Issue/Offer Price
March 12, 1957	1,200,000	₽10
June 12, 1968	1,000,000	10
April 7, 1969	800,000	10
January 21, 1980	2,000,000	10
November 3, 1988	10,000,000	10
October 13, 1992	25,000,000	10
June 3, 1995	60,000,000	10
March 16, 1999	320,000,000	10

b. Retained Earnings

Appropriated

On February 28, 2020, the Parent Company's BOD reversed the appropriation of retained earnings made in 2018 in the amount of $\mathbb{P}1.3$ billion for the investment in the Education and Construction Materials business, and buyback of shares. In addition, an appropriation was made for the investment in the Construction Materials business until December 31, 2020 amounting to $\mathbb{P}2.25$ billion. Another $\mathbb{P}165.5$ million of the retained earnings was appropriated for the buyback of PHN shares until February 28, 2022.



On March 2, 2021, the Parent Company's BOD reversed the appropriation of retained earnings made in 2020 in the amount of P2.25 billion for the investment in the Construction Materials business.

On November 10, 2021, an appropriation was made for the investment in Construction Materials business until December 31, 2022 amounting to P1.1 billion. Another P500.0 million of the retained earnings was appropriated for the Education business until December 31, 2022.

On March 3, 2023, the Parent Company's BOD approved the appropriation of P500.0 million for the investment in PPHC and re-appropriation of P1.1 billion for the investment in the Construction Materials business until December 31, 2024. In addition, the Parent Company's BOD approved the reversal of previous appropriations of retained earnings amounting to P500.0 million for investment in Education business in 2021 and P165.5 million for buyback of PHN shares in 2020.

Unappropriated

On March 2, 2021, the Parent Company's BOD declared a cash dividend of P0.40 per share or an equivalent of P108.9 million, to all common shareholders of record as at April 14, 2021. The cash dividends were paid on May 5, 2021.

On March 1, 2022, the Parent Company's BOD declared a regular cash dividend of $\mathbb{P}0.40$ per share or an equivalent of $\mathbb{P}108.8$ million and a special cash dividend of $\mathbb{P}0.10$ per share or an equivalent of $\mathbb{P}27.2$ million, to all common shareholders of record as at March 22, 2022. The cash dividends were paid on April 6, 2022.

On March 3, 2023, the Parent Company's BOD declared a regular cash dividend of P0.60 per share or an equivalent of P171.8 million, to all common shareholders of record as at March 22, 2023. The cash dividends were paid on April 5, 2023.

The balance of retained earnings includes Parent Company's accumulated equity in net earnings of subsidiaries and associates which are not currently available for dividend declaration until declared by the respective subsidiaries and associates amounting to P2,455.2 million and P1,607.9 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

c. Buyback of Shares

On February 28, 2020, the Parent Company's BOD approved the appropriation of ₽165.5 million for the buyback of shares of the Parent Company until February 28, 2022.

In 2023, 2022 and 2021, the Parent Company bought back nil shares, 23,000 shares and 456,600 shares which amounted to nil, P0.5 million and P7.2 million, respectively.

d. Put Option over Non-controlling Interests

In 2020, Asian Development Bank invested amounting to P625.0 million for 1.1 million shares of PEHI. As a result, additional non-controlling interest put liability is recognized amounting to P450.0 million.

Accretion of interest of non-controlling interest put liability amounted to ₽382.3 million and ₽325.4 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.



e. Sale of Treasury Shares

In 2022, the Parent Company sold 14,431,900 treasury shares with cost of P143.9 million for P281.4 million.

f. Parent company shares held by a subsidiary

In 2023, APHI acquired additional 164,100 PHN shares with a total cost of P3.2 million. As at December 31, 2023, APHI holds 5,407,822 shares with a total cost of P57.7 million accounted as treasury shares.

25. Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Set out below is the disaggregation of the revenue from contracts with customers:

	2023	2022	2021
Revenue source:			
Sale of goods	₽13,731,283	₽13,693,488	₽12,452,783
Tuition, school fees and			
other services	4,424,398	3,347,985	3,087,927
Real estate sales	1,744,807	—	-
Hospital routine services	225,198	182,124	179,029
Installation services	221,465	65,017	75,360
Hotel operations	219,765	—	-
Management and			
administrative fees	100,039	—	-
Consultancy	98,599	45,419	25,034
Construction contracts	58,217	_	_
Royalty fees	15,477	—	-
Franchise fees	1,541	_	-
Total revenue from contracts			
with customers	₽20,840,789	₽17,334,033	₽15,820,133
Timing of recognition:			
Goods transferred at a point			
in time	₽13,731,283	₽13,693,488	₽12,452,783
Services transferred over			
time	7,109,506	3,640,545	3,367,350
Total revenue from contracts			
with customers	₽20,840,789	₽17,334,033	₽15,820,133

"Others - net" in the consolidated statement of income includes miscellaneous income which consists of miscellaneous cash receipts. In 2023, 2022 and 2021, miscellaneous income amounted to P51.2 million, P42.2 million and P23.6 million, respectively.



Contract balances

	2023	2022
Trade receivables (see Note 11)	₽6,058,404	₽4,560,715
Contract assets	3,622,582	_
Contract liabilities (see Note 22)	1,809,423	1,416,637
Cost to obtain contract	43,636	_

PHN and Subsidiaries

Trade receivables include receivables from sale of roofing and other steel products and rendering of installation services to customers which are normally on a 30-60 day term. Trade receivables also include tuition and other school fees receivables which are normally collected within the current school semester. Other trade receivables are noninterest-bearing and are normally collected within the next financial year. It also include the following receivables:

Real Estate Installment Contracts. Real estate installment contracts receivable (ICR) and contract assets, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date (i.e., a loss allowance for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of default). The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

General Construction. General construction receivables principally consist of receivables arising from third-party construction projects. These receivables are based on progress billings provided to customers over the period of construction and are normally collected within 30 days.

Property Management. Receivables from property management services are claims from condominium corporations and unit owners for the services rendered by PPHC. These are generally on a 30-day credit term.

Retention. Retention receivables includes those arising from sale of real estate under HDMF financing and those from construction contracts.

Contract Assets and Liabilities. Contract assets represent the right to consideration that was already delivered by PPHC in excess of the amount recognized as installment contracts receivable. This is reclassified as real estate installment contracts receivable when the monthly amortization of the customer is already due for collection or, in the case of sales of real estate under HDMF and bank financing schemes, upon submission of the documentary requirements to HDMF and the lending bank, respectively and upon approval of the loan. Movements in contract asset during the year is mainly due to real estate sales recognized during the period less transfer to real estate installment contracts receivable.

Contract liabilities include unearned revenue from tuition, school and other service fees and deposits from customer for future goods and services. Contract liabilities amounting to P1,809.4 million as at December 31, 2023 are expected to be recognized as revenue within one year upon completion of the school term and delivery of roofing and other steel products or performance of installation service (see Note 22). Contract liabilities also consist of collections from real estate customers which have not reached the equity threshold to qualify for revenue recognition and excess of collections over the



goods and services transferred by PPHC based on POC. When the conditions for revenue recognition are met for the related customer account, sale is recognized and these contract liabilities will be recognized as revenue. The movement in contract liabilities is mainly due to reservation sales and advance payment of buyers less real estate sales recognized upon reaching the equity threshold and from increase in POC.

For construction segment, contract liabilities include billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts which represents billings in excess of total costs incurred and estimated earnings recognized.

Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts as follows:

	2023
Total costs incurred to date	₽142,072
Add estimated earnings recognized	95,434
	237,506
Less total billings	239,918
	(₽2,412)

Cost to Obtain Contract. The incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer are recognized as an asset if PPHC expects to recover them. PPHC has determined that commissions paid to brokers and marketing agents on the sale of pre-completed real estate units are deferred when recovery is reasonably expected and are charged to expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognized as earned. Costs incurred prior to obtaining contract with customer are not capitalized but are expensed as incurred.

The balances below pertains to the cost to obtain contracts presented in consolidated statements of financial position.

	2023
Balance at beginning of the year	₽-
Acquisition through business combination	52,255
Additions	72,211
Amortization	(80,830)
	₽43,636

In line with PPHC's accounting policy, if a contract or specific performance obligation exhibited marginal profitability or other indicators of impairment, judgment was applied to ascertain whether or not the future economic benefits from these contracts were sufficient to recover these assets. In performing this impairment assessment, management is required to make an assessment of the costs to complete the contract. The ability to accurately forecast such costs involves estimates around cost savings to be achieved over time, anticipated profitability of the contract, as well as future performance against any contract-specific key performance indicators that could trigger variable consideration, or service credits.

Contract Fulfillment Assets. Contract fulfillment costs are divided into: (i) costs that give rise to an asset; and (ii) costs that are expensed as incurred. PPHC's contract fulfillment costs pertain to cost of temporary facilities, mobilization and demobilization costs, capitalized borrowing costs and land acquisition costs as included in the "Inventories" account in the consolidated statement of financial position.



PPHC amortizes contract fulfillment assets and capitalized costs to obtain a contract over the expected construction period using percentage of completion following the pattern of real estate revenue recognition. The amortization is included within cost of sales (for contract fulfillment assets) and operating expenses (for capitalized costs to obtain a contract).

26. Investment Income

This account consists of:

	2023	2022	2021
Interest income on:			
Financial assets at fair value through			
profit or loss	₽207,638	₽209,081	₽118,939
Cash and cash equivalents			
(see Note 9)	69,542	29,599	7,823
Receivables (see Note 11)	35,175	9,898	5,104
Due from related parties and others	1,994	385	320
	314,349	248,963	132,186
Net gains from investments held for			
trading (see Note 10)	15,124	11,737	15,970
Dividend income	208	201	224
	₽329,681	₽260,901	₽148,380

27. Cost of Sales, Educational, Real Estate Sold and Construction Services, Hospital and Installation Services

This account consists of:

	2023	2022	2021
Cost of sales	₽11,678,169	₽11,681,409	₽10,147,777
Cost of educational services	1,859,385	1,437,469	1,202,971
Cost of hospital services	140,618	121,577	124,731
Cost of installation services	53,830	54,753	63,425
Cost of sales, educational, hospital and			
installation Services	13,732,002	13,295,208	11,538,904
Cost of real estate sold and construction			
services (Note 12)	984,290	_	_
Cost of hotel operations	131,322	_	_
Cost of management and administrative			
services	83,875	—	
	₽14,931,489	₽13,295,208	₽11,538,904



The details of cost of sales, educational, hospital and installation services are as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Inventories used (see Note 12)	₽10,587,556	₽10,694,947	₽9,189,186
Personnel costs (see Note 30)	1,510,888	1,173,309	976,817
Depreciation (see Note 31)	577,075	518,944	507,853
Repairs and maintenance	157,300	82,896	69,481
Rent (see Note 38)	108,604	88,707	81,151
Power and fuel	97,497	125,016	123,851
Laboratory and school supplies	94,808	80,228	83,976
Installation cost	53,830	58,059	31,789
School affiliations and other expenses	49,786	30,551	5,528
Graduation expenses	40,000	28,615	20,135
Review expenses	32,627	33,054	26,697
School materials, publication and supplies	22,788	12,171	7,197
Subscription	18,639	50,650	87,981
Educational tour expenses	15,497	_	909
Sports development and school activities	4,654	2,744	1,379
Accreditation expenses	2,316	2,077	2,315
Others	358,137	313,240	322,659
	₽13,732,002	₽13,295,208	₽11,538,904

Cost of Real Estate Sales and Construction Services

Cost of real estate sales includes acquisition cost of land, construction and development cost, including overhead and capitalized borrowing costs. Cost of real estate sales recognized for the sixmonth period ended December 31, 2023 amounted to P909.1 million (see Note 9). It also includes cost of construction management services amounting to P75.2 million.

28. General and Administrative Expenses

This account consists of:

	2023	2022	2021
Personnel costs (see Notes 30 and 33)	₽1,355,498	₽897,014	₽871,284
Professional fees and outside services			
(see Note 33)	483,120	370,678	179,209
Depreciation and amortization			
(see Note 31)	134,740	89,891	80,545
Utilities	121,649	78,484	40,048
Taxes and licenses	118,130	77,418	55,208
Security and janitorial	112,994	74,145	64,071
Provision for ECLs (see Note 11)	88,101	178,805	185,897
Transportation and travel	60,959	31,767	8,734
Rent (see Note 38)	31,471	24,821	22,313
Office supplies	25,588	18,239	10,920
Insurance	25,500	18,620	15,321
Repairs and maintenance	24,264	10,086	6,339
(Forward)			



	2023	2022	2021
Meetings and conferences	₽ 22,653	₽14,037	₽3,974
Communications	15,570	6,301	10,756
Advertising and promotions	8,216	2,987	1,579
Donations	6,202	29,604	16,183
Others	143,802	107,929	107,733
	₽2,778,457	₽2,030,826	₽1,680,114

29. Selling Expenses

This account consists of:

	2023	2022	2021
Personnel costs (see Note 30)	₽196,987	₽217,339	₽238,625
Advertising	128,539	50,055	65,080
Freight, handling and hauling	119,319	94,044	79,466
Commission	53,447	21,055	22,478
Transportation and travel	47,592	31,131	18,507
Depreciation (see Note 31)	37,956	20,349	15,164
Outside services	36,438	22,084	18,963
Taxes and licenses	26,517	30,198	31,497
Repairs and maintenance	15,184	8,402	6,186
Postage, telephone and telegraph	13,882	4,070	19,095
Insurance	13,022	18,404	26,215
Supplies	5,034	4,977	10,640
Utilities	2,351	2,551	2,426
Entertainment, amusement and recreation	3,710	1,673	2,498
Others	20,490	8,193	6,728
	₽720,468	₽534,525	₽563,568

30. Personnel Expenses

This account consists of:

	2023	2022	2021
Salaries, employee benefits and bonuses	₽2,886,697	₽2,150,173	₽1,985,948
Pension and other post-			
employment benefits (see Note 35)	125,143	103,368	79,732
Training	22,051	17,415	9,602
Others	42,266	16,706	11,444
	₽3,076,157	₽2,287,662	₽2,086,726

Personnel costs, other than those presented in Notes 27, 28 and 29, are under cost of hotel operations amounting to P12.8 million in 2023, and nil in 2022 and 2021.



31. Depreciation and Amortization

	2023	2022	2021
Property, plant and equipment			
and investment properties			
(see Notes 12, 16 and 17):			
Cost of sales, educational,			
installation and hospital			
(see Note 27)	₽508,723	₽463,474	₽437,310
General and administrative			
expenses (see Note 28)	83,810	52,403	51,498
Cost of hotel operations	30,966	_	_
Selling expenses			
(see Note 29)	15,739	13,352	5,322
Intangible assets (see Note 18):			
General and administrative			
expenses (see Note 28)	28,130	9,053	8,533
Cost of hotel operations	1,179	_	_
Selling expenses			
(see Note 29)	686	925	1,887
Inventories (see Note 12)			
Capitalized depreciation to			
real estate inventory			
(see Note 12)	19	_	_
Right-of-use assets (see Note 38):			
Cost of sales, educational,			
hospital installation and			
consultancy services			
(see Note 27)	68,352	55,470	70,543
General and administrative			
expenses (see Note 28)	22,800	28,435	20,514
Selling expenses			
(see Note 29)	21,531	6,072	7,955
Cost of hotel operations	4,121		
	₽786,056	₽629,184	₽603,562

32. Interest Expense and Other Financing Charges

This account consists of:

	2023	2022	2021
Interest expense on long-term			
debts (see Note 23)	₽630,645	₽556,219	₽502,281
Interest expense on notes payable			
(see Note 20)	302,582	92,265	122,542
Interest expense on lease			
liabilities (see Note 38)	25,640	19,646	22,523
Other financing charges	45,822	20,060	1,902
	₽1,004,689	₽688,190	₽649,248



33. Related Party Transactions

Parties are related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party in making financial and operating decisions and the parties are subject to common control. Related parties may be individual or corporate entities.

The Company has a policy that requires approval of related party transaction by the Audit and Related Party Transactions Committee of the BOD when these breach certain limits and/or when these are not of a usual nature.

Outstanding balances at year-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash throughout the financial year. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, the Company's impairment of receivables from related parties amounted to nil. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

The significant related party transactions entered into by the Company with its associates and entities under common control and the amounts included in the consolidated financial statements with respect to such transactions are shown below.

			2023			
Company	Nature	Amount/ Volume	Amount Due to Related Parties	Amount Due from Related Parties (see Note 11)	Terms	Conditions
Ultimate Parent						
PHINMA Inc.	Share in expenses, management fees and bonus	₽333,022	₽70,636	₽5,660	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
	Purchase of shares	2,335,451	-	-	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
	Purchase of properties	452,787	-	-	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
Other related parties						
PHINMA Insurance Brokers, Inc. (PHINMA Insurance), PHINM	Advances (PHINMA Prism)	-	-	56,142	Interest-bearing at range of 4.7% - 6.3% for 95 days	Unsecured, no impairment
Foundation, Inc., Phinma Plaza Condominium	Interest income (PHINMA Prism)	3,597	-	-	Interest at 4.7% to 6.3%	Unsecured, no impairment
Corporation, Phinma Prism Property Development Corp.	a Share in expenses	10,344	1,345	68,970	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
PTC Myanmar, IPM, PHINMA Saytanar (PSEd), PE International, Yayasan Triputra Persada	Share in expenses	5,384	-	17,066	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
UPPC	Consultancy Fee	2,437	-	3,032	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
InPHIN8, DBHC, FBHC, SFSHC	Management And Incentive Fees	10,714	-	-	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
- 5110, 51 5110	Rent (Inphin8)	8,943	-	-		no impunition
			₽71,981	₽150,870		



			2022			
Company	Nature	Amount/ Volume	Amount Due to Related Parties	Amount Due from Related Parties (see Note 11)	Terms	Conditions
<u>Ultimate Parent</u> PHINMA Inc.	Share in expenses, management fees and bonus	₽263,387	₽103,111	₽2,084	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
Associates PPHC	Share in expenses	927	_	6,271	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
APHI	Share in expenses	_	-	6	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
Other related parties PHINMA Hospitality Inc.	Subscription	_	52,000	-	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
PHINMA Insurance, PHINMA Hospitality Inc., PHINMA Foundation, Inc. Phinma Prism, PHINMA Plaza Condominium Corp	Share in expenses	9,338	425	8,075	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
PTC Myanmar, IPM	Share in expenses	10,160	59	11,682	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
UPPC	Consultancy Fee	2,437	-	800	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
			₽155,595	₽28,918		

PHINMA, Inc. The Parent Company has a 5-year management contract with PHINMA, Inc. up to June 30, 2024, renewable thereafter mutual agreement. Under this contract, PHINMA, Inc. has a general management authority with corresponding responsibility over all operations and personnel of the Parent Company including planning, direction, and supervision of all the operations, sales, marketing, distribution, finance and other business activities of the Parent Company. Under the existing management agreement, the Parent Company pays PHINMA, Inc. a fixed monthly management fee plus an annual incentive based on a certain percentage of the Parent Company's net income.

Management and Directors' Compensation

PHN, UGC, COC, AU, UPANG, SWU, UI and PPHC are under common management of PHINMA, Inc. and pay PHINMA, Inc. a fixed annual management fee plus an annual bonus based on a certain percentage of the respective companies' adjusted net income, as defined in the management contract between PHINMA, Inc. and the respective companies, pursuant to the provisions of the same contract.

The details of the management fee and bonus which is included in "Outside services" and "Personnel costs", respectively, under the "General and administrative expenses" account are as follows:

	2023	2022
Management fee	₽ 99,613	₽90,814
Management bonus	162,335	121,321
	₽261,948	₽212,135

The related unpaid amount, presented as "Accruals for professional fees and others" under "Trade and other payables" account in the consolidated statements of financial position, amounted to P75.0 million and P93.2 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.



PHN, UGC, UI and AU recognized bonus to directors computed based on net income with pre-agreed adjustments. Directors' bonus, presented in "Personnel costs" under "General and administrative expenses" account are as follows:

	2023	2022
Directors' fee	₽60,088	₽62,788
Directors' bonus	98,453	14,898
	₽158,541	₽77,686

The related unpaid amount, presented in "Accruals for personnel costs" under "Trade and other payables" account in the consolidated statements of financial position, amounted to P61.7 million and P53.4 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 21).

Compensation of key management personnel of the Company are as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Short-term employee benefits	₽313,780	₽263,476	₽189,558
Post-employment benefits (see Note 35):			
Retirement benefits	15,124	10,031	15,945
Vacation and sick leave	1,714	3,189	1,900
	₽330,618	₽276,696	₽207,403

34. Income Taxes

The components of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	2023	2022
Deferred tax assets:		
NOLCO	₽315,276	₽247,724
Allowance for ECLs	164,569	32,830
Lease liabilities	99,077	67,689
Accrued expenses	92,436	23,974
Pension liability	58,377	37,936
Management bonus	33,809	2,576
Allowance for inventory write-down	953	2,295
Others	39,715	6,349
	804,212	421,373
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Fair value adjustments on property, plant		
and equipment of subsidiaries acquired	(453,816)	(426,423)
Deferred gross profit on sale of real estate		
inventories	(446,647)	_
Unrealized gain on change in fair value of		
financial assets at FVPL and derivative asset	(109,055)	(119,788)
Accrued income	(105,649)	(82,005)

(Forward)



	2023	2022
Excess of capital expenditures over depreciation	(₽98,431)	(₽25,019)
Right-of-use assets	(76,500)	(62,282)
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	(18,068)	(387)
Unamortized debt issuance costs	(6,512)	(3,846)
Unamortized capitalized borrowing cost	(2,620)	(392)
Others	(18,562)	(24)
	(1,335,860)	(720,166)
	(\$\$31,648)	(₽298,793)

The deferred tax assets and liabilities are presented in the consolidated statements of financial position as follows:

2023	2022
₽164,807	₽127,736
(696,455)	(426,529)
(₽531,648)	(₽298,793)
	P164,807 (696,455)

The Company's deductible temporary differences, unused NOLCO and MCIT for which no deferred tax assets are recognized in the consolidated statements of financial position, are as follows:

	2023	2022
NOLCO	₽1,041,915	₽311,423
Allowance for impairment loss	203,874	203,874
Allowance for ECLs	122,915	122,172
Accrued personnel costs and employee benefits	41,750	41,905
MCIT	38,866	2,626
Unrealized loss on change in fair value of FVOCI	32,082	19,426
Unamortized past service cost	19,781	18,592
Pension liability	9,154	2,105
Equity in net losses of associate	2,497	-
	₽1,512,834	₽722,123

Deferred tax assets were not recognized since management believes that it is not probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available to allow said deferred tax assets to be utilized.

The educational segment as private educational institutions, are taxed based on R.A. No. 9337 which was effective January 1, 1998. Section 27(B) of R.A. No. 9337 defines and provides that: "A Proprietary Educational Institution is any private school maintained and administered by private individuals or groups with an issued permit to operate from the Department of Education (DepEd), or CHED, or Technical Education and Skills Development Authority (TESDA), as the case may be, in accordance with the existing laws and regulations, shall pay a tax of 1% beginning July 1, 2020 until June 30, 2023 and to a tax of 10% beginning July 1, 2023 on their taxable income."

On September 30, 2020, the BIR issued Revenue Regulations No. 25-2020 implementing Section 4(b) of "Bayanihan to Recover As One Act" which states that the NOLCO incurred for taxable years 2020 and 2021 can be carried over and claimed as a deduction from gross income for the next five (5) consecutive taxable years immediately following the year of such loss.



		A	Amount	
Date Paid/Incurred	Expiry Date	MCIT	NOLCO	
December 31, 2020	December 31, 2023	₽6,122	₽-	
December 31, 2020	December 31, 2025	-	562,049	
December 31, 2021	December 31, 2024	12,333	_	
December 31, 2021	December 31, 2026	-	749,056	
December 31, 2022	December 31, 2025	11,262	611,811	
December 31, 2023	December 31, 2026	19,862	788,764	
		₽49,579	₽2,711,680	

- 83 -

MCIT totaling P49.6 million can be deducted against RCIT due while NOLCO totaling P2,711.7 million can be claimed as deduction against taxable income, as follows:

MCIT amounting to P1.0 million and P1.2 million expired in 2023 and 2022, respectively. Expired NOLCO amounted to nil and P311.5 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively. MCIT amounting to P2.5 million and nil in 2023 and 2022, respectively, and NOLCO amounting to P47.4 million and nil in 2023 and 2022, respectively, were claimed as deduction against regular taxable income.

Reconciliation between the statutory tax rates and the Company's effective tax rates follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Applicable statutory tax rate	25.0%	25.0%	25.0%
Income tax effects of:			
Income of school's subject to			
lower income tax rate of			
10%/1%	(17.3)	(13.1)	(13.5)
Change in unrecognized deferred			
tax assets and others	1.4	9.0	(6.1)
Equity in net earnings of			
associates and joint ventures	1.1	(0.9)	(0.4)
Interest income subjected to			
lower final tax rate	(1.0)	(0.7)	(0.1)
Effective tax rates	9.2%	1.3%	4.9%

Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises (CREATE) Act

On March 26, 2021, the Republic Act No. 11534 or the Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises (CREATE) Act was signed into law to introduce reforms to the corporate income tax and incentives systems in the Philippines.

The following are the key changes to the Philippine tax law pursuant to the CREATE Act which have an impact on the Company:

- RCIT rate is reduced from 30% to 25% for domestic and resident foreign corporations. For domestic corporations with net taxable income not exceeding ₽5 million and with total assets not exceeding ₽100 million (excluding land on which the business entity's office, plant and equipment are situated) during the taxable year, the RCIT rate is reduced to 20%.
- MCIT rate reduced from 2% to 1% of gross income effective July 1, 2020.
- Imposition of improperly accumulated earnings tax (IAET) is repealed.



Proprietary educational institutions and hospitals which are nonprofit previously subject to a tax of 10% on their taxable income, shall be imposed a tax rate of 1% beginning July 1, 2020 until June 30, 2023.

35. Pension and Other Post-employment Benefits

Pension and other post-employment benefits as at December 31 consist of:

	2023	2022
Net pension liability	₽ 267,222	₽196,059
Vacation and sick leave	91,094	79,502
Defined contribution plan	5	39
	₽358,321	₽275,600

Pension and other employee benefits expenses under "Cost of sales", "General and administrative expenses" and "Selling expenses", consist of:

	2023	2022	2021
Net pension expense	₽112,018	₽76,191	₽66,091
Vacation and sick leave	12,402	26,499	12,775
Defined contribution plan	723	678	866
	₽125,143	₽103,368	₽79,732

A. Pension Benefit Obligation

The following tables summarize the components of net pension expense recognized in the consolidated statements of income and the funded status and amounts recognized in the consolidated statements of financial position for the respective plans.

Net pension expense consists of:

	2023	2022	2021
Current service cost	₽ 99,296	₽62,415	₽60,858
Net interest cost	12,402	13,364	5,233
Past service cost	320	412	_
Net pension expense	₽112,018	₽76,191	₽66,091

Details of net pension liability as at December 31 are as follows:

	2023	2022
Present value of defined benefit obligation	₽793,183	₽531,538
Fair value of plan assets	(525,961)	(335,479)
Pension liability	₽267,222	₽196,059



	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of year	₽531,538	₽541,312
Acquisition through business combination	145,313	192
Current service cost	99,296	62,415
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	38,350	22,434
Benefits paid from plan assets	(22,147)	(44,201)
Benefits paid from operating funds	(11,016)	(23,804)
Past service cost	320	412
Actuarial (gains) losses:		
Changes in financial assumptions	18,419	(38,078)
Changes in demographic assumptions	(14,709)	(19,753)
Experience adjustments	7,819	30,609
Balance at end of year	₽793,183	₽531,538

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

Change in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:

	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of year	₽335,479	₽347,000
Actual contributions	101,679	41,844
Acquisition through business combination	89,585	_
Interest income included in net interest cost	25,948	9,070
Benefits paid	(22,147)	(44,201)
Actual return excluding amount included in net		
interest cost	(4,583)	(18,426)
Net acquired assets due to employee transfers	-	192
Balance at end of year	₽525,961	₽335,479
Actual return (deficit) on plan assets	₽21,365	(₽9,356)

Change in net pension liability are as follows:

	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of year	₽196,059	₽194,312
Pension expense	112,018	76,192
Contributions	(101,679)	(41,844)
Benefits paid from operating fund	(11,016)	(23,804)
Remeasurements in OCI	16,112	(8,797)
Acquisition through business combination	55,728	_
Pension liability	₽267,222	₽196,059

The Company expects to contribute ₱90.3 million to its retirement fund in 2023.

The ranges of principal assumptions used in determining pension benefits are as follows:

	2023	2022
Discount rates	5-7%	4-7%
Rates of salary increase	3-6%	2-6%



The Company has established a retirement fund that is managed by a trustee. The carrying value and fair value of the retirement fund of the Company amounted to \$526.0 million and \$335.5 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The major assets are as follows:

	2023	2022
Cash and short-term investments	₽338,473	₽121,065
Marketable equity securities	156,667	214,414
Others	30,821	_
	₽ 525,961	₽335,479

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the carrying amount of the retirement fund approximates its fair value. Cash and short-term investments include liquid investments in Special Deposit Accounts (SDAs), government securities and mutual funds and UITFs. Marketable equity securities can be sold through the PSE. These include shares of stock of the Parent Company with a fair value of P4.5 million and P4.2 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The voting rights over the shares are exercised by the trustee through the retirement committee, the members of which are directors or officers of the Parent Company.

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on reasonably possible changes of each significant assumption on the present value of the defined benefit obligation as of the end of the reporting period, assuming all other assumptions were held constant:

	2023	2022	
	Increase (Decrease)		
Discount rate:			
Increase by 1%	(₽11,402)	(₽38,877)	
Decrease by 1%	117,826	28,325	
Salary increase rate:			
Increase by 1%	₽122,192	₽39,443	
Decrease by 1%	(6,564)	(43,935)	

Shown below is the maturity analysis of the undiscounted benefit payments as at December 31:

	2023	2022
Within the next 12 months	₽137,183	₽34,241
Between two and five years	311,485	155,027
Beyond five years	2,889,349	1,324,757

The average duration of the defined benefit obligation as at December 31, 2023 is between 6.1 years to 19.93 years.

B. Defined Contribution Plan

The Company also provides a defined contribution plan that covers all regular full-time employees under which the Company pays fixed contributions based on the percentage contributed by the employees from their monthly salaries.

Participation by employees in the defined contribution plan is voluntary. Total contribution is up to 4% of annual salary, of which, 60% is contributed by the employees and 40% by the Company.



There will be separate sub-funds for the defined contribution and benefit plans which will not be commingled with each other or be used to fulfill the funding requirements of both retirement plans.

The Company contributed P0.7 million in 2023 and 2022 and P0.9 million 2021 to the defined contribution plan, which were recognized as expense. The Company has no advances to the defined contribution plan as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

C. Vacation and Sick Leave

The following tables summarize the components of vacation and sick leave expense recognized in the consolidated statements of income and the amounts recognized in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Vacation and sick leave expense consists of:

	2023	2022	2021
Current service cost	₽20,124	₽7,256	₽12,936
Past service credit	(11,200)	(1,749)	_
Interest cost	6,786	3,268	2,372
Actuarial losses (gains)	(3,308)	17,724	(2,533)
Vacation and sick leave expense	₽12,402	₽26,499	₽12,775

Changes in the present value of the vacation and sick leave obligation are as follows:

2023	2022
₽79,502	₽65,008
20,124	7,256
(11,200)	(1,749)
(9,118)	(21,157)
6,786	3,268
8,308	_
(3,308)	26,876
₽91,094	₽79,502
	₽79,502 20,124 (11,200) (9,118) 6,786 8,308 (3,308)

36. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise of cash and cash equivalents, investments held for trading and investments in equity instruments classified as financial assets at FVOCI in Philippine Peso and U.S. dollar currencies. The main purpose of these financial instruments is for a temporary outlay of funds. The Company has financial liabilities in the form of bank loans and corporate bonds with the main purpose of funding its investments in the Strategic Business Units (SBUs), potential new investments, refinancing maturing loans, and general corporate purposes. The Company also has financial assets and liabilities, such as trade and other receivables and trade and other payables that arise directly from operations.

The main risks arising from the Company's treasury transactions are credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk, foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk. Careful study, skill, prudence and due diligence are exercised at all times in the handling of the funds and capital raising of the Company.



Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Company will incur a loss arising from customers, clients or counterparties that fail to discharge their contractual obligations. Due to the Company's investing and operating activities, the Company is exposed to the potential credit-related losses that may occur as a result of an individual, counterparty or issuer being unable or unwilling to honor its contractual obligations.

In managing credit risk on the financial instruments, the Company transacts only with the Financial Institutions (FIs) duly approved by the Board of Directors. Investments per financial institution are subject to a maximum of 20% of the Company's investible funds. For investments in UITFs or Mutual Funds, it is the Company's policy that investments cannot exceed 10% of the size of the fund.

A comprehensive credit and business review in coordination with dealers or underwriters is performed whenever the Company invests in non-rated securities. Furthermore, the Company monitors the credit quality of corporate and sovereign bonds with reference to credit rating studies and updates from the major rating agencies. The Company's exposure to credit risk on its cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables arises from default of the counterparties with maximum exposures equal to the carrying amounts of the instruments.

	2023	2022
Financial assets at amortized cost:		
Cash and cash equivalents*	₽2,677,785	₽3,398,748
Trade and other receivables	8,845,508	5,807,259
Refundable deposits**	347,293	72,015
	₽11,870,586	₽9,278,022

*Excluding cash on hand

**Presented under "Input value-added taxes and other current assets" and "Other noncurrent assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position.

There are no significant concentrations of credit risk.

Credit Quality of Financial Assets, Other than Receivables from Customers

The financial assets are grouped according to stage whose description is explained as follows:

Stage 1 - those that are considered current and up to 30 days past due, and based on change in rating, delinquencies and payment history, do not demonstrate significant increase in credit risk.

Stage 2 - those that, based on change in rating, delinquencies and payment history, demonstrate significant increase in credit risk, and/or are considered more than 30 days past due but does not demonstrate objective evidence of impairment as of reporting date.

Stage 3 - those that are considered in default or demonstrate objective evidence of impairment as of reporting date.



The credit quality of the Company's financial assets are as follows:
--

	2023							
	ECL Staging							
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3					
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Total				
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost:								
Cash and cash equivalents*	₽2,677,785	₽-	₽-	₽2,677,785				
Other receivables:								
Due from related parties	150,870	_	_	150,870				
Advances to officers and employees	61,793	_	-	61,793				
Accrued interest receivables	440,276	-	-	440,276				
Others	1,460,510	-	-	1,460,510				
Refundable deposits**	347,293	_	_	347,293				
Gross Carrying Amount	₽5,138,527	₽–	₽-	₽5,138,527				

*Excluding cash on hand.

**Presented under "Input value-added taxes and other current assets" and "Other noncurrent assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position.

	2022							
	ECL Staging							
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3					
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Total				
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost:								
Cash and cash equivalents*	₽3,398,748	₽–	₽–	₽3,398,748				
Other receivables:								
Due from related parties	28,918	-	-	28,918				
Advances to officers and employees	56,148	-	-	56,148				
Accrued interest receivables	338,546	-	-	338,546				
Others	440,359	-	-	440,359				
Refundable deposits**	72,015	-	-	72,015				
Gross Carrying Amount	₽4,334,734	₽-	₽-	₽4,334,734				

*Excluding cash on hand.

**Presented under "Input value-added taxes and other current assets" and "Other noncurrent assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Credit Quality of Receivables from Customers

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by geographical region, product type, customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit or other forms of credit insurance). The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure of the Company's receivables from customers using provision matrix:

December 31, 2023	Receivables from customers Days past due					
	Current	<30 Days	30-60 Days	61-90 Days	>91 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate	2%	11%	3%	35%	25%	12%
Estimated total gross carrying						
amount default	₽2,786,242	₽908,664	₽245,070	₽323,788	₽1,794,640	₽6,058,404
Expected credit loss	55,578	97,824	6,987	112,733	454,537	727,659



December 31, 2022	Receivables from customers						
		Days past due					
	Current	<30 Days	30-60 Days	61-90 Days	>91 Days	Total	
Expected credit loss rate	3%	9%	7%	28%	44%	15%	
Estimated total gross carrying							
amount default	₽2,353,512	₽702,318	₽116,874	₽600,616	₽787,395	₽4,560,715	
Expected credit loss	71,331	66,071	8,713	170,527	350,085	666,727	

Customer receivables amounting to P649.3 million and P563.8 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively, was specifically identified to be fully impaired (see Note 11). Impaired financial instruments comprise of receivables from customers and other receivables. The past due but not impaired trade and other receivables are expected to be collected the following year.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time due to the inability to collect its receivables, liquidate its other assets or obtain funding at reasonable terms. The Company manages liquidity risks by keeping a level of cash and cash equivalents sufficient to finance the operating requirements. The cash and cash equivalents are invested in time deposits and money market funds that can be liquidated quickly. The Company also ensures that it always has enough and active working capital lines with banks for bridge financing. The maturities of the financial liabilities are determined based on the Company's projected payments and contractual maturities. The key terms and threshholds are approved by the Board of Directors. It is the Company's policy to restrict investment in marketable securities, principally to publicly traded securities with a history of marketability and by dealing with only large reputable domestic institutions.

As part of liquidity risk management, the Company regularly evaluates the projected and actual cash flows and conducts stress-testing of assumptions to establish contingency plans. The Company continuously assesses conditions in the financial markets for opportunities for fund-raising activities which may include bank loans and capital market issues. The tables below show the maturity profile of the Company's financial assets used for liquidity purposes based on contractual undiscounted cash flows as of December 31:

			20	23		
	Within 1 Year	1 to < 2 Years	2 to < 3 Years	3 to 5 Years	More than 5 Years	Total
Financial Assets						
Financial assets at amortized cost						
Cash and cash equivalents	₽2,905,913	₽-	₽–	₽-	₽–	₽2,905,913
Trade and other receivables	8,845,508	-	-	-	-	8,845,508
Financial assets at FVPL:						
Investment in UITF	371,412	-	-	-	-	371,412
Investments in marketable equity						
securities	3,684	-	-	-	-	3,684
Investments in preferred shares	-	-	-	1,916,238	-	1,916,238
	₽12,126,517	₽-	₽-	₽1,916,238	₽-	₽14,042,755
	Within		20 2 to < 3	3 to 5	More than	
	1 Year	1 to < 2 Years	2 to < 3 Years	Years	5 Years	Total
Financial Assets						
Financial assets at amortized cost						
Cash and cash equivalents	₽3,421,578	₽–	₽–	₽–	₽–	₽3,421,578
Trade and other receivables	5,631,456	-	-	-	-	5,631,456
Financial assets at FVPL:						
Investment in UITF	647,383	-	-	-	-	647,383
Investments in marketable equity						
securities	6,933	-	-	-	-	6,933
Investments in preferred shares	-	-	-	2,209,088	-	2,209,088
	₽9,707,350	₽-	₽-	₽2,209,088	₽–	₽11,916,438



The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments as of December 31:

	2023					
	Within 1 Year	1 to < 2 Years	2 to < 3 Years	3 to 5 Years	More than 5 Years	Total
Financial Liabilities						
Loans and borrowings and payables						
Notes payable	₽7,626,264	₽–	₽–	₽-	₽-	₽7,626,264
Trade and other payables	3,572,566	-	-	-	_	3,572,566
Trust receipts payable	883,106	-	-	_	_	883,106
Due to related parties	71,981	-	-	_	_	71,981
Lease liabilities	155,812	95,891	79,212	68,943	398,331	798,189
Long-term debt*	672,723	3,740,337	2,497,272	3,514,071	594,788	11,019,191
Non-controlling interest put	,	, ,	, ,	, ,	,	, ,
liability	2,570,619	_	_	_	_	2,570,619
	₽15,553,071	₽3,836,228	₽2,576,484	₽3,583,014	₽993,119	₽26,541,916

*Including current and noncurrent portion.

			2022	2		
	Within	1 to < 2	2 to < 3	3 to 5	More than	
	1 Year	Years	Years	Years	5 Years	Total
Financial Liabilities						
Loans and borrowings and payables						
Notes payable	₽2,779,103	₽–	₽–	₽–	₽–	₽2,779,103
Trade and other payables	2,150,350	-	-	-	-	2,150,350
Trust receipts payable	128,249	-	-	-	-	128,249
Due to related parties	155,595	-	-	-	-	155,595
Lease liabilities	104,197	51,409	26,473	29,531	145,296	356,906
Long-term debt*	672,723	3,627,354	2,501,272	3,526,071	691,124	11,018,544
Non-controlling interest put						
liability	_	2,188,320		-	_	2,188,320
	₽5,990,217	₽5,867,083	₽2,527,745	₽3,555,602	₽836,420	₽18,777,067

*Including current and noncurrent portion.

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

The changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes are as follows:

	January 1, 2023	Acquisition through business combination	Additions	Payments	Others*	December 31, 2023
Notes payable	₽2,779,103	3,169,577	₽9,029,800	(₽7,158,495)	(₽193,721)	₽7,626,264
Long-term debt	10,934,746	743,413	3,159,325	(748,958)	50,540	14,139,066
Due to related parties	155,595	2,153	3,055,020	(3,140,787)	-	71,981
Dividends payable	185,687	1,007	473,359	(405,795)	_	254,258
Lease liabilities	314,128	193,318	107,788	(111,449)	20,732	524,517
Other noncurrent liabilities	49,577	166,096	86,245	_	-	301,918
Total liabilities from financing						
activities	₽14,418,836	₽4,275,564	₽15,911,537	(P11,565,484)	(P122,449)	₽22,918,004

* Others include amortization of debt issue cost and accretion of interest. For lease liabilities, this also includes derecognized amount of P1.4 million due to pre-termination of long-term lease contract.



					December 31,
	January 1, 2022	Additions	Payments	Others*	2022
Notes payable	₽930,174	₽3,380,647	(₽1,531,718)	₽–	₽2,779,103
Long-term debt	10,683,115	1,280,000	(1,048,952)	20,583	10,934,746
Due to related parties	182,878	272,379	(299,662)	-	155,595
Dividends payable	228,251	334,768	(377,332)	-	185,687
Lease liabilities	355,901	88,219	(125,452)	(4,540)	314,128
Other noncurrent liabilities	47,937	1,640	_	-	49,577
Total liabilities from financing					
activities	₽12,428,256	₽5,357,653	(₽3,383,116)	₽16,043	₽14,418,836

* Others include amortization of debt issue cost and accretion of interest. For lease liabilities, this also includes derecognized amount of P151515.5 million due to pre-termination of long-term lease contract.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk. Market risks are managed by constant review of global and domestic economic and financial environments as well as regular discussions with banks' economists/strategy officers to get multiple perspectives on interest rate trends/forecasts. Regular comparison of the portfolio's marked-to-market values and yields with defined benchmarks are also made.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's financial assets that are exposed to foreign currency risk are foreign currency denominated cash and cash equivalents, receivables, derivative assets and investments in UITFs.

Foreign exchange risks on the U.S. dollar and other foreign currencies are managed through constant monitoring of the political and economic environment domestically and abroad. Should the need arise, approved hedging strategies may be implemented to mitigate risks. Returns are also calibrated on a per currency basis to account for the perceived risks with higher returns expected from weaker currencies.

The following table shows the foreign currency-denominated financial assets and financial liabilities and their peso equivalents as of December 31:

	2023		2022	2022	
	Foreign	Peso	Foreign	Peso	
	Currency	Equivalent	Currency	Equivalent	
Financial assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	US\$9,628	₽533,102	US\$12,111	₽675,233	
Cash and cash equivalents	VND17,941,227	40,936	VND35,703	80	
Receivables	US\$10,056	556,825	US\$1,330	74,170	
Investment at FVPL	US\$34,608	1,916,238	US\$39,618	2,209,088	
Derivative assets	US\$16,069	889,721	US\$11,623	648,117	
Investment in UITF	US\$35	1,937	US\$34	1,879	
		₽3,938,759		₽3,608,567	
Financial liabilities:					
Trust receipts payables	US\$ –	₽-	US\$3,245	₽180,925	
Trade and other payables	US\$16	859	-	-	
Derivative liability	US\$ –	-	US\$7	371	
¥		₽859		₽181,296	

In translating foreign currency-denominated financial assets into peso amounts, the exchange rates used were \$25.37 and \$25.76 to US\$1.00 as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.



The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's profit before tax (due to the changes in the fair value of monetary assets) as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. There is no impact on the Company's equity other than those already affecting the profit or loss.

	2023	
	Increase (Decrease) in Peso-Dollar Exchange Rate	Effect on Profit Before Tax
		(Amounts in Millions)
PHN	₽1.0	₽61.71
	(1.0)	(61.71)
PEHI	1.0	8.14
	(1.0)	(8.14)
UGC	3.0	0.14
	(3.0)	(0.14)
PCC	4.0	1.80
	(4.0)	(1.80)
	2022	
	Increase (Decrease)	Effect on
	in Peso-Dollar Exchange Rate	Profit Before Tax
		(Amounts in Millions)
PHN	₽1.0	₽1.44
	(1.0)	(1.44)
PEHI	1.0	11.95
	(1.0)	(11.95)
UGC	3.0	0.07
	(3.0)	(0.07)
PCC	4.0	0.18
	(4.0)	(0.18)

The effect on profit before tax already includes the impact of derivatives outstanding as at December 31, 2023 and 2022:

Interest Rate Risk

Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risk is managed by assessing developments in the market and also internally monitoring the interest rate, interest structure, and maturity profile of the company's debt obligations.



The following tables set out the carrying amounts, by maturity, of the Company's financial assets and liabilities that are exposed to interest rate risk as of December 31:

				2023			
		Within 1				More than	
	Interest Rates	Year	1 to < 2 Years	2 to < 3 Years	3 to 5 Years	5 Years	Total
Financial Assets							
Placements (PHP)	1.40%-6.10%	₽790,819	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽790,819
Financial Liabilities							
PHN	6.00%-7.86%	64,564	966,133	18,142	1,869,258	-	2,918,097
UGC	4.85%	48,218	48,258	12,233	800,276	-	908,985
				2022			
		Within 1				More than	
	Interest Rates	Year	1 to < 2 Years	2 to $<$ 3 Years	3 to 5 Years	5 Years	Total
Financial Assets							
Placements (PHP)	5.25%-5.728%	₽1,694,459	₽-	₽	₽	₽-	₽1,694, 459
Financial Liabilities							
PHN	6.25%	20,000	20,000	20,000	1,882,344	_	1,942,344
UGC	4.85%-5.11%	47,958	47,982	48,025	810,240	-	954,205

Interest on financial instruments classified as fixed rate is fixed until the maturity of the instrument.

The table below sets forth the estimated change in the Company's income before tax due to a reasonably possible change in interest rates as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. There is no impact on the Company's equity other than those already affecting the profit or loss.

	2023			
	Increase/ (Decrease) in Basis Points	Effect on Profit Before Tax		
Financial Liabilities				
PHN	25 (25)	(₽7,295) 7,295		
UGC	25 (25)	(2,272) 2,272		
	20	22		
	Increase/			
	(Decrease) in Basis Points	Effect on Profit Before Tax		
Financial Liabilities				
PHN	25	(₽4,856)		
	(25)	4,856		
UGC	25	(2,406)		
	(25)	2,406		

Peso placements are subject to cash flow interest rate risk while peso and dollar bonds are subject to fair value interest rate risk.



Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair values of equities decrease as a result of changes in the levels of the equity indices and the values of individual stocks. The Company's exposure to equity price risk relates primarily to its equity investments listed in the PSE classified under investments held for trading.

The Company's policy is to maintain the risk to an acceptable level. Movement of share price is monitored regularly to determine impact on the Company's financial position. Unsystemic risk is managed through diversification in the stock portfolio.

The following tables demonstrate the effect on the Company's profit before income tax (as a result of a change in the fair value of equity instruments held as investment held for trading) due to a reasonably possible change in equity indices, based on the Company's expectation, with all other variables held constant as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. There is no other significant impact on the Company's equity other than those already affecting the profit or loss.

	2023	5
	Increase/	
	Decrease	Effect
	in Stock	on Profit
	Exchange Index	Before Tax
PHN	+8.6%	₽10
	-8.6%	(10)
API	+8.6%	0.08
	-8.6%	(0.08)
	2022	
	Increase/	
	Decrease	Effect
	in Stock	on Profit
	Exchange Index	Before Tax
PHN	+13.7%	₽325
	-13.7%	(325)
API	+13.7%	310
	-13.7%	(310)

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that the Company maintains a healthy capital structure to maintain strong credit rating and maximize shareholder value.

Capital includes all the accounts appearing in the "Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent" and "Equity attributable to non-controlling interests" in the consolidated statements of financial position.

The Company keeps the debt-to-equity (DE) ratio at a level no higher than 3.33:1, with the DE ratio computed as consolidated total indebtedness over consolidated total equity. Total indebtedness defined as (a) money borrowed; (b) any amount raised by acceptance credit facility; (c) any amount raised pursuant to any note purchase facility or the issue of bonds, promisory notes, debentures, loan stock or any similar instrument; (d) the amount of any liability in respect of any lease or hire purchase contract which would, in accordance with PFRS, be treated as a finance or capital lease; (e) receivables sold on a non-recourse basis; (f) any amount raised under any other transaction (including



any forward sale or purchase agreement) having the commercial effect of a borrowing; (g) any derivative transaction entered into in connection with protection against or benefit from fluctuation in any rate or price (and, when calculating the value of any derivative transaction, only the marked-to-market value shall be taken into account); (h) any counter-indemnity obligation in respect of a guarantee, indemnity, bond, standby or documentary letter of credit or any other instrument issued by a bank or financial institution; (i) the amount paid-up or credited as paid-up on any redeemable share capital; and (j) the amount of any liability in respect of any guarantee or indemnity for any of the items referred to in paragraphs (a) to (i) above.

The Company's consolidated debt-to-equity ratio as at December 31 are as follows:

	2023	2022
Total indebtedness	₽25,743,572	₽16,344,917
Total equity	10,700,370	11,142,669
Debt-to-equity ratio	2.41:1	1.47:1

The Company expects to improve the debt-to-equity ratio mainly through improvement in the Company's business operations.

37. Financial Instruments

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of its assets and liabilities by valuation technique:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input is significant to their fair value measurement is unobservable

Assets and liabilities measured or disclosed at fair value are as follows:

	2023				
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets					
Investments held for trading:					
Investments in UITFs	₽371,412	₽-	₽371,412	₽-	
Investments in marketable equity securities	3,684	3,684	_	_	
Club shares designated at FVOCI	70,550	_	70,550	_	
Non-listed equity instruments designated at FVOCI	92,558	_	_	92,558	
Non-listed debt instrument designated at FVPL	1,916,238	_	_	1,916,238	
Derivative assets	889,721	_	_	889,721	
	₽3,344,163	₽3,684	₽441,962	₽2,898,517	
Liabilities					
Non-controlling interest put liability	₽2,570,619	₽-	₽-	₽2,570,619	
Long-term debt	14,449,990	_	-	14,449,990	
¥	₽17,020,609	₽-	₽-	₽17,020,609	



	2022				
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets					
Investments held for trading:					
Investments in UITFs	₽647,383	₽-	₽647,383	₽–	
Investments in marketable equity securities	6,933	6,933	_	_	
Club shares designated at FVOCI	41,000	-	41,000	-	
Non-listed equity instruments designated at FVOCI	81,959	_	_	81,959	
Non-listed debt instrument designated at FVPL	2,209,088	_	_	2,209,088	
Derivative assets	648,117	_	-	648,117	
	₽3,634,480	₽6,933	₽688,383	₽2,939,164	
Liabilities					
Derivative liability	₽371	₽-	₽371	₽–	
Non-controlling interest put liability	2,188,320	_	_	2,188,320	
Long-term debt	10,581,439	-	-	10,581,439	
	₽12,770,130	₽_	₽371	₽12,769,759	

During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and no transfers into and out of Level 3 fair value measurements.

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of the following financial instruments.

Investments Held for Trading, Financial Assets at FVPL, Financial Assets at FVOCI and Derivative Assets. Quoted market prices have been used to determine the fair value of investments in marketable equity securities and club shares designated at FVOCI. The fair values of unquoted equity investments at FVOCI, unquoted debt investment classified as financial asset at FVPL and derivative asset have been estimated using a future cash flows from the investee and applying a discount rate to calculate the present value of the cash flows. The valuation requires management to make certain assumptions about the model inputs including forecast cashflows, discount rate, long-term growth rate, comparable companies' average volatility, option adjusted spread and risk-free rate. The probabilities of various estimates within the range can be reasonably assessed and are used in management's estimate of fair value for these unquoted investments.

The fair values of non-listed shares of stock were determined through the following valuation approach: income approach and asset-based approach. Income approach is predicated upon the concept that the value of any asset can be estimated by ascertaining the amount and timing of future cash flows or earnings that are generated by that asset. Asset-based approach is based on the value of all the tangible and intangible assets and liabilities of the company. The discount rates, a significant unobservable input used in the valuation of the non-listed shares of stock using the income approach, were and 17.11% and 16.20% as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. An increase (decrease) in the discount rate used in the valuation of the non-listed shares will decrease (increase) the fair value of the non-listed shares of stock.

Cash and Cash Equivalents, Trade and Other Receivables, Notes Payable, Trade and Other Payables, Trust Receipts Payable and Due to Related Parties. Due to the short-term nature of these transactions, the carrying value approximate the fair values as at the reporting date.

Derivative Liability. Estimated fair value is based on the average rate of the forward bid rates and forward ask rates computed in Bloomberg.

Long-term Debt. The fair value of interest-bearing fixed-rate loans is based on the discounted value of expected future cash flows using the applicable rates for similar types of loans. Discount rates used ranged from 5% to 8% and 3% to 7% in 2023 and 2022, respectively.



Derivative Instruments

Freestanding Derivatives. The Company's derivative financial instruments are accounted for as financial instruments at FVPL.

UGC and PCC entered into a buy US\$-sell PHP deliverable foreign currency forward contracts to manage the foreign currency risk arising from its US\$-denominated trust receipts payable.

UGC has a derivative liability amounting to nil and P0.3 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The transacted contract has an aggregate notional amount of nil and US\$28.4 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively. The unrealized gain (loss) on change in fair value of the derivative instrument amounted to (P0.4 million), P1.5 million and P1.3 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The weighted average contracted forward rates are nil and P53.958 to US\$1.00 in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

PCC has a derivative liability amounting to nil and nil as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The transacted contracts have an aggregate notional amount of nil and US\$45.8 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively. The unrealized gain on change in fair value of the derivative instrument amounted to nil, P3.5 million and P1.9 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The weighted average contracted forward rates are nil in 2023 and P53.994 to US\$1.00 in 2022.

The net changes in fair value of these derivative liability are as follows:

	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of year	₽371	(₽2,931)
Net change in fair value during the year	1,608	32,758
Fair value of settled contracts	(1,979)	(29,456)
Balance at end of year	₽-	₽371

38. Leases

Company as Lessee

The Company has various lease contracts for land, buildings, warehouses and vehicles. The leases have lease terms of between two (2) and 25 years. The Company also has certain leases with lease terms of 12 months or less. The Company applies the "short-term lease" recognition exemptions for these leases. The rollforward analysis of right-of-use assets follows:

			2023		
		Right-of-use:			
	Right-of-use:	Buildings &	Right-of-use:	Right-of-use:	Right-of-use:
	Land	Warehouses	Vehicles	Others	Total
Cost					
At January 1, 2023	₽119,241	₽170,017	₽291,890	₽2,470	₽583,618
Acquisition through business					
combination	98,012	126,254	-	-	224,266
Additions	31,181	9,831	62,868	675	104,555
Pre-termination	-	-	(5,941)	(384)	(6,325)
At December 31, 2023	248,434	306,102	348,817	2,761	906,114
Accumulated Depreciation					
and Amortization					
At January 1, 2023	19,032	80,113	166,972	2,470	268,587
Acquisition through business					
combination	37,086	65,029	-	-	102,115
Depreciation	12,025	40,426	63,962	391	116,804
Pre-termination	_	-	(4,573)	(100)	(4,673)
At December 31, 2023	68,143	185,568	226,361	2,761	482,833
Net Book Value	₽180,291	₽120,534	₽122,456	₽-	₽423,281



			2022		
		Right-of-use:			
	Right-of-use:	Buildings &	Right-of-use:	Right-of-use:	Right-of-use:
	Land	Warehouses	Vehicles	Others	Total
Cost					
At January 1, 2022	₽106,037	₽147,507	₽269,406	₽2,470	₽525,420
Additions	15,942	43,332	29,054	-	88,328
Pre-termination	(2,738)	(20,822)	(6,570)	-	(30,130)
At December 31, 2022	119,241	170,017	291,890	2,470	583,618
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization					
At January 1, 2022	12,398	65,767	109,867	2,143	190,175
Depreciation	6,634	22,712	60,304	327	89,977
Pre-termination	-	(8,366)	(3,199)	-	(11,565)
At December 31, 2022	19,032	80,113	166,972	2,470	268,587
Net Book Value	₽100,209	₽89,904	₽124,918	₽–	₽315,031

The rollforward analysis of lease liabilities follows:

	2023	2022
As at beginning of year	₽314,128	₽355,901
Acquisition through business combination	193,318	_
Payments	(111,306)	(125,452)
Additions	104,307	88,219
Accretion of interest	25,497	19,646
Pretermination	(1,427)	(24,186)
As at end of year	524,517	314,128
Less current portion of lease liabilities	128,510	102,676
Noncurrent portion of lease liabilities	₽396,007	₽211,452

In 2023, three (3) long-term lease contracts were pre-terminated by the Company. As a result, the Company recognized loss from pre-termination of lease contract amounting to P0.2 million recognized in the statement of income as part of "Other income (expenses)", after derecognizing the related right-of-use assets and lease liabilities amounting to P1.6 million and P1.4 million, respectively, in the statements of financial position.

In 2022, three (3) long-term lease contracts were pre-terminated by the Company. As a result, the Company recognized gain from pre-termination of lease contract amounting to P5.6 million recognized in the statement of income as part of "Other income (expenses)", after derecognizing the related right-of-use assets and lease liabilities amounting to P18.6 million and P24.2 million, respectively, in the statements of financial position.

In 2021, two (2) long-term lease contracts were pre-terminated by the Company. As a result, the Company recognized gain from pre-termination of lease contract amounting to $\mathbb{P}0.8$ million, recognized in the consolidated statement of income as part of "Other income (expenses)", after derecognizing the related right-of-use assets and lease liabilities amounting to $\mathbb{P}18.2$ million and $\mathbb{P}15.5$ million, respectively, and recognizing claims receivable amounting to $\mathbb{P}3.6$ million presented as part of "Trade and other receivables" in the consolidated statements of financial position.



The following are the amounts recognized in the consolidated statements of income:

	2023	2022	2021
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets			
(see Notes 31)	₽116,804	₽89,977	99,012
Interest expense on lease liabilities (see Note			
32)	25,640	19,646	22,523
Expenses relating to short-term leases	140,076	113,528	103,464

Shown below is the maturity analysis of the undiscounted lease payments:

	2023	2022
1 year	₽155,812	₽104,197
more than 1 years to 2 years	95,891	51,409
more than 2 years to 3 years	79,212	26,473
more than 3 years to 4 years	68,943	29,531
more than 5 years	398,331	145,296

39. Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Unused Credit Lines

PHN has an unused credit line amounting to P4.7 billion and P4.5 billion as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

UGC has the following unused approved credit lines with local banks and financial institutions as at December 31, 2023:

Nature	Amount
Letters of credit/trust receipts	₽4,730,616
Bills purchase line	921,480
Forward contract (including settlement risk)	1,189,989

PCC has the following unused approved credit lines with local banks and financial institutions as at December 31, 2023:

Nature	Amount
Letters of credit/trust receipts	₽4,596,532
Bills purchase line	550,764
Forward contract (including settlement risk)	1,398,182

Phinma Solar has the following unused approved credit lines with local banks and financial institutions as at December 31, 2023:

Nature	Amount
Letters of credit/trust receipts	₽461,831
Bills purchase line	50,000
Forward contract (including settlement risk)	140,000



PEHI has the following unused approved credit lines with local banks and financial institutions as at December 31, 2023:

Nature	Amount
Letters of credit/trust receipts	₽4,650,000
Bills purchase line	275,000
Forward contract (including settlement risk)	276,850

(b) <u>PPHC</u>

a. PPHC is a party to certain claims arising from the ordinary course of business. Management, after consultations with its legal counsel, is of the opinion that adverse judgment in any case will not materially affect its financial position and results of operations. Other disclosures required by PAS 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, were not provided as it may prejudice PPHC's position on these claims.

On October 22, 2022, PPHC executed a joint development agreement (JDA) with Jepp Real Estate Co. Inc. (JREC), to undertake a certain property development project through the formation of a joint venture company. The JDA contains conditions precedent, activities and milestones that need to be met by both parties, which most of these are yet to be completed as at December 31, 2022.

On December 12, 2022, Jepp Property Corporation (JEPP), the "JV Company", was incorporated and registered with the Philippine SEC. The JV company's primary purpose is to deal and engage in the real estate business in all its aspects; to hold, develop, finance or otherwise deal in and dispose of all kind of real estate development. As of December 31, 2022, PPHC has no ownership interest in the JV Company.

 b. On January 19, 2023, PPHC and JREC entered into a Contract to Sell whereby PPHC agreed to purchase 9.7% ownership interest in JEPP Property Corporation, for a total consideration of ₱294.1 million.

In November 17, 2023, the Parent Company entered into a subscription agreement with JEPP, whereby it agreed to subscribe and purchase 18.2 million shares of JEPP for a price of P18.2 million. No shares has been issued as at December 31, 2023, while approval for the Confirmation of Valuation (COV) is still pending with the SEC. The request for COV was filed and submitted by JEPP Property Corporation.

- c. On January 28, 2021, PPHC entered into a Loan Agreement with HDMF, under its Program for the Development of Medium/High Rise Condominium Building (MHRB) Projects. Such agreement grants PPHC a facility of up to ₱300.0 million to be drawn in several tranches in 2021and payable within 6 months of each drawdown. As of 2021, the group availed ₱184.0 million from the facility, which were fully paid in March 2022.
- d. PPHC has entered into a Funding Commitment Agreement with the HDMF covering the terms and conditions for extension of housing loans to HDMF members under the Pag-IBIG Housing Loan Program. HDMF requires a seasoning period of two years within which to convert the Contract to Sell between PPHC and the buyer to Real Estate Mortgage between the HDMF and the buyer.



- e. On September 13, 2019, the Group entered into a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) with Jose Claro H. Velez for the development of the property into a town house project with a total area of 17,946 square meters, more or less, located at Buhangin, Brgy. Pampanga, Davao City. As stated in the MOA, the land area shall be provided by Jose Claro H. Velez while the Group shall provide all the resources to develop the project from planning and design to construction, marketing and sales. The development consists of Phases 1 to 3 where number of units will depend on market needs and conditions. Liability for acquisition of land in relation to this amounted to ₱4.5 million as at December 31, 2023 (see Note 21).The project has started its site development in January 2021. As of December 31, 2023, the project is still on-going.
- f. On December 15, 2017, the Group entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with Giant Philippines Incorporated (GPI) for a possible joint venture for the development of a residential condominium complex. GPI will contribute the project area and the Group shall be responsible for the planning and design, land development, construction of the condominium units, project management, marketing and sale of units, documentation of housing loans, securing of credit lines for development and buyer's financing and post project management. As of December 31, 2023, the project is still on-going.
- g. In August 2016, PPHC entered into a MOA with Jose Claro H. Velez for the development of parcels of land into a condominium project with a total land area of 21,409 square meters, more or less, located at Brgy. Vicente Hizon, Sasa, Davao City. As stated in the MOA, the land area shall be provided by Jose Claro H. Velez while PPHC shall provide all the resources to develop the project from planning and design to construction, marketing and sales. The development consists of 1,080 condominium units. In accordance with the MOA, PPHC has accrued nil in December 31, 2023. Liability for acquisition of land in relation to this amounted to ₱1.7 million as at December 31, 2023 (see Note 21).
- h. On December 29, 2015, the Group entered into a Contract to Buy and Sell with Buena Homes (Sandoval), Inc. (BHSI) for the acquisition of certain parcels of land located in Pasig City with a total area of 42,711 square meters, more or less. In 2017, the Company paid ₱56.8 million for Phase 2. In accordance with the agreement, the Company accrued nil and ₱41.9 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively, for Phase 3. Liability for acquisition of land in relation to this amounted ₱1.2 million as at December 31, 2023 (see Note 21).
- i. PPHC entered into a MOA with Anglo Philippines Maritime, Inc. (APMI) for the development of several parcels of land into a housing project with a total land area of 38,868 square meters, more or less, located in Muntinlupa City. The land area shall be provided by APMI whereas PPHC shall provide all the resources to develop the project from planning and design to construction, marketing and sales. The development shall be divided into four phases consisting of total of 1,792 condominium units. Phase 1 consisting of 588 units and all five buildings were completed in 2016. In 2018, PPHC paid APMI a total of ₱18.6 million. As at December 31, 2023, the balance of the liability amounted to ₱3.7 million (see Note 21).
- j. On September 16, 2008, PPHC entered into a Contract to Sell with the Baradi Family for the acquisition of several parcels of land located in Quezon City, with a total area of 16,956 square meters, more or less. Total consideration amounted to ₱127.0 million. As at December 31, 2023, the remaining balance of the liability amounted ₱1.8 million (see Note 21).



(c)<u>PHI</u>

Lease Agreements

PHI as Lessee

On August 16, 2009, PHI entered into a lease agreement with EMAR Corporation, a related party, which shall be for a period of five (5) years until August 15, 2014 and is renewable under such terms and conditions as the parties may agree. In September 2011, the lease agreement was amended to reduce the leased area by half of the original size. On September 1, 2021 and 2020, respectively, the lease agreement was renewed for another year with total leased space of 205 square meters. PHI applied the "short-term lease" recognition exemption for this lease under PFRS 16.

Rent expense arising from this lease agreement amounted to ₱2.7 million in 2023.

Security Deposit

The lease agreement provides for a security deposit to be applied against monthly rentals due or to be refunded, free of interest, after PHI has completely vacated the leased premises, less certain deductions as stipulated in the agreement.

The carrying amount of the security deposit amounted to ₱0.4 million as at December 31, 2023.

(d) Coral Way

Lease Commitments

Coral Way as a Lessee

Coral Way entered into a non-cancellable commercial lease of land with Shoemart, Inc., which shall be used for the development and operation of Coral Way until 2027. The lease contract includes a clause to enable yearly upward revision of the rental charges.

Coral Way as a Lessor

Coral Way entered into a commercial lease with Paramount Hotels and Facilities Management Company, Inc. (Paramount) for the rental of a commercial space in the Hotel. The operating lease is renewable upon mutual agreement between the parties. In 2021, Coral Way and Paramount have agreed to renew the lease for another 3 years.

In May 2010, Coral Way entered into a lease agreement with a third party for the rental of a space in the Hotel to be used as equipment room. The lease is for a period of five years. The lease agreement was renewed in 2021 for another five years.

(e) KEHC

Lease Commitments

KEHC as a Lessee

On December 19, 2013, Coral Way entered into a non-cancellable commercial lease of land with a third party, which shall be used for the development and operation of KEHC for a period of 25 years, renewable for another 10 years upon mutual agreement of the parties. The lease contract includes a clause to enable yearly upward revision of the rental charges and grace period of two years.



In 2014, KEHC and Coral Way entered into a deed of assignment wherein the latter agreed to assign all its rights, interests and obligations under the contract of lease in favor of KEHC as the new lessee.

Except for the change in the lessee, all other provisions of the contract of lease shall continue to be valid and binding with the lessor.

KEHC as a Lessor

KEHC entered into a commercial lease with Paramount for the rental of a commercial space in the Hotel. The lease is for a period of three (3) years and renewable for another three (3) years, after 2019.

In 2019, KEHC entered into a lease agreement with Cutad, Inc. for the rental of a commercial space in the Hotel. The lease is for a period of twenty (20) years with 5.0% yearly escalation clause.

(f) Others

There are contingent liabilities arising from tax assessments occurring in the ordinary course of business, including the petition filed for the reversal and nullification of safeguard duties on its importation of cement. On the basis of information furnished by the Company's legal counsel, management believes that none of these contingencies will materially affect the Company's financial position and result of operations.

40. EPS Computation

Basic EPS is computed as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
(a) Net income attributable to equity holders of the parent	₽ 957,626	₽947,677	₽1,128,965
(b) Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	286,326	276,721	272,246
Basic/diluted EPS attributable to equity			
holders of the parent (a/b)	₽3.34	₽3.42	₽4.15

The Company's basic and diluted earnings per share are the same since the Company does not have potential common shares.

41. Segment Information

For management purposes, the Company is organized into business units based on its products and services and has six (6) reportable operating segments as follows:

- Investment holdings PHN and PSHC are engaged in investment holding activities of shares of stocks and other financial instruments.
- Property development PPHC is engaged in real estate development. API and APHI lease out its real and personal properties.



- Construction materials PCC encompasses the operations of the cement trading. UGC handles
 the manufacturing and trading of iron and steel products. PHINMA Solar provides solar rooftop
 system to customers. The Company has assessed that the nature of the products and services and
 the type or class of customers for these products and services are related.
- Educational services PEHI holds interest in AU, COC, UPANG, UI, SWU, RCI, RCL and UCLI which offer graduate, tertiary, secondary and elementary education services. CAA conducts a non-sectarian institution of learning and operates schools for all levels below tertiary level, whether preschool, primary, secondary, technical and vocational, specialized programs and for all and any form of educational activities.
- Hospitality PHI provides management services and is engaged in investment holding activities for the hotels. PHINMA Microtel is engaged in hotel franchising. Coral Way is engaged in hotel operations.
- OAL was engaged in animation services.

The BOD (Chief Operating Decision Maker) monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss and is measured consistently with operating profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements. Segment result is defined as the segment's income generated from its own operations, net of its share in the equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures and investment income, before deducting interest and financing charges, provision for income tax and share of NCI. The amounts of segment assets and liabilities, and segment profit or loss are based on measurement principles that are similar to those used in measuring the assets, liabilities and profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements, which is in accordance with PFRS.

The Company does not report its results based on geographical segments since the Company's risks and rates of return are substantially in the same economic and political environment with the companies incorporated and operated in the Philippines. There are no transactions with a single customer that accounts to 10% or more of the Company's revenue.

Transfer prices between operating segments are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transaction with third parties. Segment revenues, segment expenses and segment results include transfers between operating segments. These transfers are eliminated in full upon consolidation.



Segment Information

Financial information on the operating segments are summarized as follows:

-	Investment	Property	Construction	Educational				Total
	Holdings	Development	Materials	Services	Hospitality	BPO	Eliminations	Operations
Year Ended December 31, 2023								
Revenue	₽ 766,950	₽1,921,024	₽13,268,172	₽5,438,749	₽293,027	₽7	(₽414,111)	₽21,273,818
Segment results	(205,108)	467,317	826,900	1,410,280	46,258	(389)	1,879	2,547,137
Investment income	620,101	24,401	18,200	45,253	3,689	7	(381,970)	329,681
Equity in net earnings (losses) of associates								
and joint ventures	-	(76,649)	-	(5,028)	81	-	_	(81,596)
Interest expense and financing charges	(297,548)	(122,759)	(402,784)	(210,544)	(12,179)	_	41,125	(1,004,689)
Provision for income tax	(11,241)	(84,042)	(11,367)	(45,994)	(11,285)	-	_	(163,929)
Share of non-controlling interest	_	(161)	_	(254,639)	_	_	(414,178)	(668,978)
Net income attributable to equity holders								
of parent	₽106,204	₽208,107	₽430,949	₽939,328	₽26,564	(P382)	(₽753,144)	₽957,626
Total assets	₽13,532,537	₽8,720,617	₽13,547,766	₽16,294,786	₽1,250,846	₽1,022	(₽9,872,740)	₽43,474,834
Total liabilities	₽6,340,455	₽5,958,056	₽9,404,511	₽8,373,846	₽497,025	₽309,917	₽1,894,776	₽32,778,586



	Investment	Property	Construction	Educational	DDO		Total
V F 1 1D 1 21 2022	Holdings	Development	Materials	Services	BPO	Eliminations	Operations
Year Ended December 31, 2022	D501 745	D27.040	D12 045 555	D4 0 00 527	D2	(D200.217)	D17 ((4 500
Revenue	₽521,765	₽37,040	₽13,245,555	₽4,068,537	₽2	(₽208,317)	₽17,664,582
Segment results	87,327	29,921	804,293	973,520	(1,440)	25,331	1,918,952
Investment income	443,884	585	11,843	12,904	2	(208,317)	260,901
Equity in net earnings of associates and joint							
ventures	-	57,549	-	465	-	-	58,014
Interest expense and other financing charges	(249,101)	-	(305,631)	(175,167)	-	41,709	(688,190)
Provision for income tax	(6,238)	(5,025)	(15,629)	6,396	-	-	(20,496)
Share of non-controlling interests	-	-	-	(184,659)	_	(396,845)	(581,504)
Net income attributable to equity holders							
of the parent	₽275,872	₽83,030	₽494,876	₽633,459	(₽1,438)	(₽538,122)	₽947,677
Total assets	₽12,572,663	₽384,562	₽12,089,269	₽13,949,000	₽904	(₽6,985,373)	₽32,011,025
Total Liabilities	₽5,335,317	₽52,197	₽8,188,314	₽6,765,676	₽309,481	₽217,371	₽20,868,356
	Investment	Property	Construction	Educational			Total
	Holdings	Development	Materials	Services	BPO	Eliminations	Operations
Year Ended December 31, 2021	0						
Revenue	₽503,963	₽11,838	₽12,144,100	₽3,690,805	₽-	(₽312,520)	₽16,038,186
Segment results	(773)	479	1,248,291	1,220,204	(830)	(30,160)	2,437,211
Investment income	441,145	9,939	6,063	3,753	_	(312,520)	148,380
Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures	-	28,614	-	4,326	-	-	32,940
Interest expense and other financing charges	(185,622)	_	(300,515)	(168,022)	_	4,911	(649,248)
Provision for income tax	(3,376)	(2)	(51,759)	(41,409)	_	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(96,546)
Share of non-controlling interests	(3,370)	(2)	-	(180,251)	_	(571,280)	(751,531)
Net income attributable to equity holders							
of the parent	₽251,374	₽39,030	₽902,080	₽838,601	(₽830)	(₽909,049)	₽1,121,206
Total assets	₽12,200,444	₽344,085	₽10,960,965	₽13,158,870	₽698	(₽6,518,970)	₽30,146,092

₽7,422,656

₽6,567,914

₽307,397

₽5,400,882

₽52,491

Total liabilities



₽20,173,524

₽422,184

42. Events after the Reporting Period

On March 5, 2024, the Parent Company's BOD declared a 6% regular cash dividend amounting to P171.8 million or equivalent to P0.60 per share payable on April 12, 2024 to shareholders of record as at March 25, 2024.



ANNEX A - 1

Audited Parent Financial Statements December 31, 2023



Annabelle Guzman <asguzman@phinma.com.ph>

Your BIR AFS eSubmission uploads were received

1 message

eafs@bir.gov.ph <eafs@bir.gov.ph> To: asguzman@phinma.com.ph Cc: asguzman@phinma.com.ph Fri, Apr 12, 2024 at 10:38 AM

HI PHINMA CORPORATION,

Valid files

- EAFS000107026RPTTY122023.pdf
- EAFS000107026ITRTY122023.pdf
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Transaction Code: AFS-0-YZZVPTN0998B9JE8PXV1PPRR03T43V3PZ Submission Date/Time: Apr 12, 2024 10:38 AM Company TIN: 000-107-026

Please be reminded that you accepted the terms and conditions for the use of this portal and expressly agree, warrant and certify that:

- The submitted forms, documents and attachments are complete, truthful and correct based on the personal knowledge and the same are from authentic records;
- The submission is without prejudice to the right of the BIR to require additional document, if any, for completion and verification purposes;
- The hard copies of the documents submitted through this facility shall be submitted when required by the BIR in the event of audit/investigation and/or for any other legal purpose.

This is a system-generated e-mail. Please do not reply.



STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY FOR PARENT COMPANY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management of **PHINMA CORPORATION** is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company financial statements including the schedules attached therein, as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework indicated therein, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the parent company financial statements including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders.

Sycip Gorres Velayo & Co., the independent auditors, appointed by the stockholders has audited the parent company financial statements of the company in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing and in its report to the Stockholders, has expressed their opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

Signed this 14 day of March 2024.

havenand

RAMON R. DEL ROSARIO, JR.) Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

MELITON B. SALAZAR, JR. President and COO, Head of Education

PYTHAGORAS L. BRION, JR. Group CFO

UNION GALVASTEEL 1 PHILCEMENT 1 PHINMA SOLAR 1 PHINMA EDUCATION 1 PHINMA PROPERTIES 1 PHINMA ROSPITALITY 1 T-O INSURANCE, INC. 1 PHINMA FOUNDATION

12th Floor, PHINMA Plaza 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center Makati City, Philippines 1210 Tel: +632 8870 0100 Fax: +632 8870 0456 www.phinma.com.ph PHN Statement of Management Responsibility for Parent Company Financial Statements Page....2

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this <u>14</u> day of March 2024 in Makati City, affiants exhibiting to me their respective identification, as follows:

Name	ID Presented	Date of Issue/Expiry Date	Place of Issue
Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr.	Passport No. P5770713A	Jan.26,2018 Jan.25,2028	DFA NCR East
Meliton B. Salazar, Jr.	Passport No. P2127840B	09-May-2019 08-May-2029	DFA Antipolo
Pythagoras L. Brion, Jr.	OSCA No. 58262	03-March-2013	Pasig City

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Series of 20	24	

ALIVAH ROSH C. DY NOTARY PUBLIC FOR AND IN THE CITY OF MAKATI APPOINTMENT NO. M-630 (2023-2024) COMMISSION EXPIRES ON DECEMBER 31, 2024 7th Floor, The PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive Rockwell Center, Makati City, 1210 PTR No. 10074721; Makati City, 1/2/2024 IBP O.R. No. 302562; Quezon City, 1/9/2024 TIN 483-622-425 Atterney's Roll No. 85542 Atterney's Roll No. 85542 Admitted to the Philippine Bar; 2 May 2023

COVER SHEET

for

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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2: All Boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies.





SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City Philippines Tel: (632) 8891 0307 Fax: (632) 8819 0872 ey.com/ph

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors and Stockholders PHINMA Corporation 12th Floor, PHINMA Plaza 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center Makati City

Report on the Audit of the Parent Company Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the parent company financial statements of PHINMA Corporation (the Company), which comprise the parent company statements of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the parent company statements of income, parent company statements of comprehensive income, parent company statements of changes in equity and parent company statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the parent company financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying parent financial statements of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended are prepared in all material respects, in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the parent company financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Parent Company Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company financial statements in accordance with PFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.





In preparing the parent company financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the parent company financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent company financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.





- 3 -

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on the Supplementary Information Required Under Revenue Regulations 15-2010

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the parent company financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information required under Revenue Regulations 15-2010 in Note 28 to the parent company financial statements is presented for purposes of filing with the Bureau of Internal Revenue and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of the management of PHINMA Corporation. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Belinda T. Beng Hui.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

Belinda T. Jung Hui Belinda T. Beng Hui

Partner CPA Certificate No. 88823 Tax Identification No. 153-978-243 BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, August 25, 2021, valid until April 15, 2024 BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-078-2023, October 23, 2023, valid until October 22, 2026 PTR No. 10079907, January 5, 2024, Makati City

March 5, 2024



PARENT COMPANY STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Amounts in Thousands)

	December 31			
	2023	2022		
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 6, 22 and 23)	₽197,705	₽900,785		
Investments held for trading (Notes 7, 22 and 23)	107,237	506,804		
Receivables (Notes 8, 22 and 23)	861,615	1,070,977		
Derivative asset (Notes 22 and 23)	1,963	4,091		
Other current assets (Note 19)	87,043	18,896		
Total Current Assets	1,255,563	2,501,553		
Noncurrent Assets				
Investments in and advances to subsidiaries and associates (Note 9)	8,424,159	5,668,708		
Financial assets at (FVPL) (Notes 10, 22 and 23)	1,916,238	2,209,088		
Financial assets at (FVOCI) (Notes 11 and 23)	103,824	74,657		
Property and equipment (Note 12)	263,488	39,197		
Investment properties (Note 13)	326,931	103,734		
Derivative asset (Notes 10, 22 and 23)	889,721	648,116		
Other noncurrent assets (Note 20)	12,070	987,074		
Total Noncurrent Assets	11,936,431	9,730,574		
	D (D () (D () (D (D (D (D (
	₽13,191,994	₽12,232,127		
	<u>₽13,191,994</u>	₽12,232,127		
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	¥13,191,994	₽12,232,127		
Current Liabilities				
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables (Notes 14, 22 and 23)	₽162,016	₽148,266		
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables (Notes 14, 22 and 23) Income and withholding taxes payable	₽162,016 2,029	₽148,266 3,284		
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables (Notes 14, 22 and 23) Income and withholding taxes payable Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 15 20, 22 and 23)	₽162,016 2,029 3,053,762	₽148,266 3,284 88,036		
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables (Notes 14, 22 and 23) Income and withholding taxes payable	₽162,016 2,029	₽148,266 3,284		
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables (Notes 14, 22 and 23) Income and withholding taxes payable Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 15 20, 22 and 23) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities	₽162,016 2,029 3,053,762	₽148,266 3,284 88,036 239,586		
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables (Notes 14, 22 and 23) Income and withholding taxes payable Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 15 20, 22 and 23) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 15, 20, 22 and 23)	₽162,016 2,029 3,053,762	₽148,266 3,284 88,036		
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables (Notes 14, 22 and 23) Income and withholding taxes payable Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 15 20, 22 and 23) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities	P162,016 2,029 3,053,762 3,217,807	₽148,266 3,284 88,036 239,586		
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables (Notes 14, 22 and 23) Income and withholding taxes payable Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 15 20, 22 and 23) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 15, 20, 22 and 23)	P162,016 2,029 3,053,762 3,217,807 2,921,569	₽148,266 3,284 88,036 239,586 4,895,121		
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables (Notes 14, 22 and 23) Income and withholding taxes payable Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 15 20, 22 and 23) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 15, 20, 22 and 23) Pension and other post-employment benefits liability (Note 21)	P162,016 2,029 3,053,762 3,217,807 2,921,569 37,729	₽148,266 3,284 88,036 239,586 4,895,121 33,170		
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables (Notes 14, 22 and 23) Income and withholding taxes payable Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 15 20, 22 and 23) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 15, 20, 22 and 23) Pension and other post-employment benefits liability (Note 21) Deferred tax liabilities - net (Note 19)	P162,016 2,029 3,053,762 3,217,807 2,921,569 37,729 11,909	₽148,266 3,284 88,036 239,586 4,895,121 33,170 7,384		
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables (Notes 14, 22 and 23) Income and withholding taxes payable Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 15 20, 22 and 23) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 15, 20, 22 and 23) Pension and other post-employment benefits liability (Note 21) Deferred tax liabilities - net (Note 19) Total Noncurrent Liabilities	P162,016 2,029 3,053,762 3,217,807 2,921,569 37,729 11,909 2,971,207	₽148,266 3,284 88,036 239,586 4,895,121 33,170 7,384 4,935,675		
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables (Notes 14, 22 and 23) Income and withholding taxes payable Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 15 20, 22 and 23) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 15, 20, 22 and 23) Pension and other post-employment benefits liability (Note 21) Deferred tax liabilities - net (Note 19) Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	P162,016 2,029 3,053,762 3,217,807 2,921,569 37,729 11,909 2,971,207	₽148,266 3,284 88,036 239,586 4,895,121 33,170 7,384 4,935,675		
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables (Notes 14, 22 and 23) Income and withholding taxes payable Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 15 20, 22 and 23) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 15, 20, 22 and 23) Pension and other post-employment benefits liability (Note 21) Deferred tax liabilities - net (Note 19) Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	P162,016 2,029 3,053,762 3,217,807 2,921,569 37,729 11,909 2,971,207 6,189,014	₽148,266 3,284 88,036 239,586 4,895,121 33,170 7,384 4,935,675 5,175,261		
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables (Notes 14, 22 and 23) Income and withholding taxes payable Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 15 20, 22 and 23) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 15, 20, 22 and 23) Pension and other post-employment benefits liability (Note 21) Deferred tax liabilities - net (Note 19) Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Equity Capital stock (Note 16)	P162,016 2,029 3,053,762 3,217,807 2,921,569 37,729 11,909 2,971,207 6,189,014 2,863,312	₽148,266 3,284 88,036 239,586 4,895,121 33,170 7,384 4,935,675 5,175,261 2,863,312 396,845		
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables (Notes 14, 22 and 23) Income and withholding taxes payable Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 15 20, 22 and 23) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 15, 20, 22 and 23) Pension and other post-employment benefits liability (Note 21) Deferred tax liabilities - net (Note 19) Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Equity Capital stock (Note 16) Additional paid-in capital	P162,016 2,029 3,053,762 3,217,807 2,921,569 37,729 11,909 2,971,207 6,189,014 2,863,312 396,845	₽148,266 3,284 88,036 239,586 4,895,121 33,170 7,384 4,935,675 5,175,261 2,863,312 396,845		
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables (Notes 14, 22 and 23) Income and withholding taxes payable Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 15 20, 22 and 23) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 15, 20, 22 and 23) Pension and other post-employment benefits liability (Note 21) Deferred tax liabilities - net (Note 19) Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Equity Capital stock (Note 16) Additional paid-in capital Treasury shares (Note 16)	P162,016 2,029 3,053,762 3,217,807 2,921,569 37,729 11,909 2,971,207 6,189,014 2,863,312 396,845 (182)	₽148,266 3,284 88,036 239,586 4,895,121 33,170 7,384 4,935,675 5,175,261 2,863,312 396,845 (182)		
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables (Notes 14, 22 and 23) Income and withholding taxes payable Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 15 20, 22 and 23) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 15, 20, 22 and 23) Pension and other post-employment benefits liability (Note 21) Deferred tax liabilities - net (Note 19) Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Equity Capital stock (Note 16) Additional paid-in capital Treasury shares (Note 16) Other comprehensive income (Notes 11 and 21)	P162,016 2,029 3,053,762 3,217,807 2,921,569 37,729 11,909 2,971,207 6,189,014 2,863,312 396,845 (182) 59,451	₽148,266 3,284 88,036 239,586 4,895,121 33,170 7,384 4,935,675 5,175,261 2,863,312 396,845 (182) 34,875		

PARENT COMPANY STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Amounts in Thousands, Except Earnings Per Share Value)

	Years Ended	December 31
	2023	2022
REVENUES		
Dividend income (Notes 7 and 9)	₽341,486	₽169,217
Investment income (Note 17)	275,413	272,230
Consultancy income	98,599	45,419
Rental income (Notes 13 and 24)	27,021	11,231
	742,519	498,097
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES (Note 18)	303,223	209,922
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)		
Unrealized gain (loss) on change in fair value of financial assets at		
FVPL (Note 10)	(292,850)	103,845
Interest expense and bank charges (Notes 14 and 15)	(289,391)	(249,101)
Unrealized gain on derivative - net (Notes 10 and 23)	239,475	114,041
Foreign exchange gain (loss) - net	(1,239)	4,582
Gain on sale of property and equipment (Note 12)	15	18
Others	10,985	10,905
	(333,005)	(15,710)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	106,291	272,465
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX (Note 19)		
Final	4,247	3,024
Current	4,454	1,044
Deferred	(78)	(51)
	8,623	4,017
NET INCOME	₽97,668	₽268,448
Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Share (Note 25)	₽0.34	₽0.97



PARENT COMPANY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Amounts in Thousands)

	Years Ended	December 31
	2023	2022
NET INCOME	₽97,668	₽268,448
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent period -		
Unrealized gain on change in fair value of financial assets at		
FVOCI (Note 11)	29,417	12,806
Remeasurement gain (loss) on pension benefit liability (Note 21)	(4,575)	5,825
Income tax effect	(4,603)	(1,967)
	20,239	16,664
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	₽117,907	₽285,112



PARENT COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Amounts in Thousands, Except Per Share Data)

Other Comprehensive Capital Additional Treasury **Retained Earnings** (Note 16) Stock Paid-in Stock Income (Note 16) (Notes 11 and 21) Appropriated Unappropriated (Note 16) Capital Total Equity Balance at January 1, 2023 **P2,863,312 ₽396.845 (₽182) ₽34.875 P1,765,500 P1,996,516** ₽7,056,866 Net income 97,668 97,668 _ _ _ _ _ Other comprehensive income 20.239 20.239 _ _ _ _ _ Total comprehensive income 20,239 97.668 _ _ 117,907 _ _ Realized gain on sale of financial assets at FVOCI (238)238 _ _ _ _ Remeasurement loss on defined benefit obligation recycled to retained earnings (Note 21) 4,575 (4,575)Cash dividends - P0.60 per share (Note 16) (171,793)(171,793) _ Reversal of appropriation (Note 16) (1.765.500)1.765.500 _ _ Appropriation of retained earnings (Note 16) 1.600.000 (1.600.000)Balance at December 31, 2023 **P2,863,312 ₽396,845** (**P182**) **P59,451 P1,600,000** ₽2,083,554 **₽7,002,980** ₽2,863,312 ₽259.248 (₽143,574) ₽6,626,695 Balance at January 1, 2022 ₽24,436 ₽1,765,500 ₽1,857,773 Net income 268,448 268,448 _ _ _ _ _ Other comprehensive loss 16.664 16.664 _ _ Total comprehensive income 268,448 285,112 16,664 _ _ _ _ Buy back of shares (Note 16) (459) (459) _ _ _ _ _ Sale of treasury shares (Note 16) 137,597 143,851 _ _ 281,448 _ _ Realized gain on sale of financial assets at FVOCI 400 (400)_ Remeasurement gain on defined benefit obligation recycled to retained earnings (Note 21) (5,825)5,825 Cash dividends - P0.50 per share (Note 16) (135, 930)(135,930)Balance at December 31, 2022 ₽2,863,312 ₽34,875 ₽396,845 (₽182) ₽1,765,500 ₽1,996,516 ₽7,056,866



PARENT COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Amounts in Thousands)

	Years Ended December			
	2023	2022		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax:	₽106,291	₽272,465		
Adjustments to reconcile income before income tax to net cash flows:		,		
Interest income (Note 17)	(266,285)	(260,997)		
Interest expense and bank charges (Notes 14 and 15)	289,391	249,101		
Dividend income (Notes 7 and 9)	(341,486)	(169,217)		
Unrealized gain on derivative asset (Notes 10 and 23)	(239,475)	(114,041)		
Unrealized loss (gain) on change in fair value of financial assets at	(20), (10)	(111,011)		
FVPL (Note 10)	292,850	(103,845)		
Pension and other post-employment benefits expense (Note 21)	10,625	8,511		
Unrealized gain on change in fair value of investments held for	10,025	0,011		
trading - net (Notes 7 and 17)	(4,334)	(7,937)		
Depreciation expense (Note 18)	13,022	5,720		
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain) - net	1,018	(4,046)		
Gain on sale of property and equipment (Note 12)	(15)	(18)		
Operating loss before working capital changes	(138,398)	(124,304)		
Decrease (increase) in:	(130,390)	(124,304)		
Receivables	437,160	284,390		
		,		
Other current assets Decrease in:	(68,147)	(8,131)		
Accrued expenses and other payables	(5,686)	(57,534)		
Income and withholding taxes payables	(9,956)			
		(2,631)		
Net cash provided by operations	214,973	91,790		
Interest paid	(253,065)	(229,393)		
Contributions to pension fund (Note 21)	(10,547)	(11,004)		
Interest received	188,653	46,257		
Net cash provided by (used in)	440.044	(102.250)		
operating activities	140,014	(102,350)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Additions to:				
Investment in and advances to subsidiaries and associates (Note 9)	(2,755,451)	-		
Investments held for trading (Note 7)	(649,000)	(1,345,110)		
Property and equipment (Note 12)	(233,143)	(3,627)		
Investment properties (Note 13)	(227,370)	_		
Proceeds from disposal/sale/redemption of:				
Investments held for trading (Note 7)	1,052,901	1,905,908		
Property and equipment (Note 12)	18	906		
Financial assets at FVOCI	250	1,450		
Decrease (increase) in other noncurrent assets	975,004	(977,025)		
Dividends received	190,131	301,123		
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,646,660)	(116,375)		

(Forward)



	Years Ended	December 31
	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from availment of long-term debt (Note 15)	₽992,500	₽-
Payments of cash dividends (Notes 15 and 16)	(169,103)	(133,594)
Payments of long-term debt (Note 15)	(20,000)	(20,000)
Proceeds from sale of treasury shares (Note 16)	_	281,448
Buyback of shares (Note 16)	_	(459)
Net cash provided by financing activities	803,397	127,395
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES		
ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	169	329
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(703,080)	(91,001)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	900,785	991,786
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR (Note 6)	₽197,705	₽900,785



PHINMA CORPORATIONNOTES TO PARENT COMPANY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information

PHINMA Corporation (PHN or the Company) was incorporated in the Philippines and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on March 12, 1957.

The Company is listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) since August 15, 1958.

On August 2, 2006, the Philippine SEC approved the extension of the Company's corporate life for another 50 years. On May 27, 2010, the Philippine SEC approved the change in the Company's corporate name from Bacnotan Consolidated Industries, Inc. to PHINMA Corporation. Its principal activity is holding investments in shares in various subsidiaries, associates and investees and other financial instruments.

The registered office address of the Company is 12th Floor, PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City.

The Company's ultimate parent company is Philippine Investment-Management (PHINMA), Inc. (PHINMA, Inc.) which is incorporated in the Philippines.

The parent company financial statements as at and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were reviewed and recommended for approval by the Audit Committee on March 1, 2024. On March 5, 2024, the Board of Directors (BOD) approved the issuance of the parent company financial statements.

2. Basis of Preparation and Statement of Compliance

Basis of Preparation

The parent company financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investments held for trading, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and derivative financial instruments that are measured at fair value. The parent company financial statements are presented in Philippine peso (P) which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand peso, except when otherwise indicated.

Statement of Compliance

The parent company financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS).

The Company also prepares and issues consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRS and for the same period as the parent company financial statements. These may be obtained at the registered office address of the Company or at the Philippine SEC.



3. Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

Current Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new standards effective as at January 1, 2023. Unless otherwise indicated, adoption of these new standards did not have any significant impact on the financial statements of the Company.

Amendments to PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2, Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments provide guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by:

- Replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies, and
- Adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures

The amendments to the Practice Statement provide non-mandatory guidance.

The adoption resulted in the change of accounting policy information to only include material accounting policy information.

Amendments to PAS 8, Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments introduce a new definition of accounting estimates and clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. Also, the amendments clarify that the effects on an accounting estimate of a change in an input or a change in a measurement technique are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors.

 Amendments to PAS 12, Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under PAS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendments also clarify that where payments that settle a liability are deductible for tax purposes, it is a matter of judgement (having considered the applicable tax law) whether such deductions are attributable for tax purposes to the liability recognized in the financial statements (and interest expense) or to the related asset component (and interest expense).

Future Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

Pronouncements issued but not yet effective are listed below. Unless otherwise indicated, the Company does not expect that the future adoption of the said pronouncements will have a significant impact on its financial statements. The Company intends to adopt the following pronouncements when they become effective.



Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2024

Amendments to PAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

The amendments clarify:

- That only covenants with which an entity must comply on or before reporting date will affect a liability's classification as current or non-current.
- That classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right.
- That only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and must be applied retrospectively. Management is currently assessing the impact the amendments will have on current practice and whether existing loan agreements may require renegotiation.

- Amendments to PFRS 16, Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback
- Amendments to PAS 7 and PFRS 7, Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2025

- PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts
- Amendments to PAS 21, Lack of exchangeability

Deferred effectivity

• Amendments to PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, and PAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments address the conflict between PFRS 10 and PAS 28 in dealing with the loss of control of a subsidiary that is sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture. The amendments clarify that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transfer to an associate or joint venture involves a business as defined in PFRS 3. Any gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that does not constitute a business, however, is recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

On January 13, 2016, the FRSC deferred the original effective date of January 1, 2016 of the said amendments until the IASB completes its broader review of the research project on equity accounting that may result in the simplification of accounting for such transactions and of other aspects of accounting for associates and joint ventures.



4. Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information

Financial Instruments - Initial Recognition and Subsequent Measurement

Financial Assets

Initial Recognition and Measurement. Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortized cost, FVOCI, and FVPL.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Company's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Company has applied the practical expedient, the Company initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at FVPL, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under PFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or FVOCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at FVPL, irrespective of the business model.

The Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Subsequent Measurement. For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments)
- financial assets at FVOCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)
- financial assets designated at FVOCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)
- financial assets at FVPL

Financial Assets at Amortized Cost (Debt Instruments). Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in the parent company statement of income when the asset is derecognized, modified or impaired.

The Company's financial assets at amortized cost includes cash and cash equivalents, receivables and deposits (presented under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the parent company statements of financial position) as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Financial Assets Designated FVOCI (Equity Instruments). Upon initial recognition, the Company can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at FVOCI when they meet the definition of equity under PAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation*, and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.



Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognized as "Dividend income" in the parent company statement of income when the right of payment has been established, except when the Company benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at FVOCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

The Company elected to classify irrevocably under this category its investment in club shares and non-listed equity investments as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Financial Assets at FVPL. Financial assets at FVPL are carried in the parent company statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognized in the parent company statement of income.

This category includes derivative instruments, unit investment trust funds (UITFs), investment in treasury bills, and marketable equity securities which the Company had not irrevocably elected to classify at FVOCI. Dividends on listed equity investments are also recognized as "Dividend income" in the parent company statement of income when the right of payment has been established.

A derivative embedded in a hybrid contract, with a financial liability or non-financial host, is separated from the host and accounted for as a separate derivative if: the economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to the host; a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative; and the hybrid contract is not measured at FVPL.

Embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the FVPL category.

A derivative embedded within a hybrid contract containing a financial asset host is not accounted for separately. The financial asset host together with the embedded derivative is required to be classified in its entirety as either at amortized cost or at fair value depending on whether the cash flows of the hybrid contract are solely payments of principal and interest and the assessment of the business model within which the financial asset is held.

Modification of Financial Assets. The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new asset, with the difference between its carrying amount and the fair value of the new asset recognized as a derecognition gain or loss in profit or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded. The Company considers both qualitative and quantitative factors in assessing whether a modification of financial asset is substantial or not.

When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified and the renegotiation or modification does not result in the derecognition of that financial asset, the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset as the present value of the renegotiated or modified contractual cash flows discounted at the original EIR (or credit-adjusted EIR for purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets) and recognizes a modification gain or loss in the parent company statement of income.



Derecognition. A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e., removed from the parent company statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

Impairment of Financial Assets. The Company recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at FVPL. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original EIR. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

For cash and cash equivalents, receivables and deposits (presented under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the parent company statement of financial position) the Company applies a general approach which measures ECL on either a 12-month or lifetime basis depending on whether a significant increase in credit risks has occurred once initial recognition on whether an asset is considered to be credit-impaired, adjusted for the effects of collateral, forward-looking factors and time value of money.

The Company, in general, considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company. A financial asset is written off, in whole or in part, when the asset is considered uncollectible, the Company has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded that it has no reasonable expectations of recovering the financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

Financial Liabilities

Initial Recognition and Measurement. Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at FVPL, financial liabilities at amortized cost (loans and borrowings and payables), or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include accrued expenses and other payables, notes payable and long-term debt.

Subsequent Measurement. The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial Liabilities at FVPL. Financial liabilities at FVPL include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at FVPL. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not



designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the parent company statement of income.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at FVPL are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in PFRS 9 are satisfied.

Loans and Borrowings and Payables. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings and other payables are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as "Interest expense and bank charges" in the parent company statement of income.

This category includes notes payables, accrued expenses and other payables and long-term debt of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Derecognition. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the parent company statement of income.

Derivative Financial Instruments

Initial Recognition and Subsequent Measurement. The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Consequently, gains or losses from changes in fair value of these derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognized immediately in the parent company statement of income as part of "Other income (expenses)". The Company has opted not to designate its derivative transactions under hedge accounting. The fair values of freestanding forward currency transactions are calculated by reference to current forward exchange rates for contracts with similar maturity profiles.

Determination of Fair Value

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell or transfer the liability takes place either:

- in the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.



The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the parent company financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to their fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input is significant to their fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the parent company financial statement at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The fair value for financial instruments traded in active markets at the reporting date is based on their quoted price or binding dealer price quotations (bid price for long positions and ask price for short positions), without any deduction for transaction costs. Securities defined in these accounts as 'listed' are traded in an active market. When the Company has financial assets and financial liabilities with offsetting positions in market risks or counterparty credit risk, it has elected to use the measurement exception to measure the fair value of its net risk exposure by applying the bid or ask price to the net open position as appropriate.

For all other financial instruments not traded in an active market, the fair value is determined by using valuation techniques deemed to be appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs. Valuation techniques include the market approach (i.e., using recent arm's length market transactions adjusted as necessary and with reference to the current market value of another instrument that is substantially the same) and the income approach (i.e., discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models making as much use of available and supportable market data as possible).

For the purpose of the fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Investments in Subsidiaries and Associates

The Company's investments in subsidiaries and associates are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost of investments includes transaction costs.



		_	De	ecember 31, 20)23	De	ecember 31, 20	22
			PHN	Direct	PHN	PHN	Direct	PHN
		Calendar/	Direct	Interest of	Effective	Direct	Interest of	Effective
Subsidiaries	Nature of Business	Fiscal Yearend	Interest	Subsidiary	Interest	Interest	Subsidiary	Interest
Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC)	Manufacturing and distribution of steel products	December 31	98.01	-	98.01	98.01	_	98.01
PHINMA Solar Energy Corporation (PHINMA Solar)	Solar rooftop	December 31	-	100.00	98.01	-	100.00	98.01
PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PEHI) ^(a)	Holding company	March 31	75.21	-	75.21	67.18	-	67.18
Pamantasan ng Araullo (Araullo University), Inc. (AU)	Educational institution	March 31	-	97.76	73.53	-	97.57	65.55
Cagayan de Oro College, Inc. (COC)	Educational institution	March 31	-	91.27	68.64	-	91.27	61.32
University of Iloilo (UI)	Educational institution	March 31	-	69.23	52.07	_	69.23	46.51
University of Pangasinan (UPANG) and Subsidiary	Educational institution	March 31	-	69.33	52.14	-	69.33	46.58
Southwestern University (SWU)	Educational institution	March 31	-	84.34	63.43	_	84.34	56.66
St. Jude College, Inc. (SJCI)	Educational institution	March 31	-	98.30	73.93	_	98.30	66.04
Republican College, Inc. (RCI)	Educational institution	December 31	-	98.41	74.01	_	98.41	66.11
Rizal College of Laguna (RCL)	Educational institution	April 30	-	90.00	67.69	_	90.00	60.46
Union College of Laguna (UCLI)	Educational institution	December 31	_	80.91	60.85	_	80.91	54.36
Career Academy Asia, Inc. (CAA) (b)	Educational Institution	March 31	90.00	_	90.00	90.00	_	90.00
Philcement Corporation (PCC)	Manufacturing and distribution of cement products	December 31	60.00	-	60.00	60.00	-	60.00
P & S Holdings Corporation (PSHC)	Investment and real estate holdings	December 31	60.00	-	60.00	60.00	-	60.00
Asian Plaza, Inc. (API)	Lease of real property	December 31	57.62	-	57.62	57.62	-	57.62
PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation (PPHC) ^(a)	Real estate development	December 31	76.81	22.38	94.01	-	-	_
Community Developers and Construction Corporation (CDCC) ^(a)	Real estate development	December 31	-	99.22	93.28	-	-	_
Community Property Managers Group, Inc. (CPMGI) ^(a)	Property Management	December 31	-	95.75	90.01	-	-	-
ABCIC Property Holdings, Inc. (APHI)	Selling of real and personal properties	December 31	89.98	-	89.98	-	-	-
PHINMA Hospitality, Inc. (PHI) and Subsidiaries ^(a)	Management services and investment holdings	December 31	63.77	36.23	84.65	-	-	_
PHINMA Microtel Hotels, Inc. (PHINMA Microtel) ^(a)	Hotel franchising	December 31	51.00	-	51.00	-	-	-
Coral Way City Hotel Corp. (Coral Way)	Hotel operations	December 31	23.75	26.44	46.13	-	-	_
Krypton Esplanade Hotel Corporation (KEHC)	Hotel operations	December 31	-	100.00	46.13	-	-	_
One Animate Limited (OAL) and Subsidiary ^(c)	Business process outsourcing - animation services	December 31	80.00	-	80.00	80.00	_	80.00
(a)								

Below is the list of the major subsidiaries and associates and the related percentage of ownership:

(a) On July 17, 2023, PHN acquired shares in the following companies: 36.71% ownership interest of PPHC; 63.47% ownership interest of APHI; 63.77% ownership of PHI; 51.00% ownership interest of PHINMA Microtel and 8.03% ownership interest of PEHI.

(b) CAA ceased its operations on March 31, 2019.

(c) OAL owns 100.00% interest in Toon City Animation, Inc. (Toon City). OAL and Toon City ceased operations in April 2013.

			December 31, 2023			December 31, 2022		
		_	PHN	Direct	PHN	PHN	Direct	PHN
		Calendar/	Direct	Interest of	Effective	Direct	Interest of	Effective
Associates	Nature of Business	Fiscal Yearend	Interest	Subsidiary	Interest	Interest	Subsidiary	Interest
PPHC and Subsidiary (a)	Real estate development	December 31	-	-	-	35.42	12.66	42.71
APHI ^(b)	Selling of real and personal properties	December 31	-	-	-	26.51	1.64	28.15
Coral Way (c)	Hotel operations	December 31	-	-	-	23.75	26.44	29.27
PHI ^(d)	Management services and investment holdings	December 31	-	-	-	-	36.23	20.88

(a) Indirect ownership through API.

(b) Indirect ownership through UGC.

(c) Indirect ownership through PHI.

(d) Formerly Microtel Development Corporation (MDC). Indirect ownership through API.

All subsidiaries and associates were incorporated in the Philippines except for OAL which was incorporated in Hong Kong.



Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, except land, are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment loss. Land is carried at cost less any impairment loss.

Depreciation commences once the property and equipment are available for use and is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings	10-50 years
Transportation equipment	5 years
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	3-10 years

Investment Properties

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs.

The carrying amount includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met and excludes the costs of day-to-day servicing of an investment property. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties (except land) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment loss. Land is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment loss.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over 50 years, the estimated useful life of the depreciable investment property which refers to a building unit.

Impairment of Non-financial Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that a nonfinancial asset may be impaired when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit (CGU)'s fair value less costs to sell and its value-in-use (VIU). The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing VIU, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

The Company bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Company's CGU to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast generally cover a period of five years. For longer periods, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year. Impairment losses are recognized in the parent company statement of income under expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognized impairment losses no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset or CGU is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's



recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in the prior years. Such reversal is recognized in the parent company statement of income.

Treasury Shares

Treasury shares are recorded at cost and deducted from the Company's equity. No gain or loss is recognized in the parent company statement of income on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments. On subsequent issuance, any difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received is recognized under "Additional paid-in capital" account in the parent company statement of financial position.

Revenue Recognition

When determining the Company's performance obligations, the Company assesses its revenue arrangements against specific criteria to determine if the Company is acting as principal or agent. The Company considers both the legal form and the substance of its agreement, to determine each party's respective roles in the agreement. The Company has concluded that it is acting as principal in all of its revenue arrangements.

The specific recognition criteria before revenue is recognized are as follows:

Consultancy Services. Revenue from consultancy services include the revenue on services provided by the Company as a consultant in establishing and facilitating cement sale deals between its subsidiary and a cement seller. Revenue from consultancy services is recognized over time upon rendering of consultancy services.

Other Revenues

The following specific recognition criteria must be met before revenue is recognized for other revenue sources:

Dividend Income. Revenue is recognized when the shareholder's right to receive the payment is established.

Investment Income. Investment income includes net gains and losses on investments held for trading and interest income. Gain on sale of investments is recognized for the difference between the proceeds (net of disposal costs) and its carrying value upon sale of investment on date of disposal. Interest income is recognized as the interest accrues, taking into account the effective interest rate on the asset.

Rental Income. Rental income arising from operating leases is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Other Income. Revenue is recognized when services are rendered and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. This includes share in expenses billed to related parties.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses constitute costs of administering the business and are expensed as incurred. These normally include personnel costs, management and professional fees, supplies, rental and utilities.



Pension and Other Employee Benefits

Defined Benefit Plan. The Company has a defined benefit pension plan that covers all regular fulltime employees. The net pension liability or asset is the aggregate of the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period reduced by the fair value of plan assets (if any), adjusted for any effect of limiting a pension asset to the asset ceiling. The asset ceiling is the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method.

Net pension expense comprises the following:

- Service cost
- Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset
- Remeasurements of net defined benefit liability or asset

Service costs, which include current service costs, past service costs and gains or losses on nonroutine settlements are recognized as expense in profit or loss. Past service costs are recognized when plan amendment or curtailment occurs.

Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset is the change during the period in the net defined benefit liability or asset that arises from the passage of time which is determined by applying the discount rate based on government bonds to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset is recognized as expense or income in the parent company statement of income.

Remeasurements comprising actuarial gains and losses, return on plan assets and any change in the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding net interest on defined benefit liability) are recognized immediately in OCI in the period in which they arise. Remeasurements are not reclassified to the parent company statement of income in subsequent periods, but are closed to retained earnings every end of reporting period.

Plan assets are assets that are held by a long-term employee benefit fund or qualifying insurance policies. Plan assets are not available to the creditors of the Company, nor can they be paid directly to the Company. Fair value of plan assets is based on market price information. When no market price is available, the fair value of plan assets is estimated by discounting expected future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects both the risk associated with the plan assets and the maturity or expected disposal date of those assets (or, if they have no maturity, the expected period until the settlement of the related obligations). If the fair value of the plan assets is higher than the present value of the defined benefit obligation, the measurement of the resulting pension asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

The Company's right to be reimbursed of some or all of the expenditure required to settle a defined benefit obligation is recognized as a separate asset at fair value when and only when reimbursement is virtually certain.

Defined Contribution Plan. The Company also provides a defined contribution plan that covers all regular full-time employees under which the Company pays fixed contributions based on the percentage contributed by the employees from their monthly salaries. The retirement funds for the defined benefit and defined contribution plans cannot be used to meet the funding requirements of





each other. While the Company is covered under Republic Act (RA) 7641, otherwise known as "*The Philippine Retirement Law*", which provides for qualified employees to receive a defined minimum guarantee, the existing defined benefit plan is already sufficient to cover the minimum required retirement obligation under the law. Accordingly, the Company accounts for its monthly defined contribution as expense when incurred.

Termination Benefits. Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of an employee's employment as a result of either an entity's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date or an employee's decision to accept an offer of benefits in exchange for the termination of employment.

A liability and expense for a termination benefit is recognized at the earlier of when the entity can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the entity recognizes related restructuring costs. Initial recognition and subsequent changes to termination benefits are measured in accordance with the nature of the employee benefit, as either post-employment benefits, short-term employee benefits, or other long-term employee benefits.

Employee Leave Entitlement. Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognized as a liability when they are accrued to the employees. Upon the employee's separation from employment, credited leave entitlements can be converted to cash.

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to their fair value at the date they are granted, determined using the acceptable valuation techniques. The amount is fixed at grant date.

The cost of equity-settled transactions, together with a corresponding increase in equity, is recognized over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled ending on the date on which the employees become fully entitled to the award (vesting date).

The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date up to and until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired, as well as the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The profit or loss charge or credit for the period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognized at the beginning and end of that period. No expense is recognized for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is conditional upon a market condition, which awards are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance conditions are satisfied.

When the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum, an expense is recognized as if the terms had not been modified. An additional expense is likewise recognized for any modification which increases the total fair value of the share-based payment arrangement or which is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

When an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognized for the award is recognized immediately.

If a new award, however, is substituted for the cancelled awards and designated as a replacement award, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.



Leases

Company as Lessee. The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases. The Company recognizes lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

- *Right-of-use Assets*. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. Unless the Company is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the recognized right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.
- *Lease Liabilities.* At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term Leases. The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date or initial application of PFRS 16 and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Company as Lessor. Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the parent company statement of income to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense in the parent company statement



of income. When the Company expects a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset but only when the receipt of the reimbursement is virtually certain.

Taxes

Current Income Tax. Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authority. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted as at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred Income Tax. Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward benefits of unused tax credits from excess minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) over the regular corporate income tax (RCIT) and unused net operating loss carryover (NOLCO), to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused excess MCIT and NOLCO can be utilized. Deferred tax, however, is not recognized when:

- the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized directly outside the parent company statement of income is recognized outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Value-added Tax (VAT). Revenues and expenses, and assets are recognized net of the amount of VAT, if applicable.

When VAT from sales of goods and/or services (output VAT) exceeds VAT passed on from purchases of goods or services (input VAT), the excess is recognized as payable in the parent company statement of financial position. When VAT passed on from purchases of goods or services (input VAT) exceeds VAT from sales of goods and/or services (output VAT), the excess is recognized as an asset in the parent company statement of financial position to the extent of the recoverable amount.

The net amount of VAT recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included as part of "Other current assets" or "Accrued expenses and other payables" account in the parent company statement of financial position.



The carrying amount of input tax is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient revenue subject to VAT will be available to allow all or part of the input tax to be utilized and is recorded under "Provision for unrecoverable input VAT" account in the parent company statement of income.

Earnings per Common Share (EPS)

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income attributable to the common equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of outstanding common shares during the year after giving retroactive effect to any stock dividend declared during the year.

The Company does not have potential common share or other instruments that may entitle the holder to common shares. Hence, diluted EPS is the same as basic EPS.

Segment Reporting

The Company is organized into six major business segments namely, investment holdings, property development, construction materials, educational services, hospitality, hotel franchising and management and business process outsourcing (BPO). Financial information about the Company's business segments are in the consolidated financial statements.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the parent company financial statements. These are disclosed in the notes to the parent company financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the parent company financial statements but are disclosed in the notes to the parent company financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Events After the Reporting Date

Post year-end events up to the date of approval of the parent company financial statements by the BOD that provide additional information about the Company's financial position at the end of the reporting period (adjusting events) are reflected in the parent company financial statements. Post year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the parent company financial statements when material.

5. Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the parent company financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosures of contingent liabilities, at the reporting period. In preparing the parent company financial statements, management has made its best judgments, estimates and assumptions of certain amounts, giving due consideration to materiality. The judgements, estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying parent company financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as at the date of the parent company financial statements. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

The Company believes the following represents a summary of these significant estimates and judgments and related impact and associated risks in its parent company financial statements.

Judgments

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the parent company financial statements.



Operating Lease Commitments - Company as Lessor. The Company has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Company has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the properties which are leased out on operating leases.

Rental income amounted to £27.0 million and £11.2 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Notes 13 and 24).

Estimates and Assumptions

The key estimates and assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Estimating Allowance for ECLs. The following information explains the inputs, assumptions and techniques used by the Company in estimating ECL:

• General approach for cash equivalents, receivables and deposits (presented under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the parent company statement of financial position).

The ECL is measured on either a 12-month or lifetime basis depending on whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred since initial recognition or whether an asset is considered to be credit-impaired. The Company considers the probability of its counterparty to default in its obligation and the expected loss at default after considering the effects of collateral, any potential value when realized, forward-looking estimates and time value of money.

Incorporation of forward-looking information

The Company considers a range of relevant forward-looking macro-economic assumptions for the determination of unbiased general industry adjustments and any related specific industry adjustments that support the calculation of ECLs. A broad range of forward-looking information are considered as economic inputs such as the gross domestic product, inflation rate, unemployment rates and other economic indicators.

The macroeconomic factors are aligned with information used by the Company for other purposes such as strategic planning and budgeting. The Company identifies and documents key drivers of credit risk and credit losses of each portfolio of financial instruments and, using an analysis of historical data, has estimated relationships between macro-economic variables and credit risk and credit losses.

Predicted relationship between the key macro-economic indicators and default and loss rates on various portfolios of financial assets have been developed based on analyzing historical data. The methodologies and assumptions including any forecasts of future economic conditions are reviewed regularly.

• Grouping of instruments for losses measured on collective basis

A broad range of forward-looking information were considered as economic inputs such as the inflation rate, interest rates and other economic indicators. For expected credit loss provisions modelled on a collective basis, a grouping of exposures is performed on the basis of shared risk characteristics, such that risk exposures within a group are homogeneous. In performing this grouping, there must be sufficient information for the Company to be statistically credible.



Where sufficient information is not available internally, then the Company has considered benchmarking internal/external supplementary data to use for modelling purposes. The Company segmented its receivables based on the nature of operations of its counterparty.

The following credit exposures are assessed individually:

- a. All stage 3 assets, which are considered to be specifically impaired, regardless of the class of financial assets; and
- b. Cash and cash equivalents, receivables and deposits (presented under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the parent company statement of financial position).

There have been no significant changes in estimation techniques or significant assumptions made in 2023 and 2022.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Company's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future. The changes in the gross carrying amount of receivables during the year and impact of COVID-19 pandemic did not materially affect the allowance for ECLs.

There is no provision for ECL in 2023 and 2022. The allowance for ECL amounted to P0.3 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. The carrying amounts of receivables amounted to P861.6 million and P1,071.0 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 8).

Fair Value of Financial Instruments. The Company follows the principles of PFRS 13, *Fair Value Measurement* in determining the fair value of financial instruments. Where the fair values of financial assets and liabilities recorded in the parent company statement of financial position cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using internal valuation techniques using generally accepted market valuation models. The inputs to the models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimates are used in establishing fair values.

The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of financial assets and liabilities are discussed in Note 23.

Realizability of Deferred Tax Assets. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. However, there is no assurance that sufficient taxable profit will be generated to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, deferred tax assets amounting to P321.4 million and P256.5 million, respectively, were not recognized in the parent company statements of financial position (see Note 19) which pertain to deductible temporary differences, unused NOLCO and MCIT. Deferred tax assets were not recognized since management believes that it is not probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized.

Estimating Useful Lives of Property and Equipment and Investment Properties. The Company estimates the useful lives of depreciable property and equipment and depreciable investment properties based on the period over which the property and equipment and investment properties are expected to be available for use and on the collective assessment of industry practice, internal technical evaluation and experience with similar assets. The estimated useful lives of property and



equipment and investment properties are reviewed at each financial year-end and updated if expectations differ materially from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence and legal or other limits on the use of the property and equipment and investment properties. However, it is possible that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in the estimates brought about by changes in factors. The amounts and timing of recording of expenses for any period would be affected by changes in these factors and circumstances.

There were no changes in useful lives of property and equipment and investment properties in 2023 and 2022.

Recoverability of Input VAT. The carrying amounts of input taxes were reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient future revenue subject to output VAT will be available to allow all or part of the VAT to be utilized.

There is no provision for unrecoverable input VAT in 2023 and 2022. Allowance for unrecoverable input VAT amounted to P114.8 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Pension and Other Post-employment Benefits Liability. The determination of the Company's obligation and cost of pension and other post-employment benefits is dependent on the selection of certain assumptions made by management and used by the actuary in calculating such amounts. The assumptions presented in Note 21 include, among others, discount rates, and future salary increases.

In determining the appropriate discount rates, management considers the interest rates of government bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, with extrapolated maturities corresponding to the expected duration of the defined benefit obligation.

Future salary increases are based on expected future inflation rates. Due to the complexity of the valuation, the underlying assumptions and its long-term nature, pension benefits are highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

Pension and other post-employment benefits expense amounted to P10.6 million and P8.5 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 21). The carrying values of pension and other post-employment benefits liability amounted to P37.7 million and P33.2 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 21).

6. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
Cash on hand and in banks	₽197,705	₽198,602
Short-term deposits	_	702,183
	₽197,705	₽900,785

Cash in banks earn interest at the prevailing bank deposit rates. Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of up to three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Company and earn interest at the prevailing short-term deposit rates. Interest income from cash and cash equivalents amounted to P21.2 million and P15.1 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 17).



7. Investments Held for Trading

This account consists of investments in:

	2023	2022
UITFs	₽104,563	₽503,702
Marketable equity securities	2,674	3,102
	₽107,237	₽506,804

Investments held for trading have yields ranging from 3.83% to 5.0% and 1.25% to 1.84% in 2023 and 2022, respectively. Net gain on sale of investments held for trading amounted to P4.7 million and P3.3 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 17). Net gain from fair value change of investments held for trading amounted to P4.3 million and P7.9 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 17).

Dividend income from marketable equity securities amounted to P0.1 million in 2023 and 2022 (see Note 9).

8. Receivables

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
Due from related parties (Note 20)	₽ 522,026	₽886,327
Accrued interest (Note 20)	412,742	335,110
Others	213,080	135,773
	1,147,848	1,357,210
Less allowance for ECLs	286,233	286,233
	₽861,615	₽1,070,977

The terms and conditions relating to due from related parties are discussed in Note 20.

Accrued interest and other receivables are noninterest-bearing and are normally collected within the next financial year.

Allowance for ECLs as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Related parties	Others	Total
Balance at beginning and end of year	₽233,892	₽52,341	₽286,233
Stage 2 impairment	₽136	₽–	₽136
Stage 3 impairment	233,756	52,341	286,097
	₽233,892	₽52,341	₽286,233



9. Investments in and Advances to Subsidiaries and Associates

The carrying values of the investments in subsidiaries and associates are as follows:

		2023			2022	
		Accumulated			Accumulated	
		Impairment	Net Book		Impairment	Net Book
	Cost	Loss	Value	Cost	Loss	Value
Subsidiaries:						
PEHI	₽3,636,983	₽-	₽3,636,983	₽2,572,232	₽–	₽2,572,232
PPHC	1,409,435	-	1,409,435	492,444	-	492,444
UGC	1,213,598	-	1,213,598	1,213,598	-	1,213,598
Philcement	625,000	-	625,000	625,000	-	625,000
APHI	504,923	-	504,923	95,536	-	95,536
PHI	251,240	-	251,240	-	-	-
API	198,048	-	198,048	198,048	-	198,048
PSHC	165,900	111,571	54,329	165,900	111,571	54,329
Coral Way	89,411	-	89,411	89,411	-	89,411
PHINMA						
Microtel	21,192	_	21,192	_	_	_
OAL	333,951	333,951	_	333,951	333,951	_
CAA	50,250	50,250	_	50,250	50,250	_
	8,499,931	495,772	8,004,159	5,836,370	495,772	5,340,598
Advances - PPHC	420,000		420,000	328,110		328,110
Advances - CAA	62,000	62,000		62,000	62,000	520,110
nuvances - CAA	482,000	62,000	420,000	390,110	62,000	328,110
	₽8,981,931	₽557,772	¥20,000 ¥8,424,159	₽6,226,480	₽557,772	₽5,668,708

On July 17, 2023, the Company and PHINMA, Inc., executed a Deed of Sale for the purchase of investments of PHINMA, Inc. in the following companies:

	PHINMA, Inc.'s	Transaction Value
Description	Direct Ownership	(P in millions)
Holding company of the Company's educational		
institutions	8.03%	₽1,064.8
Holding company of the Company's property		
development arm	36.71%	₽588.9
Management company of the Company's Microtel		251.2
and IRYP hotels; part-owner in / hotels	63.77%	251.2
Master franchisor of Microtel and TRYP hotels in		
the Philippines	51.00%	21.2
Owner of real estate properties	63.47%	409.4
		₽2,335.5
	Holding company of the Company's educational institutions Holding company of the Company's property development arm Management company of the Company's Microtel and TRYP hotels; part-owner in 7 hotels Master franchisor of Microtel and TRYP hotels in the Philippines	DescriptionDirect OwnershipHolding company of the Company's educational institutions8.03%Holding company of the Company's property development arm36.71%Management company of the Company's Microtel and TRYP hotels; part-owner in 7 hotels63.77%Master franchisor of Microtel and TRYP hotels in the Philippines51.00%

PEHI

PEHI was incorporated on August 28, 2015 to serve as the holding company of the Company's investments in educational institutions.

<u>PPHC</u>

PPHC was incorporated in the Philippines and is engaged in real estate development, particularly in the development of affordable medium and high-rise condominium units.



Pursuant to the Deed of Assignment dated December 28, 2018, the Company and APHI transferred a 27.3 hectares property in Brgy. Puting Lupa, Calamba City in exchange for PPHC shares. PPHC will issue 65,622 shares to the Company at par value of $\mathbb{P}5,000$ per share in exchange for the real property with appraised value of $\mathbb{P}328.1$ million, costing $\mathbb{P}20.0$ million. In 2018, the Company and APHI applied for a tax-free exchange pursuant to Section 40(C) of the Tax Code, as amended. In addition, the Company recorded a gain on sale of $\mathbb{P}308.1$ million from the tax-free exchange.

As at December 31, 2022, the Transfer of Certificate of Title over the property has been transferred in the name of PPHC. On April 13, 2023, the request for increase in capital stock of PPHC with SEC was approved. The Company's advances to PPHC amounting to $\Im 328.1$ million was converted to investment in PPHC and this resulted to change in ownership interest from 35.42% to 40.10% before the July 2023 transaction. In 2023, the Company advanced the amount of $\Im 420.0$ million in PPHC for future subscription in common shares.

<u>UGC</u>

UGC is engaged in the manufacture of pre-painted galvanized iron roofing products and other steel products, such as steel decking, frames, and insulated panels used for cold storage and other facilities.

Philcement

Philcement was incorporated on September 8, 2017 to engage in manufacturing, processing, marketing, importing, trading - wholesale and retail, selling and distributing cement, cement products, and other by-products and establishing, operating, and managing cement supply terminals and ports.

API

API is engaged in real estate business.

PSHC

PSHC is a holding company for United Pulp and Paper Corporation, which manufactures paper bags and packaging medium. The investment in and advances to PSHC has an allowance for impairment loss amounting to P111.6 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Coral Way

Coral Way owns and operates Microtel Mall of Asia which started commercial operations on September 1, 2010.

OAL

OAL, a limited liability company, was used as a vehicle in the purchase of shares of stock of Toon City.

The investment in OAL has been fully provided with an allowance for impairment loss amounting to \$\mathbf{P}334.0\$ million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. OAL and Toon City have ceased their operations since April 2013.

CAA

CAA was incorporated on November 28, 2014 and was engaged in providing technical vocational education and training programs. CAA ceased its operations on March 31, 2019. The investment in and advances to CAA has an allowance for impairment loss amounting to P112.3 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.



Dividends

The Company's dividend income and receivables (see Note 20) are as follows:

	Dividend Income		Dividend Receivable	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
<u>Subsidiaries</u>				
UGC	₽77,431	₽49,005	₽77,431	₽49,005
Philcement	96,000	66,000	96,000	30,000
PEHI	167,934	54,081	83,967	27,040
Investments Held for Trading				
Marketable equity securities	121	131	9	7
	₽341,486	₽169,217	₽257,407	₽106,052

10. Financial Assets at FVPL

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
Investment in preferred shares	₽1,916,238	₽2,209,088

On September 18, 2019, the Company executed a Term Sheet with Song Lam Cement Joint Stock Company (Song Lam), Vissai Ninh Binh Joint Stock Company (Vissai) and Hoang Manh Truong (Sponsor) for the investment of US\$50.0 million via preferred shares in Song Lam. Song Lam manufactures, markets, distributes and exports clinker, cement and cement products and is a supplier of Philcement, a 60%-owned subsidiary of PHN. Vissai is the parent company of Song Lam which owns and manages five cement plants in Vietnam.

In January 2020, the Company, Song Lam, Vissai and Hoang Minh Truong entered into share subscription agreement related to the Company's subscription of the new preferred shares of Song Lam. An advance payment of 10% equivalent to US\$5.0 million was made on November 26, 2019 and the 90% balance or US\$45.0 million was paid on May 18, 2021. The total US\$50.0 million investment has an equivalent peso amount of P2.39 billion on May 18, 2021.

The preferred shares are entitled to receive an annual fixed cumulative dividends of 7.5%, independent of Song Lam's business outcome and regardless of operating business results of Song Lam and the existence of retained earnings. The preferred shares shall be convertible to common shares after two (2) years from issuance thereof. The Company may convert the preferred shares between the last day of the second (2nd) year after issuance thereof until the end of the seventh (7th) year following said issuance.

The Company has the option to sell the preferred shares or converted shares to Vissai, the Sponsor or Song Lam at a price equivalent to seventy-five million US Dollars (US\$75,000,000.00), less the amount of preferred dividends received by the Company. The put option may be exercised by the Company after five (5) years from closing and until the end of the seventh (7th) year from said closing.

The Company performs valuation of embedded derivatives and financial assets at FVPL at every reporting date using Cox-Ross-Rubenstein Binomial Lattice Model (Binomial Model). This requires an estimation of the expected future cash flows from the investee and applying a discount rate to calculate the present value of these cash flows. The discount rate uses the weighted average cost of capital (WACC) which incorporates the median debt-to-equity ratios and median beta of comparable



companies as well as applying an alpha based on small-risk premium. The cash flow projections cover a five-year period.

The significant assumptions used in the fair value computation as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

- a. The pre-tax discount rate applied to cash flow projection is 17.11% and 16.20%, respectively.
- b. The explicit forecast period used in discounting cash flows in 2023 and 2022 is five (5) years.
- c. The terminal value in the discounted cash flow uses 5.80% and 6.20% long-term growth rate based on expected Vietnam Gross Domestic Product (GDP) growth rate in 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- d. The binomial model uses 38.06% and 44.23% average volatility of comparable companies' quarterly historical prices and used interquartile range to consider outliers in 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- e. The option-adjusted spread computed at inception from the binomial model is 9.93% in 2023 and 2022.
- f. The risk-free rate used in the binomial model is 3.77% and 3.82% in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The unrealized gain (loss) on change in fair value of financial assets at FVPL amounted to P292.9 million and P103.8 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The derivative asset arising from the put option amounted to $\mathbb{P}889.7$ million and $\mathbb{P}648.1$ million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The unrealized gain on change in fair value of the derivative asset amounted to $\mathbb{P}241.6$ million and $\mathbb{P}137.6$ million in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

11. Financial Assets at FVOCI

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
Investment in club shares	₽70,300	₽41,000
Non-listed equity securities	33,524	33,657
	₽103,824	₽74,657

Investment in equity investments pertain to shares of stock and club shares which are not held for trading as shown below.

	2023	2022
Unquoted		
Beacon Property Ventures, Inc.	₽31,250	₽30,112
Others	2,274	3,545
Quoted		
Manila Polo Club	55,000	30,000
Alabang Country Club, Inc. B	15,000	10,500
Others	300	500
	₽103,824	₽74,657

The Company has irrevocably designated the equity instruments at FVOCI, as the Company considers these investments to be strategic in nature. No dividends were received in 2023 and 2022 from financial assets at FVOCI.



The movements in net unrealized gain on financial assets at FVOCI in 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	2023	2022
Balances at beginning of year	₽34,875	₽24,436
Gain due to changes in fair value of investment in		
equity instruments	24,814	10,839
Sale of equity instruments	(238)	(400)
Balances at end of year	₽ 59,451	₽34,875

12. Property and Equipment

This account consists of:

	January 1,			December 31,
	2023	Additions	Disposals	2023
Cost:				
Land	₽818	₽–	₽–	₽ 818
Buildings	95,341	222,369	-	317,710
Transportation equipment	26,125	1,600	-	27,725
Office furniture, fixtures				
and equipment	43,052	9,174	(44)	52,182
	165,336	233,143	(44)	398,435
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	72,235	3,823	_	76,058
Transportation equipment	19,692	1,812	_	21,504
Office furniture, fixtures				
and equipment	34,212	3,214	(41)	37,385
	126,139	8,849	(41)	134,947
Net book value	₽39,197	₽224,294	(₽ 3)	₽263,488
	January 1,			December 31,
	2022	Additions	Disposals	2022
Cost:				
Land	₽ 818	₽–	₽–	₽818
Buildings	95,341	_	_	95,341
Transportation equipment	27,112	_	(987)	26,125
Office furniture, fixtures				
and equipment	39,644	3,627	(219)	43,052
	162,915	3,627	(1,206)	165,336
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	72,141	94	_	72,235
Transportation equipment	16,372	3,485	(165)	19,692
Office furniture, fixtures				
and equipment	32,609	1,756	(153)	34,212
	121,122	5,335	(318)	126,139
Net book value	₽41,793	(₽1,708)	(₽888)	₽39,197

In 2023 and 2022, the Company sold certain property and equipment resulting to a gain of P14.7 thousand and P18.0 thousand, respectively.

13. Investment Properties

This account consists of:

	January 1,			December 31,
	2023	Additions	Disposals	2023
Cost:				
Land	₽92,049	₽–	₽–	₽92,049
Building	83,318	227,370	_	310,688
	175,367	227,370	_	402,737
Less accumulated depreciation -				
Building	71,633	4,173	_	75,806
Net book value	₽103,734	₽223,197	₽–	₽326,931
	January 1,			December 31,
	2022	Additions	Disposals	2022
Cost:			•	
Land	₽92,049	₽–	₽–	₽92,049
Building	83,318	_	_	83,318
	175,367	_	_	175,367
Less accumulated depreciation -				
Building	71,248	385	_	71,633
Net book value	₽104,119	(P 385)	₽–	₽103,734

Profits from the investment properties for the years ended December 31 are as follows:

	2023	2022
Rental income (Note 24)	₽27,021	₽11,231
Depreciation (Note 18)	(4,173)	(385)
	P 22,848	₽10,846

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the fair values of the investment properties amounted to P1,769 million and P1,502.1 million, respectively, based on valuations performed by accredited independent appraisers.

The description of the valuation techniques used and key inputs to fair valuation are as follows:

		Significant	
	Valuation technique	unobservable inputs	Range
Land	Market comparable assets	Price per square meter	₽3,800 - ₽10,500
Building for lease	Market comparable assets	Price per square meter	₽201,400 - ₽282,100

The fair value disclosure is categorized under Level 3.



14. Accrued Expenses and Other Payables

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
Dividends payable (Note 16)	P48,350	₽45,660
Due to related parties (Note 20)	10,228	42,861
Accruals for:		
Interest (Note 20)	44,976	28,324
Professional fees	41,729	21,773
Personnel costs	11,546	153
Deposit payable	2,459	2,246
Payable to third parties	194	6,266
Retention payable	175	175
Others	2,359	808
	₽162,016	₽148,266

Dividends payable pertains to dividends not yet claimed by various stockholders. These are expected to be claimed by various stockholders within the next financial year.

The terms and conditions of due to related parties are disclosed in Note 20.

Accruals for interest, personnel costs and professional fees pertain to expenses incurred but not yet paid by the Company and are normally settled within a year.

Deposit payable pertains to rent deposited by the lessees. Normally, lease contracts have a one-year term.

Payable to third parties are liabilities to suppliers, employees, government, and others and are expected to be paid with the next financial year.

15. Long-Term Debt

This account consists of the Company's fixed rate bonds and long-term loans.

PHN Fixed Rate Bonds due 2024

	2023	2022
Principal	₽3,000,000	₽3,000,000
Less: debt issuance cost	10,802	27,223
	2,989,198	2,972,777
Less: current portion - net of debt issuance cost	2,989,198	_
	₽–	₽2,972,777

On May 6, 2021, the Company filed with the SEC a Registration Statement for the proposed offering of three-year fixed rate bonds due 2024 with an aggregate principal amount of up to ₱2.0 billion, with an oversubscription option of up to ₱1.0 billion at an offer price of 100% of face value. This bond offering was authorized by resolutions of the BOD of the Company on March 2, 2021 and the Executive Committee of the Company on April 30, 2021. The Certificate of Permit to offer securities for sale was issued by SEC on August 10, 2021. The interest rate was set at 3.5335% and the offer



period commenced at 9:00 a.m. on August 10, 2021 and ended at 5:00 p.m. on August 16, 2021. The Company appointed China Bank Capital Corporation and SB Capital Investment Corporation as Joint Issue Managers and Joint Lead Underwriters; Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation –Trust and Investments Group as the Trustee; and Philippine Depository & Trust Corp. as the Registrar and Paying Agent.

The bonds were listed in the Philippine Dealing & Exchange Corp. on August 20, 2021.

The balance of unamortized debt issuance cost follows:

	2023	2022
Beginning of year	₽27,223	₽42,984
Amortization	(16,421)	(15,761)
End of year	₽10,802	₽27,223

Long- Term Loans

	2023	2022
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt:		
Principal	₽2,998,036	₽2,018,036
Less: debt issuance cost	11,903	7,656
	2,986,113	2,010,380
Less: current portion - net of debt issuance cost	64,564	88,036
	₽2,921,569	₽1,922,344

The debt agreements presented in the succeeding page include, among others, certain restrictions and requirements. The loan agreement with Security Bank Corporation (SBC) stipulates positive and negative covenants which must be complied with by the Company for as long as the loans remain outstanding. Negative covenants include certain restrictions and requirements, such as maintenance of certain current, debt-to-equity and debt service coverage ratios.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company is in compliance with the required financial ratios and other loan covenants.

The balance of unamortized debt issuance cost follows:

	2023	2022
Beginning of year	₽7,656	₽9,182
Additions	7,500	_
Amortization	(3,253)	(1,526)
End of year	₽11,903	₽7,656

Interest expense (including amortization of debt issuance costs) pertaining to the loan was presented as part of "Interest expense and bank charges" account in the parent company statements of income amounting to P283.4 million and P245.0 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively.



The details of long-term debts are summarized below:

			Terms		-			Outstanding A	Amounts ⁽¹⁾
Loan Amount	Date of Loan Agreement	Lender	Installments	Final Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn		December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
P2,000,000 ^{(1) (2)}	May 23, 2017	SBC	Principal repayment shall commence at the end of the 3 rd year from initial drawdown date until maturity date; balloon payment amounting to P1.9 billion or 94% of principal amount on maturity date.	May 21, 2027	Interest rate is equivalent to: i) the applicable 10-year PDST- R2 Benchmark Rate plus an interest spread of 125 basis points per annum (1.25% p.a.), and ii) 6.25% p.a., whichever is higher.	May 23, 2017	₽2,000,000	₽1,923,946	₽1,942,344
1,000,000	July 11, 2023	CBC	Principal repayment of £50.0 million after 1 year of initial drawdown date and balance on principal amount on maturity date.	July 17, 2025	With regular interest rate is 7.8557%. Interest to be paid on quarterly basis.	July 17, 2023	1,000,000	994,151	-
68,036 ⁽²⁾	September 16, 2023	PSHC	Interest is payable on March 15 and September 15. Principal payment due on or before September 15, 2025	On or before September 15 2025	Interest rate is 7.3098% gross p.a. plus 12% value-added tax	_	68,036	68,036	68,036
Total								₽2,986,133	₽2,010,380

(1) Amounts are net of unamortized debt issue cost.
 (2) The loan was acquired for working capital purposes. The PSHC loan was renewed for another two-year period on September 16, 2023.



Changes in Liabilities Arising from Financing Activities

The changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes are as follows:

	January 1, 2023	Declaration	Availments	Payments	Others*	December 31, 2023
Liabilities from financing	• ·			•		
activities	D45 ((0	D151 502	п	(D1 (0 102)	ъ	D40.250
Dividends payable	₽ 45,660	₽171,793	₽-	(₽169,103)	₽–	₽48,350
Long-term debt	4,983,157	-	992,500	(20,000)	19,674	5,975,331
	₽5,028,817	₽171,793	₽992,500	(₽189,103)	₽19,674	P6,023,681
Others include amortization of	January 1, 2022	Declaration	Availments	Payments	Others	December 31, 2022
Liabilities from financing activities						
Dividends payable	₽43,324	₽135,930	₽–	(₽133,594)	₽–	₽45,660
Long-term debt	4,985,870	_	_	(20,000)	17,287	4,983,157
	₽5,029,194	₽135,930	₽-	(₽153,594)	₽17,287	₽5,028,817

*Others include amortization of debt issue costs

16. Capital Stock and Retained Earnings

a. Capital Stock

The composition of the Company's capital stock as at December 31 is as follows:

	Number of Shares		
	2023	2022	
Preferred - cumulative, nonparticipating,			
₽10 par value			
Class AA – Authorized	50,000,000	50,000,000	
Class BB – Authorized	50,000,000	50,000,000	
Issued and subscribed	_	_	
Common - ₱10 par value Authorized	420,000,000	420,000,000	
Issued	286,303,550	286,303,550	
Subscribed	39,994	39,994	
Issued and subscribed	286,343,544	286,343,544	
Treasury shares	18,279	18,279	

The issued and outstanding shares as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 are held by 1,214 and 1,218 equity holders, respectively.

Capital stock presented in the parent company statements of financial position is net of subscription receivable amounting to P0.1 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.



The following summarizes information on the Company's track record of registration of securities under the Securities Regulation Code:

Date of SEC Approval	Authorized Shares	Issue/Offer Price
March 12, 1957	1,200,000	₽10
June 12, 1968	1,000,000	10
April 7, 1969	800,000	10
January 21, 1980	2,000,000	10
November 3, 1988	10,000,000	10
October 13, 1992	25,000,000	10
June 3, 1995	60,000,000	10
March 16, 1999	320,000,000	10

b. Retained Earnings

Appropriated

On March 3, 2023, the BOD approved the appropriation of P500 million for the investment in PPHC and re-appropriation of P1.1 billion for the investment in the Construction Materials business until December 31, 2024. In addition, the BOD approved the reversal of previous appropriations of retained earnings amounting to P500 million for investment in Education business in 2021 and P165.5 million for buyback of shares in 2020.

Unappropriated

On March 1, 2022, the BOD declared a regular cash dividend of $\mathbb{P}0.40$ per share or an equivalent of $\mathbb{P}108.8$ million and a special cash dividend of $\mathbb{P}0.10$ per share or an equivalent of $\mathbb{P}27.2$ million, to all common shareholders of record as at March 22, 2022. The cash dividends were paid on April 6, 2022.

On March 3, 2023, the BOD declared a regular cash dividend of P0.60 per share or an equivalent of P171.8 million, to all common shareholders of record as at March 22, 2023. The cash dividends were paid on April 5, 2023.

Dividends payable amounted to P48.4 million and P45.7 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 14). These pertain to dividends not yet claimed by various stockholders.

c. Buyback of shares

On February 28, 2020, the BOD appropriated P165.5 million of the retained earnings for the buyback of shares until February 28, 2022.

In 2022, the Company bought back 23,000 shares for a total consideration of **P**0.5 million.

d. Sale of Treasury Shares

In 2022, the Company sold 14,431,900 treasury shares with cost of P143.9 million for P281.4 million.



17. Investment Income

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
Interest income from:		
Financial assets at FVPL	₽207,638	₽209,081
Advances to subsidiaries (Note 20)	37,411	36,793
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	21,236	15,123
	266,285	260,997
Net gain on sale of investments held for		
trading (Note 7):		
Investments in UITFs	4,685	3,232
Marketable equity securities	109	64
	4,794	3,296
Net gain (loss) from fair value change of		
investments held for trading (Note 7):		
Investments in UITFs	4,497	8,335
Investments in marketable equity securities	(163)	(398)
	4,334	7,937
	₽275,413	₽272,230

18. General and Administrative Expenses and Others

General and administrative expenses and others consist of:

	2023	2022
Personnel costs (Notes 20 and 21)	P126,088	₽102,027
Outside services (Note 20)	45,090	24,416
Taxes and licenses	28,499	4,186
Intercompany charges (Note 20)	22,862	23,138
Depreciation (Notes 12 and 13)	13,022	5,720
Dues and subscriptions	6,269	2,938
Utilities	4,069	3,717
Postage, telephone and telegraph	1,606	1,335
Insurance	1,366	1,796
Rent	832	1,363
Donations and contributions	828	2,275
Office supplies	607	914
Transportation and travel	420	361
Repairs and maintenance	228	769
Tax indemnity	_	4,378
Others	51,437	30,589
	₽303,223	₽209,922

The Company's expenses for meetings, conferences and other miscellaneous charges are included as part of "Others" in the table above.



"Intercompany charges" in the parent company statements of income include share in expenses of the Ultimate Parent, subsidiaries, associates and other related parties that is initially incurred by the Company and subsequently billed to related parties and recognized in miscellaneous income (Note 20).

19. Income Tax

The provision for current income tax in 2023 and 2022 represents MCIT.

The components of the Company's deferred tax asset and liabilities as at December 31 are as follows:

	2023	2022
Deferred tax asset:		
NOLCO	₽206,816	₽199,673
Unrealized foreign exchange loss	297	_
	207,113	199,673
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Unrealized gain on change in fair value of		
financial assets at FVPL and derivative asset	(103,927)	(116,739)
Accrued income	(103,185)	(82,005)
Unrealized gain on change in fair value of		
financial assets at FVOCI	(11,867)	(7,302)
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	(43)	(1,011)
	(219,022)	(207,057)
	(₽11,909)	(₽7,384)

The details of deductible temporary differences, unused NOLCO and MCIT for which no deferred tax assets were recognized are as follows:

	2023	2022
Unused NOLCO	₽605,540	₽365,609
Accumulated impairment loss on subsidiary	495,772	495,772
Allowance on expected credit losses	286,233	286,233
Accrued employee benefits and professional fees	41,750	41,732
Unamortized past service cost	18,981	18,592
Unrealized loss on change in fair value of		
investment in FVOCI	7,527	6,256
Net remeasurement loss on pension liability	6,680	2,105
MCIT	6,062	2,625
	₽1,468,545	₽1,218,924

The unrecognized deferred tax assets is P321,353 and P256,497 as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Deferred tax assets were not recognized since management believes that it is not probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available to allow said deferred tax assets to be utilized.



	2023	2022
Applicable statutory income tax rate	25.0%	25.0%
Change in unrecognized deferred tax assets and others	67.7%	32.0%
Increase (decrease) in tax rates resulting from:		
Dividend income exempt from income tax	(80.3%)	(15.5%)
Other non-taxable income	(8.6%)	(40.2%)
Interest income subjected to final tax	(5.0%)	(1.4%)
Nondeductible expenses	5.3%	0.5%
Provision for final tax	4.0%	1.1%
Effective tax rates	8.1%	1.5%

The reconciliation between the statutory and effective income tax rates are as follows:

As at December 31, 2023, NOLCO totaling P1,432.8 million can be claimed as deduction against future taxable income while MCIT totaling P6.1 million can be deducted against RCIT due, as follows:

Date Incurred/Paid	Expiry Date	NOLCO	MCIT
December 31, 2020	December 31, 2025	₽304,163	₽-
December 31, 2021	December 31, 2024	_	564
December 31, 2021	December 31, 2026	480,965	_
December 31, 2022	December 31, 2025	379,174	1,044
December 31, 2023	December 31, 2026	268,502	4,454
		₽1,432,804	₽6,062

MCIT amounting to P1.0 million and P1.2 million expired in 2023 and 2022, respectively. NOLCO amounting to nil and P311.4 million expired in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Moreover, the Company incurred NOLCO amounting to P304.2 million and P481.0 million in 2020 and 2021, which can be carried over as deductions from gross income until December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2026, respectively, as provided under Section 4 (bbbb) of RA 11494, otherwise known as the "Bayanihan to Recover as One Act" and as implemented by Revenue Regulations No. 25-2020. The law provides that NOLCO incurred by businesses or enterprises for the taxable years 2020 and 2021 shall be allowed to be carried over as a deduction from its gross income for the next five (5) consecutive taxable years immediately following the year of such loss.

Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises (CREATE) Act

On March 26, 2021, the RA 11534 or Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises (CREATE) Act was signed into law to introduce reforms to the corporate income tax and incentives systems in the Philippines.

The following are the key changes to the Philippine tax law pursuant to the CREATE Act which have an impact on the Company:

- RCIT rate is reduced from 30% to 25% for domestic and resident foreign corporations. For
 domestic corporations with net taxable income not exceeding P5 million and with total assets not
 exceeding P100 million (excluding land on which the business entity's office, plant and
 equipment are situated) during the taxable year, the RCIT rate is reduced to 20%.
- MCIT rate reduced from 2% to 1% of gross income effective July 1, 2020 until June 30, 2023.
- Imposition of improperly accumulated earnings tax (IAET) is repealed.



Other current assets

The components of other current assets as at December 31 are as follows:

	2023	2022
Net input VAT	₽65,591	₽3,499
Creditable withholding tax	12,242	4,304
Prepaid expenses	9,210	11,093
	₽87,043	₽18,896

20. Related Party Transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party in making financial and operating decisions and the parties are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individual or corporate entities.

The significant related party transactions entered into by the Company with its ultimate parent company, subsidiaries, associates and other related parties, and the amounts included in the parent company financial statements with respect to such transactions are as follows:

				2023			
Affiliate	Nature	Amount/ Volume	Amount Due from Related Parties (Note 8)	Amount Due to Related Parties (Note 14)	Long-term Debt (Note 15)	Terms	Conditions
Ultimate	Share in	₽38,445	₽2,549	(₽837)	₽-	Noninterest-	Unsecured, no
Parent	expenses					bearing	impairment
	Management fee and bonus	24,369	-	(8,493)	-	Noninterest- bearing	Unsecured
	Rent income	5,292	1,377	-	-	Noninterest- bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
	Purchase of shares	2,335,451	-	-	-	Noninterest- bearing	Unsecured
	Purchase of PPE	225,417	-	-	-	Noninterest- bearing	Unsecured
	Purchase of Investment properties	227,370	-	_	-	Noninterest- bearing	Unsecured
Subsidiaries							
	Grant of noninterest- bearing advances	-	232,059	-	-	Noninterest- bearing	Unsecured, with impairment of ₽232.1 million
	Share in expenses	8,088	21,589	(554)	-	Noninterest- bearing	Unsecured, with impairment of ₽1.7 million
	Rent income	2,289	443	-	-	Noninterest- bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
	Dividend income	341,365	257,398	-	-	Noninterest- bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
	Long-term debt	68,036	-	-	(68,036)	3.5335% and 7.3098% per annum	Unsecured
	Interest expense	3,201	-	(1,457)	-	3.5335% and 7.3098% per	Unsecured
	Interest income	37,405	-	-	-	annum 3.14% to 5.05% per annum	Unsecured, no impairment

(Forward)



				2023			
Affiliate	Nature	Amount/ Volume	Amount Due from Related Parties (Note 8)	Amount Due to Related Parties (Note 14)	Long-term Debt (Note 15)	Terms	Conditions
Other Related			(1.010-0)	(2.302 2.1)	(11010-10)		
	Share in expenses	₽928	₽3,583	(P 344)	₽-	Noninterest- bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
	Rent Income	10,275	-	-	-	Noninterest- bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
	Miscellaneous income	3,201	3,028	-	-	Noninterest- bearing	Unsecured, with impairment of P0.1 million
			₽522,026	(₽11,685)	(\$\$68,036)		

₽522,026

(¥10,228) (¥1,457)

* Other related parties pertain to entities under common control of PHINMA, Inc.

Total Related PartyOutstanding Balances(1)Due from related parties(2)Due to related parties(3)Accrued interest expense

				2022			
			Amount	Amount			
			Due from	Due to Related	Long-term		
		Amount/	Related Parties	Parties	Debt		
Affiliate	Nature	Volume	(Note 8)	(Note 14)	(Note 15)	Terms	Conditions
<u>Ultimate</u>	Share in	₽39,704	₽1,289	(P19,477)	₽–	Noninterest-	Unsecured, no
Parent	expenses	20.040		(22.2.40)		bearing	impairment
	Management fee and bonus	38,048	-	(23,348)	-	Noninterest- bearing	Unsecured
	Rent income	5,699	_	_	_	Noninterest-	Unsecured, no
	Refit fileoffie	2,077				bearing	impairment
	Purchase of	335,451	_	_	_	Noninterest-	Unsecured, no
	properties	,				bearing	impairment
	Purchase of	398,535	_	-	_	Noninterest-	Unsecured, no
	shares	,				bearing	impairment
Subsidiaries							
	Grant of	-	232,059	-	-	Noninterest-	Unsecured, with
	noninterest-					bearing	impairment of
	bearing						₽232.1 million
	advances	1 250 000	1 10 5 000			0.1.404	** 1
	Grant of	1,350,000	1,495,000	-	-	3.14% to	Unsecured, no
	interest-					5.05% per	impairment
	bearing advances					annum	
	Share in	7,239	19,552		_	Noninterest-	Unsecured, with
	expenses	1,239	19,552	-	-	bearing	impairment of
	expenses					bearing	₽1.7 million
	Rent income	1,640	263	_	_	Noninterest-	Unsecured, no
		_,				bearing	impairment
	Dividend	169,086	106,045	-	-	Noninterest-	Unsecured, no
	income					bearing	impairment
	Long-term debt	-	-	-	(68,036)	3.5335% per	Unsecured
						annum	
	Interest expense	2,437	-	(714)	-		Unsecured
	Interest Income	36,793	5,096	-	-	3.14% to	Unsecured, no
						5.05% per	impairment
						annum	
Associates							
	Share in	3,831	6,320	(36)	-	Noninterest-	Unsecured, no
	expenses	200				bearing	impairment
	Rent income	289	-	-	-	Noninterest-	Unsecured, no
						bearing	impairment

(Forward)



		Amount	A			
		Amount	Amount			
		Due from	Due to Related	Long-term		
	Amount/	Related Parties	Parties	Debt		
Nature	Volume	(Note 8)	(Note 14)	(Note 15)	Terms	Conditions
ellaneous	₽2,437	₽799	₽–	₽–	Noninterest-	Unsecured, with
come					bearing	impairment of P0.1 million
		₽1,866,423	(₽43,575)	(\$\$68,036)		
pertain to entities i	ınder common co	ntrol of PHINMA, Inc	с.			
0	come	Nature Volume vellaneous ₽2,437 come	Nature Volume (Note 8) vellaneous come P2,437 P799 P1,866,423	NatureVolume(Note 8)(Note 14)vellaneous P2,437P799P -come	Nature Volume (Note 8) (Note 14) (Note 15) vellaneous come P2,437 P799 P- P- P1,866,423 (P43,575) (P68,036)	Nature Volume (Note 8) (Note 14) (Note 15) Terms vellaneous come P2,437 P799 P- P- Noninterest-bearing P1,866,423 (P43,575) (P68,036)

Total	Related Party		
	Outstanding Balances		
(1)	Accrued interest receivable	₽5,096	
(2)	Due from related parties	886,327	
(3)	Non-current assets -Philcement LTD advances	975,000	
(4)	Due to related parties		(₽42,861)
(5)	Accrued interest expense		(714)

Outstanding balances at year-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash throughout the financial year. The Company's accounting for impaired receivables is based on forward-looking expected credit loss method using the external credit approach. Allowance for ECL from related parties amounted £233.9 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 (see Note 8).

The share in expenses charged to related parties are recorded under "Others" account in the parent company statements of income.

Management Fee and Bonus

PHINMA, Inc. has various management contracts with its subsidiaries and associates that give it the general management authority with corresponding responsibility over all operations and personnel of certain related parties including planning, direction, and supervision of all the operations, sales, marketing, distribution, finance and other business activities of the related parties.

The Company has a five-year management contract with PHINMA, Inc. up to June 30, 2024, renewable thereafter upon mutual agreement of the two parties. Under the existing management agreement, the Company pays PHINMA, Inc. a fixed monthly management fee plus an annual incentive based on a certain percentage of the Company's net income.

The details of the management fee and bonus which is included in "Outside services" and "Personnel costs", respectively, under the "General and administrative expenses" account are as follows:

	2023	2022
Management fee	₽15,876	₽14,700
Management bonus	8,493	23,348
	₽24,369	₽38,048

The amounts pertaining to the management bonus in 2023 and 2022 remain unpaid as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Directors' Fee and Bonus

The Company recognizes compensation to directors computed based on net income after certain adjustments. The details of the directors' compensation which is included in "Personnel costs" under "General and administrative expenses" account are as follows:

	2023	2022
Directors' fee	₽6,550	₽6,125
Directors' bonus	10,790	_
	₽17,340	₽6,125



There's no unpaid directors' bonus as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Rent Income

The Company has existing short-term lease agreements for office and parking spaces with related companies (PHINMA, Inc., subsidiaries, and associates). Rent income earned from related parties amounted to P17.8 million and P7.6 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively. Outstanding receivable of the Company amounted to P1.8 million and P0.3 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Share in Expenses

Out-of-pocket and other operating expenses initially shouldered by the Company are reimbursed by the affiliates when billed by the Company. "Intercompany charges" in the parent company statements of income include share in expenses of the Ultimate Parent, subsidiaries, associates and other related parties that is initially incurred by the Company and subsequently billed to related parties and recognized in miscellaneous income. The total intercompany expenses incurred on behalf of the affiliates amounted to P47.5 million and P50.8 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively. Outstanding receivable of the Company amounted to P27.7 million and P27.2 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Outstanding payable of the Company amounted to P1.7 million and P19.5 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Advances To and From Related Parties

The Company also grants advances to its related parties to fund certain working capital requirements. Outstanding noninterest-bearing advances of the Company amounted to ₽232.1 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

On August 10, 2022, the Company's BOD approved to extend credit facilities to the Construction Materials Group. On September 16, 2022, Philcement drawdown an amount of $\mathbb{P}1.0$ billion with an interest rate of 5.05% with 5 quarterly payment of $\mathbb{P}5.0$ million from drawdown date and balloon payment amounting to $\mathbb{P}975.0$ million on March 8, 2024. In July 2023, Philcement fully paid the balances of the loan.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company's advances to Philcement amounted to nil and ₽1,495.0 million, respectively.

Long-term Debt

On September 16, 2023, the Company renewed its loan from PSHC which resulted to an extended maturity period until September 15, 2025. The renewed loan has an interest rate of 7.3098%. Related interest expense amounted to $\mathbb{P}3.2$ million and $\mathbb{P}2.4$ million in 2023 and 2022.

Dividend Income

The Company earns dividend income from its subsidiaries and associates. In 2023 and 2022, the Company earned P341.5 million and P169.1 million, respectively. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the outstanding dividends receivable amounted to P257.4 million and P106.0 million, respectively (see Note 9).

Sale of US dollar

The Company sells US dollars to its subsidiaries and associates to which the Company becomes a conduit or pass through which enabled them to source US dollars at a cheaper rate than in need of its subsidiaries and associates to directly buy/transact with the bank.



- 39 -

Miscellaneous Income

The Company provides financial management consultancy to its related party United Pulp and Paper Company (UPPC). Miscellaneous income amounted to $\mathbb{P}3.2$ million and $\mathbb{P}2.4$ million in 2023 and 2022, respectively. Due from these transactions amounted to $\mathbb{P}3.0$ million and $\mathbb{P}0.8$ million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 respectively. An allowance for impairment amounting to $\mathbb{P}0.1$ million was recognized as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Compensation of Key Management Personnel

Compensation of key management personnel of the Company are as follows:

	2023	2022
Short-term employee benefits	₽78,961	₽79,826
Pension and other post-employment benefits	-	1,434
	₽78,961	₽81,260

21. Pension and Other Post-employment Benefits Liability

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
Defined benefit pension liability	₽21,470	₽20,017
Other post-employment benefits liability	16,254	13,114
Defined contribution plan	5	39
	₽37,729	₽33,170

Pension and other post-employment benefits, included in "Personnel costs" under "General and administrative expenses" account, consist of:

	2023	2022
Defined benefit pension expense	₽3,732	₽4,756
Contribution to PHINMA retirement fund for		
common employees	2,970	3,161
Other post-employment benefits expense (income)	3,200	(83)
Contribution to defined contribution plan	723	677
	₽10,625	₽8,511

a. Defined benefit pension plan

The Company has an actuarially computed retirement plan covering all permanent employees. The benefits are based on years of service and compensation during the last year of employment. The Company has established a retirement fund that is managed by a trustee.

Annual contribution to the pension plan consists of a payment to cover the current service costs for the year plus a payment toward funding the actuarial accrued liability.

The following tables summarize the components of net pension expense recognized in the parent company statements of income and the funded status and amounts recognized in the parent company statements of financial position for the pension plan:



- 40 -

Net pension expense consists of:

	2023	2022
Current service cost	₽2,539	₽3,091
Net interest cost	1,193	1,253
Past service cost	_	412
Net pension expense	₽3,732	₽4,756

Details of net pension liability are as follows:

	2023	2022
Present value of defined benefit obligation	₽39,427	₽30,961
Fair value of plan assets	(17,957)	(10,944)
Net pension liability	₽21,470	₽20,017

Changes in the present value of the pension obligation are as follows:

	2023	2022
Balances at beginning of year	₽30,961	₽36,714
Current service cost	2,539	3,091
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	2,057	1,779
Benefits paid	(526)	(4,559)
Actuarial losses (gains):		
Experience adjustment	1,382	(1,123)
Change in financial assumptions	3,014	(5,353)
Past service cost	-	412
Balances at end of year	P39,427	₽30,961

Changes in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:

	2023	2022
Balances at beginning of year	₽10,944	₽8,462
Contributions	6,854	7,166
Actual return excluding amount included in net		
interest cost	(179)	(651)
Interest income included in net interest cost	864	526
Benefits paid	(526)	(4,559)
Balances at end of year	₽17,957	₽10,944
Actual return (deficit) on plan assets	₽685	(₽125)

Changes in net pension liability are as follows:

	2023	2022
Balances at beginning of year	₽20,017	₽28,252
Net pension expense	3,732	4,756
Contributions	(6,854)	(7,166)
Remeasurement loss (gain) in OCI	4,575	(5,825)
Net pension liability	₽ 21,470	₽20,017



The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of the fair value of total plan assets are as follows:

	2023	2022
Cash and short-term investments	2%	2%
Marketable equity securities	98%	98%
	100%	100%

Cash and short-term investments include liquid investments in Special Deposit Accounts, government securities, mutual funds and UITFs. Marketable equity securities can be sold through the PSE. These include shares of stock of the Company with a fair value of P4.5 million and P4.2 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Cumulative unrealized fair value gains on the shares amounted to P2.3 million and P2.0 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The Company expects to contribute P7.3 million to its defined benefit retirement fund in 2024.

The principal assumptions used in determining pension benefits are as follows:

	2023	2022
Discount rate	6.1%	7.2%
Rate of salary increase	6.0%	6.0%
Turnover rates	A scale ranging	A scale ranging
	from 14% at	from 14% at age
	age 18 to	18 to
	0% at age 60	0% at age 60

The calculation of the pension liability is sensitive to the assumptions set above. The following table summarizes how the pension liability at the end of the reporting period would have increased (decreased) as a result of a change in the assumptions by:

	Increase (Decrease)		
	2023	2022	
Discount rate:			
Increase by 1%	(₽2,730)	(₽2,082)	
Decrease by 1%	3,098	2,351	
Rate of salary increase:			
Increase by 1%	3,237	2,486	
Decrease by 1%	(2,903)	(2,237)	

Shown below is the maturity analysis of the undiscounted benefit payments as at December 31:

Year	2023	2022
Less than 1 year	₽4,350	₽4,172
1 year to less than 5 years	14,568	13,531
5 years to less than 10 years	41,915	18,236
10 years and beyond	86,974	91,036

The average duration of the pension liability as at December 31, 2023 is 10.61 years.



b. Defined contribution plan

The Company also provides a defined contribution plan that covers all regular full-time employees under which the Company pays fixed contributions based on the percentage contributed by the employees from their monthly salaries.

Participation by employees in the defined contribution plan is voluntary which has started in October 2017. Total contribution is up to 4% of annual salary, of which, 60% is contributed by the employees and 40% by the Company. There will be separate sub-funds for the defined contribution and benefit plans which will not be commingled with each other or be used to fulfill the funding requirements of both retirement plans.

The Company contributed $\mathbb{P}0.7$ million to the defined contribution plan, which were recognized as expense in 2023 and 2022. The Company has payable to the defined contribution plan amounting to $\mathbb{P}5$ thousand and $\mathbb{P}39$ thousand as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

c. PHINMA Jumbo Retirement Plan

The Company has cross-assigned executives currently enrolled in the PHINMA Jumbo Retirement Plan of PHINMA, Inc. The Company contributes to the retirement fund of the cross-assigned executives and recognizes the contribution as retirement expense in the year it was incurred. In 2023 and 2022, the Company contributed P2.9 million and P3.3 million to the retirement fund, respectively.

d. Other post-employment benefits

Other post-employment benefits consist of accumulated employee sick and vacation leave entitlement. Other post-employment benefits expense (income) consists of:

	2023	2022
Current service cost	₽972	₽337
Net interest cost	916	755
Actuarial loss	1,312	573
Past service cost	_	(1,748)
	₽3,200	(P 83)

Changes in present value of other post-employment benefits liability are as follows:

	2023	2022
Balances at beginning of year	₽13,114	₽15,568
Current service cost	972	337
Interest cost	916	755
Actuarial loss	1,312	573
Past service cost	_	(1,748)
Benefits paid	(60)	(2,371)
Balances at end of year	₽16,254	₽13,114



	2023	2022
Discount rate	6.0%	7.0%
Rate of salary increase	6.0%	6.0%
Turnover rates	A scale	A scale
	ranging	ranging
	from 14% at	from 14% at
	age 18 to	age 18 to
	0% at age 60	0% at age 60

The principal assumptions used in determining other post-employment benefits are as follows:

22. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents, investments held for trading and investments in financial assets at FVOCI in Philippine Peso and U.S. dollar currencies. The main purpose of these financial instruments is for a temporary outlay of funds. The Company has financial liabilities in the form of bank loans and corporate bonds with the main purpose of funding its investments in the Strategic Business Units (SBUs), potential new investments, refinancing maturing loans, and general corporate purposes. The Company also has financial assets and liabilities, such as receivables and accrued expenses and other payables that arise directly from operations.

The main risks arising from the Company's treasury transactions are credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk, interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, and equity price risk. Careful study, skill, prudence and due diligence are exercised at all times in the handling of the funds and capital raising of the Company.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. Due to the Company's investing and operating activities, the Company is exposed to the potential credit-related losses that may occur as a result of an individual, counterparty or issuer being unable or unwilling to honor its contractual obligations.

In managing credit risk on the financial instruments, the Company transacts only with the Financial Institutions (FIs) duly approved by the BOD. Investments per financial institution are subject to a maximum of 20% of the Company's investible funds. For investments in UITFs or mutual funds, it is the Company's policy that investments cannot exceed 10% of the size of the fund.

A comprehensive credit and business review in coordination with dealers or underwriters is performed whenever the Company invests in non-rated securities. Furthermore, the Company monitors the credit quality of corporate and sovereign bonds with reference to credit rating studies and updates from the major rating agencies.



The Company's exposure to credit risk on its cash and cash equivalents and receivables arises from the default of counterparties with maximum exposures equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

	2023	2022
Financial assets at amortized cost:		
Cash and cash equivalents*	₽197,622	₽900,702
Receivables	861,615	1,070,977
	₽1,059,237	₽1,971,679

Excluding cash on hand amounting to* **P0.1 *million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.*

There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Company.

Credit Quality of Financial Assets

The financial assets are grouped according to stage whose description is explained as follows:

Stage 1 - those that are considered current and up to 30 days past due, and based on change in rating, delinquencies and payment history, do not demonstrate significant increase in credit risk.

Stage 2 - those that, based on change in rating, delinquencies and payment history, demonstrate significant increase in credit risk, and/or are considered more than 30 days past due but does not demonstrate objective evidence of impairment as of reporting date.

Stage 3 - those that are considered in default or demonstrate objective evidence of impairment as of reporting date.

The credit quality of the Company's financial assets are as follows:

	2023					
	ECL Staging					
	Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3					
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Total		
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost						
Cash and cash equivalents*	₽197,622	₽—	₽—	₽197,622		
Receivables	861,615	136	286,097	1,147,848		
Gross Carrying Amount	₽1,059,237	₽136	₽286,097	₽1,345,470		

*Excluding cash on hand amounting to P0.1 million as at December 31, 2023.

	2022					
		ECL Staging				
	Stage 1	Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3				
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Total		
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost						
Cash and cash equivalents*	₽900,702	₽—	₽—	₽900,702		
Receivables	1,070,977	136	286,097	1,357,210		
Gross Carrying Amount	₽1,971,679	₽136	₽286,097	₽2,257,912		

**Excluding cash on hand amounting to* P0.1 *million as at December 31, 2022.*

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time due to the inability to collect its receivables, liquidate its other assets or obtain funding at reasonable terms. The Company manages liquidity risks by keeping a level of cash and cash equivalents sufficient to finance the operating requirements. The cash and cash equivalents are invested in time deposits and money market funds that can be liquidated quickly. The Company also ensures that it always has enough and active working capital lines with banks for bridge financing.



The maturities of the financial liabilities are determined based on the Company's projected payments and contractual maturities. The key terms and thresholds are approved by the BOD. It is the Company's policy to restrict investment in marketable securities, principally to publicly traded securities with a history of marketability and by dealing with only large reputable domestic institutions.

As part of liquidity risk management, the Company regularly evaluates the projected and actual cash flows and conducts stress-testing of assumptions to establish contingency plans. The Company continuously assesses conditions in the financial markets for opportunities for fund-raising activities which may include bank loans and capital market issues.

Financial assets at amortized cost (comprised of cash and cash equivalents, receivables) amounting to P1,059.3 million and P1,971.8 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and financial assets at FVPL (comprised of investments in UITFs, investments in marketable equity securities and derivative assets) amounting to P109.2 million and P510.9 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, are expected to be realized within one year from the reporting date.

	Within 1 Year	1–2 Years	2023 More than 2 to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Financial Liabilities:	D2 225 (52	D	D	D	D2 228 (82
Current portion of long-term debt	₽3,337,673	₽–	₽–	₽–	P3,337,673
Accrued expenses and other payables	162,016	-	-	-	162,016
Long-term debt - net of current		1 100 252	124 201	1 012 052	2 246 516
portion		1,198,253	134,391	1,913,872	3,246,516
	₽3,499,689	₽1,198,253	₽134,391	₽1,913,872	P6,746,205
			2022		
	Within		More than 2 to	More than	
	1 Year	1-2 Years	3 years	3 years	Total
Financial Liabilities:					
i manenar Braemaest					
Current portion of long-term debt	₽313,801	₽–	₽–	₽-	₽313,801
Current portion of long-term debt	₽313,801 148,266	₽	₽	₽-	₽313,801 148,266
	,	₽ -	₽	₽ _	
Current portion of long-term debt Accrued expenses and other payables	,	₽- - 3,204,573	₽_ - 135,608	₽_ _ 2,048,263	

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments as at December 31:

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk. Market risks are managed by constant review of global and domestic economic and financial environments as well as regular discussions with banks' economists/strategy officers to get multiple perspectives on interest rate trends/forecasts. Regular comparison of the portfolio's marked-to-market values and yields with defined benchmarks are also made.

Interest Rate Risk

Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.



The following tables set out the carrying amounts, by maturity, of the Company's financial instrument that are exposed to interest rate risk as of December 31:

				2023			
	Interest Rates	Within 1 Year	1 to < 2 Years	2 to < 3 Years	3 to 5 Years	More than 5 Years	Total
Financial Liabilities Long-term debt	6%-7.8557%	₽64,564	₽966,133	₽18,142	₽1,869,258	₽-	₽2,918,097
				2022			
	Interest Rates	Within 1 Year	1 to < 2 Years	2 to < 3 Years	3 to 5 Years	More than 5 Years	Total
Financial Liabilities Long-term debt	6.25%	₽18,398	₽18,313	₽18,233	₽18,142	₽1,869,258	₽1,942,344

Interest on financial instruments classified as fixed rate is fixed until the maturity of the instrument.

The table below sets forth the estimated change in the Company's income before tax due to a reasonably possible change in interest rates as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. There is no impact on the Company's equity other than those already affecting the profit or loss.

	20	23
	Increase/(Decrease)	Effect on
	in Basis Points	Profit Before Tax
Financial Liabilities		
Long-term debt	25	(₽7,295)
0	(25)	7,295
	20.	22
	Increase/(Decrease)	Effect on
	in Basis Points	Profit Before Tax
Financial Liabilities		
Long-term debt	25	(₽4,856)
-	(25)	4,856
		/

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's financial assets that are exposed to foreign currency risk are foreign currency-denominated cash and cash equivalents and investments in UITFs.

Foreign exchange risks on the U.S. dollar and other foreign currencies are managed through constant monitoring of the political and economic environment domestically and abroad. Should the need arise, approved hedging strategies may be implemented to mitigate risks. Returns are also calibrated on a per currency basis to account for the perceived risks with higher returns expected from weaker currencies.



	2023	5	202	2	
	Foreign Peso		Foreign	Peso	
Financial assets:	Currency	Equivalent	Currency	Equivalent	
Cash and cash equivalents	US\$969	₽53,634	US\$94	₽5,263	
Cash and cash equivalents	VND17,941,227	40,936	VND33,703	80	
Investment held for trading	US\$12	691	US\$12	665	
Receivables	US\$10,056	556,825	US\$7,412	413,282	
Investment at FVPL	US\$34,608	1,916,238	US\$39,621	2,209,069	
Derivative assets	US\$16,069	889,721	US\$11,624	648,116	
		₽3,458,045		₽3,276,475	

The following table shows the U.S. dollar and Vietnamese dong currency-denominated financial assets and their peso equivalents as at December 31:

In translating foreign currency-denominated financial assets into peso amounts, the exchange rates used were \$25.37 and \$25.76 to US\$1.00 as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's profit before tax (due to the changes in the fair value of financial assets) as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. There is no impact on the Company's equity other than those already affecting the profit or loss.

2023	}	202	2
Increase (Decrease)		Increase (Decrease)	
in Peso-Dollar	Effect on Profit	in Peso-Dollar	Effect on Profit
Exchange Rate	Before Tax	Exchange Rate	Before Tax
1.00	₽61,715	1.00	₽58,763
(1.00)	(61,715)	(1.00)	(58,763)

Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair values of equities decrease as a result of changes in the levels of the equity indices and the values of individual stocks. The Company's exposure to equity price risk relates primarily to its equity investments listed in the PSE classified under investments held for trading.

The Company's policy is to maintain the risk to an acceptable level. Movement of share price is monitored regularly to determine impact on the Company's financial position. Unsystemic risk is managed through diversification in the stock portfolio. The Company's assessment of reasonably possibly change, based on its expectations, was determined to be an increase of 8.6% and 13.7% in the index with an impact of P10.1 million and P0.3 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that the Company maintains a healthy capital structure to maintain strong credit rating and maximize shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.



The Company monitors capital using the debt-to-equity ratio, which it defines as total liabilities divided by total equity. Capital includes all the items appearing in the equity section of the parent company statements of financial position. The Company's policy is to keep debt-to-equity ratio below the maximum ratio of 2.0:1.

	2023	2022
Total liabilities	₽6,189,014	₽5,175,261
Total equity	7,002,980	7,056,866
Debt-to-equity ratio	0.88:1	0.73:1

23. Financial Instruments

The following table sets forth the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of the Company's financial liabilities recognized as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 other than those whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair values:

	Carrying A	Carrying Amounts		lues
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Financial liabilities				
Long-term debt	₽5,975,331	₽4,983,157	₽5,850,873	₽4,697,088

There were no financial assets and liabilities which were offset based on the Company's currently enforceable legal right to offset and intention to either settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously in the parent company statements of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input is significant to their fair value measurement is unobservable

The following table sets forth the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of the Company's financial assets that are carried at fair value classified using a fair value hierarchy as at December 31, 2023 and 2022:

		2023		
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets				
Investments held for trading:				
Investments in UITFs	₽104,563	₽–	₽104,563	₽–
Investments in marketable equity securities	2,674	2,674	-	-
Club shares designated at FVOCI	70,300	-	70,300	_
Non-listed equity instruments	33,524	-	_	33,524
Non-listed debt instrument designated at FVPL	1,916,238	-	-	1,916,238
Derivative asset	891,684	_	_	891,684
	P3,018,983	₽2,674	₽174,863	₽2,841,446



		2022		
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets				
Investments held for trading:				
Investments in UITFs	₽503,702	₽	₽503,702	₽-
Investments in marketable equity securities	3,102	3,102	_	_
Quoted club shares	41,000	_	41,000	_
Non-listed equity instruments	33,657	_	_	33,657
Non-listed debt instrument designated at FVPL	2,209,088	_	_	2,209,088
Derivative asset	652,207	_	_	652,207
	₽3,442,756	₽3,102	₽544,702	₽2,894,952

During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and no transfers into and out of Level 3 fair value measurements.

The fair value of golf club shares classified under level 2 were based on the prices readily available from brokers or other regulatory agencies as at reporting date.

The fair values of unlisted shares of stock classified under Level 3 were determined through the following valuation approach: income approach and asset-based approach. Income approach is predicted upon the concept of that the value of any asset can be estimated by ascertaining the amount and timing of future cash flows or earnings that are generated by that asset. Asset-based approach is based on the value of all tangible and intangible assets and liabilities of the investee.

The discount rates, a significant unobservable input used in the valuation of the unlisted shares of stock using the income approach, were 17.11% and 16.20% as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Movements in the fair value of non-listed shares of stock classified under Level 3 in 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	2023	2022
Balance at the beginning of the year	₽33,657	₽30,951
Fair value adjustment recognized under "Unrealized		
gain on change in fair value of financial assets at		
FVOCI"	(133)	2,706
Balance at end of the year	₽33,524	₽33,657

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of the following financial instruments:

Investments Held for Trading, Financial Assets at FVPL, Financial Assets at FVOCI and Derivative Assets. Quoted market prices have been used to determine the fair value of investments in marketable equity securities and club shares designated at FVOCI. The fair values of unquoted equity investments at FVOCI, unquoted debt investment classified as financial asset at FVPL and derivative asset have been estimated using a future cash flows from the investee and applying discount rate to calculate the present value of cash flows. The valuation requires management to make certain assumptions about the model inputs including forecast cashflows, discount rate, long-term growth rate, comparable companies' average volatility, option adjusted spread and risk-free rate. The probabilities of various estimates within the range can be reasonably assessed and are used in management's estimate of fair value for these unquoted equity investments.



Cash and Cash Equivalents, Receivables, and Accrued Expenses and Other Payables. Due to the short-term nature of these transactions, the carrying value approximate the fair values as at the reporting date.

Long-term Debt. The fair value of interest-bearing fixed-rate loans is based on the discounted value of expected future cash flows using the applicable rates for similar types of loans. Discount rates used were 6.41% to 6.87% in 2023 and 5.28% to 7.67% in 2022.

Derivative Instruments

On October 7, 2019, PEHI including the Investors have amended and restated the First Investment Agreement (made and entered by PEHI, Kaizen Private Equity II PTE. LTD (Kaizen) and Asian Development Bank (ADB) on April 12, 2019) to reflect the terms and conditions of Nederlandse Financierings-Maatschappijvoor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V (FMO)'s investment in PEHI and to reflect other agreed changes to the original terms of the First Investment Agreement.

As part of the signed investment agreement of PEHI and the Investors, in the event that an initial public offering (IPO) of PEHI is not completed on the fifth anniversary of the agreement, the Investors have an irrevocable right and option to sell to and obligate the Company to purchase all or portion of their shares (put option). On the other hand, the Company has an irrevocable right and option to purchase and obligate all of the Investors to sell all of its shares under certain conditions.

The exercise price of the options is based at a price that generates 10% internal rate of return, based on the investor US dollar subscription price per share, which is calculated at the agreed exchange rate for the period beginning on the closing date and ending on the date of the relevant notice.

The Company recognized derivative asset amounting to $\mathbb{P}2.0$ million and $\mathbb{P}4.1$ million related to transaction above as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The net changes in fair value of these derivative assets in 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	2023	2022
Balances at beginning of year	₽4,091	₽27,668
Net change in fair value during the year	(2,128)	(23,577)
Balances at end of year	₽1,963	₽4,091

24. Operating Lease Commitments

The Company, as a lessor of its investment property portfolio, has entered into various lease agreements with lease period ranging from one to five years and with renewal options.

The future minimum lease payments under the lease agreements are as follows:

	2023	2022
Within one year	₽14,402	₽5,571
After one year but not more than five years	31,573	219
	₽45,975	₽5,790

Rental income amounted to P27.0 million and P11.2 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 13).



25. EPS Computation

Basic/diluted EPS is computed as follows:

	2023	2022
(a) Net income	₽97,668	₽268,448
(b) Weighted average number of common shares		
outstanding	286,326	276,721
Basic/diluted EPS attributable to equity holders		
of the parent (a/b)	P0.34	₽ 0.97

The Company's basic and diluted earnings per share are the same since the Company does not have potential common shares.

26. Events after the Reporting Period

On March 5, 2024, the BOD declared a 6% regular cash dividend amounting to P171.8 million or equivalent to P0.60 per share payable on April 12, 2024 to shareholders of record as at March 25, 2024.

28. Supplementary Tax Information Required under Revenue Regulation (RR) 15-2010

Below is the additional information required by RR 15-2010. This information is presented for purposes of filing with the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. All values are rounded to the nearest peso.

The Company reported and/or paid the following types of taxes for the calendar year 2023:

VAT

Details of the Company's net sales/receipts, output VAT and input VAT accounts are as follows:

a. Net sales/receipts and output VAT declared in the Company's VAT returns filed in 2023

	Net	
	Sales/Receipts	Output VAT
Taxable sales:		
Sale of services	₽49,362,382	₽5,923,486
Leasing income	18,246,143	2,189,537
	₽67,608,525	₽8,113,023



- 52 -

b. Input VAT in 2023

Balance at beginning of year	₽118,283,693
Current year's domestic purchases/payments for:	
Services lodged under other accounts	15,144,544
Capital goods subject to amortization	54,710,832
Capital goods not subject to amortization	86,471
Goods other than for resale or manufacture	264,552
Total input VAT	188,490,092
Application of output VAT	(8,113,023)
Balance at end of year	₽180,377,069
Documentary Stamps Tax Paid in 2023	
Purchase of properties	₽12,132,399
Purchase of shares of stock	10,600,957
Others	64,602
	₽22,797,958
Other Taxes and Licenses in 2023	
Local Transfer tax on purchase of properties	₽2,697,400
Real property tax	2,651,170
Business permits and licenses	275,237
Others	76,804
	₽5,700,611
Withholding Taxes in 2023	
Withholding tax on wages and fringe benefits tax	₽20,537,057
Final withholding taxes	21,443,247
Expanded withholding taxes	12,583,303
	₽54,563,607

Tax Assessments and Cases in 2023

The Company has no outstanding final tax assessments with the BIR and there were no tax cases nor litigation and/or prosecution in the courts or bodies outside of the BIR as of and during the year ended December 31, 2023.



ANNEX B

Supplementary Schedules to the 2023 Audited Consolidated Financial Statements



6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City Philippines

SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. Tel: (632) 8891 0307 Fax: (632) 8819 0872 ev.com/ph

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors PHINMA Corporation 12th Floor, PHINMA Plaza 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center Makati City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the consolidated financial statements of PHINMA Corporation and its subsidiaries (the Company) as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated March 5, 2024. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. The schedules listed in the Index to the Supplementary Schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management. These schedules are presented for purposes of complying with the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68, and are not part of the basic consolidated financial statements. These schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, the financial information required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, are prepared in all material respects, in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards, as modified by the application of the financial reporting reliefs issued and approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission, as described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

Relindo T. Jung Hun

Belinda T. Beng Hu Partner CPA Certificate No. 88823 Tax Identification No. 153-978-243 BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, August 25, 2021, valid until April 15, 2024 BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-078-2023, October 23, 2023, valid until October 22, 2026 PTR No. 10079907, January 5, 2024, Makati City

March 5, 2024





6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City Philippines

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPONENTS OF FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors PHINMA Corporation 12th Floor, PHINMA Plaza 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center Makati City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the consolidated financial statements of PHINMA Corporation and its subsidiaries (the Company) as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated March 5, 2024. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. The Supplementary Schedule on Components of Financial Soundness Indicators, including their definitions, formulas, calculation, and their appropriateness or usefulness to the intended users, are the responsibility of the Company's management. These financial soundness indicators are not measures of operating performance defined by Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs), as modified by the application of the financial reporting reliefs issued and approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), as described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies. This schedule is presented for the purpose of complying with the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68 issued by the SEC, and is not a required part of the basic consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with PFRSs, as modified by the application of the financial reporting reliefs issued and approved by the SEC, as described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. The components of these financial soundness indicators have been traced to the Company's consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023 and no material exceptions were noted.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

Belinda T. Jung Hun Belinda T. Beng Hui

Partner CPA Certificate No. 88823 Tax Identification No. 153-978-243 BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, August 25, 2021, valid until April 15, 2024 BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-078-2023, October 23, 2023, valid until October 22, 2026 PTR No. 10079907, January 5, 2024, Makati City

March 5, 2024



PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Index to the Supplementary Schedules December 31, 2023

- Schedule I: Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration
- Schedule II. Map of the Relationships of the Companies Within the Group

Schedule III. Supplementary Schedules Required by Annex 68-J

- Schedule A. Financial Assets
- Schedule B. Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties, and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)
- Schedule C. Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are Eliminated During the Consolidation of Financial Statements
- Schedule D. Long-term Debt
- Schedule E. Indebtedness to Related Parties
- Schedule F. Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers
- Schedule G. Capital Stock

<u>Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration</u> For the reporting period ended December 31, 2023

PHINMA CORPORATION

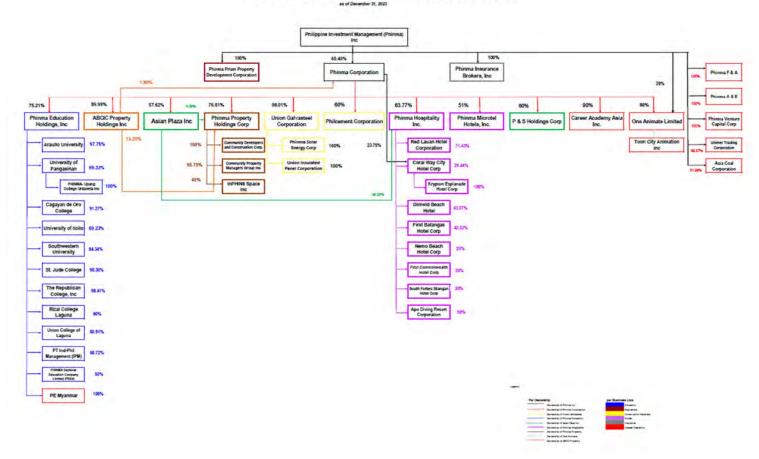
12th Floor, PHINMA Plaza 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center Makati City

Unappropriated retained earnings at January 1, 2023		₽1,642,594,459
Add: <u>Category A</u> : Items that are directly credited to Unappropriated Retained Earnings		
Reversal of Retained Earnings Appropriations		1,765,500,000
Less: <u>Category B</u> : Items that are directly debited to Unappropriated		
Retained Earnings		
Dividend declaration during the reporting period	(171,795,159)	
Retained Earnings appropriated during the reporting period	(1,600,000,000)	
Remeasurement loss on pension liability	(4,574,893)	(1,776,370,052)
Unappropriated Retained Earnings, as adjusted		1,631,724,407
Add: Net Income for the current year		97,635,752
Add/Less: <u>Category C.1</u> : Unrealized income recognized in the profit		
or loss during the reporting period (net of tax)		
Unrealized gain on derivatives	(179,074,544)	
Unrealized gain on change in fair value of investments held for	(177,071,011)	
trading	(4,334,193)	
Subtotal		(183,408,737)
Total Retained Earnings, end of the reporting period available for		
dividend at December 31, 2023		₽1,545,951,422

SCHEDULE II

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES Map of the Relationship of the Companies within the Group December 31, 2023

PHINMA INC and Subsidiaries Investment Tree



SCHEDULE III

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES Supplementary Schedules Required by Annex 68-J December 31, 2023

Schedule A. Financial Assets

Name of issuing entity and description of each issue	Number of Shares or Principal Amount of Bonds and Notes	Shown in the		Interest Received and Accrued
Cash and Cash Equivalents	₽-	₽2,905,912,689	₽2,905,912,689	₽69,542,165
Investment in Unit Investment Trust Fund and Money				
BDO Unibank, Inc. (Peso MMF)	50,232	87,039,086	87,039,086	_
BDO Unibank, Inc. (Peso STF)	896	105,688	105,688	-
BDO Unibank, Inc. (ÙSD MMF)	32	264,325	264,325	-
Bank of the Philippine Islands (MMF) Bank of the Philippine Islands	195,770	43,516,196	43,516,196	-
(Peso Short term fund) Bank of the Philippine Islands (USD Short term fund)	158,200 32	26,107,662 575,657	26,107,662 575,657	-
China Banking Corporation (Cash Fund)	24,580,659	29,909,599	29,909,599	
China Banking Corporation (MMF)	74,458,780	100,554,851	100,554,851	
China Banking Corporation (IFIF)	22,040	28,098	28,098	_
China Banking Corporation (STF)	21,475,308	27,267,521	27,267,521	_
Metropolitan Bank and Trust Company (MMF)		535,783	535,783	
Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation (Peso MMF)	8,875,568	15,712,367	15,712,367	_
Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation (Peso CMF)	9,322,887	11,316,652	11,316,652	_
Security Bank Corporation (Peso Bond Fund)	215,932	462,287	462,287	_
Security Bank Corporation (Peso MMF)	18,400,730	28,015,785	28,015,785	_
¥X		371,411,557	371,411,557	15,758,421
			, ,	
Marketable Equity Securities				
Aboitiz Equity Venture	1,900	84,740	84,740	
Aboitiz Power Corporation	3,700	139,120	139,120	-
AC Energy (ACEPH) formerly Phinma Energy Corp. ACE Enexor, Inc. formerly	200,000	870,000	870,000	_
Phinma Petroleum and Geothermal Corp.	8	39	39	_
Ayala Corporation	530	360,930	360,930	_
Banco de Oro Universal Bank	1,504	194,768	194,768	_
Century Pacific Food, Inc	3,500	108,150	108,150	_
Cosco Capital	19,000	87,780	87,780	_
D&L Industries, Inc.	24,400	153,720	153,720	_
Del Monte Pacific Limited	5,972	37,862	37,862	-

(Forward)

Name of issuing entity and description of each issue	Number of Shares or Principal Amount of Bonds and Notes	Amount Shown in the Statement of Financial Position	Value Based on Market Quotations at End of Reporting Period	Interest Received and Accrued
DMCI Holdings, Inc	14,100	₽137,757	₽137,757	₽-
First Gen Corp	5,600	97,440	97,440	_
First Phil. Holdings Corp.	9,440	588,112	588,112	_
Holcim Phil.	_	_	_	_
Metro Pacific Investment Corp.	_	_	_	_
Metrobank	5,000	256,500	256,500	_
Phinma Corp.	_	_	_	_
Puregold Price Club, Inc.	2,400	64,560	64,560	_
Robinsons Retail Holdings, Inc.	6,100	241,865	241,865	_
San Miguel Food and Beverage	1,270	64,770	64,770	_
Security Bank Corporation	1,767	126,341	126,341	_
Universal Robina Corp.	600	70,500	70,500	_
		3,684,954	3,684,954	(634,276)
Treasury Bills	_			
				.7/.100.440
Trade and other receivables Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Oth	er	8,845,508,755	8,845,508,755	37,168,446
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Oth Comprehensive Income	er	0,040,000,700	6,043,500,735	57,100,440
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Oth Comprehensive Income Unquoted:				57,100,440
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Oth Comprehensive Income Unquoted: Asian Eye Institute, Inc.	100,000	2,120,135	2,120,135	
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Oth Comprehensive Income Unquoted: Asian Eye Institute, Inc. Asia Coal	100,000 6,039	2,120,135 153,857	2,120,135 153,857	
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Oth Comprehensive Income Unquoted: Asian Eye Institute, Inc. Asia Coal Beacon Property Ventures, Inc.	100,000 6,039 32,400,000	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657	
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Oth Comprehensive Income Unquoted: Asian Eye Institute, Inc. Asia Coal Beacon Property Ventures, Inc. Manila Cordage Company	100,000 6,039 32,400,000 18,136	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398	- - -
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Oth Comprehensive Income Unquoted: Asian Eye Institute, Inc. Asia Coal Beacon Property Ventures, Inc. Manila Cordage Company PDS Holdings Corp.	100,000 6,039 32,400,000 18,136 4,030	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398 866,450	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398 866,450	- - -
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Oth Comprehensive Income Unquoted: Asian Eye Institute, Inc. Asia Coal Beacon Property Ventures, Inc. Manila Cordage Company PDS Holdings Corp. Others	100,000 6,039 32,400,000 18,136	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398	- - -
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Oth Comprehensive Income Unquoted: Asian Eye Institute, Inc. Asia Coal Beacon Property Ventures, Inc. Manila Cordage Company PDS Holdings Corp. Others Quoted:	100,000 6,039 32,400,000 18,136 4,030 various	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398 866,450 6,554,986	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398 866,450 6,554,986	- - -
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Oth Comprehensive Income Unquoted: Asian Eye Institute, Inc. Asia Coal Beacon Property Ventures, Inc. Manila Cordage Company PDS Holdings Corp. Others Quoted: Grand Plaza Hotel	100,000 6,039 32,400,000 18,136 4,030 various 353,260	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398 866,450 6,554,986 2,416,299	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398 866,450 6,554,986 2,416,299	- - -
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Oth Comprehensive Income Unquoted: Asian Eye Institute, Inc. Asia Coal Beacon Property Ventures, Inc. Manila Cordage Company PDS Holdings Corp. Others Quoted: Grand Plaza Hotel Metro Alliance Holdings A	100,000 6,039 32,400,000 18,136 4,030 various 353,260 162,000	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398 866,450 6,554,986 2,416,299 63,990	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398 866,450 6,554,986 2,416,299 63,990	
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Oth Comprehensive Income Unquoted: Asian Eye Institute, Inc. Asia Coal Beacon Property Ventures, Inc. Manila Cordage Company PDS Holdings Corp. Others Quoted: Grand Plaza Hotel Metro Alliance Holdings A Metro Alliance Holdings B	100,000 6,039 32,400,000 18,136 4,030 various 353,260 162,000 268,000	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398 866,450 6,554,986 2,416,299 63,990 136,680	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398 866,450 6,554,986 2,416,299 63,990 136,680	
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Oth Comprehensive Income Unquoted: Asian Eye Institute, Inc. Asia Coal Beacon Property Ventures, Inc. Manila Cordage Company PDS Holdings Corp. Others Quoted: Grand Plaza Hotel Metro Alliance Holdings A Metro Alliance Holdings B Manila Polo Club	100,000 6,039 32,400,000 18,136 4,030 various 353,260 162,000 268,000 1	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398 866,450 6,554,986 2,416,299 63,990 136,680 55,000,000	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398 866,450 6,554,986 2,416,299 63,990 136,680 55,000,000	
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Oth Comprehensive Income Unquoted: Asian Eye Institute, Inc. Asia Coal Beacon Property Ventures, Inc. Manila Cordage Company PDS Holdings Corp. Others Quoted: Grand Plaza Hotel Metro Alliance Holdings A Metro Alliance Holdings B Manila Polo Club Alabang Country Club, Inc. B	100,000 6,039 32,400,000 18,136 4,030 various 353,260 162,000 268,000 1 1	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398 866,450 6,554,986 2,416,299 63,990 136,680 55,000,000 15,000,000	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398 866,450 6,554,986 2,416,299 63,990 136,680 55,000,000 15,000,000	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Oth Comprehensive Income Unquoted: Asian Eye Institute, Inc. Asia Coal Beacon Property Ventures, Inc. Manila Cordage Company PDS Holdings Corp. Others Quoted: Grand Plaza Hotel Metro Alliance Holdings A Metro Alliance Holdings B Manila Polo Club	100,000 6,039 32,400,000 18,136 4,030 various 353,260 162,000 268,000 1	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398 866,450 6,554,986 2,416,299 63,990 136,680 55,000,000	2,120,135 153,857 65,472,657 14,773,398 866,450 6,554,986 2,416,299 63,990 136,680 55,000,000	

Name and Designation of 	Balance of Beginning of Period	Additions	Amounts Collected	Amounts Written off	Current	Not Current	Balance at End of Period
Advances to officers and							
employees	₽56,148,366	₽7,636,118	(₽1,991,911)	₽-	₽61,792,573	₽-	₽61,792,573

Schedule B. Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)

	Balance of						
Name and Designation	Beginning		Amounts	Amounts	~		Balance at
of Debtor	of Period	Additions	Collected	Written Off	Current	Not Current	End of Period
Accounts Receivable	5000 500 0/5					5000 500 0 / 5	5000 500 0 15
One Animate Ltd.	₽303,789,245	₽–	₽–	₽–	₽-	₽303,789,245	₽303,789,245
Philippine Cement Corp.	1,535,107,456	2,363,780,992	(3,791,256,240)	-	107,632,208	-	107,632,208
Union Galvasteel Corporation	50,443,767	883,029,344	(855,621,492)	-	77,851,619	-	77,851,619
Phinma Corporation	68,492,654	26,007,600	(20,931,833)	-	73,568,421	-	73,568,421
Phinma Education Holdings,							
Inc.	42,028,790	515,841,642	(459,075,419)	_	98,795,013	-	98,795,013
Phinma Solar	3,480,702	6,043,792	(3,710,493)	_	5,814,001	-	5,814,001
Career Asia Academy	1,003,383	262,973	-	-	1,266,356	-	1,266,356
Cagayan de Oro College	638,682	121,556	(166)	_	760,072	-	760,072
University of Iloilo	136,163	717,246	-	-	853,409	-	853,409
Pamantasan ng Araullo							
(Araullo University), Inc.	403,099	1,919,851	-	_	2,322,950	-	2,322,950
South Western University	148,755	20,011,917	-	_	20,160,672	-	20,160,672
University of Pangasinan	439,969	1,565,839	-	-	2,005,808	-	2,005,808
St. Jude College	142,770	3,945	(1,972)	-	144,743	-	144,743
Asian Plaza, Inc	3,095	52,000,000	(3,095)	_	52,000,000	-	52,000,000
Republican College	9,779	93,876	(46,938)	-	56,717	-	56,717
Rizal College of Laguna	1,973	145,730	(147,703)	-	_	-	-
Phinma Property Holdings							
Corp.	-	6,099,928	-	-	6,099,928	-	6,099,928
Phinma Hospitality Inc	-	5,781,750	-	-	5,781,750	-	5,781,750
Phinma Microtel Hotels Inc	-	10,719	-	-	10,719	-	10,719
ABCIC Property Holdings							
Corp.	-	20,526	(20,526)	-	-	-	_
Community Property							
Managers Group, Inc.	-	496,000	(496,000)	-	_	-	-
Community Developers and							
Construction Corp.	-	526,000	(30,000)	-	496,000	-	496,000
	₽2,006,270,282	₽3,884,481,226	(₽5,131,341,877)	₽-	₽455,620,386	₽303,789,245	₽759,409,631

Schedule C. Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are eliminated during the consolidation of financial statements

Schedule D. Long-term Debt

Title of Issue and Turns of Obligation	Amount authorized by	Amount shown under caption "Current portion of long-term debt" in	Amount shown under caption "Long Term Debt" in related
Title of Issue and Type of Obligation	Indenture	related balance sheet	balance sheet"
PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc.			
Rizal Commercial Banking			
Corporation	₽1,512,558,954	₽42,882,448	₽1,469,676,506
China Banking Corporation	425,524,022	15,268,861	410,255,161
	1,938,082,976	58,151,309	1,879,931,667
PHINMA Corporation			
Bonds payable	2,989,198,287	2,989,198,287	-
Security Bank Corporation	1,923,946,354	18,313,456	1,905,632,898
China Banking Corporation	994,150,773	46,250,324	947,900,449
<u> </u>	5,907,295,414	3,053,762,067	2,853,533,347
Southwestern University			
Rizal Commercial Banking	200,000,000	1 000 000	204.000.000
Corporation Ching Banking Corporation	388,000,000	4,000,000	384,000,000
China Banking Corporation	<u>193,000,000</u> 581,000,000	4.000.000	193,000,000
Union Galvasteel Corporation	581,000,000	4,000,000	577,000,000
Banco de Oro	006 217 461	17 082 170	858 765 787
PhilCement Corporation	906,247,461	47,982,179	858,265,282
Security Bank Corporation	1,835,831,615	423,802,593	1,412,029,022
University of Pangasinan	1,855,851,015	423,802,373	1,412,027,022
China Banking Corporation	353,015,494	10,868,296	342,147,198
Rizal Commercial Banking	555,015,474	10,000,290	542,147,190
Corporation	241,674,391	20,129,908	221,544,483
Colporation	594,689,885	30,998,204	563,691,681
Pamantasan ng Araullo (Araullo	571,007,005	30,770,201	505,051,001
University), Inc.			
China Banking Corporation	392,823,240	25,657,418	367,165,822
University of Iloilo	, , ,	, ,	, , ,
China Banking Corporation	178,941,930	9,705,193	169,236,737
Rizal Commercial Banking	· · ·	, ,	, ,
Corporation	198,957,001	(417,777)	199,374,778
	377,898,931	9,287,416	368,611,515
Cagayan de Oro College			
China Banking Corporation	319,729,996	105,669,656	214,060,340
St. Jude College			
Rizal Commercial Banking			
Corporation	268,254,750	(508,659)	268,763,409
Phinma Solar Energy Corp.			
China Banking Corporation	200,398,113	25,738,152	174,659,961
P&S Holdings Corporation			
United Pulp and Paper Company,			
Inc.	112,000,000	4,000,000	108,000,000
Phinma Property Holdings.	100 010	000 110	100 010 1 10
China Banking Corporation	490,813,570	800,410	490,013,160
Coral Way City Hotel	CO 000 000	10.000.000	50,000,000
BDO Unibank Inc.	60,000,000	10,000,000	50,000,000
China Banking Corporation	154,000,000	10.000.000	154,000,000
	214,000,000	10,000,000	204,000,000
	₽14,139,065,951	₽3,799,340,745	₽10,339,725,206
	£14,137,003,951	£3,177,340,143	£10,337,723,200

Schedule E. Indebtedness to Related Parties (Long-Term Loans from Related Companies)

	Balance at				
	Beginning Balance				
Name of related party	of Period	End of Period			
None	₽-	₽-			

Schedule F. Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers

Name of Issuing Entity of Securities Guaranteed by the Company for which this Statement is Filed	Title of Issue of each Class of Securities Guaranteed	Total Amount Guaranteed and Outstanding	Amount Owned by Person for which Statement is Filed	Nature of Guarantee
None	_	_	_	_

Schedule G. Capital Stock

Title of Issue		Number of Shares Issued and Outstanding as shown under related Statement of Financial Position Caption	Shares Reserved for Options,	Number of Shares Held by Related Parties	Directors, Officers and Employees	Others
Preferred shares						
Class AA	50,000,000	_	_	_		
Class BB	50,000,000	_	_	_		
	100,000,000	_	_	_		
Common shares	420,000,000	286,343,544	_	193,203,174	30,450,326	62,690,044
Treasury shares	_	(18,279)	_	_	_	(18,279)
	520,000,000	,	_	193,203,174	30,450,326	62,671,765

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES Components of Financial Soundness Indicators December 31, 2023

Ratio	Formula	2023	2022	
Current Ratio	Total Current Assets divided by Total	Current Liabilities	1.13	1.71
	Total Current Assets	₽20,537,041		
	Divided by:			
	Total Current Liabilities	18,115,541		
	Current Ratio	1.13		
Acid Test Ratio	Quick assets (Total Current Assets les Current Assets) divided by Total Curr		0.82	1.31
	Quick Assets Divided by:	₽14,900,628		
	Total Current Liabilities	18,115,541		
	Acid Test Ratio	0.82		
Solvency Ratio	Net Income add Non-cash Expenses di	vide by Total Liabilities	7.36%	10.34%
	Net Income	₽1,626,603		
	Add: Non-cash expenses	786,056		
	^	2,412,659		
	Divided by: Total Liabilities	32,778,586		
	Solvency Ratio	7.36%		
Debt-to-Equity Ratio	Total Indebtedness divided by Total S Total indebtedness	2.41	1.47	
	Divided by:			
	Total stockholders' equity	10,700,370		
	Debt-to-Equity Ratio	2.41		
Solvency Ratio Debt-to-Equity Ratio Asset-to-Equity Ratio	Total Assets divided by Total Stockhol	lders' Equity	4.06	2.87
	Total Assets Divided by:	₽43,478,956		
	Total Stockholders' Equity	10,700,370		
	Asset-to-Equity Ratio	4.06		
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio	Earnings Before Interest and Taxes di Expense	2.78	3.25	
	Earnings Before Interest and			
	Taxes	₽2,795,221		
	Divided by:	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Interest Expense	1,004,689		
	Interest Rate Coverage Ratio	2.78		

Ratio	Formula	2023	2022		
Return on Equity	Net Income divided by Average Total St Equity	15%	14%		
	Net Income	₽1,626,603			
	Divided by:				
	Average Total Stockholders' Equity	10,921,520			
	Return on Equity	15%			
Return on Assets	Net Income divided by Average Total As	sets	4%	5%	
	Net Income	₽1,626,603			
	Divided by:				
	Average Total Assets	37,744,991			
	Return on Assets	4%			
Net Profit Margin	Net Income divided by Total Revenue		8%	9%	
	Net Income	₽1,626,603			
	Divided by:				
	Total Revenue	21,273,818			
	Net Profit Margin	8%			

ANNEX C

SEC Form 17 – C Current Reports

COVER SHEET

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	(Company's Full Name)																												
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Remarks = Pls. Use black ink for scanning purposes

Certification

I, <u>Rolando D. Soliven, Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer</u> of <u>PHINMA Corporation</u> with SEC registration number <u>12397</u> with principal office at <u>Level 12, PHINMA</u> Plaza, Plaza Drive, <u>Rockwell Center</u>, <u>Makati City</u>, on oath state:

 That on behalf of <u>PHINMA Corporation</u>. These caused this report on <u>Board of Directors</u> Attendance as of <u>December 31, 2022</u> to be prepared;

 That I read and understood its contents which are true and correct of my own personal knowledge and/or based on true records;

3) That the company <u>PHINMA Corporation</u> will comply with the requirements set forth in SEC Notice dated June 24, 2020 for a complete and official submission of reports and/or documents through electronic mail; and

4) That I am fully aware that documents filed online which requires pre-evaluation and/or processing fee shall be considered complete and officially received only upon payment of a filing fee.

A DIATION AND THE MALE AND A DIATION -

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this _____ 0 4 JAN 2023 _____ , 2023.

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

11 1010

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this ______ day of ______ 2023 _____ 2028 in ______ MAKATI CITY affiant exhibited to me his Social Security System ID No. 33-3527622-1.

Doc. No. 108 Page No. 13 Book No. 1 Series of 2023

NOTARY PUBLIC BRYAN DEORGE NZANC

NOTARY PUBLIC FOR AND JANTHE EITY OF MAKAT APPOINMENT.Net M-201 (2022-2026) COMMESSION EXTRES ON DECEMBER 31, 2023 Th Post, The PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive Received Candar, Makati City 1210 PTR No. SUC7848, Makati City 1210 Anternay's Politika Status Attended to the Philippine Bar, 16 May 2022

SECURITIES AND I	EXCHANGE COMMISSION
SEC	FORM 17-C
CURRENT REPO	RT UNDER SECTION 17
OF THE SECURIT	IES REGULATION CODE
AND SRC RULE	17.2(c) THEREUNDER
1. January 6, 2023	
• •	
Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)	
2. 12397	3. 000-107-026-000
SEC Identification Number	BIR Tax Identification No.
4. PHINMA Corporation	
Exact name of issuer as specified in its cha	rter
5. Metro Manila, Philippines	6. (SEC Use Only)
Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation	Industry Classification Code:
7. Level 12 PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, R	ockwell Center, Makati City 1210
Address of principal office	Postal Code
8. (632) 88700 100	
Issuer's telephone number, including area c	ode
9. Not applicable.	
Former name or former address, if changed	l since last report

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see enclosed letter.

.....

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant January 6, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

Signature and Title



January 6, 2023

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

PICC Complex, Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City

Attention: MS. RACHEL ESTHER J. GUMTANG-REMALANTE

OIC, Corporate Governance & Finance Department

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

PSE Tower, 5th Avenue Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Attention: **MS. ALEXANDRA D. TOM WONG** Head, Disclosure Department

PHILIPPINE DEALING EXCHANGE

BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Attention: ATTY. MARIE ROSE M. MAGALLEN-LIRIO Head, Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department

Gentlemen:

In compliance with SEC memorandum circular SEC Memorandum Circular No. 1 Series of 2014, this serves as the advisement letter on the attendance of directors to board meetings of the company held on March 1, 2022, May 11, 2022, August 10, 2022 and November 11, 2022. The Board held the organizational meeting on April 12, 2022.

The record of attendance of the directors at such meetings is as follows:

Directors	No. of Meetings	Attendance %
	Attended / Held	
Oscar J. Hilado	5/5	100%
Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr.	5/5	100%
Magdaleno B. Albarracin, Jr.	5/5	100%
Victor J. del Rosario	5/5	100%
Jose L. Cuisia, Jr.	5/5	100%
Meliton B. Salazar, Jr.	5/5	100%
Rizalina G. Mantaring	5/5	100%
Lilia B. De Lima	5/5	100%
Juan B. Santos	5/5	100%
Eduardo A. Sahagun	5/5	100%
Edgar O. Chua	5/5	100%

Thank you. ROLANDØ D-SOLIVEN VP – Group Corporate Governance & Compliance Officer

PHINMA Corporation PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1200 +632 8870 0100 | www.phinma.com

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Certification

I, <u>Rolando D. Soliven, Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer</u> of <u>PHINMA</u> <u>Corporation</u> with SEC registration number <u>12397</u> with principal office at <u>Level 12</u>, <u>PHINMA Plaza</u>, <u>Plaza</u> <u>Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City</u>, on oath state:

1) That on behalf of <u>PHINMA Corporation</u>, I have caused this report on <u>SEC 17-C (Current</u> <u>Report) Use of Bond Proceeds as Advance to PPHC dated January 18, 2023</u> to be prepared;

2) That I read and understood its contents which are true and correct of my own personal knowledge and/or based on true records;

3) That the company **PHINMA Corporation** will comply with the requirements set forth in SEC Notice dated June 24, 2020 for a complete and official submission of reports and/or documents through electronic mail; and

4) That I am fully aware that documents filed online which requires pre-evaluation and/or processing fee shall be considered complete and officially received only upon payment of a filing fee.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this _____ day of _____

2 3 JAN 2023

, 2023.

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

HIM II -

2 3 JAN 2023

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this ______day of ______, 2023 in ______Makati City _____, affiant exhibited to me his Social Security System ID No. 33-3527622-1.

Doc. No. 279 Page No. 57 Book No. 1 Series of 2023 NOTARY PUBLIC

KATRINA JANINE M. STA. ANA KAI KEREA JANINE M. SIA. ANA INDTARY PUBLIC FOR AND IN THE CITY OF MAKATI APPOINTMENT NO. M-262 (2022-2023) COMMISSION EXPIRES ON DECEMBER 31, 2023 7th Floor, The PHINMA Plaza, [39 Plaza Drive Rockwell Center, Makati, [39 Plaza Drive Rockwell Center, Makati, City 1210 PTR No. 9566815; Makati, City 1210 PTR No. 256287; Makati, City 1270/2022 TIN 465-637-617 Attorney's Roll No. 78275 Admitted to the Philippine Bar: 12 May 2022

SECURITIE	S AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
	SEC FORM 17-C
CURREN	T REPORT UNDER SECTION 17
OF THE S	ECURITIES REGULATION CODE
AND SR	C RULE 17.2(c) THEREUNDER
1. January 18, 2023	
Date of Report (Date of earliest event re	eported)
2. 12397	3. 000-107-026-000
SEC Identification Number	BIR Tax Identification No.
4. PHINMA Corporation	
Exact name of issuer as specified in	
5. Metro Manila, Philippines	6. (SEC Use Only)
Province, country or other jurisdiction incorporation	of Industry Classification Code:
7. Level 12 PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza	Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1210
Address of principal office	Postal Code
8. (632) 88700 100	
Issuer's telephone number, includir 9. Not applicable.	ng area code
Former name or former address, if	changed since last report

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see enclosed letter.

.....

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant January 18, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

Signature and Title



January 18, 2023

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

PICC Complex, Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City

Attention: **MS. RACHEL ESTHER J. GUMTANG-REMALANTE** OIC, Corporate Governance & Finance Department

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

PSE Tower, 5th Avenue Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Attention: **MS. ALEXANDA D. TOM WONG** Head, Disclosure Department

PHILIPPINE DEALING EXCHANGE

BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Attention: **ATTY. MARIE ROSE M. MAGALLEN-LIRIO** Head, Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department

Gentlemen:

Please be informed that on January 18, 2023, PHINMA Corporation (PHN), provided an advance in the amount of P276 M to PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation (PPHC), a 35% owned affiliate, from the proceeds of PHN's bond issuance.

In line with the disclosed use of bond proceeds to support the growth of PHINMA Corporation's Strategic Business Units, the advance will be used by PPHC to fund its future development projects.

PPHC develops vertical and horizontal housing units catering to the affordable market segment in Metro Manila, Davao City, Cebu City and Batangas. PPHC through its subsidiaries also provides Construction and Property Management Services.

Thank you.

ROLANDO D. SOLIVEN VP – Group Corporate Governance & Compliance Officer

> PHINMA Corporation PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1200 +632 8870 0100 | www.phinma.com

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Certification

I, <u>Rolando D. Soliven, Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer</u> of <u>PHINMA</u> <u>Corporation</u> with SEC registration number <u>12397</u> with principal office at <u>Level 12, PHINMA Plaza, Plaza</u> **Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City**, on oath state:

1) That on behalf of <u>PHINMA Corporation</u>, I have caused this report on <u>SEC 17-C (Current</u> <u>Report) on Matters Approved by the Board of Directors dated March 3, 2023</u> to be prepared;

2) That I read and understood its contents which are true and correct of my own personal knowledge and/or based on true records;

3) That the company **PHINMA Corporation** will comply with the requirements set forth in SEC Notice dated June 24, 2020 for a complete and official submission of reports and/or documents through electronic mail; and

4) That I am fully aware that documents filed online which requires pre-evaluation and/or processing fee shall be considered complete and officially received only upon payment of a filing fee.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto	o set my hand thisday of, 2023.
	Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer
SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this	0 3 MAR 2023 MAKATI CITY affiant

exhibited to me his Social Security System ID No. 33-3527622-1.

Doc. No. 22 Page No. 34 Book No. _____ Series of 2023

NOTARY PUBLIC

BRYAN GEORGE M. MANZANO NOTARY PUBLIC FOR AND IN THE COLY OF MAKATI APPOINTMENT NO. M-291 (2022-2023) COMMISSION EXPIRES ON DECEMBER 31, 2023 7th Roor, The PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive Rockwell Center, Makati City 1210 PTR NO. 9566814; Makati City 1210 PTR NO. 260893; Zambales; 1/5/2023 IBP O.R. NO. 260893; Zambales; 1/5/2023 TIN 607-109-916 Attorney's Roll NO.79205 Admitted to the Philippine Bar: 16 May 2022

SECURITIES AND	EXCHANGE COMMISSION
SEC	FORM 17-C
CURRENT REPO	ORT UNDER SECTION 17
OF THE SECURIT	TIES REGULATION CODE
AND SRC RULE	E 17.2(c) THEREUNDER
1. March 3, 2023	
Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)
2. 12397	3. 000-107-026-000
SEC Identification Number	BIR Tax Identification No.
4. PHINMA Corporation	
Exact name of issuer as specified in its cha	arter
5. Metro Manila, Philippines	6. (SEC Use Only)
Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation	Industry Classification Code:
7. Level 12 PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, F	Rockwell Center, Makati City 1210
Address of principal office	Postal Code
8. (632) 88700 100	
Issuer's telephone number, including area 9. Not applicable.	code
Former name or former address, if change	d since last report

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see enclosed letter.

.....

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant March 3, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

Signature and Title



March 3, 2023

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

PICC Complex, Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City

Attention: **MS. RACHEL ESTHER J. GUMTANG-REMALANTE** OIC, Corporate Governance & Finance Department

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

PSE Tower, 5th Avenue Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Attention: **MS. ALEXANDA D. TOM WONG** Head, Disclosure Department

PHILIPPINE DEALING EXCHANGE

BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Attention: **ATTY. MARIE ROSE M. MAGALLEN-LIRIO** Head, Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department

Gentlemen:

Please be informed that at the meeting of the Board of Directors of PHINMA Corporation, held today, March 3, 2023, the following matters were discussed and approved:

- 1. Audited Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 was approved. Consolidated net income of PHINMA Corporation was P1.5 billion with net income attributable to shareholders of the parent amounting to P948 million.
- 2. Declaration of regular cash dividend equivalent to P0.60 per share payable on April 5, 2023 to shareholders of record as of March 22, 2023.
- 3. Re-appropriation of retained earnings in the amount of P1.1 billion for investments in the Construction Materials Group and appropriation of P 500 million for subscription to additional shares of PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation until December 31, 2024.
- 4. Amendment of Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws to increase the board seats of the Corporation from eleven (11) to fifteen (15).

Article No.	From	То
SIXTH	"SIXTH. – That the number of directors of said corporation shall be eleven (11) and that the names and residences of the directors of the corporation who are	"SIXTH. – That the number of directors of said corporation shall be fifteen (15) and that the names and residences of the directors of the corporation who are to serve until their
	to serve until their successors are elected and qualified are as provided for by the by-laws are as follows x x x"	successors are elected and qualified are as provided for by the by-laws are as follows x x x"

PHINMA Corporation PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1200 +632 8870 0100 | www.phinma.com

Article and Section Nos.	From	То
Article IV, par.1	"Article IV, par.1. The Board of Directors Qualification and Election. – The general management of the Corporation shall be vested in a board of eleven (11) who shall be stockholders and who shall serve until the election of their successors."	"Article IV, par.1. The Board of Directors Qualification and Election. – The general management of the Corporation shall be vested in a board of such number of directors stated in the Articles of Incorporation who shall be stockholders and who shall serve until the election of their successors."

- 5. Endorsement of Sycip Gorres Velayo & Co. as External Auditors for the year 2023.
- 6. Nomination for election of PHN Board of Directors for the year 2023.
- 7. Scheduling of the Corporation's 2023 Annual Shareholders Meeting on Tuesday, April 11, 2023, 10:00 a.m. at The Fifth at Rockwell and via live stream at www.asm.phinmacorp.ph with Record Date of March 17, 2023.
- 8. Appointment of Mr. Edmund Alan A. Qua Hiansen as Deputy Group Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation.

Mr. Qua Hiansen concurrently holds the following positions: Chief Financial Officer of Song Lam Cement Joint Stock Company and Deputy Chief Finance Officer of PHINMA Prism Development Corporation. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Finance from Butler University in Indianapolis, Indiana, USA where he was recognized as one of the Top 100 Outstanding Students in 2005 and a Master's degree in Global Finance from HKUST-NYU Stern. He is the Chairman of the FINEX Research and Development Foundation Junior FINEX Committee and a Vice Chairman of the Financial Executive Institute of the Philippines Ethics Committee. He was previously Vice President for Strategy and Investor Relations of PHINMA Corporation.

Thank you.

ROLANDO D. SOLIVEN

VP – Group Corporate Governance & Compliance Officer

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SECURITIES A	ND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
	SEC FORM 17-C
CURRENT R	EPORT UNDER SECTION 17
OF THE SECU	JRITIES REGULATION CODE
AND SRC R	RULE 17.2(c) THEREUNDER
1. March 6, 2023	
Date of Report (Date of earliest event repo	rted)
2. 12397	3. 000-107-026-000
SEC Identification Number	BIR Tax Identification No.
4. PHINMA Corporation	
Exact name of issuer as specified in its	s charter
5. Metro Manila, Philippines	6. (SEC Use Only)
Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation	Industry Classification Code:
7. Level 12 PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Driv	ve, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1210
Address of principal office	Postal Code
8. (632) 88700 100	
lssuer's telephone number, including a 9. Not applicable.	rea code
Former name or former address, if cha	nged since last report

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see enclosed Press Release.

.....

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant March 6, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

Signature and Title



PHINMA's making lives better businesses yield P17.7B consolidated revenue in 2022

MANILA - Proudly Filipino conglomerate PHINMA Corporation (PSE: PHN) continued its strong topline growth, closing 2022 with consolidated revenue of ₱17.7 billion, up 10% from last year. Consolidated income was ₱1.5 billion, down by 18% due to factors including higher raw materials costs driven by global supply chain disruptions, a strong US Dollar, and increased education costs due to a revision in school opening schedules.

"PHINMA's 2022 results highlight our successes in providing quality, accessible services for Filipino families through our education, construction materials, property development, and hospitality businesses. As our businesses grow and maintain their upward momentum, we remain steadfast to our mission of improving access to the essentials of a dignified life for families in the communities we serve," said PHINMA President and COO Chito B. Salazar.

PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PHINMA Education) became the country's largest private education network as it welcomed 124,501 students for SY 2022-23, marking a 30% increase in annual enrollment. PHINMA Education owns 9 colleges and universities nationwide. This resulted in consolidated revenue of ₱4.1 billion for the period January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022, an increase of 11% over the previous year. Net income during the period, however, was ₱633 million, a decrease from ₱839 million for the previous year, due to a revision in the school opening schedules, reflecting 9 months of regular semester for 2022 as compared to eleven months in 2021.

PHINMA Construction Materials Group (CMG), composed of Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC), Philcement Corporation, and PHINMA Solar Corporation (PHINMA Solar), achieved an increase of 9% in revenue over the previous year with combined revenues of ₱13.2 billion for 2022. Net income for the construction group of ₱494.9 million for 2022 was however lower than P902 million posted in the previous year due to abnormally higher input costs amidst global supply chain issues and a strong US Dollar.

From affiliates PHINMA Property Holdings Corp. (PHINMA Properties) and Coral Way City Hotel Corporation (Coral Way), PHN equitized net income of ₱58 million in 2022, an increase over ₱32.9 million equitized in the previous year.

PHINMA Corporation ended the period with cash and cash equivalents of ₱3.4 billion. Consolidated Total Assets and Total Stockholders' Equity at December 31, 2022 stood at ₱32.0 billion and ₱11.1 billion, respectively.

PHINMA Corporation declared regular cash dividends equivalent to ₱0.60 per share payable on April 5, 2023 to shareholders on record as of March 22, 2023.

"When we say we want to make lives better, we mean it. These numbers not only show a healthy company with a robust growth trajectory but also translate into impact that we make in the communities we serve as well as on a growing number of Filipino families whose lives we've made better. Add to this the impressive turnout of our scholarships and other strategic outreach programs such as Brigada Eskwela and 1PHINMA Reaches Out, and we are even prouder of what we have accomplished in 2022," said PHINMA Chairman and CEO Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr.

Last September, the PHINMA Group mobilized over 800 employees, scholars, and their families

PHINMA Making Lives Better

to help with Brigada Eskwela, the Department of Education's annual school improvement initiative, benefitting 40 public schools across the country. In November, as part of the company's 66th anniversary, some 1,300 volunteers once again gave their time and talent in various 1PHINMA Reaches Out activities, which ranged from bloodletting, tree-planting, and coastal and river clean-up drives.

In 2022, 47 deserving students were inducted into the PHINMA National Scholarship (PNS) program. With this recent addition, the program now nurtures 99 scholars from Philippine Normal University, University of the Philippines, Polytechnic University of the Philippines, and PHINMA University of Pangasinan. As these scholars complete their tertiary education, they will add to PNS' growing list of alumni which currently numbers 252. More significant to note is the fact that the PHINMA Education network supports the schooling of about 60% of its student population with the Hawak Kamay scholarship, which reduces tuition by up to 75%, based on the student's capacity to pay. Hawak Kamay boasts of at least 74,000 beneficiaries, making it the single largest private sector-driven scholarship program in the country today.

In 2023, PHINMA Corporation expects a recovery in profitability of its Construction Materials Group and continued net income growth in PHINMA Properties, as global supply chains and foreign exchange rates continue to stabilize and input costs decrease. Profitability of the education business will gain clarity as school opening schedules normalize every year. PHINMA Education schools are also expanding capacity in anticipation of continuing enrollment growth. Hotels are also expected to post a strong recovery as occupancy rates and average daily rates continue to improve with leisure and business travel gaining momentum.

###

About PHINMA Corporation

PHINMA is a proudly-Filipino conglomerate that seeks to make lives better through successfully run and profitable businesses in education, construction materials, property development, and hospitality. We aim to give communities, not only in the Philippines but wherever else we might find the need, improved access to the essentials of a dignified life.

Disclaimer:

This press release includes forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are management's present expectations of future events and are subject to a number of factors and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements. The reader is cautioned not to rely on such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date they were made. All subsequent forward-looking statements attributable to the Company, its affiliates or any person acting on their behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements referred to in this press release.

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Certification

I, <u>Rolando D. Soliven, Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer</u> of <u>PHINMA</u> <u>Corporation</u> with SEC registration number <u>12397</u> with principal office at <u>Level 12, PHINMA Plaza, Plaza</u> <u>Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City</u>, on oath state:

1) That on behalf of <u>PHINMA Corporation</u>, I have caused this <u>Current Report (SEC Form 17 – C)</u> on the Results of the Annual Stockholders Meeting and Organizational Meeting dated April 11, 2023 to be prepared;

2) That I read and understood its contents which are true and correct of my own personal knowledge and/or based on true records;

3) That the company <u>PHINMA Corporation</u> will comply with the requirements set forth in SEC Notice dated June 24, 2020 for a complete and official submission of reports and/or documents through electronic mail; and

4) That I am fully aware that documents filed online which requires pre-evaluation and/or processing fee shall be considered complete and officially received only upon payment of a filing fee.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

2023

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day of

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this ____ day of _____ 2023, affiant exhibiting to me his/her Competent Evidence of Identity consisting of his Social Security System ID, with number 33-3527622-1, issued at Makati City, bearing his photograph and signature, in accordance with Rule II, Section 12 and Rule IV Section 2 (b) of the 2004 Rules on Notarial Practice.

Doc. No. 384 : Page No. 79 ; Book No. Series of 2023.

BRYAN GEORGE M. MANZANO NOTARY PUBLIC FOR AND IN THE CITY OF MAKATI APPOINTMENT NO. M-291 (2022-2023) COMMISSION EXPIRES ON DECEMBER 31, 2023 7th FLOOR, The PHILMA PLAZA, 39 PLAZA Drive Rockwell Center, Makati City 1210 PTR NO. 9566814; Makati City 1210 PTR NO. 9566814; Makati City 1240 BP O.R. NO. 260893; Zambales; 1/5/2023 TIN 607-109-916 Attorney's Roll NO.79205 Admitted to the Philippine Bar: 16 May 2022

	SECURITIES AND EX	(CHANGE COMMISSION	
	SEC F	ORM 17-C	
	CURRENT REPOR	T UNDER SECTION 17	
	OF THE SECURITIE	S REGULATION CODE	
	AND SRC RULE 1	7.2(c) THEREUNDER	
1.	April 11, 2023		
	ate of Report (Date of earliest event reported)		
2.		3. 000-107-026-000	
	SEC Identification Number	BIR Tax Identification No.	
4.	PHINMA Corporation		
	Exact name of issuer as specified in its charte	er	
5.	Metro Manila, Philippines	6. (SEC Use Only)	
	Province, country or other jurisdiction of ncorporation	Industry Classification Code:	
7.	Level 12 PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Roo	ckwell Center, Makati City 1210	
	Address of principal office	Postal Code	
8.	(632) 88700 100		
9.	Issuer's telephone number, including area co Not applicable.	de	
	Former name or former address, if changed s		•••

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see enclosed letter.

.....

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant April 11, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

Signature and Title



PHINMA Corporation

April 11, 2023

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

7907 Makati Avenue, Salcedo Village, Bel-Air, Makati City, 1209

Attention: MS. RACHEL ESTHER J. GUMTANG-REMALANTE

OIC, Corporate Governance & Finance Department

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

6th Floor, Philippine Stock Exchange Tower 26th Street corner 5th Avenue Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Attention: MS. JANET A. ENCARNACION

Head, Disclosure Department

PHILIPPINE DEALING EXCHANGE

BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Attention: ATTY. MARIE ROSE M. MAGALLEN-LIRIO

Head, Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department

Gentlemen:

Please be informed that at the annual meeting of the stockholders of PHINMA Corporation (the "Corporation") held on April 11, 2023 with all of the directors present and where stockholders owning 75.69% of the total issued and outstanding capital stock were present or duly represented, the following actions were taken:

- 1. The Minutes of the previous Annual Shareholders Meeting held on 12 April 2022 were unanimously approved.
- 2. The Annual Report of Management including the Audited Financial Statements for the year 2022 was unanimously approved.
- 3. All acts of the Board of Directors, Committees and of Management since the last Annual Shareholders Meeting were approved, confirmed and ratified.
- 4. The following were elected Directors for the ensuing year 2023 and until their successors are duly elected and qualified:

Mr. Oscar J. Hilado		
Mr. Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr.		
Dr. Magdaleno B. Albarracin, Jr.		
Ambassador Jose L. Cuisia, Jr.		
Mr. Victor J. del Rosario		
Dr. Meliton B. Salazar, Jr.		
Mr. Eduardo A. Sahagun		
Mr. Edgar O. Chua	-	Independent
Mr. Juan B. Santos	-	Independent
Atty. Lilia B. De Lima	-	Independent
Ms. Rizalina G. Mantaring	-	Independent

- 5. The amendment of the Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws to increase the board seats of the Corporation from eleven (11) to fifteen (15) was unanimously approved by stockholders present at the meeting, owning more than two-thirds (2/3) of the total issued and outstanding capital stock of the Corporation.
- 6. The accounting firm of SyCip Gorres Velayo and Co. was appointed as external auditor of the Corporation for the calendar year 2023 and until its successor is appointed.

In the Organizational Meeting of the Board which followed the Annual Shareholders Meeting, the following actions were taken:

Name	Position
Oscar J. Hilado	Chairman Emeritus
Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr.	Chairman & CEO
Magdaleno B. Albarracin, Jr.	Vice Chairman
Meliton B. Salazar, Jr.	President & COO, Head of Education
Eduardo A. Sahagun	Executive Vice President, Construction Materials
Jose Mari del Rosario	Senior Vice President, Hospitality
Raphael B. Felix	Senior Vice President, Properties
Pythagoras L. Brion, Jr.	Group Chief Financial Officer
Regina B. Alvarez	Senior Vice President, Group Controller
Nanette P. Villalobos	Vice President, Treasurer
Edmund Alan A. Qua Hiansen	Vice President, Deputy Group CFO
Annabelle S. Guzman	Vice President, Controller
Rolando D. Soliven	Vice President, Corporate Governance
Peter V. Perfecto	Vice President, Public Affairs
Alejandro Diego Luis R. Katigbak	Assistant Vice President, Chief Risk Officer
Ma. Gracia M. Purisima	Assistant Treasurer
Atty. Troy A. Luna	Corporate Secretary
Atty. Ma. Concepcion Z. Sandoval	Assistant Corporate Secretary

1. The following individuals were elected as officers of the Corporation:

2. The following Board Committees were constituted:

Executive Committee

Name	Position
Oscar J. Hilado	Chairman
Magdaleno B. Albarracin, Jr.	Member
Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr.	Member
Jose L. Cuisia, Jr.	Member
Juan B. Santos	Member
Meliton B. Salazar, Jr.	Member

Audit and Related Party Transactions Committee

Name	Position
Juan B. Santos	Chairman
Rizalina G. Mantaring	Member
Edgar O. Chua	Member
Jose L. Cuisia, Jr.	Member

Risk Oversight Committee

Name	Position
Rizalina G. Mantaring	Chairman
Edgar O. Chua	Member
Lilia B. De Lima	Member
Magdaleno B. Albarracin, Jr.	Member

Corporate Governance Committee

Name	Position
Lilia B. De Lima	Chairman
Rizalina G. Mantaring	Member
Edgar O. Chua	Member

Nominations Committee

Name	Position
Edgar O. Chua	Chairman
Oscar J. Hilado	Member
Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr.	Member
Jose L. Cuisia, Jr.	Member

Executive Compensation Committee

Name	Position
Edgar O. Chua	Chairman
Oscar J. Hilado	Member
Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr.	Member
Jose L. Cuisia, Jr.	Member

3. The appointment of Mr. Juan B. Santos as Lead Independent Director for the ensuing year 2023.

Very truly yours,

A.LUNA TRO Corporate Secretary

	SECURITIES AND EX	CHANGE COMMISSION	
	SEC F	ORM 17-C	
	CURRENT REPOR	T UNDER SECTION 17	
	OF THE SECURITIE	S REGULATION CODE	
	AND SRC RULE 1	7.2(c) THEREUNDER	
1.	April 17, 2023		
	ate of Report (Date of earliest event reported)		
2.	12397	3. 000-107-026-000	
	SEC Identification Number	BIR Tax Identification No.	
4.	PHINMA Corporation		
	Exact name of issuer as specified in its charte	ər	
5.	Metro Manila, Philippines	6. (SEC Use Only)	
	Province, country or other jurisdiction of ncorporation	Industry Classi	fication Code:
7.	Level 12 PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Roo	ckwell Center, Makati City	1210
	Address of principal office	Posta	al Code
8.	(632) 88700 100		
9.	Issuer's telephone number, including area co Not applicable.	de	
	Former name or former address, if changed s		

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see enclosed Press Release.

.....

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant April 17, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

Signature and Title



PHINMA celebrates impact made in 2022 during ASM, looks to make more lives better in 2023



MANILA - PHINMA gears up to create better value for Filipino families in 2023.

In its first face-to-face stockholders' meeting since the pandemic, PHINMA Corporation (PSE: PHN) talked about its accomplishments in 2022 and shared what is in store for the company and its business units this year, including allocation for approximately ₱3 billion in capital expenditure by the PHINMA group.

PHINMA Corporation posted a consolidated revenue of ₱17.7 billion and a consolidated net income of ₱1.5 billion in 2022. Driven by the strong performance in its education business and its construction materials business, consolidated revenue grew 10% year on year. The company's financial performance has been exhibiting robust revenue growth for the past 5 years, including pandemic-stricken years.

"PHINMA proved resilient as your company demonstrated strong top line growth and continued to make lives better for all its stakeholders – you, our shareholders, our team and more importantly our customers," PHINMA Corporation President and COO Chito B. Salazar told shareholders during the meeting held at The Fifth at Rockwell. "With an outstanding team, PHINMA relied on its strengths and values – professionalism, commitment to the nation, integrity and agility – to keep on providing families and communities the essentials of a dignified life through our businesses."



PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PHINMA Education) became the country's largest tertiary education network as it welcomed 124,501 students for SY 2022-23, marking a 30% increase in annual enrollment. This resulted in consolidated revenue of ₱4.1 billion for the period January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022, an increase of 11% over the previous year. Revenues have doubled over the last five years, from ₱2.1 billion in 2017.

PHINMA Construction Materials Group (CMG), composed of Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC), Philcement Corporation, and PHINMA Solar Corporation (PHINMA Solar), achieved an increase of 9% in revenue over the previous year with combined revenues of ₱13.2 billion for 2022. Net income for the construction group was ₱494.9 million for 2022. The five-year revenue of CMG grew more than three times from ₱4.2 billion in 2017 as it developed and expanded its product offerings to address market demand.

From affiliates PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation (PHINMA Properties) and Coral Way City Hotel Corporation (Coral Way), PHN equitized net income of ₱58 million in 2022, an increase over ₱32.9 million equitized in the previous year.

"At the PHINMA Group, we take pride in the numbers that reflect our positive trajectory across our different businesses, but every year, we highlight the impact we make on society; we emphasize how we make lives better. Through our businesses in education, construction materials, property development, and hospitality, we strive to empower more and more families to access the essentials of a dignified life," said PHINMA Corporation Chairman and CEO Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr.

The Group also celebrates the accolades and recognitions received in 2022. PHINMA Corporation was awarded a Two-Arrow Recognition based on the result of the ASEAN Corporate Governance Scorecard (ACGS) for the year 2021. The Golden Arrow Award recognizes publicly-listed companies that exhibited observable conformance with the Philippine Code of Corporate Governance and internationally recommended corporate governance practices.

Additionally, PHINMA Properties was named Top 8 developer in Mindanao and Top 9 developer in the National Capital Region for the 1st to 3rd quarter of the year 2022. It was also recognized as the Best Boutique Developer in PropertyGuru's Philippines Property Awards and the Best Pandemic Pivot in Lamudi's Philippine Real Estate Awards. Its real estate projects also received the following awards:

- PHINMA Maayo San Jose
 - Best Housing Development (Philippines & Luzon) and Best Eco-Friendly Housing Development in PropertyGuru's Philippines Property Awards
 - Best Affordable House of the Year 2022 (Luzon) in Lamudi's Philippine Real Estate Awards
- Metrotowne
 - Best Affordable Condo Development (Metro Manila), Best Lifestyle Development, Best Integrated Work from Home Development in PropertyGuru's Philippines Property Awards
 - Best Affordable Condo of the Year 2022 (Luzon) in Lamudi's Philippine Real Estate Awards

In 2023, PHINMA Corporation expects improved profitability of its Construction Materials Group and continued net income growth in PHINMA Properties, as global supply chains and foreign exchange



rates continue to stabilize. Profitability of the education business will gain clarity as school opening schedules normalize every year. PHINMA Education schools are also expanding capacity in anticipation of continuing strong enrollment growth. Hotels are also expected to post a strong recovery as occupancy rates and average daily rates continue to improve with leisure and business travel gaining momentum. The PHINMA group's planned capital expenditure for the year of approximately ₱3 billion is mainly for the expansion of its construction, education and property businesses.

Union Galvasteel Corporation, PHINMA's galvanized steel business arm, is currently in discussions for a strategic partnership to invest in a state of the art insulated panel production facility. Details of the project are yet to be finalized and are subject to board approval of UGC.

"We believe that insulated panels will be ubiquitous in the near future, seeing this already adopted by our close regional neighbors and all the way across the globe. Food security is a tantamount and growing concern, and it is high time we prioritize cold chain storage infrastructure in our efforts to improve food security," said Danielle del Rosario, PHINMA Construction Materials Group Vice President - Insulated Panel Division.

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About PHINMA Corporation

PHINMA is a proudly-Filipino conglomerate that seeks to make lives better through successfully run and profitable businesses in education, construction materials, property development, and hospitality. We aim to give communities, not only in the Philippines but wherever else we might find the need, improved access to the essentials of a dignified life.

Disclaimer:

This press release includes forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are management's present expectations of future events and are subject to a number of factors and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements. The reader is cautioned not to rely on such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date they were made. All subsequent forward-looking statements attributable to the Company, its affiliates or any person acting on their behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements referred to in this press release.

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Certification

I, <u>Rolando D. Soliven, Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer</u> of <u>PHINMA Corporation</u> with SEC registration number <u>12397</u> with principal office at <u>Level 12, PHINMA</u> <u>Plaza, Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City</u>, on oath state:

1) That on behalf of <u>PHINMA Corporation</u>, I have caused this report on <u>SEC 17-C (Current</u> <u>Report) on Matters Approved by the Board of Directors dated May 11, 2023</u> to be prepared;

2) That I read and understood its contents which are true and correct of my own personal knowledge and/or based on true records;

3) That the company **PHINMA Corporation** will comply with the requirements set forth in SEC Notice dated June 24, 2020 for a complete and official submission of reports and/or documents through electronic mail; and

4) That I am fully aware that documents filed online which requires pre-evaluation and/or processing fee shall be considered complete and officially received only upon payment of a filing fee.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this

, 2023.

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate **Governance and Compliance Officer**

2023

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SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this ______ day of _____ 2023 2023, affiant exhibiting to me his/her Competent Evidence of Identity consisting of his Social Security System ID, with number 33-3527622-1, issued at Makati City, bearing his photograph and signature, in accordance with Rule II, Section 12 and Rule IV Section 2 (b) of the 2004 Rules on Notarial Practice.

Doc. No. 467 Page No. 9 Book No. Series of 2023.

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7th FNor, The PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive Rockwell Center, Makati City 1210 PTR No. 5566814; Makati City, 1/4/2023 IBP O.R. No. 260893; Zambales; 1/5/2023 TIN 607-109-916 Attorney's Roll No.79205 Admitted to the Philippine Bar: 16 May 2022

	SECURITIES AND EX	CHANGE COMMISSION	
	SEC F	ORM 17-C	
	CURRENT REPORT	UNDER SECTION 17	
	OF THE SECURITIES	S REGULATION CODE	
	AND SRC RULE 1	7.2(c) THEREUNDER	
1.	May 11, 2023		
 Da	te of Report (Date of earliest event reported)		
2.	12397 3	B. 000-107-026-000	
	SEC Identification Number	BIR Tax Identification No.	
4.	PHINMA Corporation		
	Event name of issuer as anasified in its shorts	~	
	Exact name of issuer as specified in its charte	1	
5.	Metro Manila, Philippines	6. (SEC Use Only)	
	· · ·		
	rovince, country or other jurisdiction of	Industry Classification Code:	
in	corporation		
7	Level 12 PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Roc	kwell Center, Makati City 1210	
	Address of principal office	Postal Code	
8.	(632) 88700 100		
	Issuer's telephone number, including area coo	le	
9.	Not applicable.		
	Former name or former address, if changed s	ince last report	

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see enclosed letter.

.....

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant May 11, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

Signature and Title



May 11, 2023

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

PICC Complex, Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City

Attention: **MS. RACHEL ESTHER J. GUMTANG-REMALANTE** OIC, Corporate Governance & Finance Department

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

PSE Tower, 5th Avenue Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Attention: **MS. ALEXANDA D. TOM WONG** Head, Disclosure Department

PHILIPPINE DEALING EXCHANGE

BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Attention: **ATTY. MARIE ROSE M. MAGALLEN-LIRIO** Head, Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department

Gentlemen:

Please be informed that at the meeting of the Board of Directors of PHINMA Corporation (the "Company") held today, May 11, 2023, the following matters were discussed and approved:

- 1. Financial results for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023. (See attached).
- 2. Purchase by the Company of the shares or investments of Philippine Investment Management (PHINMA) Inc. ("PHINMA, Inc.") in the following companies:

	Company	Description	PHINMA Inc.'s Direct Ownership	Transaction Value (₱ Mn)
1	PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc.	Holding company of the PHINMA group's education network comprised of 10 schools	8.03%	1,064.8
2	PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation	Holding company of the PHINMA group's property development arm	36.71%	588.9
3	PHINMA Hospitality, Inc.	Management company of the group's Microtel and TRYP hotels; part-owner in 7 hotels	63.77%	251.2

PHINMA Corporation PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1200 +632 8870 0100 | www.phinma.com

	Company	Description	PHINMA Inc.'s Direct Ownership	Transaction Value (₱ Mn)
4	PHINMA Microtel Hotels	Master franchisor of Microtel and TRYP hotels in the Philippines	51.00%	21.2
5	ABCIC Property Holdings, Inc.	Owner of real estate properties	63.47%	409.4
Тс	otal			2,335.5

Following the transfer of said shares, PHINMA Corporation's direct ownership in the said companies will be as follows:

	Company	PHINMA Corp.'s Direct Ownership
1	PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc.	75.21%
2	PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation	86.26%
3	PHINMA Hospitality, Inc.	63.77%
4	PHINMA Microtel Hotels	51.00%
5	ABCIC Property Holdings, Inc.	89.99%

The transaction is part of the consolidation of the group's strategic business units under PHINMA Corporation and will expand PHINMA Corporation's exposure to these high-growth sectors.

The Board of Directors of PHINMA Corporation also approved the purchase of real estate properties from PHINMA, Inc. amounting to ₱507.1 million consisting of office floors/spaces in the PHINMA group's office building, PHINMA Plaza located in Rockwell Center, Makati City.

3. Approval of a Stock Grant Plan covering senior officers of the Company and business unit heads of its subsidiaries and affiliates, with shares of the Company to be issued upon the achievement of long-term objectives by December 31, 2025, and under such terms and conditions approved by the Compensation Committee as administrator of the Plan may determine, and setting aside or allotting 10,000,000 new shares from unsubscribed shares of the Company for the Plan, subject to shareholders' approval and approval of the Securities and Exchange Commission and, if required, the Philippine Stock Exchange.

Thank you.



PHINMA CORPORATION 1Q 2023 FINANCIAL RESULTS

PHINMA Corporation (PHN) achieved consolidated revenues of $\mathbb{P}4.78$ billion for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023, marking a 6% increase over the same period last year. Core net income, which excludes revaluation adjustments and nonrecurring items, grew by 15% from $\mathbb{P}448.14$ million to $\mathbb{P}558.49$ million, while consolidated net income was approximately flat at $\mathbb{P}484.56$ million for the first quarter of 2023.

PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PHINMA Education) posted consolidated revenues of about P1.49 billion for the three-month period. This is 48% higher compared to the same period last year driven by a 30% year-on-year increase in total enrollment during the 2nd semester in SY 2022-2023, making PHINMA Education the largest, tertiary education network in the country. Although the increase in enrollment resulted in higher salary expenses for the period, PHINMA Education was able to temper overall operating cost increases, causing its consolidated net income to double from P216.16 million in the first quarter of 2022 to P431.05 million in the first quarter of 2023.

The Construction Materials Group (CMG), composed of Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC), Philcement Corporation (Philcement), and PHINMA Solar Corporation (PHINMA Solar), posted combined revenues of $\mathbb{P}3.20$ billion for the first quarter of 2023 while combined net income of CMG for the period was at $\mathbb{P}161.67$ million. This is attributed to soft construction demand that persisted in the beginning of the quarter, as construction activities only started to pick up in March.

In its affiliate, PHINMA Property Holdings Corp. (PHINMA Properties), PHN equitized net loss of ₱41.04 million during the period compared to an equitized net income of ₱23.15 million during the same period last year.

Equitized net income in Coral Way City Hotel Corporation (Coral Way) amounted to ₱2.25 million, a significant turnaround from the same period last year, as the company continues to benefit from the continued recovery of the leisure, corporate and meetings/conventions market segments.

Consolidated net income attributable to equity holders of the parent amounted to P227.37 million for the first three months of 2023.

PHINMA Corporation ended the period with cash and cash equivalents of ₱4.32 billion. As of March 31, 2023, consolidated total assets and total stockholders' equity amounted to ₱32.52 billion and ₱11.36 billion, respectively.

COVER SHEET

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SECURITIES AND E	XCHANGE COMMISSION
SEC	FORM 17-C
CURRENT REPOR	RT UNDER SECTION 17
OF THE SECURITI	ES REGULATION CODE
AND SRC RULE	17.2(c) THEREUNDER
1. May 12, 2023	
Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)	
2. 12397	3. 000-107-026-000
SEC Identification Number	BIR Tax Identification No.
4. PHINMA Corporation	
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Exact name of issuer as specified in its char	
5. Metro Manila, Philippines	6. (SEC Use Only)
Province, country or other jurisdiction of	Industry Classification Code:
incorporation	
7. Level 12 PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Ro	ockwell Center, Makati City 1210
	Crweil Genter, marati Gity 1210
Address of principal office	Postal Code
8. (632) 88700 100	
Issuer's telephone number, including area co	ode
9. Not applicable.	
Former name or former address, if changed	since last report

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see enclosed Press Release on 1PHINMA.

.....

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant May 12, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

Signature and Title



PHINMA consolidates investments to improve value and drive synergies across group

The Board of Directors of PHINMA Corporation (PSE: PHN) on Thursday approved the plan to purchase common shares owned by its parent, PHINMA Inc., in the group's operating companies for ₱2.3 billion. This will lead to the consolidation of the group's strategic business units under PHINMA Corporation while providing a vehicle to expand these core and emerging businesses.

The acquisition of the investments held by PHINMA Inc. would increase PHINMA Corporation's ownership in the group's education, property development, and hospitality businesses. This would expand PHINMA Corporation's exposure to these high-growth sectors, improve the conglomerate's diversification, and provide a more streamlined avenue to leverage synergies across the group going forward.

PHINMA's Education group has achieved strong growth since its inception in 2004 and is now the country's largest tertiary education network with 124,501 students enrolled for the school year 2022-2023. PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. holds the PHINMA group's investment in nine tertiary education schools in the Philippines as well as the Horizon Education tertiary institution brand in Indonesia. The Hospitality group, which owns/franchises and manages all 15 Microtel and TRYP hotels across the country, is capitalizing on the resurgence of tourism and economic activity that is expected to continue since tourism is a key component of Philippine economic growth. Meanwhile, the group's Property Development arm has exciting plans to utilize its competitive advantages to provide homes to underserved markets outside Metro Manila while also allowing the group to leverage synergies across its business units, effectively widening the reach of PHINMA's mission of making lives better.

"Consolidating our investments into 1PHINMA will bolster the Group's robust growth trajectory and will allow us to make more lives better. PHINMA Corporation, as a listed company, is a platform that can be used to expand our businesses," said PHINMA Chairman and CEO Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr.

"As we continue to grow, PHINMA Corporation will capitalize on our distinctive advantages and our drive to provide the essentials of a dignified life for Filipinos. Our core values and our mission are the guiding principles behind our portfolio decisions and we believe that moving forward as 1PHINMA will enable us to positively impact more communities and provide better returns to all of our stakeholders," he said.

Under the transaction, PHINMA Corporation will purchase the following assets from PHINMA Inc.:



	Company	Description	PHINMA Inc.'s Direct Ownership Stake	Transaction Value (₱ Mn)
1	PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc.	Holding company of the PHINMA group's education network comprised of 10 schools	8.03%	1,064.8
2	PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation	Holding company of the PHINMA group's property development arm	36.71%	588.9
3	PHINMA Hospitality, Inc.	Management company of the group's Microtel and TRYP hotels; part-owner in 7 hotels	63.77%	251.2
4	PHINMA Microtel Hotels, Inc.	Master franchisor of Microtel and TRYP hotels in the Philippines	51.00%	21.2
5	ABCIC Property Holdings, Inc.	Owner of real estate properties	63.47%	409.4
Tot	al	·	-	2,335.5

Following the transfer of assets, PHINMA Corporation's direct ownership stake in the corresponding companies will be as follows:

	Company	PHINMA Corp.'s Direct Ownership Stake
1	PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc.	75.21%
2	PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation	86.26%
3	PHINMA Hospitality, Inc.	63.77%
4	PHINMA Microtel Hotels, Inc.	51.00%
5	ABCIC Property Holdings, Inc.	89.99%

The Board of Directors of PHINMA Corporation has also approved the purchase of real estate properties from PHINMA Inc. amounting to ₱507.1 million. These consist of floors in the group's



office building, PHINMA Plaza located in Rockwell Center, Makati, which are used in the day-to-day operations of PHINMA Corporation and its subsidiaries.

PHINMA Corporation and PHINMA Inc. are targeting to complete the transaction within the year. The execution of the Deed of Absolute Sale will be disclosed subsequently.

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About PHINMA Corporation

PHINMA is a proudly-Filipino conglomerate that seeks to make lives better through successfully run and profitable businesses in education, construction materials, property development, and hospitality. We aim to give communities, not only in the Philippines but wherever else we might find the need, improved access to the essentials of a dignified life.

Disclaimer:

This press release includes forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are management's present expectations of future events and are subject to a number of factors and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements. The reader is cautioned not to rely on such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date they were made. All subsequent forward-looking statements attributable to the Company, its affiliates or any person acting on their behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements referred to in this press release.

	SECURITIES AND EX	CHANGE COMMISSION	
	SEC F	ORM 17-C	
	CURRENT REPOR	T UNDER SECTION 17	
	OF THE SECURITIE	S REGULATION CODE	
	AND SRC RULE 1	7.2(c) THEREUNDER	
1.	May 19, 2023		
	te of Report (Date of earliest event reported)		
2.	12397	3. 000-107-026-000	
	SEC Identification Number	BIR Tax Identification No.	
4.	PHINMA Corporation		
	Exact name of issuer as specified in its charte	er	
5.	Metro Manila, Philippines	6. (SEC Use Only)	
	rovince, country or other jurisdiction of corporation	Industry Classification	Code:
7.	Level 12 PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Roc	ckwell Center, Makati City 1210	
	Address of principal office	Postal Code	
8.	(632) 88700 100		
9.	Issuer's telephone number, including area coo Not applicable.		
	Former name or former address, if changed s		

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see enclosed letter.

.....

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant May 19, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

Signature and Title



May 19, 2023

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

PICC Complex, Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City

Attention: **MS. RACHEL ESTHER J. GUMTANG-REMALANTE** OIC, Corporate Governance & Finance Department

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

PSE Tower, 5th Avenue Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Attention: **MS. ALEXANDA D. TOM WONG** Head, Disclosure Department

PHILIPPINE DEALING EXCHANGE

BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Attention: **ATTY. MARIE ROSE M. MAGALLEN-LIRIO** Head, Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department

Gentlemen:

Please be informed that PHINMA Corporation (PHN) will hold an Earnings Call on its financial results for the 1st quarter of 2023. This will be held on May 26, 2023 (Friday) at 4:00 PM.

To confirm your attendance, please register at https://bit.ly/PHN1Q2023.

Type of Briefing	Analyst's / Investors' Briefing
Subject of the Briefing	PHINMA Corporation 1Q 2023 Earnings Call
Date of the Briefing	May 26, 2023
Time	4:00 P.M.
Venue	The meeting will be conducted virtually.
Contact Person	Edmund Alan A. Qua Hiansen
Contact Details	investorrelations@phinma.com.ph

Thank you.

ROLANDO D. SOLIVEN VP – Group Corporate Governance & Compliance Officer

> PHINMA Corporation PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1200 +632 8870 0100 | www.phinma.com

COVER SHEET

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Certification

I, <u>Rolando D. Soliven. Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer</u> of <u>PHINMA Corporation</u> with SEC registration number <u>12397</u> with principal office at <u>Level 12, PHINMA</u> <u>Plaza, Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City</u>, on oath state:

1) That on behalf of <u>PHINMA Corporation</u>, I have caused this report on <u>SEC 17-C (Current</u> <u>Report) on Matters Approved by the Board of Directors dated August 8, 2023</u> to be prepared;

2) That I read and understood its contents which are true and correct of my own personal knowledge and/or based on true records;

3) That the company <u>PHINMA Corporation</u> will comply with the requirements set forth in SEC Notice dated June 24, 2020 for a complete and official submission of reports and/or documents through electronic mail; and

4) That I am fully aware that documents filed online which requires pre-evaluation and/or processing fee shall be considered complete and officially received only upon payment of a filing fee.

N WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 07 day of AUG 2023.
A12-
Rolando D. Soliven
Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 0.7 day of <u>AUG</u> 2023, affiant exhibiting to me his/her Competent Evidence of Identity consisting of his Social Security System ID, with number 33-3527622-1, Issued at Makati City, bearing his photograph and signature, in accordance with Rule II, Section 12 and Rule IV Section 2 (b) of the 2004 Rules on Notarial Practice.

Doc. No. Page No. 5 Book No. Series of 2023.

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION SEC FORM 17-C CURRENT REPORT UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE			
		AND SRC RULI	E 17.2(c) THEREUNDER
		1. August 8, 2023	
Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)		
2. 12397	3. 000-107-026-000		
SEC Identification Number	BIR Tax Identification No.		
4. PHINMA Corporation			
Exact name of issuer as specified in its cha	arter		
5. Metro Manila, Philippines	6. (SEC Use Only)		
Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation	Industry Classification Code:		
7. Level 12 PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, F	Rockwell Center, Makati City 1210		
Address of principal office	Postal Code		
8. (632) 88700 100			
Issuer's telephone number, including area 9. Not applicable.	code		
Former name or former address, if change			

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see enclosed letter.

.....

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant August 8, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

Signature and Title



August 8, 2023

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

PICC Complex, Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City

Attention: **MS. RACHEL ESTHER J. GUMTANG-REMALANTE** OIC, Corporate Governance & Finance Department

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

PSE Tower, 5th Avenue Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Attention: **MS. ALEXANDA D. TOM WONG** Head, Disclosure Department

PHILIPPINE DEALING EXCHANGE

BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Attention: **ATTY. MARIE ROSE M. MAGALLEN-LIRIO** Head, Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department

Gentlemen:

Please be informed that at the meeting of the Board of Directors of PHINMA Corporation (the "Company") held today, August 8, 2023, the following matters were discussed and approved:

- 1. Financial results for the period ended June 30, 2023. (See attached write-up)
- 2. Incorporation of a new hospitality Management Company, 100% owned by PHINMA Corporation, with the primary purpose of operating and managing lodging facilities.
- 3. Additional investment of Php 114 million in Philcement Corporation, a 60% owned subsidiary, to fund the expansion of distribution network and improvement of operational efficiencies in the Visayas and Mindanao.
- 4. Additional investment of Php 170 million in Union Galvasteel Corporation, a 98.01% subsidiary, to fund planned projects of PHINMA Solar including the installation of 9.39 MWac of solar rooftops that were awarded by the Department of Energy under the Green Energy Auction Program.
- 5. Appointment of PwC Philippines Isla Lipana and Company as External Auditor for CY 2024.

Thank you.



VP – Group Corporate Governance & Compliance Officer

PHINMA Corporation PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1200 +632 8870 0100 | www.phinma.com

PHINMA CORPORATION JUNE YTD 2023 RESULTS

PHINMA Corporation (PHN) continued its long term revenue growth with consolidated revenues of ₱8.89 billion for the six-month period ended June 30, 2023, a 3% increase over the same period last year. Due to strong performance of core business units and efficient operations, core net income for the first half grew 3.8% to ₱482.09 million. Core net income excludes unrealized gains and foreign exchange adjustments. Consolidated net income stood at ₱456.75 million.

Revenue of PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PHINMA Education), grew 52% year on year, driven by a 30% increase in enrollment during the second semester of SY 2022-23. Increase in costs and operating expenses to support the increase in enrollment and face to face classes were offset by lower credit loss provisions as a result of higher collection efficiencies. PHINMA Education's consolidated net income increased to ₱307.47 million in 1H 2023, from ₱96.88 million during the first half of 2022.

The Construction Materials Group (CMG), composed of Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC), Philcement Corporation (Philcement), and PHINMA Solar Corporation (PHINMA Solar), posted combined revenues of ₱6.59 billion for the first half of 2023. Combined net income of CMG declined to ₱262.01 million in view of soft construction demand amid delayed government infrastructure spending. CMG focused on improving operational efficiencies, expanding its distribution network and developing new markets to support future sales growth especially as government infrastructure spending is expected to accelerate in the second half of 2023.

In affiliate PHINMA Property Holdings Corp. (PHINMA Properties) PHN equitized net loss of #83.95 million during the period after accelerating the cancellation of sales amounting to #149.50 million, the bulk of which has been resold and are expected to be booked during the second half of the year. Net reservations over the period improved from the same period in 2022. Equity in net earnings of Coral Way City Hotel Corporation amounted to #4.97 million, a turnaround from net loss during the same period last year, as the company saw improved revenue generation from the leisure and business travel segments as well as the resurgence of events and conventions towards pre-pandemic levels.

Net income attributable to equity holders of the parent declined to ₱208.76 million. Excluding non-core adjustments, income of the shareholders of the parent decreased 6.8% to ₱0.83 per share for the first half of 2023.

PHINMA Corporation ended the period with cash and cash equivalents of ₱4.47 billion. As of June 30, 2023, consolidated total assets and total stockholders' equity amounted to ₱32.83 billion and ₱11.05 billion, respectively.

COVER SHEET

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SECURITIES	AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
	SEC FORM 17-C
CURRENT F	REPORT UNDER SECTION 17
OF THE SEC	URITIES REGULATION CODE
AND SRC	RULE 17.2(c) THEREUNDER
1. August 10, 2023	
Date of Report (Date of earliest event repo	orted)
2. 12397	3. 000-107-026-000
SEC Identification Number	BIR Tax Identification No.
4. PHINMA Corporation	
Exact name of issuer as specified in it	
5. Metro Manila, Philippines	6. (SEC Use Only)
Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation	Industry Classification Code:
7. Level 12 PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Dri	ive, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1210
Address of principal office	Postal Code
8. (632) 88700 100	
Issuer's telephone number, including a 9. Not applicable.	
Former name or former address, if ch	anged since last report

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see enclosed Press Release.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant August 10, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer



PHINMA continues long-term revenue growth with consolidated revenues up to P8.89 billion in first half of 2023

PHINMA Corporation achieved consolidated revenues of ₱8.89 billion for the 6-month period ended June 30, 2023, a 3% increase over the same period last year, keeping the company on track to grow its businesses in education, construction materials, property development, and hospitality.

Due to strong performance of core business units and efficient operations, core net income for the first half grew 3.8% to ₱482.09 million. Core net income excludes unrealized gains and foreign exchange adjustments. Consolidated net income stood at ₱456.75 million.

"While challenges persist, I believe our healthy portfolio of businesses in key sectors provides a platform for dynamic growth for PHINMA. This we will achieve by capitalizing on the demonstrated strengths of our strategic business units as we continue to pursue our mission of serving many more families and communities," said PHINMA Chairman and CEO Ramon R. del Rosario, Jr.

Earlier this year, PHINMA Corporation purchased common shares owned by its parent, PHINMA Inc., in the group's operating companies. The transaction, which was completed this July and subsequently disclosed to the Philippine Stock Exchange, amounted to ₱2.3 billion.

"PHINMA ventured into the businesses it is currently present in because of our strong dedication to service. All these were intended to make an impact in society. Our continued long-term revenue growth and our consolidation into 1PHINMA will allow us to do more of what we have been doing and also explore other ways to make lives better," said PHINMA President and COO Chito B. Salazar.

Revenue of PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PHINMA Education) grew 52% year on year, driven by a 30% increase in enrollment during the second semester of SY 2022-23. Increase in costs and operating expenses to support the increase in enrollment and face to face classes were offset by lower credit loss provisions as a result of higher collection efficiencies. PHINMA Education's consolidated net income increased to ₱307.47 million in 1H 2023, from ₱96.88 million during the first half of 2022.

The PHINMA Construction Materials Group (PHINMA CMG)—composed of Union Galvasteel Corporation, Philcement Corporation, and PHINMA Solar Energy Corporation—posted combined revenues of ₱6.59 billion for the first half of 2023. The group, which offers world-class quality galvanized steel, insulated panels, cement, and solar energy solutions, registered a group net income of ₱262.01 million, despite slower-than-expected construction growth amid delayed government infrastructure spending. PHINMA CMG focused on improving operational efficiencies, expanding its distribution networks and developing its brands and new markets to support future sales growth, as infrastructure spending is expected to accelerate in the second half of 2023.



In affiliate PHINMA Property Holdings Corp. (PHINMA Properties), PHN equitized net loss of ₱83.95 million during the period after accelerating the cancellation of sales amounting to ₱149.50 million, the bulk of which has been resold and are expected to be booked during the second half of the year. Net reservations over the period improved from the same period in 2022.

Equity in net earnings of Coral Way City Hotel Corporation (Coral Way) amounted to ₱4.97 million, a turnaround from net loss during the same period last year, as the company saw improved revenue generation from the leisure and business travel segments as well as the resurgence of events and conventions towards pre-pandemic levels. Coral Way owns Microtel by Wyndham Mall of Asia and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Krypton Esplanade Hotel Corporation, owns TRYP by Wyndham Mall of Asia.

Net income attributable to equity holders of the parent declined to ₱208.76 million. Excluding non-core adjustments, income of the shareholders of the parent decreased 6.8% to ₱0.83 per share for the first half of 2023.

PHINMA Corporation ended the period with cash and cash equivalents of ₱4.47 billion. As of June 30, 2023, consolidated total assets and total stockholders' equity amounted to ₱32.83 billion and ₱11.05 billion, respectively.

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About PHINMA Corporation

PHINMA is a proudly-Filipino conglomerate that seeks to make lives better through successfully run and profitable businesses in education, construction materials, property development, and hospitality. We aim to give communities, not only in the Philippines but wherever else we might find the need, improved access to the essentials of a dignified life.

Disclaimer:

This press release includes forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are management's present expectations of future events and are subject to a number of factors and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements. The reader is cautioned not to rely on such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date they were made. All subsequent forward-looking statements attributable to the Company, its affiliates or any person acting on their behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements referred to in this press release.

SECURITIES AND	EXCHANGE COMMISSION						
SE	C FORM 17-C						
CURRENT REPORT UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE							
1. September 12, 2023							
 Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported							
	,						
2. 12397	3. 000-107-026-000						
SEC Identification Number	BIR Tax Identification No.						
4. PHINMA Corporation							
Exact name of issuer as specified in its ch	arter						
5. Metro Manila, Philippines	6. (SEC Use Only)						
Province, country or other jurisdiction of	Industry Classification Code:						
incorporation							
7. Level 12 PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive,	Rockwell Center, Makati City 1210						
Address of principal office	Postal Code						
0 (000) 00700 400							
8. (632) 88700 100							
Issuer's telephone number, including area							
9. Not applicable.							
Former name or former address, if change							
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Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see enclosed letter.

.....

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant September 12, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer



September 12, 2023

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

PICC Complex, Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City

Attention: **MS. RACHEL ESTHER J. GUMTANG-REMALANTE** OIC, Corporate Governance & Finance Department

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

PSE Tower, 5th Avenue Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Attention: **MS. ALEXANDA D. TOM WONG** Head, Disclosure Department

PHILIPPINE DEALING EXCHANGE

BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Attention: **ATTY. MARIE ROSE M. MAGALLEN-LIRIO** Head, Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department

Gentlemen:

Please be informed that PHINMA Corporation (PHN) will hold a briefing on its financial results for the second quarter of 2023. This will be held on September 18, 2023 (Monday) at 4:00 PM.

To confirm your attendance, please register at <u>https://phinma-</u>ph.zoom.us/j/89186449626?pwd=dTArNS9FdG9pdTVJb080YXZtYkMvdz09 .

Type of Briefing Subject of the Briefing	Analyst's / Investors' Briefing PHINMA Corporation 2Q 2023 Financial Results
Date of the Briefing	September 18, 2023
Time	4:00 P.M.
Venue	The meeting will be conducted virtually.
Contact Person	Edmund Alan A. Qua Hiansen
Contact Details	investorrelations@phinma.com.ph

Thank you.

ROLANDØ D. SOLIVEN VP – Group Corporate Governance & Compliance Officer

> PHINMA Corporation PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1200 +632 8870 0100 | www.phinma.com

SECURITIES A	ND EXCHANGE COMMISSION							
S	SEC FORM 17-C							
CURRENT REPORT UNDER SECTION 17								
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AND SRC R	ULE 17.2(c) THEREUNDER							
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Issuer's telephone number, including ar								
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Former name or former address, if char	nged since last report							

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see enclosed letter.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant November 10, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer



November 10, 2023

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

PICC Complex, Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City

Attention: **MS. RACHEL ESTHER J. GUMTANG-REMALANTE** OIC, Corporate Governance & Finance Department

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

PSE Tower, 5th Avenue Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Attention: **MS. ALEXANDA D. TOM WONG** Head, Disclosure Department

PHILIPPINE DEALING EXCHANGE

BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Attention: **ATTY. MARIE ROSE M. MAGALLEN-LIRIO** Head, Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department

Gentlemen:

Please be informed that at the meeting of the Board of Directors of PHINMA Corporation (the "Company") held today, November 10, 2023, the following matters were discussed and approved:

1. Financial results for the quarter ending September 30, 2023 were discussed and approved. PHINMA Corporation (PHN) recorded a 15% increase in consolidated revenues with PHP 15.46 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to PHP 13.43 billion for the same period in 2022. Revenues rose due to record enrollment in the Education business and revenues of the Property and Hospitality businesses which were consolidated beginning July 2023. Moreover, the top line growth combined with effective cost management led to a 40% increase in core consolidated income to PHP 1.22 billion for the period. Consolidated net income increased 5% to ₱1.34 billion.

Please see attached full write-up on the Financial Results.

2. The undertaking of a consent solicitation exercise to amend the definition of the Company's financial covenant relating to its Three (3)-Year 3.5335% Fixed Rate Bonds maturing on 20 August 2024 (the "Bonds") set forth in the Trust Agreement. In particular, the Debt-to-Equity Ratio defined as Total Liabilities to Total Equity shall be amended to Total Interest-Bearing Debt to Total Equity (the "Proposed Amendment").

The Proposed Amendment will give the Company the flexibility to position itself better to support the growth strategy of its strategic business units. Amid strong enrollment growth, PHINMA Education continues to look for ways to increase capacity for students through a combination of organic, same school capacity expansion and through potential acquisitions in the Philippines and other countries in the region. Following the success of its Mariveles Terminal, PHINMA CMG is also expanding its operations through a new terminal in Davao while constructing a state of the art insulated panels factory to support the food security requirements of the country. PHINMA Properties is expanding its township portfolio while also evaluating venturing back into socialized housing, a sector which it garnered acclaim for in the past. PHINMA's Hospitality business has been benefiting from the resurgence of leisure and business travel and looks forward to welcoming more travellers as the tourism industry continues to recover.

The record date for the consent solicitation is on November 13, 2023. Consent solicitation kits containing the Consent Form and terms and conditions of the consent solicitation will be distributed to record bondholders by November 15, 2023. Each record bondholder shall receive from the Consent Solicitation Agent a copy of the Company's Consent Solicitation Statements explaining in detail the proposed amendments and the terms and conditions of the exercise, together with a letter of consent (the "Consent Form"). The consent solicitation statements may also be downloaded from the Company's website beginning November 15, 2023.

The consent solicitation will commence on November 20, 2023 and will expire on December 15, 2023 at 12:00 p.m., unless such period is shortened or extended at the Company's sole discretion.

A Consent Fee and early bird incentive fee shall be paid to consenting bondholders whose Consent Forms were validated, subject to the Company obtaining and validating consent of the Majority Bondholders; (i.e., record bondholders representing at least 51% of the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds), and the fulfilment of other conditions which will be set forth in the Consent Solicitation Statement. The payment of the consent fee to bondholders who submitted their Consent Forms within the period for the Consent Solicitation but after the Minimum Threshold has been met shall be discretionary on the Company. Further information on the consent solicitation exercise will be available in the consent solicitation kits and the Company's website beginning November 15, 2023.

Consent Forms may be submitted to RCBC Trust and Investments Group or to SB Capital Investment Corporation on or before 12:00 p.m. on December 15, 2023.

For the Consent Solicitation, SB Capital Investment Corporation has been appointed as the Consent Solicitation Advisor and Agent, China Bank Capital Corporation as Joint Consent Solicitation Agent and RCBC Trust and Investments Group as Trustee.

Thank you.

ROLANDO D SOLIVEN VP – Group Corporate Governance & Compliance Officer

SECURITIES A	ND EXCHANGE COMMISSION							
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Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see enclosed Press Release.

.....

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant November 10, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer



PHINMA posts higher consolidated revenues in Q3 due to record enrollment and increased stake in key business units

PHINMA Corporation consolidated revenues rose to ₱15.46 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, following record enrollment in the Education business and consolidation of revenues of strategic business units beginning July 2023.

The reported consolidated revenue surpassed the ₱13.43 billion of the same period last year. PHINMA's core net income also rose by 40% to ₱1.22 billion from ₱871.48 million for the same period last year.

Improved revenues were driven by the excellent performance of the strategic business units, where PHINMA Corporation now has higher stake following the acquisition last July 2023. Through the ₱2.34 billion acquisition, which was disclosed to the Philippine Stock Exchange, PHINMA Corporation had increased its ownership in the Group's education, property development and hospitality businesses.

As it continues to serve the underserved sector, PHINMA Education Holdings Inc. (PHINMA Education), welcomed 146,546 students in the first semester of the school year 2023-2024, marking an 18% growth in its enrollment base compared to the same period last year. Its revenues grew to ₱3.96 billion, a 38% improvement from ₱2.86 billion in the same period last year. Moreover, net income had also grown to ₱968.11 million for the first three quarters, from ₱568.05 million in the same period last year amid savings in operational costs.

PHINMA Construction Materials Group (PHINMA CMG), which is composed of Union Galvasteel Corporation, Philcement Corporation, and PHINMA Solar Energy Corporation, had combined revenues of ₱10.12 billion and a combined net income of ₱361.05 million. This was fueled by the pick-up in construction activities in the third quarter, after a slowdown in the first half of the year. Effective cost management also helped temper the impact from higher interest rates and a stronger dollar.

In subsidiary PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation (PHINMA Properties), where PHINMA Corporation's effective ownership increased from 40.10% to 76.81% after the July 2023 acquisition, PHINMA Corporation consolidated net income for the third quarter of ₱141.23 million, which offset the equitized net loss of P83.95 million in the first half of the year. The Group's property development arm aims to help address the country's housing backlog by building sustainable communities. PHINMA Properties is continuing to expand its product portfolio through new township projects which open opportunities of synergy with the subsidiaries of the Group.

Following the acquisition of PHINMA Hospitality and PHINMA Microtel shares in July 2023, PHINMA Corporation consolidated net earnings of Coral Way City Hotels, PHINMA Hospitality Inc. and PHINMA Microtel Hotels Inc. for the third quarter, amounting to ₱20.56



million in addition to the equitized net income of Coral Way City Hotels of P4.97 million during the first half of the year.

Coral Way City Hotels owns Microtel Hotel by Wyndham Mall of Asia and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Krypton Esplanade Hotel Corporation (KEHC) owns TRYP Hotel by Wyndham Mall of Asia. PHINMA Hospitality, Inc. is the management company that operates all the Microtel and TRYP by Wyndham properties in the Philippines. PHINMA Microtel Hotels, Inc. holds the master franchise of Microtel and TRYP by Wyndham in the country.

PHINMA Corporation's core net income attributable to the shareholders of the parent, for the first nine months of 2023 rose to ₱2.59 per share, 54% higher than the ₱1.68 per share recorded for the same period in the previous year.

Focus on cash generation as evidenced by a strong, parent debt service coverage ratio of 7.63x as of September 30, resulted in a balance sheet with cash and cash equivalents of ₱3.94 billion. Consolidated total assets was ₱42.31 billion and total stockholder's equity amounted to ₱10.63 billion as of September 2023.

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About PHINMA Corporation

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SECURITIES AND EX	CHANGE COMMISSION							
SEC FC	DRM 17-C							
CURRENT REPORT UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE								
1. November 13, 2023								
1. November 10, 2020								
Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)								
2. 12397 3	. 000-107-026-000							
SEC Identification Number	BIR Tax Identification No.							
4. PHINMA Corporation								
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Exact name of issuer as specified in its charte	r							
5. Metro Manila, Philippines	6. (SEC Use Only)							
Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation	Industry Classification Code:							
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Address of principal office	Postal Code							
8. (632) 88700 100								
Issuer's telephone number, including area cod								
9. Not applicable.	5							
Former name or former address, if changed si	nce last report							

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see enclosed letter.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant November 13, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer



November 13, 2023

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

PICC Complex, Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City

Attention: **MS. RACHEL ESTHER J. GUMTANG-REMALANTE** OIC, Corporate Governance & Finance Department

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

PSE Tower, 5th Avenue Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Attention: **MS. ALEXANDA D. TOM WONG** Head, Disclosure Department

PHILIPPINE DEALING EXCHANGE

BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Attention: **ATTY. MARIE ROSE M. MAGALLEN-LIRIO** Head, Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department

Gentlemen:

Please be advised of the amendment to the SEC Form 17-C submitted on November 10, 2023 in relation to the approved consent solicitation exercise of PHINMA Corporation.

The disclosure was amended to delete the phrase "(i.e., record bondholders representing at least 51% of the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds)" from the paragraph below:

"A Consent Fee and early bird incentive fee shall be paid to consenting bondholders whose Consent Forms were validated, subject to the Company obtaining and validating consent of the Majority Bondholders and the fulfilment of other conditions which will be set forth in the Consent Solicitation Statement."

Thank you.

ROLANDØ D. SOLIVEN

VP – Group Corporate Governance & Compliance Officer

PHINMA Corporation PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1200 +632 8870 0100 | www.phinma.com

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Certification

I, <u>Rolando D. Soliven, Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer of PHINMA</u> <u>Corporation</u> with SEC registration number <u>12397</u> with principal office at <u>Level 12, PHINMA Plaza, Plaza</u> <u>Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City</u>, on oath state:

1) That on behalf of <u>PHINMA Corporation</u>, I have caused this <u>SEC 17-C (Current Report) Matters</u> Approved by the Board dated November 10, 2023 to be prepared;

2) That I read and understood its contents which are true and correct of my own personal knowledge and/or based on true records;

3) That the company <u>PHINMA Corporation</u> will comply with the requirements set forth in SEC Notice dated June 24, 2020 for a complete and official submission of reports and/or documents through electronic mail; and

4) That I am fully aware that documents filed online which requires pre-evaluation and/or processing fee shall be considered complete and officially received only upon payment of a filing fee.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 17 day of	NOV , 2023.
(A)	
A	

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this <u>17</u> day of <u>NOV</u> 2023, affiant exhibiting to me his/her Competent Evidence of Identity consisting of his Social Security System ID, with number 33-3527622-1, issued at Makati City, bearing his photograph and signature, in accordance with Rule II, Section 12 and Rule IV Section 2 (b) of the 2004 Rules on Notarial Practice.

Doc. No. 18 Page No. 5 Book No. 7 Series of 2023.

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ALIYAH ROSH C. DY NOTARY PUBLIC FOR AND IN THE CITY OF MAKATI APPOINTMENT NO. M-630 (2023-2024) COMMISSION EXPIRES ON DECEMBER 31, 2024 7th Floor. The PHINMA Puzza. 39 Plaza Drive Rockwell Center. Makati City 1210 PTR No. 9742707. Makati City 1210 PTR No. 9742707. Makati City 1210 PTR No. 935617. Quezon City, 5/4/2023 TIN 483-622-425 Attorney's Roll No. 85542 Admitted to the Philippine Bar: 2 May 2023

	SECURITIES AND EX	CHANGE COMMISSION						
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	Province, country or other jurisdiction of ncorporation	Industry Class	ification Code:					
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	Address of principal office	Post	al Code					
8.	(632) 88700 100							
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Please see enclosed letter.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant November 10, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer



November 10, 2023

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

PICC Complex, Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City

Attention: **MS. RACHEL ESTHER J. GUMTANG-REMALANTE** OIC, Corporate Governance & Finance Department

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

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Attention: **MS. ALEXANDA D. TOM WONG** Head, Disclosure Department

PHILIPPINE DEALING EXCHANGE

BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Attention: **ATTY. MARIE ROSE M. MAGALLEN-LIRIO** Head, Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department

Gentlemen:

Please be informed that at the meeting of the Board of Directors of PHINMA Corporation (the "Company") held today, November 10, 2023, the following matters were discussed and approved:

1. Financial results for the quarter ending September 30, 2023 were discussed and approved. PHINMA Corporation (PHN) recorded a 15% increase in consolidated revenues with PHP 15.46 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to PHP 13.43 billion for the same period in 2022. Revenues rose due to record enrollment in the Education business and revenues of the Property and Hospitality businesses which were consolidated beginning July 2023. Moreover, the top line growth combined with effective cost management led to a 40% increase in core consolidated income to PHP 1.22 billion for the period. Consolidated net income increased 5% to ₱1.34 billion.

Please see attached full write-up on the Financial Results.

2. The undertaking of a consent solicitation exercise to amend the definition of the Company's financial covenant relating to its Three (3)-Year 3.5335% Fixed Rate Bonds maturing on 20 August 2024 (the "Bonds") set forth in the Trust Agreement. In particular, the Debt-to-Equity Ratio defined as Total Liabilities to Total Equity shall be amended to Total Interest-Bearing Debt to Total Equity (the "Proposed Amendment").

The Proposed Amendment will give the Company the flexibility to position itself better to support the growth strategy of its strategic business units. Amid strong enrollment growth, PHINMA Education continues to look for ways to increase capacity for students through a combination of organic, same school capacity expansion and through potential acquisitions in the Philippines and other countries in the region. Following the success of its Mariveles Terminal, PHINMA CMG is also expanding its operations through a new terminal in Davao while constructing a state of the art insulated panels factory to support the food security requirements of the country. PHINMA Properties is expanding its township portfolio while also evaluating venturing back into socialized housing, a sector which it garnered acclaim for in the past. PHINMA's Hospitality business has been benefiting from the resurgence of leisure and business travel and looks forward to welcoming more travellers as the tourism industry continues to recover.

The record date for the consent solicitation is on November 13, 2023. Consent solicitation kits containing the Consent Form and terms and conditions of the consent solicitation will be distributed to record bondholders by November 15, 2023. Each record bondholder shall receive from the Consent Solicitation Agent a copy of the Company's Consent Solicitation Statements explaining in detail the proposed amendments and the terms and conditions of the exercise, together with a letter of consent (the "Consent Form"). The consent solicitation statements may also be downloaded from the Company's website beginning November 15, 2023.

The consent solicitation will commence on November 20, 2023 and will expire on December 15, 2023 at 12:00 p.m., unless such period is shortened or extended at the Company's sole discretion.

A Consent Fee and early bird incentive fee shall be paid to consenting bondholders whose Consent Forms were validated, subject to the Company obtaining and validating consent of the Majority Bondholders; (i.e., record bondholders representing at least 51% of the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds), and the fulfilment of other conditions which will be set forth in the Consent Solicitation Statement. The payment of the consent fee to bondholders who submitted their Consent Forms within the period for the Consent Solicitation but after the Minimum Threshold has been met shall be discretionary on the Company. Further information on the consent solicitation exercise will be available in the consent solicitation kits and the Company's website beginning November 15, 2023.

Consent Forms may be submitted to RCBC Trust and Investments Group or to SB Capital Investment Corporation on or before 12:00 p.m. on December 15, 2023.

For the Consent Solicitation, SB Capital Investment Corporation has been appointed as the Consent Solicitation Advisor and Agent, China Bank Capital Corporation as Joint Consent Solicitation Agent and RCBC Trust and Investments Group as Trustee.

Thank you.

ROLANDO D SOLIVEN VP – Group Corporate Governance & Compliance Officer

PHINMA CORPORATION FINANCIAL RESULTS 3Q 2023

PHINMA Corporation (PHN) recorded a 15% increase in consolidated revenues with PHP 15.46 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to PHP 13.43 billion for the same period in 2022. Revenues rose due to record enrollment in the Education business and revenues of the Property and Hospitality businesses which were consolidated beginning July 2023. Moreover, the top line growth combined with effective cost management led to a 40% increase in core consolidated income to PHP 1.22 billion for the period. Consolidated net income increased 5% to ₱1.34 billion.

The improved financial results were driven by the strong operational performance of the strategic business units acquired by PHINMA Corporation last July 2023. The acquisition increased PHINMA Corporation's ownership in the Group's education, property development and hospitality businesses. This expands PHINMA Corporation's exposure to these high growth sectors, improves the conglomerate's diversification and leverages the synergies within the group.

PHINMA Education Holdings Inc. (PHINMA Education) caters to a large and underserved higher education market in the low to mid-income sector. By proactively reaching out to this market, 1st semester enrollment for School Year 2023-2024 rose to 146,546 students, making it the largest network of tertiary education institutions in the Philippines. This is 18% higher compared to the previous school year, a new high in the history of PHINMA Education, bringing revenues to PHP 3.96 billion for the first nine months of 2023 from PHP 2.86 billion in the same period last year. Net income grew to PHP 968.11 million from PHP 568.05 million in the same period last year.

Meanwhile, the PHINMA Construction Materials Group (PHINMA CMG) started to see a recovery in demand as construction activities increased in the third quarter. CMG also tempered the impact of higher interest rates and a stronger dollar through its operational cost management initiatives. These contributed to combined revenues of PHP 10.12 billion and a combined net income of PHP 361.05 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. To better serve its customers, PHINMA CMG continues to enhance operational efficiency, improve distribution capability and offer innovative construction materials solutions.

PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation (PHINMA Properties) aims to help address the country's housing backlog by building sustainable communities. Furthermore, PHINMA Properties is continuing to expand its product portfolio through new township projects which open opportunities of synergy with the subsidiaries of the group. In July 2023, PHINMA Corporation acquired additional shares of PHINMA Properties, increasing the company's effective ownership from 40.10% to 76.81%. This was coupled with higher sales and resale of sales cancellations during the quarter. Net reservations also improved during the first nine-months of the year compared to same period in 2022. Equitized net loss of PHP 83.95 million in the first half of 2023 was offset by consolidated net income for the quarter of PHP 141.23 million.

With the reopening of the economy after the pandemic, the hospitality sector has seen a recovery in domestic leisure travel, corporate bookings and conventions. As a result of the acquisition of PHINMA Hospitality and PHINMA Microtel shares in July 2023, PHINMA Corporation consolidated net earnings of Coral Way, PHINMA Hospitality and PHINMA Microtel for the third quarter, amounting to ₱20.56 million, in addition to the equitized net income of Coral Way amounting to P4.97 million during the first half of the year.

PHINMA Corporation's core net income attributable to the shareholders of the parent, for the first nine months of 2023 rose to PHP 2.59 per share, 54% higher than the PHP 1.68 per share recorded for the same period in the previous year.

Focus on cash generation as evidenced by a strong, parent debt service coverage ratio of 7.63x as of September 30, resulted in a balance sheet with cash and cash equivalents at PHP 3.94 billion. Consolidated total assets was PHP 42.31 billion and total stockholder's equity amounted to PHP 10.63 billion as of September 2023.

	SECURITIES AND E	KCHANGE COMMISS	SION					
	SEC F	ORM 17-C						
	CURRENT REPORT UNDER SECTION 17							
	OF THE SECURITIE	S REGULATION CO	DE					
	AND SRC RULE	7.2(c) THEREUNDER	र					
1. December 1	, 2023							
	ate of earliest event reported)							
2. 12397		3. 000-107-026-000						
SEC Identifica	ation Number	BIR Tax Identifica	ition No.					
4. PHINMA Cor	poration							
Exact name o	f issuer as specified in its chart	er						
5. Metro Manila	, Philippines	6. (SEC U	Jse Only)					
Province, countr incorporation	y or other jurisdiction of	Indus	try Classification Code:					
7. Level 12 PHIN	IMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Ro	ckwell Center, Makat	ti City 1210					
Address of prir	ncipal office		Postal Code					
8. (632) 88700 10	00							
	none number, including area co							
	or former address, if changed							

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see attached Consent Solicitation Statement.

.....

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant December 1, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer



December 1, 2023

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

PICC Complex, Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City

Attention: **MS. RACHEL ESTHER J. GUMTANG-REMALANTE** OIC, Corporate Governance & Finance Department

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

PSE Tower, 5th Avenue Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Attention: MS. ALEXANDA D. TOM WONG Head, Disclosure Department

PHILIPPINE DEALING EXCHANGE

BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Attention: **ATTY. MARIE ROSE M. MAGALLEN-LIRIO** Head, Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We refer to the solicitation of consents (the "Consent Solicitation") by PHINMA Corporation ("Issuer" or "PHINMA"), in connection with the proposed amendment to the Trust Agreement dated August 5, 2021 (the "Trust Agreement") and the Terms and Conditions of the Bonds governing the Issuer's 3.5335% p.a. 3-Year Fixed Rate Bonds due 2024 (the "Bonds") as described in the Consent Solicitation Statement of the Issuer dated 15 November 2023 ("Consent Solicitation Statement").

As of 1 December 2023, PHINMA has received validly executed Consent Forms which have been delivered to and verified by a Solicitation Agent, and received by the Trustee (from a Solicitation Agent), and validated by the Registrar ("Compliant Consent Form") from bondholders of record as of 13 November 2023 (the "Bondholders") which constitute more than 50% of the principal amount of the outstanding Bonds. For this reason, the Expiration Date has been adjusted from 3:00 p.m. (Philippine time) on 15 December 2023 to 12:00 p.m. (Philippine time) on 1 December 2023 (the "Expiration Date"). This is in accordance with the terms of the Consent Solicitation Statement.

In view of such adjustment, the Consent Solicitation is hereby considered closed, and consent forms will no longer be accepted by the Solicitation Agents. The consent fee will only be paid to the consenting Bondholders whose Compliant Consent Forms were received by the Trustee at or prior to the Expiration Date comprising 51% of the principal amount of the Bonds then outstanding. Payment of the consent fee to consenting Bondholders whose Compliant Consent Forms are received in excess of 51% of the principal amount of the Bonds is discretionary on the Issuer. In addition, the early bird fee will only be paid to the consenting Bondholders whose Compliant Consent Forms were received by the Trustee at or prior to the early bird fee will only be paid to the consenting Bondholders whose Compliant Consent Forms were received by the Trustee at or prior to the early bird deadline of 3:00 p.m. on 24 November 2023.

PHINMA Corporation PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1200 +632 8870 0100 | www.phinma.com In view of the required consents having been obtained and the adjustment of the Expiration Date to an earlier date on 1 December 2023, the Issuer and Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation - Trust and Investments Group (the "Trustee") shall execute the Supplemental Trust Agreement embodying the proposed amendment to the Trust Agreement as described in the Consent Solicitation Statement, on 7 December 2023, which is the date that is four (4) business days after the Expiration Date. Pursuant to the terms of the Consent Solicitation Statement shall take effect on 7 December 2023, the same date when the consent fee and early bird fee shall be paid by the Issuer to the consenting Bondholders.

The above information is being disclosed in accordance with the disclosure rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc., and the Philippine Dealing & Exchange Corp.

Thank you.

PHINMA Corporation By:

Ø D. SOLIVEN ROLAND

VP – Group Corporate Governance & Compliance Officer

SECURITIES AND	EXCHANGE COMMISSION							
SEC	FORM 17-C							
CURRENT REPO	CURRENT REPORT UNDER SECTION 17							
OF THE SECURIT	IES REGULATION CODE							
AND SRC RULE	17.2(c) THEREUNDER							
1 December 7, 2022								
1. December 7, 2023								
Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)								
2. 12397	3. 000-107-026-000							
SEC Identification Number	BIR Tax Identification No.							
4. PHINMA Corporation								
Exact name of issuer as specified in its cha	rter							
5. Metro Manila, Philippines	6. (SEC Use Only)							
Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation	Industry Classification Code:							
incorporation								
7. Level 12 PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, R	ockwell Center, Makati City 1210							
Address of principal office	Postal Code							
8. (632) 88700 100								
Issuer's telephone number, including area o	code							
9. Not applicable.								
Former name or former address, if changed	d since last report							

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see enclosed letter.

.....

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant December 7, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer



December 7, 2023

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

PICC Complex, Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City

Attention: **MS. RACHEL ESTHER J. GUMTANG-REMALANTE** OIC, Corporate Governance & Finance Department

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

PSE Tower, 5th Avenue Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Attention: **MS. ALEXANDA D. TOM WONG** Head, Disclosure Department

PHILIPPINE DEALING EXCHANGE

BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Attention: **ATTY. MARIE ROSE M. MAGALLEN-LIRIO** Head, Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department

Gentlemen:

Please be informed that PHINMA Corporation (PHN) will hold a briefing on its Financial Results for the third quarter of 2023. This will be held on December 14, 2023 (Thursday) at 4:00 PM.

To confirm your attendance, please register at: https://phinma-ph.zoom.us/webinar/register/WN 8fXa 7l1TXaFn8ndwn r0w

Type of Briefing	Analyst's / Investors' Briefing
Subject of the Briefing	PHINMA Corporation 3Q 2023 Financial Results
Date of the Briefing	December 14, 2023
Time	4:00 P.M.
Venue	The meeting will be conducted virtually.
Contact Person	Karina Angela A. Albert
Contact Details	investorrelations@phinma.com.ph

Thank you.

ROLANDO D. SOLIVEN

VP - Group Corporate Governance & Compliance Officer

PHINMA Corporation PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1200 +632 8870 0100 | www.phinma.com

HANGE COMMISSION
RM 17-C
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REGULATION CODE
2(c) THEREUNDER
000-107-026-000
BIR Tax Identification No.
6. (SEC Use Only)
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Industry Classification Code: well Center, Makati City 1210 Postal Code
Industry Classification Code: well Center, Makati City 1210 Postal Code

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see attached letter.

.....

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant December 7, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer



December 7, 2023

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

PICC Complex, Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City

Attention: **MS. RACHEL ESTHER J. GUMTANG-REMALANTE** OIC, Corporate Governance & Finance Department

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

PSE Tower, 5th Avenue Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Attention: **MS. ALEXANDA D. TOM WONG** Head, Disclosure Department

PHILIPPINE DEALING EXCHANGE

BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Attention: **ATTY. MARIE ROSE M. MAGALLEN-LIRIO** Head, Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We refer to the consent solicitation exercise undertaken by PHINMA Corporation in relation to the proposed amendment to the Trust Agreement dated August 5, 2021 between PHINMA Corporation as the Issuer (the "*Issuer*") and Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation – Trust and Investments Group as the Trustee (the "*Trustee*") covering the Company's 3.5335% Fixed Rate Bonds due 2024 (the "*Bonds*"). The proposed amendment relates to the definition of the Debt-to-Equity Ratio under the Trust Agreement and the Terms and Conditions of the Bonds (as set out in the Trust Agreement) (the "*Proposed Amendment*").

The Issuer has obtained the consent of the Majority Bondholders for the Proposed Amendment, and accordingly, the Issuer and the Trustee executed on 7 December 2023 a Supplemental Trust Agreement embodying the Proposed Amendment.

The Supplemental Trust Agreement will be effective upon payment of the consent fees and early bird fees to eligible Bondholders pursuant to the Consent Solicitation Statement dated 15 November 2023.

Thank you.

PHINMA Corporation By:

ROLANDO D. SOLIVEN VP – Group Corporate Governance & Compliance Officer

> PHINMA Corporation PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1200 +632 8870 0100 | www.phinma.com

COVER SHEET

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Certification

I, Rolando D. Soliven, Vice President - Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer of PHINMA Corporation with SEC registration number 12397 with principal office at Level 12, PHINMA Plaza, Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City, on oath state:

1) That on behalf of PHINMA Corporation, I have caused the report on SEC Form 17 C-Termination of Consent Solicitation to be prepared;

2) That I read and understood its contents which are true and correct of my own personal knowledge and/or based on true records;

3) That the company PHINMA Corporation will comply with the requirements set forth in SEC Notice dated June 24, 2020 for a complete and official submission of reports and/or documents through electronic mail; and

4) That I am fully aware that documents filed online which requires pre-evaluation and/or processing fee shall be considered complete and officially received only upon payment of a filing. fee.

day DEC 0 7 2023 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 2023.

> Rolando D. Soliven Vice President - Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this _____ 0000 7 2023 2023, affiant exhibiting to me his/her Competent Evidence of Identity consisting of his Social Security System ID, with number 33-3527622-1, issued at Makati City, bearing his photograph and signature, in accordance with Rule II, Section 12 and Rule IV Section 2 (b) of the 2004 Rules on Notarial Practice.

Doc. No. 5 12 Page No. Book No. J Series of 2023.

ER FL ATTY, JOEL NOTARY PUBLIC FOR MAKATI CITY DECEMBER 31, 2024 UNTIL OINTMENT NO. N-115

ROLL NO. 77376 MCLE COMPLIANCE VIII NO. 0001383 Jan.03,2023 Unil Apr.14,2026 PTR NO. 9563564 / JAN. 03. 2023 AAKATI CITY IBP NO, 201994 / JAN. 03, 2023 PASIC CITY 1107 D BATAAN ST., GUADALUPE NULVO, MARATICITY

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	SECURITIES AND EX	CHAN	GE C	CON	MIS	SSIO	N			
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	OF THE SECURITIE	S REG	ULA ⁻	τιο	N C	ODE				
	AND SRC RULE 1	7.2(c) ⁻	THEF	REU	INDI	ER				
1.	December 1, 2023									
 Da	ate of Report (Date of earliest event reported)									
2.	12397	. 000	-107-	-026	6-00	0				
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	SEC Identification Number	BIF	R Tax	lde	entifi	catio	n No.			
Л	PHINMA Corporation									
	Exact name of issuer as specified in its charte	r								
5.	Metro Manila, Philippines		6.	(\$	SEC	Use	Only	')		
	······					·····				
	Province, country or other jurisdiction of acorporation				Indi	ustry	Class	SITICa	ation C	jode:
7.	Level 12 PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Roo	kwell	Cente	er, I	Mak	ati C	ity	12	210	
					•••••					
	Address of principal office						Pos	tal C	code	
8.	(632) 88700 100									
	Issuer's telephone number, including area co	le								
9.	Not applicable.									
					•••••			•••••		
	Former name or former address, if changed s	nce la	st rep	ort						

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see attached Consent Solicitation Statement.

.....

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant December 1, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

Signature and Title



December 1, 2023

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

PICC Complex, Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City

Attention: **MS. RACHEL ESTHER J. GUMTANG-REMALANTE** OIC, Corporate Governance & Finance Department

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

PSE Tower, 5th Avenue Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Attention: **MS. ALEXANDA D. TOM WONG** Head, Disclosure Department

PHILIPPINE DEALING EXCHANGE

BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Attention: **ATTY. MARIE ROSE M. MAGALLEN-LIRIO** Head, Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We refer to the solicitation of consents (the "Consent Solicitation") by PHINMA Corporation ("Issuer" or "PHINMA"), in connection with the proposed amendment to the Trust Agreement dated August 5, 2021 (the "Trust Agreement") and the Terms and Conditions of the Bonds governing the Issuer's 3.5335% p.a. 3-Year Fixed Rate Bonds due 2024 (the "Bonds") as described in the Consent Solicitation Statement of the Issuer dated 15 November 2023 ("Consent Solicitation Statement").

As of 1 December 2023, PHINMA has received validly executed Consent Forms which have been delivered to and verified by a Solicitation Agent, and received by the Trustee (from a Solicitation Agent), and validated by the Registrar ("Compliant Consent Form") from bondholders of record as of 13 November 2023 (the "Bondholders") which constitute more than 50% of the principal amount of the outstanding Bonds. For this reason, the Expiration Date has been adjusted from 3:00 p.m. (Philippine time) on 15 December 2023 to 12:00 p.m. (Philippine time) on 1 December 2023 (the "Expiration Date"). This is in accordance with the terms of the Consent Solicitation Statement.

In view of such adjustment, the Consent Solicitation is hereby considered closed, and consent forms will no longer be accepted by the Solicitation Agents. The consent fee will only be paid to the consenting Bondholders whose Compliant Consent Forms were received by the Trustee at or prior to the Expiration Date comprising 51% of the principal amount of the Bonds then outstanding. Payment of the consent fee to consenting Bondholders whose Compliant Consent Forms are received in excess of 51% of the principal amount of the Bonds is discretionary on the Issuer. In addition, the early bird fee will only be paid to the consenting Bondholders whose Compliant Consent Forms were received by the Trustee at or prior to the early bird fee will only be paid to the consenting Bondholders whose Compliant Consent Forms were received by the Trustee at or prior to the early bird deadline of 3:00 p.m. on 24 November 2023.

PHINMA Corporation PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1200 +632 8870 0100 | www.phinma.com In view of the required consents having been obtained and the adjustment of the Expiration Date to an earlier date on 1 December 2023, the Issuer and Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation - Trust and Investments Group (the "Trustee") shall execute the Supplemental Trust Agreement embodying the proposed amendment to the Trust Agreement as described in the Consent Solicitation Statement, on 7 December 2023, which is the date that is four (4) business days after the Expiration Date. Pursuant to the terms of the Consent Solicitation Statement, such amendment shall take effect on 7 December 2023, the same date when the consent fee and early bird fee shall be paid by the Issuer to the consenting Bondholders.

The above information is being disclosed in accordance with the disclosure rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc., and the Philippine Dealing & Exchange Corp.

Thank you.

PHINMA Corporation By:

ROLANDO D. SOLIVEN

VP – Group Corporate Governance & Compliance Officer

SECURITIES ANI	D EXCHANGE COMMISSION
SE	EC FORM 17-C
CURRENT REP	PORT UNDER SECTION 17
OF THE SECUR	ITIES REGULATION CODE
AND SRC RUI	LE 17.2(c) THEREUNDER
1. December 7, 2023	
Date of Report (Date of earliest event reporte	d)
2. 12397	3. 000-107-026-000
SEC Identification Number	BIR Tax Identification No.
4. PHINMA Corporation	
Exact name of issuer as specified in its cl	
5. Metro Manila, Philippines	6. (SEC Use Only)
Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation	Industry Classification Code:
7. Level 12 PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive,	Rockwell Center, Makati City 1210
Address of principal office	Postal Code
8. (632) 88700 100	
Issuer's telephone number, including area	
9. Not applicable.	
Former name or former address, if chang	eu since last report

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see attached letter.

.....

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant December 7, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

Signature and Title



December 7, 2023

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

PICC Complex, Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City

Attention: **MS. RACHEL ESTHER J. GUMTANG-REMALANTE** OIC, Corporate Governance & Finance Department

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

PSE Tower, 5th Avenue Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Attention: **MS. ALEXANDA D. TOM WONG** Head, Disclosure Department

PHILIPPINE DEALING EXCHANGE

BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Attention: **ATTY. MARIE ROSE M. MAGALLEN-LIRIO** Head, Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We refer to the consent solicitation exercise undertaken by PHINMA Corporation in relation to the proposed amendment to the Trust Agreement dated August 5, 2021 between PHINMA Corporation as the Issuer (the "*Issuer*") and Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation – Trust and Investments Group as the Trustee (the "*Trustee*") covering the Company's 3.5335% Fixed Rate Bonds due 2024 (the "*Bonds*"). The proposed amendment relates to the definition of the Debt-to-Equity Ratio under the Trust Agreement and the Terms and Conditions of the Bonds (as set out in the Trust Agreement) (the "*Proposed Amendment*").

The Issuer has obtained the consent of the Majority Bondholders for the Proposed Amendment, and accordingly, the Issuer and the Trustee executed on 7 December 2023 a Supplemental Trust Agreement embodying the Proposed Amendment.

The Supplemental Trust Agreement will be effective upon payment of the consent fees and early bird fees to eligible Bondholders pursuant to the Consent Solicitation Statement dated 15 November 2023.

Thank you.

PHINMA Corporation By:

ROLANDØ D. SOLIVEN VP – Group Corporate Governance & Compliance Officer

> PHINMA Corporation PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1200 +632 8870 0100 | www.phinma.com

SECURITIES ANI	D EXCHANGE COMMISSION
SE	EC FORM 17-C
CURRENT REP	PORT UNDER SECTION 17
OF THE SECUR	ITIES REGULATION CODE
AND SRC RUI	LE 17.2(c) THEREUNDER
1. December 7, 2023	
Date of Report (Date of earliest event reporte	d)
2. 12397	3. 000-107-026-000
SEC Identification Number	BIR Tax Identification No.
4. PHINMA Corporation	
Exact name of issuer as specified in its cl	
5. Metro Manila, Philippines	6. (SEC Use Only)
Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation	Industry Classification Code:
7. Level 12 PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive,	Rockwell Center, Makati City 1210
Address of principal office	Postal Code
8. (632) 88700 100	
Issuer's telephone number, including area	
9. Not applicable.	
Former name or former address, if chang	eu since last report

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Shares

286,325,265

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

Please see attached letter.

.....

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA Corporation Registrant December 7, 2023 Date

Rolando D. Soliven Vice President – Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

Signature and Title



December 7, 2023

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

PICC Complex, Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City

Attention: **MS. RACHEL ESTHER J. GUMTANG-REMALANTE** OIC, Corporate Governance & Finance Department

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

PSE Tower, 5th Avenue Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Attention: **MS. ALEXANDA D. TOM WONG** Head, Disclosure Department

PHILIPPINE DEALING EXCHANGE

BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Attention: **ATTY. MARIE ROSE M. MAGALLEN-LIRIO** Head, Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We refer to the consent solicitation exercise undertaken by Phinma Corporation in relation to the proposed amendment to the Trust Agreement dated August 5, 2021 between Phinma Corporation as the Issuer (the "*Issuer*") and Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation – Trust and Investments Group as the Trustee (the "*Trustee*") covering the Company's 3.5335% Fixed Rate Bonds due 2024 (the "*Bonds*"). The proposed amendment relates to the definition of the Debt-to-Equity Ratio under the Trust Agreement and the Terms and Conditions of the Bonds (as set out in the Trust Agreement) (the "*Proposed Amendment*").

Further to our disclosure on 7 December 2023 in respect of the execution of the Supplemental Trust Agreement embodying the Proposed Amendment, said Supplemental Trust Agreement has taken effect as of 7 December 2023 pursuant to a certification issued by the Trustee.

Thank you.

PHINMA Corporation By: ROLANDO D SOLIVEN

VP - Group Corporate Governance & Compliance Officer

PHINMA Corporation PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1200 +632 8870 0100 | www.phinma.com

ANNEX D

SEC Form 17 – Q Quarterly Reports

Annabelle Guzman

From:	Rolando Soliven <rdsoliven@phinma.com.ph> on behalf of Rolando Soliven</rdsoliven@phinma.com.ph>
Sent:	Monday, 15 May 2023 5:07 pm
То:	ICTD Submission
Cc:	msrd_covid19@sec.gov.ph; Flora Tolarba; Gina Baclig; Carolyn Caspe; Annabelle Guzman
Subject:	PHINMA Corporation_SEC Form 17-Q_Quarterly Report for the period ended March 31, 2023
Attachments:	PHINMA Corp_SEC 17 - Q1 2023.pdf

Gentlemen,

We hereby submit the SEC Form 17 - Q - Quarterly Report for the period ended March 31, 2023, filed on behalf of PHINMA Corporation in compliance with SEC Notice on Options in the Submission of Reports, Applications and Other Documents during the Effectivity of All Community Quarantine Imposed due to COVID-19, dated June 24, 2020.

We hope you find our submission in order and acknowledge receipt.

Thank you.

Bong

Rolando D. Soliven

Vice President - Corporate Governance

Chief Compliance Officer



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contained in this email, including those referring to the Company, its operation, prospects, plans, forecasts, outlook, is private and shall not be published or deemed published unless otherwise authorized expressly by the Company through its responsible officer. If you are not the intended recipient, please be aware that printing, copying, dissemination, distribution, disclosure, forwarding of, or acting in reliance upon the information contained in this communication is strictly prohibited. If you received this communication in error, please contact the sender immediately and permanently delete it, including any attachments, from your system. Unless otherwise indicated, the contents of this email and/or its attachments do not necessarily reflect the views of the company.

COVER SHEET

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PHINMA Corporation

Certification

I, ANNABELLE S. GUZMAN, Vice President - Controller of PHINMA CORPORATION with SEC registration number 12397 with principal office at Level 12, PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center Makati City, on oath state:

- 1) That on behalf of PHINMA Corporation, I have caused this SEC Form 17 Q (Quarterly Report) as of March 31, 2023 to be prepared;
- 2) That I read and understood its contents which are true and correct of my own personal knowledge and/or based on true records;
- 3) That PHINMA Corporation will comply with the requirements set forth in SEC Notice dated June 24, 2020 for a complete and official submission of reports and/or documents through electronic mail; and

4) That I am fully aware that documents filed online which requires pre-evaluation and/or processing fee shall be considered complete and officially received only upon payment of a filing fee.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this day of day of May, 2023.

nanabelle & memor ANNABELLE S. GUZN Vice President - Controller

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this _____ day of May, 2023 in Makati City, affiant exhibited her Driver's License No. N01-01-266669 with expiration date April 15, 2024

Doc. No. 33 Page No. 8 Book No. 12 Series No. 2023

NOTAR ATTY. JOEL P ORES NOTARY PUB UNTE DECEMBI 20 APPOINT MCLE COMPLIANCE NO. 000 3, Jan. 03, 2023 Until Apr. 14, 2028 PTR NO. 8563664 / JAN.03.2023/MAKATI CITY IBB NO. 261994 / JAN.03,2023 / PASIG CITY 1107 D BALAAN ST., GUADALUPE NUEVO, MAKATI CITY

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION SEC FORM 17 – Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE (SRC) AND SRC RULE 17 (2)(b) THEREUNDER

- 1. For the quarterly period ended <u>March 31, 2023</u>
- 2. Commission identification no. 12397
- 3. BIR Tax Identification No. 000-107-026-000
- 4. <u>*PHINMA Corporation*</u> Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter
- 5. <u>Manila. Philippines</u> Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization
- 6. Industry Classification Code :
- 7. <u>12/F. Phinma Plaza. 39 Plaza Drive. Rockwell Center. Makati City 1210</u> Address of registrant's principal office
- 8. (632) 8870-01-00 Registrant's telephone number, including area code
- 9. Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report : N/A
- 10. Common Shares 286,325,265 shares issued and outstanding
- 11. Are any or all of the securities listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange ?
 - **Yes**(x) No()
 - If yes, state the name of such stock exchange and the classes of securities listed therein:

Philippine Stock Exchange. Inc.

Common Shares

- 12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant :
 - (a) Has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Section 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11 (a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports)

Yes [x] No []

(b) Has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [x] No []

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 Financial Statement

Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Financial Position March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022	5 - 6
Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Income Quarter ended March 31, 2023 and 2022	7
Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income Quarter ended March 31, 2023 and 2022	8
Statement of Changes in Equity March 31, 2023 and 2022 and December 31, 2022	9 – 10
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Quarter ended March 31, 2023 and 2022	11 - 12
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	13 - 52
Item 2 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition And Results of Operations	53 - 60

SIGNATURES

61

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION MARCH 31, 2023 (With Comparative Audited Figures as at December 31, 2022) (Amounts in Thousands)

	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
ASSETS	(***********	(********)
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 5, 27 and 28)	₽3,898,338	₽3,421,578
Investments held for trading (Notes 6, 27 and 28)	424,531	654,316
Trade and other receivables (Notes 7, 27 and 28)	5,616,735	5,631,456
Inventories (Note 8)	2,123,137	2,376,008
Input value-added taxes and other current assets (Note 27)	607,379	629,517
Total Current Assets	12,670,120	12,712,875
Noncurrent Assets		
Investment in and advances to associates and joint ventures (Note 9)	1,651,755	1,412,637
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Notes 10,27 and 28)	2,153,044	2,209,088
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	, ,	, ,
(Notes 11, 27 and 28)	126,209	122,959
Property, plant and equipment (Note 12)	11,916,528	11,582,387
Investment properties (Note 13)	625,555	627,291
Intangible assets (Note 14)	1,920,926	1,853,725
Right-of-use assets (Note 29)	291,696	315,031
Deferred tax assets - net (Note 24)	133,792	127,736
Derivative asset (Notes 10, 27 and 28)	631,674	648,117
Other noncurrent assets (Notes 15 and 27)	394,557	399,179
Total Noncurrent Assets	19,845,736	19,298,150
	₽32,515,856	₽32,011,025
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Notes payable (Notes 16, 27 and 28)	₽3,428,339	₽2,779,103
Trade and other payables (Notes 17, 27 and 28)	2,528,157	2,150,350
Contract liabilities (Note 18 and 27)	550,090	1,416,637
Trust receipts payable (Notes 27 and 28)		128,249
Derivative liability (Notes 27 and 28)	158	371
Income and other taxes payable	52,203	49,151
Current portion of:		
Long-term debt (Notes 19, 27 and 28)	751,059	652,399
Lease liabilities (Notes 27 and 29)	93,941	102,676
Due to related parties (Notes 24, 27 and 28)	142,314	155,595
Total Current Liabilities	7,546,261	7,434,531
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 19, 27 and 28)	10,421,459	10,282,347
Non-controlling interest put liability (Notes 27 and 28)	2,283,895	2,188,320
Deferred tax liabilities - net (Note 25)	423,536	426,529
Pension and other post-employment benefits (Note 26)	244,391	275,600
Lease liabilities - net of current portion (Notes 27 and 29)	190,016	211,452
Other noncurrent liabilities	50,452	49,577
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	13,613,749	13,433,825
Total Liabilities	21,160,010	20,868,356

	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent		
Capital stock (Note 20)	₽2,863,312	₽2,863,312
Additional paid-in capital	396,845	396,845
Treasury shares (Note 20)	(182)	(182)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(809)	(933)
Equity reserves	(328,723)	(299,535)
Other comprehensive income (Note 9)	53,657	50,920
Share in other comprehensive income (loss) of associates (Note 9)	9,918	9,809
Retained earnings (Note 20)	5,411,581	5,360,643
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent	8,405,599	8,380,879
Non-controlling Interests	2,950,247	2,761,790
Total Equity	11,355,846	11,142,669
	₽32,515,856	₽32,011.025

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Amounts in Thousands, Except Per Share Data)

	Three-Month Po Ma	eriods Ended arch 31
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
REVENUES		
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Sale of goods	₽3,298,165	₽3,451,182
Tuition, school fees and other services	1,303,202	909,832
Installation services	9,479	16,347
Hospital routine services	55,777	33,680
Consultancy services	20,526	11,069
Rental income	19,650	17,437
Investment income	76,333	54,470
	4,783,132	4,494,017
COSTS AND EXPENSES		
Cost of sales (Note 21)	2,759,275	2,856,226
Cost of educational, installation, hospital and consultancy services	_,,	2,000,220
(Note 21)	531,953	394,904
General and administrative expenses (Note 22)	551,522	495,639
Selling expenses (Note 23)	181,567	154,646
	4,024,317	3,901,315
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)		
Interest expense and other financing charges	(173,862)	(171,279)
Foreign exchange gains - net (Note 27)	(1,445)	13,190
Equity in net losses of associates and joint ventures (Note 9)	(36,990)	17,702
Gain on derivatives – net	(16,443)	1,546
Gain on change in fair value of financial assets at FVPL	(56,044)	30,589
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment – net	1,131	59
Others – net	7,813	7,105
	(275,840)	(101,088)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	482,975	491,614
	102,770	191,011
PROVISION FOR (BENEFIT FROM) INCOME TAX (Note 25)		
Current	12,123	(405)
Deferred	(13,710)	(1,444)
2	(1,587)	(1,849)
NET INCOME	₽484,562	₽493,463
Attributable to:		
Equity holders of the Parent	₽227,368	₽292,055
Non-controlling interests	257,194	201,408
Net income	₽484,562	₽493,463
		,
Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Common Share - Attributable to		D1 07
Equity Holders of the Parent (Note 31)	₽0.79	₽1.07

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Amounts in Thousands)

	Three-Month Pe Ma	eriods Ended arch 31
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
NET INCOME	₽ 484,562	₽493,463
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)		
Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss		
in subsequent periods		
Re-measurement loss on defined benefit obligation	(7,253)	-
Unrealized loss on change in fair value of financial assets at fair		
value through other comprehensive income	3,500	1,301
Share in unrealized gain (loss) on change in fair value of financial	,	
assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and		
defined benefit obligation of associates and joint ventures	109	(1,685)
Income tax effect	(525)	(157)
	(4,169)	(541)
Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods		(-)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	154	(66)
Total other comprehensive loss	(4,015)	(607)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	₽480,547	₽492,856
)-	
Attributable to:		
Equity holders of the Parent	₽225,703	₽291,379
Non-controlling interests	254,844	201,477
Total comprehensive income	₽480,547	₽492,856

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Amounts in Thousands)

_				Equity	Attributable to Ec	uity Holders of the	e Parent					
	Capital Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Shares	Exchange Differences on Translation of Foreign Operations	Equity Reserves	Other Comprehensive Income	Share in Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) of Associates and Joint Ventures	<u>Retained</u> Appropriate U	<u>Earnings</u> Jnappropriated	Subtotal	Non- controlling Interests	Total Equity
Balance, December 31, 2022 (Audited)	₽2,863,312	₽396,845	(₽182)	(P 933)	(₽299,535)	₽50,920	₽9,809	₽1,765,500	₽3,595,143	₽8,380,879	₽2,761,790	₽11,142,669
Net income	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	227,368	227,368	257,194	484,562
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	124	-	2,975	109	-	(4,873)	(1,665)	(2,350)	(4,015)
Total comprehensive income	_	-	_	124	_	2,975	109	-	222,495	225,703	254,844	480,547
Cash dividends (Note 20)	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	(171,795)	(171,795)	-	(171,795)
Realized gain on sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive	_	_	_	-	-	(238)	-	-	238	-	-	-
Put option over NCI (Note 20)	_	_	_	-	(29,188) .		_	-	(29,188)	(66,387)	(95,575)
Reversal of Appropriation	-	_	-		-							
Appropriation of retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	· _	(1,765,500)	1,765,500	-	-	-
(Note 20)	-	-	-	-	-	-		1,600,000	(1,600,000)	-	-	-
Balance, March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	₽2,863,312	₽396,845	(P182)	(₽809)	(₽328,723)	₽ 53,657	₽9,918	₽1,600,000	₽3,811,581	₽8,405,599	₽2,950,247	₽11,355,846

	Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent											
	Capital Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Shares	Exchange Differences on Translation of Foreign Operations	Equity Reserves	Other Comprehensive Income	Share in Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) of Associates and Joint Ventures		Earnings Unappropriated	Subtotal	Non- controlling Interests	Total Equity
Balance, December 31, 2021 (Audited)	₽2,863,312	₽259,248	(₽143,574)	(₽581)	(₽81,446)	₽38,167	₽11,538	₽1,765,500	₽2,776,780	₽7,488,944	₽2,483,624	₽9,972,568
Net income			(£115,571)	(1501)	(£01,440) _		<i>,</i>		292,055	292,055	201,408	493,463
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	_	(52)	_	1,061	(1,685)	_		(676)	69	(607)
Total comprehensive income	-	_	_	(52)	-	1,061	(1,685)	_	292,055	291,379	201,477	492,856
Cash dividends (Note 20) Put option over non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-		_	-	(135,930)	(135,930)	-	(135,930)
(Note 20)	_	_	_	_	(50,601)	-	_	-	_	(50,601)	(30,760)	(81,361)
Buyback of shares	_	_	(459)	-	-	_	_	_	_	(459)	-	(459)
Balance, March 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	₽2,863,312	₽259,248	(₽144,033)	(₽633)	₽132,047)	₽39,228	₽9,853	₽1,765,500	₽2,932,905	₽7,571,536	₽2,654,341	₽10,247,674

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Amounts in Thousands)

	Three-Month Per Ma	riods Ended rch 31
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	D400.055	D 401 C14
Income before income tax	₽482,975	₽491,614
Adjustments to reconcile income before income tax		
to net cash flows:	150 200	151 106
Depreciation and amortization (Notes 21, 22 and 23)	170,399	151,196
Interest expense and other financing charges	173,862	171,279
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain) - net	1,445	(13,190)
Pension and other employee benefits expense	28,379	11,990
Equity in net losses (earnings) of associates and joint ventures (Note 9)	36,990	(17.702)
Gain on investments held for trading – net	(2,709)	(1,259)
Interest income	(73,603)	(53,212)
Loss (gain) on derivatives – net	16,443	(1,546)
Dividend income	(20)	-
Unrealized loss (gain) on change in fair value of investment	56,044	(30,589)
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment – net	(1,131)	(59)
Operating income before working capital changes	889,074	708,522
Decrease (increase) in		
Trade and other receivables	66,710	267,287
Inventories	252,871	39,277
Input value-added taxes and other current assets	29,337	(37,843)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Trade and other payables	302,559	255,947
Trust receipts payables	(128,249)	216,066
Contract liabilities	(866,547)	(923,147)
Net cash provided by operations	545,755	579,292
Interest paid	(178,848)	(155,089)
Income tax paid	(12,134)	7.504
Contributions to the pension fund and benefits paid from operating fund	(66,841)	(19.004)
Interest received	21,615	20,886
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	309,547	433,589
The cush provided by (used in) operating ded rides		100,000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Additions to:	(20 750)	(((2, 102)))
Investment held for trading	(38,750)	(662,183)
Property, plant and equipment	(546,490)	(309,742)
Investment in associates	(276,000)	-
Intangible assets	(32)	-
Proceeds from sale of:		
Investment held for trading	271,244	983,822
Property, plant and equipment	1,131	59
Financial assets at FVOCI	250	
Investment properties	-	3,929
Increase in other noncurrent assets	4,622	35,696
Dividends received	20	_
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(584,005)	51,581

(Forward)

	Three-Month Periods Ended March 31	
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Payments of:		
Notes payable	(₽800,900)	(₽885,000)
Cash dividends	(75,523)	(38,894)
Treasury shares	_	(459)
Lease liability	(35,398)	(29,726)
Long-term debt	(170,110)	(638,207)
Proceeds from availments of:		
Notes payable	1,450,000	186,805
Long-term debt	397,000	989,922
Increase (decrease) in due to related parties	(13,281)	(41,646)
Increase in other noncurrent liabilities	875	12
Net cash provided by financing activities	752,663	(457,193)
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,445)	13,190
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	476,760	41,167
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	3,421,578	3,695,914
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
AT END OF PERIOD (Note 5)	₽3,898,338	₽3,737,081

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information

PHINMA Corporation (PHN or the Parent Company) was incorporated in the Philippines and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on March 12, 1957.

The Parent Company is listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) since August 15, 1958.

On August 2, 2006, the Philippine SEC approved the extension of the Parent Company's corporate life for another 50 years. On May 27, 2010, the Philippine SEC approved the change in the Parent Company's corporate name from Bacnotan Consolidated Industries, Inc. to PHINMA Corporation. Its principal activity is holding investments in shares in various subsidiaries, associates and investees and other financial instruments.

Following are the subsidiaries of the Parent Company and the nature of their principal business activities:

			March 31, 2022		De	ecember 31, 20	22	
Subsidiaries	Nature of Business	Calendar/ Fiscal Yearend	PHN Direct Interest	Direct Interest of Subsidiary	PHN Effective Interest	PHN Direct Interest	Direct Interest of Subsidiary	PHN Effective Interest
Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC)	Manufacturing	December 31	98.01		98.01	98.01	Subsidialy	98.01
Union Galvasteer Corporation (UGC)	and distribution of steel products	December 51	50.01	_	90.01	98.01	_	98.01
PHINMA Solar Energy Corporation (PHINMA Solar) ^(g)	Solar rooftop	December 31	-	100.00	98.01	-	100.00	98.01
PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PEHI) ^(a and b)	Holding company	March 31	67.18	-	67.18	67.18	-	67.18
Pamantasan ng Araullo (Araullo University), Inc. (AU) ^(a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	97.57	65.55	-	97.57	65.55
Cagayan de Oro College, Inc. (COC) ^(a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	91.27	61.32	-	91.27	61.32
University of Iloilo (UI) (a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	69.23	46.51	-	69.23	46.51
University of Pangasinan (UPANG) and Subsidiary ^(a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	69.33	46.58	-	69.33	46.58
Southwestern University (SWU) ^(a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	84.34	56.66	-	84.34	56.66
St. Jude College, Inc. (SJCI)	Educational institution	December 31	-	98.30	66.04	-	98.30	66.04
Republican College, Inc. (RCI) (c)	Educational institution	December 31	-	98.41	66.11	-	98.41	66.11
Rizal College of Laguna (RCL) (a and d)	Educational institution	April 30	-	90.00	60.46	-	90.00	60.46
Union College of Laguna (UCLI) (a and e)	Educational institution	May 31	_	80.91	54.36	-	80.91	54.36
Career Academy Asia, Inc. (CAA) (f)	Educational Institution	March 31	90.00	-	90.00	90.00	_	90.00
Philcement Corporation (Philcement)	Manufacturing and distribution of cement products	December 31	60.00	-	60.00	60.00	-	60.00
P & S Holdings Corporation (PSHC)	Investment and real estate holdings	December 31	60.00	-	60.00	60.00	-	60.00
Asian Plaza, Inc. (API)	Lease of real property	December 31	57.62	-	57.62	57.62	-	57.62
One Animate Limited (OAL) and Subsidiary ^(h)	Business process outsourcing - animation services	December 31	80.00	-	80.00	80.00	_	80.00

^(a) Balances as at and for the year ended December 31 of these subsidiaries were used for consolidation purposes.

(b) On May 21, 2021, PEHI acquired 65.76% interest in UCLI. On August 5, 2021, PEHI acquired additional 328,810 shares for a total consideration of P32.9million, which increased ownership to 79.07%. On September 2021, PEHI acquired additional 121,190 shares for a total consideration of P12.1 million, which increased its ownership interest to 80.91%

^(c) CAA ceased its operations on March 31, 2019.

(d) On December 22, 2020, PHN sold its 225.0 million shares in PHINMA Solar to UGC representing 50.00% ownership in PHINMA Solar.

(e) OAL owns 100.00% interest in Toon City Animation, Inc. (Toon City). OAL and Toon City ceased operations in April 2013.

The Parent Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Company") were all incorporated in the Philippines, except for OAL which was incorporated in Hong Kong. The Company's ultimate parent company is Philippine Investment-Management (PHINMA), Inc., which is also incorporated in the Philippines.

The information on the segments of the Company is presented in Note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

The registered office address of the Parent Company is 12th Floor, PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City.

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors (BOD), as approved and recommended for approval by the Audit Committee on May 11, 2023.

2. Basis of Preparation and Consolidation and Statement of Compliance

Basis of Preparation

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investments held for trading classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and derivative financial instruments that are measured at fair value.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Accounting Standard (PAS) 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. The Company has prepared the financial statements on the basis that it will continue to operate as a going concern. The BOD considers that there are no material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt over this assumption. The BOD has formed a judgment that there is reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, and not less than 12 months from the end of the reporting period. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine peso (P), which is the Parent Company's functional and presentation currency under Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS). All values are rounded to the nearest thousand peso, except when otherwise indicated.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2020. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared for inclusion in the Prospectus to be prepared by the Company for its planned offering transaction.

Basis of Consolidation

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries. As at March 31, 2023, there were no significant changes in the Parent Company's ownership interest in its subsidiaries.

3. Changes in Accounting Polices and Disclosures

Current Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new standards effective as at January 1, 2022.

Unless otherwise indicated, adoption of these new standards did not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

Amendments to PFRS 3, *Reference to the Conceptual Framework*

The amendments are intended to replace a reference to the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements, issued in 1989, with a reference to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued in March 2018 without significantly changing its requirements. The amendments added an exception to the recognition principle of PFRS 3, *Business Combinations* to avoid the issue of potential 'day 2' gains or losses arising for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of PAS 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets* or Philippine-Interpretational Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) 21, *Levies*, if incurred separately.

At the same time, the amendments add a new paragraph to PFRS 3 to clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date.

Amendments to PAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use

The amendments prohibit entities deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment, any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognizes the proceeds from selling such items, and the costs of producing those items, in profit or loss.

Amendments to PAS 37, Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify which costs an entity needs to include when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making. The amendments apply a "directly related cost approach". The costs that relate directly to a contract to provide goods or services include both incremental costs and an allocation of costs directly related to contract activities. General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract.

- Annual Improvements to PFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle
 - Amendments to PFRS 1, *First-time Adoption of Philippine Financial Reporting Standards, Subsidiary as a First-time Adopter*

The amendment permits a subsidiary that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of PFRS 1 to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported by the parent, based on the parent's date of transition to PFRS. This amendment is also applied to an associate or joint venture that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of PFRS 1.

 Amendments to PFRS 9, Financial Instruments, Fees in the '10 per cent' Test for Derecognition of Financial Liabilities

The amendment clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf. An entity applies the amendment to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendment.

• Amendments to PAS 41, Agriculture, Taxation in Fair Value Measurements

The amendment removes the requirement in paragraph 22 of PAS 41 that entities exclude cash flows for taxation when measuring the fair value of assets within the scope of PAS 41.

Future Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

Pronouncements issued but not yet effective are listed below. Unless otherwise indicated, the Company does not expect that the future adoption of the said pronouncements will have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements. The Company intends to adopt the following pronouncements when they become effective.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2023

Amendments to PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2, Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments provide guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by:

- Replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies, and
- Adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures

The amendments to the Practice Statement provide non-mandatory guidance. Meanwhile, the amendments to PAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with early adoption permitted.

Amendments to PAS 8, *Definition of Accounting Estimates*

The amendments introduce a new definition of accounting estimates and clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. Also, the amendments clarify that the effects on an accounting estimate of a change in an input or a change in a measurement technique are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors.

An entity applies the amendments to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after January 1, 2023 with earlier adoption permitted.

• Amendments to PAS 12, Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under PAS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendments also clarify that where payments that settle a liability are deductible for tax purposes, it is a matter of judgement (having considered the applicable tax law) whether such deductions are attributable for tax purposes to the liability recognized in the financial statements (and interest expense) or to the related asset component (and interest expense).

An entity applies the amendments to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented for annual reporting periods on or after January 1, 2023.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2024

Amendments to PAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent

The amendments clarify:

- That only covenants with which an entity must comply on or before reporting date will affect a liability's classification as current or non-current
- That classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right
- That only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and must be applied retrospectively. The Group is currently assessing the impact the amendments will have on current practice and whether existing loan agreements may require renegotiation.

Amendments to PFRS 16, Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

The amendments specify how a seller-lessee measures the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction in a way that it does not recognize any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use retained.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and must be applied retrospectively with early adoption permitted.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2025

• PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

PFRS 17 is a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. Once effective, PFRS 17 will replace PFRS 4, *Insurance Contracts*. This new standard on insurance contracts applies to all types of insurance contracts (i.e., life, non-life, direct insurance and re-insurance), regardless of the type of entities that issue them, as well as to certain guarantees and financial instruments with discretionary participation features. A few scope exceptions will apply.

The overall objective of PFRS 17 is to provide an accounting model for insurance contracts that is more useful and consistent for insurers. In contrast to the requirements in PFRS 4, which are largely based on grandfathering previous local accounting policies, PFRS 17 provides a comprehensive model for insurance contracts, covering all relevant accounting aspects. The core of PFRS 17 is the general model, supplemented by:

- A specific adaptation for contracts with direct participation features (the variable fee approach)
- A simplified approach (the premium allocation approach) mainly for short-duration contracts

On December 15, 2021, the Financial Reporting Standards Council (FRSC) amended the mandatory effective date of PFRS 17 from January 1, 2023 to January 1, 2025. This is consistent with Circular Letter No. 2020-62 issued by the Insurance Commission which deferred the implementation of PFRS 17 by two (2) years after its effective date as decided by the IASB.

PFRS 17 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025, with comparative figures required. Early application is permitted.

Deferred effectivity

• Amendments to PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, and PAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments address the conflict between PFRS 10 and PAS 28 in dealing with the loss of control of a subsidiary that is sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture. The amendments clarify that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transfer to an associate or joint venture involves a business as defined in PFRS 3. Any gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that does not constitute a business, however, is recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

On January 13, 2016, the FRSC deferred the original effective date of January 1, 2016 of the said amendments until the IASB completes its broader review of the research project on equity accounting that may result in the simplification of accounting for such transactions and of other aspects of accounting for associates and joint ventures.

4. Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. The judgments, estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements. Changes in these estimates and assumptions could result in outcomes that may require material adjustments to the carrying amounts of the affected assets or liabilities in the future.

5. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account consists of:

	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,
	2023	2022	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)
Cash on hand and in banks	₽2,168,270	₽1,727,119	₽2,422,130
Short-term deposits	1,730,068	1,694,459	1,314,951
	₽3,898,338	₽3,421,578	₽3,737,081

Cash in banks earn interest at the prevailing bank deposit rates. Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of up to three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Company and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates.

6. Investments Held for Trading

This account consists of investments in:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Unit Investment Trust Funds (UITFs)	₽417,822	₽647,383
Marketable equity securities	6,709	6,933
	₽424,531	₽654,316

7. Trade and Other Receivables

This account consists of:

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Receivables from customers	₽4,173,992	₽4,384,912
Advances to suppliers and contractors	1,850,028	1,759,992
Advances to officers and employees	52,757	56,148
Rent receivables	99,235	95,761
Due from related parties (see Note 24)	25,656	28,918
Loans receivable	4,417	4,417
Accrued interest receivables	390,535	338,546
Others	419,131	340,181
	7,015,751	7,008,875
Less allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs)	1,399,016	1,377,419
	₽5,616,735	₽5,631,456

Movements in the allowance for ECLs are as follows:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Beginning balance	₽1,377,419	₽1,198,614
Provisions (see Notes 22 and 23)	21,597	178,805
	₽1,399,016	₽1,377,419

The changes in the gross carrying amount of receivables during the period and impact of COVID-19 pandemic did not materially affect the allowance for ECLs.

8. Inventories

This account consists of:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
At cost:		
Finished goods	₽1,717,109	₽1,942,001
Raw materials	136,713	186,259
Other inventories	87,832	149,607
At net realizable value		
Spare parts and others	105,132	90,345
Other inventories	76,351	7,796
	₽2,123,137	₽2,376,008

9. Investment in and advances to Associates and Joint Ventures

The Company's associates and joint ventures consist of the following:

	Percentage of Ownership				
	20)23	20	022	
	Direct	Effective	Direct	Effective	
Investment in associates:					
PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation (PPHC) ^(a)	35.42	42.71	35.42	42.71	
ABCIC Property Holdings, Inc. (APHI) ^(b)	26.51	28.15	26.51	28.15	
Coral Way City Hotel Corporation (Coral Way) ^(c)	23.75	29.27	23.75	29.27	
PHINMA Hospitality, Inc (PHI) ^(d)	-	20.88	_	20.88	
Interests in joint ventures:					
PHINMA Saytanar Education Company Limited (PHINMA Saytanar) ^(e)	-	35.92	_	35.92	
PT Ind Phil Managemen (IPM) ^(e)	_	46.17	_	46.17	
(a) Indirect ownership through API.					
(b) Indirect ownership through UGC.					

(c) Indirect ownership through PHI.

(d) Formerly Microtel Development Corporation (MDC). Indirect ownership through API.

(e) Indirect ownership through PEHI.

Investment in Associates

The detailed carrying values of investments in associates (accounted for under the equity method) are as follows:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
РРНС	₽929,606	₽694,647
APHI	174,291	173,191
PHI	134,786	132,476
Coral Way	65,161	62,913
	₽1,303,844	₽1,063,227

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Acquisition costs, balance at beginning		
	₽1,863,322	₽1,863,322
Advances to associates	276,000	-
Balance at end of period	2,139,322	1,863,322
Accumulated equity in net losses:		
Balance at beginning of period	(825,859)	(883,407)
Equity in net losses	(35,492)	57,548
Balance at end of period	(861,351)	(825,859)
Share in other comprehensive income (loss) of associates:		
Balance at beginning of period	25,764	27,493
Share in other comprehensive income	109	(1,729)
Balance at end of period	25,873	25,764
	P1,303,844	₽1,063,227

The movements and details of the investments in and advances to associates are as follows:

On January 18, 2023, the Company advanced the amount of ₱276.0 million to Phinma Properties for future subscription in common shares.

Interests in Joint Ventures

The detailed carrying values of interests in joint ventures (accounted for under the equity method) are as follows:

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
IPM	P 347,911	₽349,410
PHINMA Saytanar	_	_
	₽347,911	₽349,410

The movements and details of the investments in joint ventures are as follows:

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Acquisition costs:		
Balance at beginning and end of period	₽344,769	₽235,503
Additions	-	109,266
Balance at end of period	344,769	344,769
Accumulated equity in net earnings (losses):		
Balance at beginning of period	4,641	4,175
Equity in net earnings	(1,499)	466
Balance at end of period	3,142	4,641

10. Financial Assets at FVPL

This account consists of:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Investment in preferred shares	₽2,153,044	₽2,209,088

On September 18, 2019, the Parent Company executed a Term Sheet with Song Lam Cement Joint Stock Company (Song Lam), Vissai Ninh Binh Joint Stock Company (Vissai) and Hoang Manh Truong (Sponsor) for the investment of US\$50.0 million via preferred shares in Song Lam. Song Lam Joint Stock Company manufactures, markets, distributes and exports clinker, cement and cement products and is a supplier of Philcement, a 60%-owned subsidiary of PHN. Vissai is the parent company of Song Lam which owns and manages five cement plants in Vietnam.

In January 2020, the Parent Company, Song Lam, Vissai and Hoang Minh Truong entered into share subscription agreement related to the Parent Company's subscription of the new preferred shares of Song Lam. An advance payment of 10% equivalent to US\$5.0 million was made on November 26, 2019 and the 90% balance or US\$45.0 million was paid on May 18, 2021. The total US\$50.0 million investment has an equivalent peso amount of P2.39 billion on May 18, 2021.

The preferred shares are entitled to receive an annual fixed cumulative dividends of 7.5%, independent of Song Lam's business outcome and regardless of operating business results of Song Lam and the existence of retained earnings. The preferred shares shall be convertible to common shares after two (2) years from issuance thereof. The Parent Company may convert the preferred shares between the last day of the second (2nd) year after issuance thereof until the end of the seventh (7th) year following said issuance.

The Parent Company has the option to sell the preferred shares or converted shares to Vissai, the Sponsor or Song Lam at a price equivalent to seventy-five million US Dollars (US\$75,000,000.00), less the amount of preferred dividends received by the Parent Company. The put option may be exercised by the Parent Company after five (5) years from closing and until the end of the seventh (7th) year from said closing.

11. Financial Assets at FVOCI

This account consists of:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Investment in club shares	₽ 44,250	₽41,000
Non-listed equity securities	81,959	81,959
	₽126,209	₽122,959

Investment in equity investments pertain to shares of stock and club shares which are not held for trading. The Company has irrevocably designated the equity instruments at FVOCI, as the Company considers these investments to be strategic in nature.

12. Property, Plant and Equipment

This account consists of:

	January 1, 2023	Acquisition through business Combination	Additions	Disposals	Reclassifications	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)
Cost						
Land	₽3,271,394	₽_	₽5,763	₽-	₽-	₽3,277,157
Plant site improvements	3,472,872	-	-	-	-	3,472,872
Buildings and improvements	4,549,537	-	134,381	-	23,06	4,706,984
Machinery and equipment	2,495,712	-	50,170	_	9,436	2,555,318
Transportation and other equipment	602,384	-	22,358	(1,787)	-	622,955
	14,391,899	-	212,672	(1,787)	32,502	14,635,286
Less Accumulated Depreciation						
Plant site improvements	375,831	-	60,178	_	-	436,009
Buildings and improvements	1,592,772	-	46,281	-	-	1,639,053
Machinery and equipment	1,842,164	-	27,293	-	-	1,869,457
Transportation and other equipment	404,896	-	6,180	(1,787)	-	409,289
	4,215,663	-	139,932	(1,787)	_	4,353,808
	10,176,236	-	72,740	-	32,502	10,281,478
Construction in progress (see Note 13)	1,406,151	-	333,818	-	(104,919)	1,635,050
Net Book Value	P11,582,387	₽-	₽ 406,558	₽-	P (72,417)	₽11,916,528

	January 1, 2022	Acquisition through business combination	Additions	Disposals	Reclassifications	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
Cost						
Land	₽3,141,322	₽-	₽130,072	₽-	₽-	₽3,271,394
Plant site improvements	3,473,015	_	-	(10,884)	10,741	3,472,872
Buildings and improvements	4,147,397	-	408,070	(5,930)	-	4,549,537
Machinery and equipment	2,271,102	-	224,610	-	-	2,495,712
Transportation and other equipment	560,501	-	46,622	(4,739)	-	602,384
	13,593,337	-	809,374	(21,553	10,741	14,391,899
Less Accumulated Depreciation						
Plant site improvements	246,493	-	140,222	(10,884)	-	375,831
Buildings and improvements	1,460,651	_	138,051	(5,930)	-	1,592,772
Machinery and equipment	1,633,050	-	209,114	-	-	1,842,164
Transportation and other equipment	366,988	-	41,082	(3,174)	-	404,896
	3,707,182	-	528,469	(19,988)	-	4,215,663
	9,886,155	-	280,905	(1,565)	10,741	10,176,236
Construction in progress	779,711	-	637,181	-	(10,741)	1,406,151
Net Book Value	₽10,665,866	₽-	₽918,086	(₽1,565)	₽–	₽11,582,387

Interest capitalized as part of "Construction in progress" account amounted to nil and P42.6 million at a capitalization rate ranging from 3.07% to 7.1% as at March 31, 2023 and as at December 31, 2022, respectively.

Certain property and equipment of AU, COC, UI, UPANG, PCC and UGC with aggregate amount of P4,908.9 million and P4,922.4 million as at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2022, respectively, are used as collateral for their respective long-term debts obtained from local banks (see Note 19).

The COVID-19 pandemic did not materially affect the recoverability of property, plant and equipment.

13. Investment Properties

This account consists of:

	January 1, 2023	Additions	Disposal	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)
Cost:				
Land	₽614,504	₽-	₽-	₽614,504
Buildings for lease	85,625		-	85,625
	700,129	-	-	700,129
Less accumulated depreciation -				
Buildings for lease	72,838	(1,736)	-	74,574
	₽627,291	(₽1,736)	₽-	₽625,555

	January 1, 2022	Additions	Disposal	December 31, 2022
Cost:			*	
Land	₽610,724	₽3,780	_	₽614,504
Buildings for lease	95,625	_	(10,000)	85,625
	706,349	3,780	(10,000)	700,129
Less accumulated depreciation -				
Buildings for lease	78,911	760	(6,833)	72,838
	₽627,438	₽3,020	(₽3,167)	₽627,291

As at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the fair values of the investment properties amounted to P2,919.4 million, respectively, based on valuations performed by accredited independent appraisers on various dates from 2018 to 2021. The description of the valuation techniques used and key inputs to fair valuation are as follows:

	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable	Range
Land	Market comparable	Price per square metre	₽250–₽100,000
Buildings for	Market comparable	Price per square metre	₽165,000–₽255,000

The fair value disclosure is categorized under Level 3, except for the investment property of COC which is categorized under Level 2.

PSHC's land amounting to $\mathbb{P}220.0$ million as at March 31, 2023 and as at December 31, 2022, respectively, is used as a security for its long-term debt (see Note 19). Other than this, the Company has no restrictions on the realizability of its investment properties and no contractual obligations to either purchase, construct or develop investment properties.

The COVID-19 pandemic did not materially affect the recoverability of investment properties.

14. Intangible Assets

Following are the details and movements in this account:

		Software		
	Student List	Costs	Goodwill	Total
Cost				
At January 1, 2022	₽165,638	₽74,526	₽2,221,068	₽2,461,232
Additions	_	11,124	-	11,124
Acquisition through business combination			_	-
Reclassifications	_	-	-	-
At December 31, 2022 (Audited)	165,638	85,650	2,221,068	2,472,356
Reclassifications (see Note 11)	_	72,417	-	72,417
Additions	_	32	_	32
At March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	₽165,638	₽158,099	₽2,221,068	₽2,544,805
Amortization and Impairment				
At January 1, 2022	₽165,638	₽39,883	₽403,132	₽608,653
Amortization	_	9,978	-	9,978
At December 31, 2022 (Audited)	165,638	49,861	403,132	618,631
Amortization	_	5,248	_	5,248
At March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	₽165,638	₽55,109	₽403,132	₽623,879
Net Book Value				
At March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	₽_	₽102,990	₽1,817,936	₽1,920,926
At December 31, 2022 (Audited)	-	35,789	1,817,936	1,853,725

15. Other Noncurrent Assets

This account consists of:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2022	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Advances to suppliers and contractors	₽332,431	₽336,203
Indemnification assets	38,115	38,114
Refundable deposits	9,911	10,193
Creditable withholding taxes	7,812	7,812
Others	6,288	6,857
	₽394,557	₽399,179

16. Notes Payable

This account consists of notes payable of the Parent Company and subsidiaries:

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
PhilCement UGC	₽2,275,000 1,153,339	₽1,775,000 1,004,103
	P 3,428,339	₽2,779,103

The notes payable are unsecured short-term peso-denominated loans obtained from financial institutions with an annual interest rate ranging between 2.60% to 6.6% and 2.60% to 4.05% in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

17. Trade and Other Payables

This account consists of:

	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
Trade	₽1,160,680	₽1,107,394
Accruals for:		
Professional fees and others	665,342	591,946
Personnel costs	213,624	113,109
Interest	57,683	73,551
Freight, hauling and handling	68,488	45,797
Dividends	281,959	185,687
Deposit liabilities	3,772	4,874
Others	76,609	27,992
	₽2,528,157	₽2,150,350

18. Contract Liabilities

This account consists of:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Unearned revenues	₽470,938	₽1,327,343
Customers' deposits	79,152	89,294
	₽ 550,090	₽1,416,637

Unearned revenues pertain to portion of tuition fees received or due from students to which the Company still has an obligation to transfer services to the students within the next financial year. Customers' deposits pertain to cash advance received to which the Company has an obligation to deliver roofing and other steel products and installation services within the financial year.

19. Long-term Debt

This account consists of the Parent Company's fixed rate bonds and the Company's long-term loans.

PHN Fixed Rate Bonds due 2024

	March 31,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Principal	₽3,000,000	₽3,000,000
Less debt issuance cost	23,271	27,223
	₽2,976,729	₽2,972,777

On May 6, 2021, the Parent Company filed with the SEC a Registration Statement for the proposed offering of three-year fixed rate bonds due 2024 with an aggregate principal amount of up to two Billion Pesos (₱2,000,000,000.00), with an oversubscription option of up to One Billion Pesos (₱1,000,000,000.00) at an offer price of 100% of face value. This bond offering was authorized by resolutions of the BOD of the Parent Company on March 2, 2021 and the Executive Committee of the Parent Company on April 30, 2021. The Certificate of Permit to offer securities for sale was issued by SEC on August 10, 2021. The interest rate was set at 3.5335% and the offer period commenced at 9:00 a.m. on August 10, 2021 and ended at 5:00 p.m. on August 16, 2021. The Parent Company appointed: China Bank Capital Corporation and SB Capital Investment Corporation as Joint Issue Managers and Joint Lead Underwriters; Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation –Trust and Investments Group as the Trustee; and Philippine Depository & Trust Corp. as the Registrar and Paying Agent.

The bonds were listed in the Philippine Dealing & Exchange Corp. on August 20, 2021.

The balance of unamortized debt issuance cost follows:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Beginning of year	₽27,223	₽42,984
Additions	_	_
Amortization	(3,952)	(15,761)
	₽23,271	₽27,223

Long- Term Loans

	March 31,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
PEHI	₽2,008,100	₽2,025,080
PHN	1,945,000	1,950,000
Philcement	1,183,765	1,288,365
SWU	587,500	589,000
UGC	950,000	962,500
UPANG	320,350	226,933
AU	314,837	221,497
UI	384,500	386,000
COC	348,602	150,965
PSHC	111,982	120,982
Phinma Solar	94,444	97,222
	8,249,080	8,018,544
Less debt issuance cost	53,291	56,575
	8,195,789	7,961,969
Less current portion - net of debt issuance cost	751,059	652,399
	₽7,444,730	₽7,309,570

The debt agreements presented in the succeeding pages include, among others, certain restrictions and requirements. The loan agreements with Security Bank Corporation (SBC), Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation (RCBC) and China Banking Corporation (CBC) stipulate, among others, positive and negative covenants which must be complied with by PHN, UGC, Philcement, PEHI, AU, COC, UPANG, UI and SWU for as long as the loans remain outstanding. Negative covenants include certain restrictions and requirements, such as maintenance of certain current, debt-to-equity and debt service coverage ratios.

As at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company is in compliance with the required financial ratios and other loan covenants, respectively.

Certain assets amounting P5,128.9 million and P4,922 million as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, are mortgaged as collaterals for the respective long-term debts as follows (see Note 16 and 17):

Entity	Collateral
AU	Land and land improvements in the main campus
COC	Land in the main campus
UPANG	Land and land improvements
UI	Land and land improvements

Philcement	Assignment of leasehold rights on the land where the cement terminal is constructed, registration of real estate or chattel mortgage on cement terminal building, equipment and other assets, and assignment of port ownership, right to land lease
	and rights to foreshore lease
UGC	Land, plant site improvements, buildings and installations and machinery and equipment
PSHC	Land

PEHI's loan agreement with CBC is covered by a negative pledge on the shares of stocks held by PEHI with AU, COC, UPANG, UI and SWU.

The balance of unamortized debt issuance cost follows:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Beginning of year	₽57,221	₽62,043
Additions	3,000	12,440
Amortization	(6,930)	(17,908)
	₽ 53,291	₽56,575

The details of long-term debts are summarized below:

				Terms						
Dobton	Loan	Date of Loan	Londor	Installments	Final Installment	-	Datas Duar	Amount Drover		Amounts ⁽¹⁰⁾
Debtor PEHI	Amount £1,500,000 ⁽¹⁾	Agreement December 7, 2015	Lender RCBC	Installments 28 equal quarterly payments of P3.8 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment commenced on March 7, 2019.	Installment December 7, 2025	Interest Rate First five years is based on the three-day average of five-year Philippine Dealing System Treasury Reference Rate (PDST-R2) plus a 1.35% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher, and to be repriced at the end of the fifth year for the remaining five years at an interest rate based on the interest rate then current or the applicable five-year benchmark rate plus 1.35% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher.	Dates Drawn December 7, 2015	Amount Drawn P500,000	March 31, 2023 P430,158	December 31, 2022 ₽433,375
PEHI		December 7, 2015	RCBC	28 equal quarterly payments of P6.8 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment commenced on March 7, 2019.	December 7, 2025	First seven years is based on the three-day average of seven-year PDST-R2 plus a 1.40% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher, and to be repriced at the end of the seventh year for the remaining three years at an interest rate based on the interest rate then current or the applicable three-year benchmark rate plus 1.40% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher.	December 7, 2015	900,000	765,607	796,255
PEHI	1,000,000 ⁽¹⁾	December 1, 2015	CBC	28 equal quarterly payments of P3.8 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment commenced on March 8, 2019.	December 8, 2025	First five years is based on the three-day average of five-year PDST-R2 plus a 1.35% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher, and to be repriced at the end of the fifth year for the remaining five years at an interest rate based on the interest rate then current or the applicable five-year benchmark rate plus 1.35% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher.	December 8, 2015	500,000	348,352	441,901
РЕНІ	P364,000 ⁽²¹⁾	December 27, 2021	RCBC	16 equal quarterly payments of P2.73 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment will commence on March 27, 2022.	December 7, 2025	Nominal interest rate of 4.85%	December 27, 2021	P 364,000	₽438,779	₽351,016
COC	100,000 ⁽²⁾	March 27, 2013	CBC	40 equal quarterly payments of P1.3 million. First principal payment commenced on June 27, 2013.	March 27, 2023	Nominal interest rate of 5.81% from March 27, 2013 to March 27, 2018, 6.05% from March 27, 2018 to March 27, 2020 and 6.30% from March 27, 2020 to March 27, 2023 with the EIR of 6.12% over 365 days.	March 27, 2013	50,000	-	1,251
COC		July 18, 2013	CBC	39 equal quarterly payments of P1.3 million. First principal payment commenced on June 27, 2013.	March 27, 2023	Nominal interest rate of 5.81% from July 18, 2013 to June 27, 2018, 6.05% from June 27, 2018 to June 27, 2020 and 7.38% from June 27, 2020 to March 27, 2023 with the EIR of 6.07% over 365 days.	July 18, 2013	50,000		1,284

				Terms						
D.L.	Loan	Date of Loan	. .	T (N)	Final				Outstanding	
Debtor COC	<u>Amount</u> 125,000 ⁽³⁾	Agreement June 24, 2018	Lender CBC	Installments 28 unequal quarterly payments as follows: 8 quarterly installments of P0.3 million from October 9, 2021 to July 9, 2023; 8 quarterly installments of P1.6 million from October 9, 2023 to July 9, 2025; 8 quarterly installment of P3.1 million from October 9, 2025 to July 9, 2027 and 4 quarterly installments of P21.3 million from October 9, 2027 to July 9, 2028. First principal payment will commence on July 9, 2021.	Installment July 9, 2028	Interest Rate Fixed rate of 6.25% p.a. for the first five years; for remaining five years, higher of applicable five-year PDST-R2 plus a spread of up to 100 bps or 6.25% p.a.	Dates Drawn July 9, 2018	Amount Drawn 125,000	March 31, 2023 127,917	December 31, 2022 123,003
OC	25,000 ⁽⁴⁾	April 13, 2018	Private funder	One-time payment at maturity date of April 13, 2023.	April 13, 2023	Interest rate at 6.25% per annum payable until fully paid.	April 13, 2018	25,000	25,000	25,000
oc	150,000 ⁽³⁾	February 1, 2023	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: 1.69million from May 10, 2025 to November 10, 2032 and; 97.5million upon maturity on February 10, 2033	March 1, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.3170% p.a. fixed up to 2/10/2028, and 7.6258% p.a. thereafter up to 2/10/2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the Initial Drawdown Date until the Maturity Date, the Interest Rate per annum shall be reset on the Interest Rate Resetting Date to the higher of: (a) Benchmark Rate plus Interest Spread, divided by the Interest Premium Factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	March 1, 2023	150,000	149,046	
OC	50,000 ⁽³⁾	February 1, 2023	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: 0.565million from May 10, 2025 to November 10, 2032 and; 32.5million upon maturity on February 10, 2033	February 27, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.2824% p.a. fixed up to 2/10/2028, and 7.5897% p.a. thereafter up to 2/10/2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the Initial Drawdown Date until the Maturity Date, the Interest Rate per annum shall be reset on the Interest Rate Resetting Date to the higher of: (a) Benchmark Rate plus Interest Spread, divided by the Interest Premium Factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	February 27, 2023	50,000	49,712	-
Л	200,000 ⁽⁵⁾	December 12, 2017	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: 1.0 million per quarter for the 3rd and 4th year from initial drawdown; 1.5 million per quarter for the 5th and 6th year; 2.5 million per quarter for	December 20, 2027	The borrower has the option, which shall be made known to the bank on the initial drawdown date: i. Fixed for the first seven years. Applicable seven- year PDST-R2 a spread up to 1.25%, for the remaining three years, the applicable three-year PDST-R2 plus a spread up to 1.25%; or, ii. Fixed for ten years,	December 20, 2017	100,000	91,738	92,088

				Terms		-				
	Loan	Date of Loan			Final			_	Outstanding	
Debtor	Amount	Agreement	Lender	Installments the 7th until 9th year; and, 37.5 million per quarter for the 10th year	Installment	Interest Rate applicable PDST-R2 plus a spread up to 1.35%.	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
UI	200,000 ⁽⁵⁾	December 12, 2017	CBC	Principal payments will be the same with the first drawdown. As per agreement both the first and second drawdown will be repaid at the same dates and terms.	December 20, 2027	The borrower has the option, which shall be made known to the bank on the initial drawdown date: i. Fixed for the first seven years. Applicable seven- year PDST-R2 a spread up to 1.25%, for the remaining three years, the applicable three-year PDST-R2 plus a spread up to 1.25%; or, ii. Fixed for ten years, applicable PDST-R2 plus a spread up to 1.35%.	April 24, 2018	100,000	92,156	92,556
UI	200,000 ⁽⁵⁾	October 14, 2022	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: 1.5 million per quarter from the beginning of the 3rd year drawn	December 18, 2032	For the first seven years, from the initial drawn date to the end of the 7th year. Interest shall be based on the sum of the applicable 7-year benchmark and margin. For the next 3 years: from the beginning of the 8th year to final maturity date - sum of the applicable 3-year benchmark and the margin.	October 18, 2022	200,000	197,832	198,582
AU	57,000 ⁽⁶⁾	November 29, 2019	СВС	20 equal quarterly payments of P3.0 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment commenced on February 29, 2020.	November 29, 2024	Fixed rate for the first five years based on five-year Benchmark rate of the term plus interest spread or a floor rate of 5.25% plus applicable GRT.	November 29, 2019	53,700	18,695	21,351
AU	100,000 ⁽⁶⁾	November 29, 2019	CBC	 27 equal quarterly payments of P1.5 million starting from November 29, 2022 to May 5, 2029 with the remaining balance of P60.3 million to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment will commence on February 28, 2023. 	November 29, 2029	Fixed rate for the first five years based on the five-year Benchmark rate of the term plus interest spread or a floor rate of 5.25% plus applicable GRT. Interest rate is subject for repricing for the remaining five years based on: i. Initial interest rate; or ii. Then prevailing five-year Benchmark rate plus interest spread, whichever is higher.	November 29, 2019	100,000	97,923	99,315
AU	₽100,000 ⁽⁶⁾	November 29, 2019	СВС	28 unequal quarterly payments as follows: 8 quarterly installments of P2.5 million from February 28, 2023 to November 29, 2024; 16 quarterly installments of P3.8 million from February 28, 20205 to November 29, 2028 and 4 quarterly installment of P5.0 million from February 28, 2029 to	November 29, 2029	Fixed rate for the first five years based on the five-year Benchmark rate of the term plus interest spread or a floor rate of 5.25% plus applicable GRT. Interest rate is subject for repricing for the remaining five years based on: i. Initial interest rate or ii. Then prevailing five-year Benchmark rate plus interest spread, whichever is higher.	November 29, 2019	₽100,000	₽96,923	₽99,357

				Terms		_				
D.L.	Loan	Date of Loan	× ,	T (N)	Final				Outstanding	
Debtor	Amount	Agreement	Lender	Installments November 29, 2029. First principal payment will commence on February 28, 2023.	Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
AU	100,000 ⁽⁶⁾	February 1, 2023	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: 1.1million from June 1, 2025 to December 1, 2032 and; 65million upon maturity on March 1, 2033	March 1, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.3900% p.a. fixed up to 3/1/2028, and 7.7019% p.a. thereafter up to 3/01/2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the Initial Drawdown Date until the Maturity Date, the Interest Rate per annum shall be reset on the Interest Rate Resetting Date to the higher of: (a) Benchmark Rate plus Interest Spread, divided by the Interest Premium Factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	March 1, 2023	100,000	100,000	-
UPANG	190,000 ⁽⁷⁾	March 27, 2018	CBC	32 unequal quarterly payments as follows: P1.9 million from June 27, 2020 to March 27, 2022; P2.9 million from June 27, 2022 to March 27, 2025; P4.8 million from June 27, 2025 to March 27, 2027; and P 25.7 million from June 27, 2027 to March 27, 2028.	March 27, 2028	Interest shall be payable quarterly in arrears from February 27, 2018 to June 27, 2018 (92 days) shall be at 6.50% inclusive of GRT fixed for the first five years. Interest shall be based on five-year PDST-R2 (5.22% + 122 bps + 1% GRT. The interest rate for the remaining five years of the loan shall be the PDST-R2 plus a spread of up to 125 bps or 6.50% whichever is higher.	March 27, 2018	190,000	162,742	165,554
UPANG	100,000 ⁽⁷⁾	February 1, 2023	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: 1.1million from May 27, 2025 to November 27, 2032 and; 65million upon maturity on February 27, 2033	February 27, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.3871% p.a. fixed up to 2/27/2028, and 7.6988% p.a. thereafter up to 2/27/2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the Initial Drawdown Date until the Maturity Date, the Interest Rate per annum shall be reset on the Interest Rate Resetting Date to the higher of: (a) Benchmark Rate plus Interest Spread, divided by the Interest Premium Factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	February 27, 2023	100,000	99,962	-
UPANG Urdaneta	100,000 ⁽⁷⁾	September 29, 2015	RCBC	28 quarterly payments, to commence at the end of the 13th quarter from the initial drawdown date.	September 29, 2025	Interest shall be payable quarterly in arrears. i. Fixed rate for the first seven (7) years of the term based on three- day average of seven-year PDST-R2 + 1.42%, subject to repricing at the end of the seventh year; and ii. On the last three years of the term, the interest rate shall be based on the interest rate then current or the three-day average of three-year PDST-R2 + 1.42%, whichever is higher.	September 29, 2015	100,000	56,088	60,488

				Terms						
	Loan	Date of Loan			Final	_		_	Outstanding	
Debtor SWU	Amount £400,000 ⁽⁸⁾	Agreement December 6, 2017	Lender RCBC	Installments 28 quarterly payments of P1.0 million. First principal payment will commence on March 7, 2021.	Installment December 7, 2027	Interest Rate Interest is payable quarterly in arrears, commencing at the end of the first quarter from the initial drawdown date. Interest shall be fixed at 6.66% from years one to five and at 6.94% onwards until maturity.	Dates Drawn December 7, 2017; December 20, 2017; March 29, 2018	Amount Drawn £100,000 200,000 100,000	March 31, 2023 97,668 195,670 97,688	December 31, 2022 97,915 195,831 97,915
SWU	200,000 ⁽⁸⁾	April 18, 2018	CBC	28 equal quarterly payments of P0.5 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment will commence on July 18, 2021.	April 18, 2028	Fixed for the first five years, applicable five-year PDST-R2 plus a spread of up to 125 bps. For the remaining five years, applicable five-year PDST-R2 plus a spread of up to 125 bps.	April 18, 2018	200,000	195,984	196,829
PHN	2,000,000 ⁽⁹⁾	May 23, 2017	SBC	Principal repayment shall commence at the end of the 3 rd year from initial drawdown date until maturity date; balloon payment amounting to P1.9 billion or 94% of principal amount on maturity date.	May 21, 2027	Interest rate is equivalent to: i) the applicable 10-year PDST-R2 Benchmark Rate plus an interest spread of 125 basis points per annum (1.25% p.a.), and ii) 6.25% p.a., whichever is higher.	May 23, 2017	2,000,000	1,937,732	1,942,344
UGC	1,000,000 ⁽²²⁾	February 18, 2022	BDO	Principal amortization commence 3 months after drawdown date and every quarter thereafter and shall be paid based on 1.25% every quarter for 4 years and the remaining 80% paid in balloon upon maturity	February 18, 2027	Interest rate in based on 3Y BVAL 3.3618+ spread 1.25%=4.6118%+ 5% GRT =4.8545%	February 18, 2022	1,000,000	942,209	954,206
Philcement	₽875,000 ^(14,15)	June 1, 2018	SBC	14 equal quarterly payments (<i>ιδ</i>)	October 25, 2023	Interest rate is based on the 5-year PDST- R2 reference rate for securities with 5- year tenor plus 1.25% spread, subject to floor rate of 5.5% per annum. No repricing of interest rate from availment date to maturity date.	October 25, 2018 January 03, 2019 January 22, 2019 January 25, 2019 April 26, 2019 May 21, 2019 May 21, 2019 September 4, 2019	P160,000 160,000 59,000 65,000 18,555 81,439 251,977 51,418	P34,201 34,221 12,629 13,915 3,964 17,432 53,935 11,006	₽45,567 45,062 16,833 18,549 5,281 23,234 71,888 14,667
Philcement	720,000 ⁽¹⁷⁾	February 26, 2021	SBC	8 quarterly principal payments of ¥10.3 million, 9 quarterly principal payments of ¥20.5 million and remaining balance to be paid at	June 13, 2025	Interest rate of 6.73% GRT inclusive, fixed rate up to maturity	February 26, 2021	369,363	265,666	286,004

				Terms						
	Loan	Date of Loan			Final			_	Outstanding	
Debtor	Amount	Agreement	Lender	Installments	Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
				maturity date 8 quarterly principal payments of P9.7 million, 9 quarterly principal payments of P19.5 million and remaining balance to be paid at maturity date		Interest rate of 6.84% GRT inclusive, fixed rate up to maturity		350,637	252,197	271,504
PCC	₽500,000 ⁽¹⁸⁾	March 19, 2021	SBC	 20 unequal quarterly payment as follows: P1.0 million from September 30, 2021 to December 29, 2021 P2.5million from March 30,2022 to December 29, 2022 P5.0 million from March 30, 2023 to December 29, 2023 P58.4 million from March 30, 2024 to December 29, 2024; P49.2 million from March 28, 2025 to December 29, 2025 and P36.8million on March 30, 2026 	March 30, 2026	Interest rate of 5.1%GRT inclusive, fixed rate up to March 29, 2024and for the remaining two years, the applicable two-year BVAL plus 40 bps subject to a floor rate of 5.1%	March 19, 2021	₽500,000	₽480,316	₽484,899
Phinma Solar	₽20,000 ⁽¹⁹⁾	June 25, 2021	DBP	Principal repayment to commence at the end of the fifth (5th) quarter from date of Initial Draw Down. Principal shall be payable in thirty-six equal quarterly installments.	August 13, 2031	4.875% (4.924% GRT inc.) for the 1st 5 years. Next 5 years based on the relevant 5YR BVAL + 1% spread with a floor rate not lower than the rate prior to repricing (4.875%). Interest to be paid on quarterly basis	August 31, 2021	₽20,000	₽17,608	₽18,164
Phinma Solar	₽80,000 ⁽²³⁾	April 21, 2022	DBP	Principal repayment to commence at the end of the sixth (6th) month from date of Draw Down. Principal shall be payable in thirty-six equal quarterly installments.	August 13, 2031	With regular interest of 6.37710%	April 21, 2022	₽80,000	₽76,156	78,378
PSHC	154,000 ⁽²⁰⁾	July 15, 2006	UPPC	2 installment payments	July 15, 2023	The effective interest rate after the change in interest rate is 7.00%.	July 15, 2006	154,000	111,982	120,982

Total

P8,078,759 P7,961,969

(1) The purpose of this debt is to finance the acquisition of majority ownership in AU, COC, UPANG, UI and SWU by PEHI.

(2) The purpose of this debt is to finance various capital expenditures of COC.

(3) The purpose of this debt is to finance the expansion and development plans of COC.

(4) The purpose of this debt is for general funding requirements of COC.

(5) The purpose of this debt is to finance the expansion and development plans including school building upgrades and improvement of existing facilities of UI.

(6) The purpose of this debt is to finance various capital expenditures and to refinance existing obligations of AU.

(7) The purpose of this debt is to finance various capital expenditures and to refinance existing obligations of UPANG and subsidiary.

(8) The purpose of this debt is to finance the building development, expansion and purchase of equipment for SWU's Hospital and building development of SWU.

(9) Amounts are net of unamortized debt discount and/or debt issue cost.

(10) Amounts are net of unamortized debt discount and/or debt issue cost.

(11) The purpose of this loan is to refinance the outstanding loan of the Company with SBC in the principal amount of 182.3 million and to finance general working capital requirements, and acquisition of equipment and plant structural components of the Company.

(12) The purpose of this amended loan is to extend maturity date of old loan to July 20, 2023.

(13) The purpose of this loan is to finance plant expansions in Calamba, Davao and Pampanga.

(14) The purpose of this loan is to partially finance construction of an integrated cement processing terminal in Mariveles Bataan, permanent working capital requirements and importation of equipment.

(15) Availment of loan is staggered based on pre-agreed drawdown schedule during the availability period.

(16) The quarterly installment will commence at the end of the sixth quarter following the initial drawdown date of October 25, 2018.

(17) The purpose of this loan is to partially finance the acquisition of Phase 2 port terminal. This is a continuation of the remaining tenor with the original SNPSI loan.

(18) The purpose of this loan is to refinance short-term project costs and finance the mixer facility.

(19) The purpose of this loan is to finance the general corporate requirements of the rooftop solar projects

(20) The purpose of this loan is to finance the acquisition of land from UPPC.

(21) The purpose of this loan is to refinance the loan used to partially finance the investment through acquisition by PEHI of majority stock ownership in AU, COC, UPANG, UI and SWU.

(22) The purpose of this loan is to refinance the outstanding loan of UGC with BDO and convert the short term loans to long-term loans.

(23) The purpose of this loan is to finance the general corporate requirements of the rooftop solar projects

20. Equity

a. Capital Stock

The composition of the Parent Company's capital stock as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	Number of Shares		
	March 31,	December 31,	
	2023	2022	
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
Preferred - cumulative, nonparticipating,			
₽10 par value			
Class AA – Authorized	50,000,000	50,000,000	
Class BB – Authorized	50,000,000	50,000,000	
Issued and subscribed	_	_	
Common - ₽10 par value			
Authorized	420,000,000	420,000,000	
Issued	286,303,550	286,303,550	
Subscribed	39,994	39,994	
Issued and subscribed	286,343,544	286,343,544	
Treasury shares	18,279	18,279	

The issued and outstanding shares as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are held by 1,220 and 1,218 equity holders respectively.

Capital stock presented in the consolidated statements of financial position is net of subscription receivable amounting to P0.1 million as at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2022.

b. Retained Earnings

Appropriated

On February 28, 2020, the BOD reversed the appropriation of retained earnings made in 2018 in the amount of P1.3 billion for the investment in the Education and Construction Materials business, and buyback of shares. In addition, an appropriation was made for the investment in the Construction Materials business until December 31, 2020 amounting to P2.25 billion. Another P165.5 million of the retained earnings was appropriated for the buyback of PHN shares until February 28, 2022.

On March 2, 2021, the BOD reversed the appropriation of retained earnings made in 2020 in the amount of $\mathbb{P}2.25$ billion for the investment in the Construction Materials business.

On November 10, 2021, an appropriation was made for the investment in Construction Materials business until December 31, 2022 amounting to P1.1 billion. Another P500.0 million of the retained earnings was appropriated for the Education business until December 31, 2022.

On March 3, 2023, the Parent Company's BOD approved the appropriation of P500.0 million for the investment in PPHC and re-appropriation of P1.1 billion for the investment in the Construction Materials business until December 31, 2024. In addition, the Parent Company's BOD approved the reversal of previous appropriations of retained earnings amounting to P500.0 million for investment in Education business in 2021 and P165.5 million for buyback of PHN shares in 2020.

Unappropriated

On February 28, 2020, the Parent Company's BOD declared a cash dividend of P0.40 per share or an equivalent of P109.0 million, to all common shareholders of record as at March 17, 2020. The cash dividends were paid on March 27, 2020.

On March 2, 2021, the Parent Company's BOD declared a cash dividend of P0.40 per share or an equivalent of P108.9 million, to all common shareholders of record as at April 14, 2021. The cash dividends were paid on May 5, 2021.

On March 1, 2022, the Parent Company's BOD declared a 4% regular cash dividend amounting to P108.8 million or equivalent to P0.40 per share and a 1% special cash dividend amounting to P27.2 million or equivalent to P0.10 per share payable on April 6, 2022 to shareholders of record as at March 22, 2022.

On March 3, 2023, the Parent Company's BOD declared a 6% regular cash dividend amounting to P171.8 million or equivalent to P0.60 per share payable on April 5, 2023 to shareholders of record as at March 22, 2023.

The balance of retained earnings includes Parent Company's accumulated equity in net earnings of subsidiaries and associates which are not currently available for dividend declaration until declared by the respective subsidiaries and associates amounting to P1,904.5 million and P1,607.9 million as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

c. Buyback of Shares

On February 28, 2020, the BOD approved the appropriation of ₽165.5 million for the buyback of shares of the Parent Company until February 28, 2022.

As at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Parent Company bought back a total of nil shares and 23,000 shares which amounted to nil and P0.5 million, respectively.

d. Put Option over Non-controlling Interests

In 2020, Asian Development Bank invested amounting to P625.0 million for 1.1 million shares of PEHI. As a result, additional non-controlling interest put liability is recognized amounting to P 450.0 million.

Accretion of interest of non-controlling interest put liability amounted to £95.6 million and £325.4 million as at March 31, 2023 and December 30, 2022, respectively.

21. Cost of Sales

This account consists of:

	March 31,	March 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Cost of sales	₽2,759,275	₽2,856,226
Cost of educational, installation, hospital, and		
consultancy services	531,953	394,904
	₽3,291,228	₽3,251,130

	March 31,	March 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Inventories used	₽2,422,337	₽2,553,900
Personnel costs	371,369	279,062
Depreciation	140,871	127,087
Installation cost	7,831	13,750
Cost of sales - bookstore	78,980	35,886
Subscription	15,857	13,154
Rent expense	26,000	17,786
Repairs and maintenance	31,130	30,213
Laboratory and school supplies	23,777	21,175
Power and fuel	27,909	5,856
Review expenses	12,516	13,523
School materials, publication and supplies	4,787	3,889
Graduation expenses	30,755	5,828
Educational tour expenses	7,262	-
School affiliations and other expenses	9,600	9,829
Accreditation expenses	826	635
Sports development and school activities	1,750	738
Others	77,671	118,819
	₽3,291,228	₽3,251,130

The details of cost of sales, educational, installation, hospital and consultancy services are as follows:

22. General and Administrative Expenses

This account consists of:

s account consists of.		Manah 21
	March 31,	March 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Personnel costs	₽272,339	₽238,565
Professional fees and outside services	119,005	97,088
Security and janitorial	22,837	17,453
Provision for ECLs (see Note 7)	21,597	32,415
Depreciation and amortization	22,093	20,748
Taxes and licenses	15,509	17,065
Utilities	27,660	8,960
Rent	4,862	5,436
Repairs and maintenance	11,344	1,611
Insurance	3,680	2,170
Office supplies	3,224	4,702
Communications	1,644	3,029
Transportation and travel	14,375	6,429
Advertising and promotions	584	122
Donations	352	15,921
Meetings and conferences	4,927	851
Others	5,490	22,974
	₽551,522	₽495,539

23. Selling Expenses

This account consists of:

	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	March 31, 2022 (Unaudited)
Personnel costs	₽ 41,117	₽57,993
Freight, handling and hauling	54,015	23,103
Advertising	26,851	13,061
Installation cost	-	5,672
Taxes and licenses	5,977	7,906
Commission	8,091	6,837
Provision for ECLs (see Note 7)	-	10,496
Supplies	822	1,892
Outside services	5,616	4,351
Postage, telephone and telegraph	1,694	5,849
Transportation and travel	10,875	5,477
Depreciation and amortization	7,434	3,361
Insurance	4,826	4,574
Entertainment, amusement and recreation	538	391
Repairs and maintenance	4,247	1,161
Rent and utilities	2,064	590
Others	7,400	1,932
	₽181,567	₽154,646

24. Related Party Transactions

Parties are related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party in making financial and operating decisions and the parties are subject to common control. Related parties may be individual or corporate entities.

Outstanding balances at period-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash throughout the period. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables.

The significant related party transactions entered into by the Company with its associates and entities under common control and the amounts included in the consolidated financial statements with respect to such transactions follow:

		March 3	1, 2023 (Unaudi	ited)		
Company	Nature	Amount/ Volume	Amount Due to Related Parties	Amount Due from Related Parties (see Note 7)	Terms	Conditions
<u>Ultimate Parent</u> PHINMA Inc.	Share in expenses, management fees and bonus	₽86,911	₽89,469	₽1,040	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
Associates PPHC APHI	Share in expenses	2,849	169 _	3,967 6	Noninterest-bearing Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment Unsecured,
(Forward) Entities Under Common Control T-O Insurance Brokers, Inc.,	-	₽2,220	₽ 116	₽7,664	Noninterest-bearing	no impairment Unsecured, no impairment

		March 31,	2023 (Unaudite	ea)		
		Amount/	Amount Due to Related	Amount Due from Related Parties		
	Nature	Volume	Parties	(see Note 7)	Terms	Conditions
PHINMA Foundation, Inc. PHINMA Prism Property Development Corporation, PHINMA Plaza Condominium Corporation						
HINMA Hospitality S	Subscription	-	52,000	-	Non-interest bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
PPC	Consultancy fee	610	_	920	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured,
						no impairment
FC Myanmar, S PHINMA Saytanar, IPM, Yayasan Triputra Persada	Share in expenses	878	560	12,059	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
Imputurioisuuu			₽142,314	₽25,656		
			;	,		
		December 31	, 2022 (Audited	Ð		
		December 51	, 2022 (Hudnee	Amount		
				Amount		
		Amount/	Amount Due to Related	Due from Related Parties		
1 7	Nature	Amount/ Volume	Due to	Due from Related	Terms	Conditions
ompany <u>I</u> <u>Ultimate Parent</u> PHINMA Inc.	Nature Share in expenses, management fees and bonus		Due to Related	Due from Related Parties	Noninterest_beari	
Ultimate Parent	Share in expenses, management fees and	Volume	Due to Related Parties	Due from Related Parties (see Note 7)	Noninterest_beari	ng Unsecured,
<u>Ultimate Parent</u> PHINMA Inc.	Share in expenses, management fees and	Volume	Due to Related Parties	Due from Related Parties (see Note 7)	4 Noninterest-beari	ng Unsecured, no impairmen ng Unsecured,
Ultimate Parent PHINMA Inc.	Share in expenses, management fees and bonus	Volume £263,387	Due to Related Parties	Due from Related Parties (see Note 7) P2,08 6,27	4 Noninterest-beari	ng Unsecured, no impairmen ng Unsecured, no impairmen
Ultimate Parent PHINMA Inc. Associates PPHC APHI Other related parties PHINMA Hospitality	Share in expenses, management fees and bonus Share in expenses Share in expenses	Volume £263,387	Due to Related Parties	Due from Related Parties (see Note 7) P2,08	 4 Noninterest-beari 1 Noninterest-beari 6 Noninterest-beari Non-interest 	ng Unsecured, no impairmen ng Unsecured, no impairmen ng Unsecured, no impairmen Unsecured,
Ultimate Parent PHINMA Inc. Associates PPHC APHI Other related parties	Share in expenses, management fees and bonus Share in expenses Share in expenses Subscription rs, Share in expenses	Volume £263,387	Due to Related Parties #103,111 -	Due from Related Parties (see Note 7) P2,08	4 Noninterest-beari 1 Noninterest-beari 6 Noninterest-beari _ Non-interest bearing	ng Unsecured, no impairmen ng Unsecured, no impairmen Unsecured, no impairmen Unsecured, no impairmen g Unsecured,
Ultimate Parent PHINMA Inc. Associates PPHC APHI Other related parties PHINMA Hospitality Inc. T-O Insurance Broker Inc., PHINMA Foundation, Inc. Phinma Prism, PHINMA PHIZA	Share in expenses, management fees and bonus Share in expenses Share in expenses Subscription rs, Share in expenses	Volume £263,387 927 –	Due to Related Parties P103,111 - - 52,000	Due from Related Parties (see Note 7) P2,08 6,27 8,07	 4 Noninterest-beari 1 Noninterest-beari 6 Noninterest-beari 6 Non-interest bearing 5 Noninterest-beari 	ng Unsecured, no impairmen ng Unsecured, no impairmen Unsecured, no impairmen Unsecured, no impairmen ng Unsecured, no impairmen
Ultimate Parent PHINMA Inc. Associates PPHC APHI Other related parties PHINMA Hospitality Inc. T-O Insurance Broker Inc., PHINMA Foundation, Inc. Phinma Prism, PHINMA Plaza Condominium Co	Share in expenses, management fees and bonus Share in expenses Share in expenses Subscription s, Share in expenses	Volume £263,387 927 - 9,338	Due to Related Parties ₽103,111 - - 52,000 425	Due from Related Parties (see Note 7) P2,08 6,27 6,27	 Noninterest-beari Noninterest-beari Non-interest-beari Non-interest bearing Noninterest-beari Noninterest-beari Noninterest-beari 	ng Unsecured, no impairmen ng Unsecured, no impairmen Unsecured, no impairmen Unsecured, no impairmen g Unsecured, no impairmen

PHINMA, Inc. The Parent Company has a 5-year management contract with PHINMA, Inc. up to June 30, 2024, renewable thereafter mutual agreement. Under this contract, PHINMA, Inc. has a general management authority with corresponding responsibility over all operations and personnel of the Parent Company including planning, direction, and supervision of all the operations, sales, marketing, distribution, finance and other business activities of the Parent Company. Under the existing management agreement, the Parent Company pays PHINMA, Inc. a fixed monthly management fee plus an annual incentive based on a certain percentage of the Parent Company's net income.

Management and Directors' Compensation

PHN, UGC, COC, AU, UPANG and UI are under common management of PHINMA, Inc. and pay PHINMA, Inc. a fixed annual management fee plus an annual bonus based on a certain percentage of

the respective companies' adjusted net income, as defined in the management contract between PHINMA, Inc. and the respective companies, pursuant to the provisions of the same contract.

Management fees and bonuses, presented as "Professional fees and outside services" under "General and administrative expenses" account, amounted to $\mathbb{P}82.7$ million and $\mathbb{P}55.3$ million for the threemonth periods ended March 31, 2022 and 2022, respectively. The related unpaid amount, presented as "Accruals for professional fees and others" under "Trade and other payables" account in the unaudited interim consolidated statement of financial position, amounted to $\mathbb{P}1.4$ million and $\mathbb{P}93.1$ million as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

PHN, UGC, UI and AU recognized bonus to directors computed based on net income with pre-agreed adjustments. Directors' bonus, presented in "Personnel costs" under "General and administrative expenses" account, amounted to P62.9 million and P47.6 million for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The related unpaid amount, presented in "Accruals for personnel costs" under "Trade and other payables" account in the unaudited interim consolidated statement of financial position, amounted to P51.5 million and P53.4 million as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

25. Income Taxes

The deferred tax assets and liabilities are presented in the consolidated statements of financial position as follows:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Deferred tax assets – net	₽133,79	₽127,736
Deferred tax liabilities – net	(423,53	(426,529)
	(₽289,744)	(₽298,793)

The deferred tax assets consist of the tax effects of lease liabilities, net operating loss carryover (NOLCO), pension liability, allowance for ECLs, accrued expenses, management bonus and allowance for inventory write-down.

The deferred tax liabilities consist of excess of fair value over cost, right-of use assets, fair value adjustments on property, plant and equipment of subsidiaries, unrealized gains on change in fair value, unamortized debt issuance costs, unrealized foreign exchange gain and unamortized capitalized borrowing cost.

The disproportionate relationship between income before income tax and the provision for income tax is due to various factors such as income of schools subjected to lower income tax rate, interest income subjected to lower final tax rate and equity in net losses of associates and joint ventures.

26. Pension and Other Post-employment Benefits

Pension and other post-employment benefits consist of:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Net pension liability	₽171,651	₽196,059
Vacation and sick leave	72,772	79,502
Defined contribution plan	(32)	39
	₽244,391	₽275,600

27. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The main risks arising from the Company's treasury transactions are credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk, foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk. Careful study, skill, prudence and due diligence are exercised at all times in the handling of the funds of the Company.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Company will incur a loss arising from customers, clients or counter- parties that fail to discharge their contractual obligations. Due to the Company's investing and operating activities, the Company is exposed to the potential credit-related losses that may occur as a result of an individual, counterparty or issuer being unable or unwilling to honor its contractual obligations.

In managing credit risk on these financial instruments, the Company transacts only with the Company's duly accredited domestic and foreign banks. Investments per financial institution are subject to a maximum of 20% of the Company's investible funds. It is the Company's policy that investments cannot exceed 10% of the trust or mutual fund's total assets.

A comprehensive credit and business review in coordination with dealers or underwriters is performed whenever the Company invests in non-rated securities. Furthermore, the Company monitors the credit quality of corporate and sovereign bonds with reference to credit rating studies and updates from the major rating agencies. The Company's exposure to credit risk on its cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables arises from default of the counterparties with maximum exposures equal to the carrying amounts of the instruments.

	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
Financial assets at amortized cost:		
Cash and cash equivalents	₽3,898,338	₽3,421,578
Trade and other receivables	5,616,735	5,631,456
Refundable deposits*	70,119	72,015
	₽9,585,192	₽9,125,049

*Presented under "Other current assets" and "Other noncurrent assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Credit Quality of Receivables from Customers

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by geographical region, product type, customer

type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit or other forms of credit insurance). The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure of the Company's receivables from customers using provision matrix:

March 31, 2023	A 31, 2023 Receivables from customers						
			Days past du	е			
	Current	Current <30 Days 30-60 Days 61-90		61-90 Days	>91 Days	Total	
Expected credit loss rate	6%	7%	8%	89%	6 75%	30%	
Estimated total gross carrying							
amount default	₽1,956,686	₽708,47 ⁹	₽ ₽105,411	₽ 184,996	₽1,218,420	₽4,173,992	
Expected credit loss	119,540	46,340) 8,608	3 164,038	912,830	1,251,356	
December 31, 2022		R	eceivables fro	om customers	5		
		Ι	Days past due				
	Current	<30 Days	30-60 Days	61-90 Days	>91 Days	Total	
Expected credit loss rate	3%	24%	5%	43%	75%	28%	
Estimated total gross carrying							
amount default	₽2,177,709	₽702,318	₽110,158	₽171,741	₽1,222,986	4,384,912	
Expected credit loss	64,193	170,053	5,284	73,048	917,906	1,230,484	

Impaired financial instruments comprise of receivables from customers and other receivables. The past due but not impaired trade and other receivables are expected to be collected the following year.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. The Company manages liquidity risks by restricting investments and continuously monitoring weekly and monthly cash flows as well as updates of annual plans.

The maturities of the financial liabilities are determined based on the Company's projected payments and contractual maturities. The average duration adheres to guidelines provided by the Investment Committee. It is the Company's policy to restrict investment principally to publicly traded securities with a history of marketability and by dealing with only large reputable domestic and international institutions.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk. Market risks are managed by constant review of global and domestic economic and financial environments as well as regular discussions with banks' economists/strategy officers to get multiple perspectives on interest rate trends/forecasts. Regular comparison of the portfolio's marked-to-market values and yields with defined benchmarks are also made.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's financial assets that are exposed to foreign currency risk are foreign currency denominated cash and cash equivalents, investment in bonds and investments in UITFs.

Foreign exchange risks on the U.S. dollar and other foreign currencies are managed through constant monitoring of the political and economic environment. Returns are also calibrated on a per currency basis to account for the perceived risks with higher returns expected from weaker currencies.

The following table shows the foreign currency-denominated financial assets and financial liabilities and their peso equivalents as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	,	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)		2022
	Foreign	Peso	Foreign	Peso
	Currency	Equivalent	Currency	Equivalent
Financial assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	US\$12,200	₽663,182	US\$12,111	₽675,233
Cash and cash equivalents	VND33,703	78	VND35,703	80
Receivables	US\$1,803	98,002	US\$1,330	74,170
Investment in UITF	US\$34	1,843	US\$34	1,879
		₽763,105		₽751,362
Financial liabilities:				
Trust receipts payables	US\$	₽-	US\$3,245	₽180,925
Derivative liability	US\$3	158	US\$7	371
		₽158		₽181,296

In translating foreign currency-denominated financial assets into peso amounts, the exchange rates used were P54.36 and P55.76 to US\$1.00 as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

Interest Rate Risk

Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The following tables set out the carrying amounts, by maturity, of the Company's financial assets and liabilities that are exposed to interest rate risk as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)						
		Within 1				More than 5	
	Interest Rates	Year	1 to < 2 Years 2 t	to < 3 Years	3 to 5 Years	Years	Total
Financial Assets Placements (PHP)	5.5%-5.65%	₽1,730,068	P –	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽1,730,068
Financial Liabilities PHN UGC Phinma Solar	6.25% 4.85%-5.11% 4.875%-4.924%	20,000 47,967 11,111	20,000 47,991 11,111	20,000 48,029 11,111	1,857,732 750,264 33,333	- _ 18,906	1,917,732 894,251 85,572

		December 51, 2022 (Hadred)						
		Within 1				More than		
	Interest Rates	Year	1 to < 2 Years	2 to < 3 Years	3 to 5 Years	5 Years	Total	
Financial Assets Placements (PHP)	5.25%-5.728%	₽1,694,459	₽–	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽1,694,459	
Financial Liabilities								
PHN	6.25%	20,000	20,000	20,000	1,882,344	-	1,942,344	
UGC	4.85%-5.11%	47,958	47,982	48,025	810,240	_	954,205	
Phinma Solar	4.875%-4.924%	11,111	11,111	11,111	33,333	29,876	96,542	
PEHI	5.32%-5.48%	263,978	268,861	255,161	_	_	788,000	

December 31, 2022 (Audited)

Interest on financial instruments classified as fixed rate is fixed until the maturity of the instrument.

Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair values of equities decrease as a result of changes in the levels of the equity indices and the values of individual stocks. The Company's exposure to equity price risk relates primarily to its equity investments listed in the PSE classified under investments held for trading.

The Company's policy is to maintain the risk to an acceptable level. Movement of share price is monitored regularly to determine impact on the Company's financial position.

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that the Company maintains a healthy capital structure to maintain strong credit rating and maximize shareholder value.

The Company closely monitors and manages its debt-to-equity ratio, which it defines as total liabilities divided by total equity. Capital includes all the accounts appearing in the "Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent" and "Equity attributable to non-controlling interests" in the unaudited interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position.

To ensure that there are sufficient funds to settle its liabilities, the Company's policy is to keep debt-to-equity ratio below 1:1. The Company's consolidated debt-to-equity ratio as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Total liabilities	₽21,160,010	₽20,868,356
Total equity	11,355,846	11,142,699
Debt-to-equity ratio	1.86:1	1.87:1

The Company expects to improve the debt-to-equity ratio mainly through improvement in the Company's business operations.

28. Financial Instruments

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of its assets and liabilities by valuation technique:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input is significant to their fair value measurement is unobservable

Assets and liabilities measured or disclosed at fair value are as follows:

	March 3	1, 2023 (Unaudited)				
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Assets						
Investments held for trading:		_		_		
Investments in UITFs	₽ 417,822	₽-	₽417,822	₽-		
Investments in marketable equity securities	6,709	6,709				
Investment in club shares designated	0,703	0,703	_	_		
at FVOCI	44,250	_	44,250	_		
Non-listed equity instruments						
designated at FVOCI	81,959	-	-	81,959		
Non-listed equity instruments						
designated at P&L Derivative assets	2,153,044 631,674	_	_	2,153,044 631,674		
	₽3,335,458	₽6,709	₽462,072	₽2,866,677		
Liabilities						
Derivative liability	₽158	₽-	₽ 158	₽-		
Non-controlling interest put liability	2,283,895	_	_	2,283,895		
Long-term debt	10,802,956	_	_	10,802,956		
	₽13,087,009			, ,		
		ember 31, 2022 (Aud	ited)	₽13,086,851		
		ember 31, 2022 (Aud Level 1	ited) Level 2	Level 3		
ssets	Dece		,			
ssets	Dece		,			
	Dece		,	Level 3		
ivestments held for trading: Investments in UITFs	Dece Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
avestments held for trading: Investments in UITFs Investments in marketable equity securities	Dece Total ₽647,383	Level 1 ₽–	Level 2	Level 3		
ivestments held for trading: Investments in UITFs Investments in marketable equity securities lub shares designated at FVOCI	Dece Total P647,383 6,933 41,000	Level 1 ₽–	Level 2 P647,383	Level 3 ₽- -		
avestments held for trading: Investments in UITFs Investments in marketable equity securities lub shares designated at FVOCI fon-listed equity instruments designated at FVOCI	 Total ₽647,383 6,933 41,000 81,959	Level 1 ₽–	Level 2 P647,383	Level 3 ₽- - 81,959		
avestments held for trading: Investments in UITFs Investments in marketable equity securities (lub shares designated at FVOCI (on-listed equity instruments designated at FVOCI (on-listed debt instrument designated at FVPL	Dece Total P647,383 6,933 41,000 81,959 2,209,088	Level 1 ₽–	Level 2 P647,383	Level 3 ₽- - 81,959 2,209,088		
avestments held for trading: Investments in UITFs Investments in marketable equity securities lub shares designated at FVOCI fon-listed equity instruments designated at FVOCI	 Total ₽647,383 6,933 41,000 81,959	Level 1 ₽–	Level 2 P647,383	Level 3 P- - 81,959 2,209,088 648,117		
avestments held for trading: Investments in UITFs Investments in marketable equity securities (lub shares designated at FVOCI (on-listed equity instruments designated at FVOCI (on-listed debt instrument designated at FVPL	Dece Total P647,383 6,933 41,000 81,959 2,209,088 648,117	Level 1 P- 6,933 - - - -	Level 2 P647,383 - 41,000 - - -	Level 3 P- - 81,959 2,209,088 648,117		
avestments held for trading: Investments in UITFs Investments in marketable equity securities (lub shares designated at FVOCI (on-listed equity instruments designated at FVOCI (on-listed debt instrument designated at FVPL verivative assets	Dece Total P647,383 6,933 41,000 81,959 2,209,088 648,117	Level 1 P- 6,933 - - - -	Level 2 P647,383 - 41,000 - - -	Level 3 P- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		
investments held for trading: Investments in UITFs Investments in marketable equity securities Iub shares designated at FVOCI Ion-listed equity instruments designated at FVOCI Ion-listed debt instrument designated at FVPL Perivative assets iabilities Perivative liability	Dece Total P647,383 6,933 41,000 81,959 2,209,088 648,117 P3,634,480 P371	Level 1 P- 6,933 - - - - - P6,933	Level 2 P647,383 - 41,000 - - - P688,383	Level 3 P– 		
avestments held for trading: Investments in UITFs Investments in marketable equity securities lub shares designated at FVOCI fon-listed equity instruments designated at FVOCI fon-listed debt instrument designated at FVPL lerivative assets	Dece Total ₽647,383 6,933 41,000 81,959 2,209,088 648,117 ₽3,634,480	Level 1 P- 6,933 - - - - - P6,933	Level 2 P647,383 - 41,000 - - - P688,383			

During the periods ended March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and no transfers into and out of Level 3 fair value measurements.

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of the following financial instruments.

Investments Held for Trading and Financial Assets at FVOCI. Quoted market prices have been used to determine the fair value of financial assets at FVPL and quoted equity at FVOCI investments. The fair values of unquoted equity investments at FVOCI have been estimated using a discounted cashflow model. The valuation requires management to make certain assumptions about the model inputs including forecast cashflows, the discount rate, credit risk and volatility. The probabilities of various estimates within the range can be reasonably assessed and are used in management's estimate of fair value for these unquoted equity investments.

The fair values of non-listed shares of stock were determined through the following valuation approach: income approach and asset-based approach. Income approach is predicated upon the concept that the value of any asset can be estimated by ascertaining the amount and timing of future cash flows or earnings that are generated by that asset. Asset-based approach is based on the value of all the tangible and intangible assets and liabilities of the company. The discount rates, a significant unobservable input used in the valuation of the non-listed shares of stock using the income approach, were 16.20% as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022. An increase (decrease) in the discount rate will decrease (increase) the fair value of the nonlisted shares of stock.

Cash and Cash Equivalents, Trade and Other Receivables, Notes Payable, Trade and Other Payables, Trust Receipts Payable and Due to Related Parties. Due to the short-term nature of these transactions, the carrying value approximate the fair values as at the reporting date.

Derivative Liability. Estimated fair value is based on the average rate of the forward bid rates and forward ask rates computed in Bloomberg.

Long-term Debt. The fair value of interest-bearing fixed-rate loans is based on the discounted value of expected future cash flows using the applicable rates for similar types of loans. Discount rates used ranged from 4% to 6% and 3% to 7% in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Derivative Instruments

Freestanding Derivatives. The Company's derivative financial instruments are accounted for as financial instruments at FVPL.

UGC and PhilCement entered into a buy US\$-sell PHP deliverable foreign currency forward contracts to manage the foreign currency risk arising from its US\$-denominated trust receipts payable.

29. Leases

Company as Lessee

The Company has various lease contracts for land, buildings, warehouses and vehicles. The leases have lease terms of between 2 and 25 years.

The Company also has certain leases with lease terms of 12 months or less. The Company applies the "short-term lease" recognition exemptions for these leases.

The roll forward analysis of right-of-use assets follows:

	Right-of-use: Land	Right-of- use: Buildings &	Right-of-use: Vehicles	Right-of-use: Others	Right-of-use: Total
Cost					
At January 1, 2023	₽119,241	₽170,017	₽291,890	₽2,470	₽583,618
Additions	-	_	_	-	-
Retirement	-	-	-	-	-
At March 31, 2023	119,241	170,017	291,890	2,470	583,618
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization					
At January 1, 2023	19,032	80,113	166,972	2,470	268,587
Depreciation	1,635	8,419	13,429	-	23,483
Retirement	-	(148)	-	-	(148)
At March 31, 2022	20,667	88,384	180,401	2,470	291,922
Net Book Value	P98,574	₽ 81,633	₽111,489	₽-	₽291,696

	December 31, 2022 (Audited)							
		Right-of-use:						
	Right-of-use:	Buildings &	Right-of-use:	Right-of-use:	Right-of-use:			
	Land	Warehouses	Vehicles	Others	Total			
Cost								
At January 1, 2022	₽106,037	₽147,507	₽269,406	₽2,470	₽525,420			
Additions	15,942	43,332	29,054	-	88,328			
Pre-termination	(2,738)	(20,822)	(6,750)	-	(30,130)			
At December 31, 2022	119,241	170,017	291,890	2,470	583,618			
Accumulated Depreciation								
and Amortization								
At January 1, 2022	12,398	65,767	109,867	2,143	190,175			
Depreciation	6,634	22,712	60,304	327	89,977			
Pre-termination	-	(8,366)	(3,199)	-	(11,565)			
At December 31, 2022	19,032	80,113	166,972	2,470	268,587			
Net Book Value	₽100,209	₽89,904	₽124,918	₽–	₽315,031			

The rollforward analysis of lease liabilities follows:

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
As at beginning of period	₽ 314,128	₽355,901
Payments	(35,398)	(125,452)
Accretion of interest	5,227	19,646
Additions	_	88,219
Pre-termination	-	(24,186)
As at end of period	₽283,957	₽314,128

30. Contingencies

There are contingent liabilities arising from tax assessments occurring in the ordinary course of business, including the petition filed for the reversal and nullification of safeguard duties on its importation of cement. On the basis of information furnished by the Company's legal counsel, management believes that none of these contingencies will materially affect the Company's financial position and result of operations.

31. Earnings per Share (EPS) Computation

	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	March 31, 2022 (Unaudited)
(a) Net income attributable to equity holders of the parent	₽227,368	₽292,055
(b) Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	286,325	271,893
Basic/diluted EPS attributable to equity holders of the parent (a/b)	₽0.79	₽1.07

32. Segment Information

For management purposes, the Company is organized into business units based on its products and services and has five reportable operating segments as follows:

- Investment holdings PHN and PSHC are engaged in investment holding activities of shares of stocks and other financial instruments.
- Property development API, APHI, and Coral Way lease out its real and personal properties.
 PPHC is engaged in real estate development.
- Construction materials PhilCement encompasses the operations of the cement trading. UGC handles the manufacturing and trading of iron and steel products. PHINMA Solar provides solar rooftop system to customers. The Company has assessed that the nature of the products and services and the type or class of customers for these products and services are related.
- Educational services PEHI holds interest in AU, COC, UPANG, UI, SWU, RCI, RCL and UCLI which offer graduate, tertiary, secondary and elementary education services. CAA conducts a non- sectarian institution of learning and operates schools for all levels below tertiary level, whether preschool, primary, secondary, technical and vocational, specialized programs and for all and any form of educational activities.
- BPO OAL was engaged in animation services.

The BOD (Chief Operating Decision Maker) monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss and is measured consistently with operating profit or loss in the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements. Segment result is defined as the segment's income generated from its own operations, net of its share in the equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures and investment income, before deducting interest and financing charges, provision for income tax and share of non- controlling interests. The amounts of segment assets and liabilities, and segment profit or loss are based on measurement principles that are similar to those used in measuring the assets, liabilities and profit or loss in the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements, which is in accordance with PFRS.

The Company does not report its results based on geographical segments since the Company's risks and rates of return are substantially in the same economic and political environment with the companies incorporated and operated in the Philippines. There are no transactions with a single customer that accounts to 10% or more of the Company's revenue.

Transfer prices between operating segments are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transaction with third parties. Segment revenues, segment expenses and segment results include transfers between operating segments. These transfers are eliminated in full upon consolidation.

Segment Information

Financial information on the operating segments are summarized as follows:

	Investment Holdings	Property Development	Construction Materials	Educational Services	BPO	Eliminations	Total Operations
Three-Month Period Ended March 31,2023 (Unaudited) Revenue	₽112,401	₽ 587	₽3,196,657	₽1,491,742	₽-	(₽18,255)	₽4,783,132
Segment results	(90,354)	(123)	237,853	470,532	(224)	(190)	617,494
Investment income	82,358	587	3,850	7,793	-	(18,255)	76,333
Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures	-	(35,492)	-	(1,499)	-	1	(36,990)
Interest expense and other financing charges	(61,544)	-	(85,878)	(44,780)	-	18,340	(173,862)
Provision for income tax	(3,267)	-	5,846	(992)	_	-	1,587
Share of non-controlling interests	_	-	-	(88,971)	_	(168,223)	(257,194)
Net income attributable to equity holders of the parent	(P72,807)	(₽35,038)	₽161,671	₽342,083	(P 224)	(₽168,327)	₽227,368
Total assets	₽12,437,932	₽376,914	₽12,691,626	₽13,987,737	₽ 562	(₽6,978,915)	₽32,515,856
Total liabilities	₽5,442,126	₽52,223	₽8,629,263	₽6,380,543	₽309,186	₽346,669	₽21,160,010

	Investment Holdings	Property Development	Construction Materials	Educational Services	BPO	Eliminations	Total Operations
Three-Month Period Ended March 31,2022 (Unaudited) Revenue	₽78,549	₽35,801	₽3,380,682	₽1,005,046	₽-	(₽6,061)	₽4,494,017
Segment results	16,639	30,277	287,696	255,831	(211)	489	590,721
Investment income	58,117	(455)	2,421	448	-	(6,061)	54,470
Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures	-	17,702	_	-	-	_	17,702
Interest expense and other financing charges	(60,499)	-	(80,770)	(37,855)	-	7,845	(171,279)
Provision for income tax	(743)	(4,951)	9,809	(2,266)	_	-	1,849
Share of non-controlling interests	_	_	-	(57,655)	_	(143,753)	(201,408)
Net income attributable to equity holders of the parent	₽13,514	₽42,573	₽219,156	₽158,503	(₽211)	(₽141,480)	₽292,085
Total assets	₽12,180,050	₽381,384	₽11,426,394	₽12,529,886	₽688	(₽6,765,223)	₽29,753,179
Total liabilities	₽5,502,231	₽61,435	₽7,668,681	₽5,762,028	₽307,664	₽242,973	₽19,545,012

Seasonality of Operations

Like any company in the construction industry, the operations of UGC and PhilCement are affected by seasonality demand. Demand for construction materials is greater during the dry months from December to May than during the rainy months of June to November. Hence, the demand for the first semester of the calendar year is normally higher than that of the second semester.

The revenues of the schools under the PHINMA Education network decline during summer months. Hence, net income during the first half of the calendar year is lower than the second half.

For other subsidiaries, there is no significant seasonality that would materially affect their operations.

33. Events after the Reporting Period

On May 11, 2023, the Parent Company's BOD approved the following:

1. Purchase of investments of Philippine Investment Management Inc. ("PHINMA, Inc.") in the following companies:

Company	Description	PHINMA Inc.'s Direct Ownership	Transaction Value (P Mn)
PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc.	Holding company of the PHINMA group's education network comprised of 10 schools	8.03%	₽1,064.8
PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation	Holding company of the PHINMA group's property development arm	36.71%	588.9
PHINMA Hospitality, Inc.	Management company of the group's Microtel and TRYP hotels; part-owner in 7 hotels	63.77%	251.2
PHINMA Microtel Hotels	Master franchisor of Microtel and TRYP hotels in the Philippines	51.00%	21.2
ABCIC Property Holdings, Inc.	Owner of real estate properties	63.47%	409.4
Total			₽2,335.5

- 2. Purchase of real estate properties from PHINMA, Inc. amounting to ₱507.1 million consisting of office floors/spaces in the PHINMA group's office building, PHINMA Plaza located in Rockwell Center, Makati City.
- 3. Stock Grant Plan covering senior officers of the Company and business unit heads of its subsidiaries and affiliates, with shares of the Company to be issued upon the achievement of long-term objectives by December 31, 2025, and under such terms and conditions approved by the Compensation Committee as administrator of the Plan may determine, and setting aside or allotting 10,000,000 new shares from unsubscribed shares of the Company for the Plan, subject to shareholders' approval and approval of the Securities and Exchange Commission and, if required, the Philippine Stock Exchange.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

PHINMA Corporation (PHN) achieved consolidated revenues of ₱4.78 billion for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023, marking a 6% increase over the same period last year. Core net income, which excludes revaluation adjustments and nonrecurring items, grew by 15% from ₱448.14 million to ₱558.49 million, while consolidated net income was approximately flat at ₱484.56 million for the first quarter of 2023.

PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PHINMA Education) posted consolidated revenues of about P1.49 billion for the three-month period. This is 48% higher compared to the same period last year driven by a 30% year-on-year increase in total enrollment during the 2nd semester in SY 2022-2023, making PHINMA Education the largest, tertiary education network in the country. Although the increase in enrollment resulted in higher salary expenses for the period, PHINMA Education was able to temper overall operating cost increases, causing its consolidated net income to double from P216.16 million in the first quarter of 2022 to P431.05 million in the first quarter of 2023.

The Construction Materials Group (CMG), composed of Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC), Philcement Corporation (Philcement), and PHINMA Solar Corporation (PHINMA Solar), posted combined revenues of ₱3.20 billion for the first quarter of 2023 while combined net income of CMG for the period was at ₱161.67 million. This is attributed to soft construction demand that persisted in the beginning of the quarter, as construction activities only started to pick up in March.

In its affiliate, PHINMA Property Holdings Corp. (PHINMA Properties), PHN equitized net loss of ₱41.04 million during the period compared to an equitized net income of ₱23.15 million during the same period last year.

Equitized net income in Coral Way City Hotel Corporation (Coral Way) amounted to ₱2.25 million, a significant turnaround from the same period last year, as the company continues to benefit from the continued recovery of the leisure, corporate and meetings/conventions market segments.

Consolidated net income attributable to equity holders of the parent amounted to P227.37 million for the first three months of 2023.

PHINMA Corporation ended the period with cash and cash equivalents of ₱4.32 billion. As of March 31, 2023, consolidated total assets and total stockholders' equity amounted to ₱32.52 billion and ₱11.36 billion, respectively.

STRATEGIC BUSINESS UNITS (SBU)

The following discussion describes the performance of PHINMA's SBUs for the first quarter of 2023:

Education Group

PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PHINMA Education) posted a 30% increase in total enrollment for the 2nd semester SY 22-23. This contributed to an increase in consolidated revenues for the three-month period to ₱1.49 billion, higher by 48.42% compared to the same period in 2022. Consolidated net income, on the other hand, doubled from last year's ₱216.16 million to ₱431.05 million for the first quarter of 2023.

Construction Materials Group

The Construction Materials Group, composed of UGC, Philcement, and PHINMA Solar, posted consolidated revenues of $\mathbb{P}3.19$ billion for the first three months of 2023, a little less than the $\mathbb{P}3.39$ billion during the same period last year. This was primarily due to soft construction demand that persisted in the start of the quarter.

CMG, after a challenging second half last year, started to see some recovery in the market in the latter part of the first quarter. However, with the market yet to fully recover, the resulting net income of P165.46 million for the first three months was lower than the same period last year.

Properties Group

In its affiliate, PHINMA Property Holdings Corp. (PHINMA Properties), PHN equitized net loss of ₱41.04 million during the period compared to an equitized net income of ₱23.15 million during the same period last year.

Hospitality Group

Coral Way posted a significant increase in gross revenues for the period, attributable to increased bookings coming from the leisure, corporate and meetings/conventions market segments. Stronger demand from both leisure and business travelers resulted to higher occupancy and room rates versus last year. Net income for the period likewise posted a significant increase as a result of the improved revenue generation, resulting to equitized net income of ₱2.25 million.

Key Performance Indicators (KPI)

The top five (5) KPI's used to measure the financial performance of PHINMA and its subsidiaries as of the three (3) month period ended March 31, 2023 compared to the same period in the previous year are shown in the following table:

Financial KPI	Definition	Mar 2023	Mar 2022	
Profitability				
Return on Equity	Net income attributable to equity <u>holders of the parent</u> Average equity attributable to equity holders of the parent ¹	2.71%	3.88%	
Gross Profit Margin	<u>Gross profitⁱⁱ</u> Total Revenues	31.19%	27.66%	
Efficiency Cash Flow Margin	Cash flows from operating activities Total Revenues	6.47%	8.46%	
Liquidity Current Ratio	<u>Total Current Assets</u> Total Current Liabilities	1.68 : 1:00	1.92 : 1.00	
Debt to Equity Ratio	<u>Total Liabilities</u> Total Equity	1.86 : 1:00	1.91 : 1.00	

Average Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent is derived by dividing in two (2) the sum of beginning Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent and ending Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent.

Gross Profit is calculated by deducting cost of sales and cost of educational, installation, hospital and consultancy service from total revenues.

Profitability

The return on equity for the period of 2.71% is lower than 3.88% return for the same period the previous year due to lower net income in 2023 coupled with additional paid in capital resulting from the sale of treasury shares in September 2022. Gross profit margin increased from 27.66% in 2022 to 31.19% in 2023 due to lower freight cost, Peso appreciation against US dollar as well as initiatives from CMG to effectively manage fixed and semi-variable costs.

Efficiency

Net cash flow margin for the three months ended March 31, 2023 is 6.47% compared to net cash flow margin of 8.46% over the same period last year, mainly due to payment of trust receipts payable and interest payable by CMG and reduction in contract liabilities by the schools.

Liquidity

Current ratio decreased from 1.92:1.00 in 2022 to 1.68:1.00 in 2023 mainly due to redemption of PHN parent's investment in UITF for advances for future subscription in PPHC, coupled with the increase in CMG's notes payable.

Debt-equity ratio of PHINMA and its subsidiaries as of end March 2023 was 1.86:1.00.

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements of PHINMA for the three (3) months ended March 31, 2023 have been prepared in accordance with PAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual financial statements as of December 31, 2022.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial assets at fair value through profit and loss and derivative investments that have been measured at fair value.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in Philippine pesos, the company's functional and presentation currency.

Interim Disclosures on Financial Statements

Below are additional disclosures on the Company's operations:

a. On any known trend, demand, commitment, event and uncertainty that will result in or likely to decrease its liquidity in any material way :

PHN does not anticipate having any cash flow or liquidity problems nor does it anticipate any default or breach of any of its existing loans.

b. On any event that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation:

None

c. On material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations) and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other person created during the reporting period:

None

d. On material commitments for capital expenditures, the general purpose of such commitments and the expected sources of funds for such expenditures:

None

e. On any known trend, event or uncertainty that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales/revenues/income from continuing operations:

Recovery of the Peso, decline in freight costs and gradual pick up of businesses have positive effect on operations of the various business units of Phinma Corporation. Their impact is reflected in the financial statements as of March 31, 2023. PHINMA Corporation and its subsidiaries continue to monitor developments in their respective industries and to adapt accordingly.

f. Any significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Issuer's continuing operations.

None.

g. On the causes for any material change from period to period which shall include vertical and horizontal analyses of any material item:

Increase or decrease of 5% or more in the financial statements are discussed below.

h. On any seasonal aspect that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations.

Like any company in the construction industry, the operations of UGC and Philcement are affected by seasonal demand. Demand for construction materials is greater during the dry months than during the rainy months. Hence, the demand for the first semester of the calendar year is normally higher than that of the second semester.

School year 2022-23 for PHINMA Education's schools was from July to April; summer classes started in April. Thus cashflow outside these periods may be relatively lower.

For other subsidiaries, there is no significant seasonality that would materially affect their operations.

Material Changes in Statement of Financial Position Accounts

Cash and cash equivalents

The movement in cash and cash equivalents are shown in the cash flow statement

Investments held for trading

The drop in the account is mainly attributable to redemption of investments in UITFs of the parent company for advances to Phinma Properties.

Inventory

The net decrease in inventory of ₱252.87 million is attributable to CMG's initiative to reduce inventory through purchasing process improvements.

Input value-added taxes

The increase in the account is mainly due to input tax on CMG's purchases of imported panels and mounting steels in Q1 2023 to support increased sales.

Other current assets

The net decrease in other current assets is mainly due to decrease in other current assets of the schools.

Investment in and advances to associates and joint venture

The increase of ₱239.12 million is due to advances to Phinma Properties for future subscription in the latter's common shares to support development of a township business line.

Right-of-use of assets

The ₱23.34 million decrease represents the depreciation of the right of use asset of CMG.

Deferred tax assets

The 5% net increase in this account pertains mainly to an increase in deferred tax assets of CMG.

LIABILITIES

Notes pavable

The P649.24 million increase in this account is attributable to the short-term notes that CMG availed of in Q1 2023 for its working capital requirements.

Trade and other payables

The increase in Trade and other payables is due to ₱171.80 million dividends declared by the Parent company in March 2023 as well as accrual of expenses by CMG.

Contract liabilities

Tuition fees for the semester are accrued as receivable at the start of the semester and the corresponding liability is booked under Contract Liabilities. The account decreased by ₱866.55 million as revenues were earned by the schools from January to March 2023.

Trust receipts payable

The decrease of ₱128.25 million in the account is attributable to settlement of CMG's trust receipts payable.

Income and other taxes payable

The net decrease in this account is mainly attributable to payment of tax by CMG.

Derivative liability

The decrease in this account is mainly attributable to lower forward rate on CMG's deliverable forward contracts compared to closing rate for the period.

<u>Current portion – long-term debt</u>

The increase in this account resulted mainly from re-classification of a portion of long-term debt of Republican College which became current in Q1 2023.

Due to related parties

The drop in this account is mainly attributable to payment of amounts due to the parent holding company.

Lease liabilities

The decrease in the account amounting to ₱21.44 million represents periodic lease payments by CMG and UPang.

Accrued Retirement

The net decrease in the account amounting to $\mathbb{P}31.21$ million represents payment of contribution to the retirement fund by the schools.

EOUITY

Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations

The movement in the account represents the cumulative adjustments mainly arising from the translation of the financial statements of One Animate Limited (OAL) to Philippine Pesos.

<u>Equity reserves</u>

The movement in the account is due to the increase in the contingent liability arising from the put option on shares in PHINMA Education.

Other comprehensive income

The ₱2.74 million increase in this account is mainly due to the unrealized gain from the increase in fair value of financial assets at FVOCI of parent company and CMG.

Retained earnings

The increase in the account represents increase in net income for the first quarter of 2023, partially offset by dividends declared during the period amounting to ₱171.80 million.

Material Changes in Income Statement Accounts

Revenues

The ₱289.12 million increase in revenues is mainly due to enrollment in schools which is 30% higher than enrollment during the same period last year.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses increased from previous year mainly due to higher utilities and other operating expenses of the schools due to increased enrollment in SY2022-23 and to support face to face classes.

Selling expenses

The increase in the account can be attributed to the increase in selling expenses of CMG and the schools.

Equity in net earnings (losses) of associates and joint ventures

Equity in net loss of investees is mainly due to the equitized loss in Phinma Property Holdings Corp.

Foreign exchange gains (losses) - net

The net forex loss is attributable to PEHI's USD holdings restated at the forex rate of ₱54.36: \$1 compared to ₱55.76: \$1 as of December 31, 2022.

Gain (loss) on change in fair value of financial assets at FVPL

Net loss is attributable to the unrealized foreign exchange loss from the investment in Song Lam preferred shares.

Gain (loss) on derivatives

The loss on derivatives mainly resulted from the unrealized foreign exchange loss from the put option on the Song Lam preferred shares.

Gain (loss) on sale of property. plant and equipment

The gain arises mainly from the sale of PPE by CMG

<u>Others – net</u>

The increase in this account is mainly due to the increase in other income of Phinma Education.

Provision for (benefit from) income tax

The provision resulted mainly from the deferred tax adjustments of CMG and PHINMA Education.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA CORPORATION

REGINA B. ALVAREZ Senior Vice President and Group Controller

ANNABELLE S. GUEDIAN Vice President - Controller

τ.

May 15, 2023

PHINMA CORPORATION **Consolidated Aging of AR-Trade** As of March 31, 2023

in thousands

	Amount
Current	1,956,686
1-30 days	708,479
31-60 days	105,411
61-90 days	184,996
Over 90 days	1,218,420
TOTAL	4,173,992
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	1,251,356
Net Trade Receivable	2,922,636

PHINMA CORPORATION **Consolidated Aging of AR-Nontrade** As of March 31, 2023

in thousands

	Amount
Current	2,178,262
1-30 days	45,180
31-60 days	18,144
61-90 days	19,799
Over 90 days	580,373
TOTAL	2,841,759
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	147,660
Net Nontrade Receivable	2,694,099



Annabelle Guzman <asguzman@phinma.com.ph>

Fwd: PHINMA Corporation_SEC Form 17-Q_Quarterly Report for the period ended June 30, 2023

1 message

Flora Tolarba <fdtolarba@phinma.com.ph> To: Annabelle Guzman <asguzman@phinma.com.ph> Fri, Apr 12, 2024 at 8:59 AM

For your reference.

Flora D. Tolarba Senior Compliance Manager Corporate Governance	PHINMA Making Lives Better
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39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center Makati City, Philippines, 1200	Mobile: +63 9178658565 +63 9178536251
Email: fdtolarba@phinma.com.ph	www.phinma.com.ph

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-------Forwarded message -------From: rdsoliven <rdsoliven@phinma.com.ph> Date: Mon, Aug 14, 2023 at 6:01 PM Subject: PHINMA Corporation_SEC Form 17-Q_Quarterly Report for the period ended June 30, 2023 To: <ictdsubmission@sec.gov.ph> Cc: <msrd_covid19@sec.gov.ph>, Flora Tolarba <fdtolarba@phinma.com.ph>, Gina Baclig <gbbaclig@phinma.com.ph>, Carolyn Caspe <cccaspe@phinma.com.ph>

Gentlemen,

We hereby submit the SEC Form 17 - Q - Quarterly Report for the period ended June 30, 2023, filed on behalf of PHINMA Corporation in compliance with SEC Notice on Options in the Submission of Reports, Applications and Other Documents during the Effectivity of All Community Quarantine Imposed due to COVID-19, dated June 24, 2020.

We hope you find our submission in order and acknowledge receipt.

Thank you.

ROLANDO D. SOLIVEN Vice President - Group Corporate Governance and Compliance Officer

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PHINMA Corporation

Certification

I, <u>ANNABELLE S. GUZMAN</u>, <u>Vice President - Controller</u> of <u>PHINMA CORPORATION</u> with SEC registration number <u>12397</u> with principal office at <u>Level 12</u>, <u>PHINMA Plaza</u>, <u>39 Plaza</u> <u>Drive, Rockwell Center Makati City</u>, on oath state:

- That on behalf of <u>PHINMA Corporation</u>, I have caused this <u>SEC Form 17 Q</u> (Quarterly Report) as of June 30, 2023 to be prepared;
- That I read and understood its contents which are true and correct of my own personal knowledge and/or based on true records;
- That <u>PHINMA Corporation</u> will comply with the requirements set forth in SEC Notice dated June 24, 2020 for a complete and official submission of reports and/or documents through electronic mail; and

4) That I am fully aware that documents filed online which requires pre-evaluation and/or processing fee shall be considered complete and officially received only upon payment of a filing fee.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 14th day of August, 2023.

ANNABELLE S

Vice President - Controller

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this <u>_____</u>day of August, 2023 in Makati City, affiant exhibited her Driver's License No. N01-01-266669 with expiration date April 15, 2024.

Doc. No. 367 Page No. 75 Book No. 77 Series No. 773

NOTARY PUBLIC ATTY. JOEL FERRER FLORES NOTARY PUBLIC E KATI CITY UNTIL DECEMBER 31 2022 (2023-2024) APPOINTMENT NO. M-115 ROLL NO. 77376 MCLE COMPLIANCE NO. 0001393, Jan. 03, 2023 Until Apr. 14, 2028 PTR NO. 9563564 / JAN.03.2023/MAKATI CITY IBP NO. 261994 / JAN.03,2023 / PASIG CITY 1107 D BATAAN ST., GUADALUPE NUEVO, MAKATI CITY

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION SEC FORM 17 – Q QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE (SRC) AND SRC RULE 17 (2)(b) THEREUNDER

- 1. For the quarterly period ended June 30. 2023
- 2. Commission identification no. 12397
- 3. BIR Tax Identification No. 000-107-026-000
- 4. <u>**PHINMA Corporation**</u> Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter
- 5. <u>Manila. Philippines</u> Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization
- 6. Industry Classification Code : ____
- 7. <u>12/F. Phinma Plaza. 39 Plaza Drive. Rockwell Center. Makati City 1210</u> Address of registrant's principal office

8. (632) 8870-01-00 Registrant's telephone number, including area code

- 9. Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report : <u>N/A</u>
- 10. Common Shares 271,893,365 shares issued and outstanding
- 11. Are any or all of the securities listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange ?

Yes(**x**) No()

If yes, state the name of such stock exchange and the classes of securities listed therein:

Philippine Stock Exchange. Inc.

Common Shares

12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant :

(α)Has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Section 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11 (a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports)

Yes [x] No []

- (β) Has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
 - Yes [x] No []

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 Financial Statement

Item 2 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition And Results of Operations	57 -64
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	13 -56
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Quarter ended June 30, 2023 and 2022	11 -12
Statement of Changes in Equity June 30, 2023 and 2022	9 - 10
Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income Quarter ended June 30, 2023 and 2022	8
Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Income Quarter ended June 30, 2023 and 2022	7
Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Financial Position June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022	5 - 6

SIGNATURES

65

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF

FINANCIAL POSITION

JUNE 30, 2023

(With Comparative Audited Figures as at December 31, 2022) (Amounts in Thousands)

	June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
ASSETS	· · ·	
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 5, 27 and 28)	₽4,085,794	₽3,421,578
Investments held for trading (Notes 6, 27 and 28)	380,809	654,316
Trade and other receivables (Notes 7, 27 and 28)	5,098,008	5,631,456
Inventories (Note 8)	2,161,478	2,376,008
Input value-added taxes and other current assets (Note 27)	546,931	629,517
Total Current Assets	12,273,020	12,712,875
Noncurrent Assets		
Investment in and advances to associates and joint ventures (Note 9)	1,609,401	1,412,637
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss (Notes 10 and 28)	2,187,098	2,209,088
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Notes 11 and 28)	126,258	122,959
Property, plant and equipment (Note 12)	12,536,428	11,582,387
Investment properties (Note 13)	626,994	627,291
Intangible assets (Note 14)	1,919,023	1,853,725
Right-of-use assets (Note 29)	280,809	315,031
Deferred tax assets - net (Note 25)	156,285	127,736
Derivative asset (Notes 27 and 28)	641,665	648,117
Other noncurrent assets (Notes 15 and 27)	477,165	399,179
Total Noncurrent Assets	20,561,126	19,298,150
	₽32,834,146	₽32,011,025
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current Liabilities		
Notes payable (Notes 16, 27 and 28)	₽3,577,415	₽2,779,103
Trade and other payables (Notes 17, 27 and 28)	2,681,726	2,150,350
Contract liabilities (Note 18 and 27)	230,936	1,416,637
Trust receipts payable (Notes 27 and 28)	266,668	128,249
Derivative liability (Notes 27 and 28)	1,097	371
Income and other taxes payable	136,660	49,151
Current portion of:		
Long-term debt (Notes 19, 27 and 28)	630,828	652,399
Lease liabilities (Note 29)	94,007	102,676
Due to related parties (Notes 24, 27 and 28)	189,621	155,595
Total Current Liabilities	7,808,958	7,434,531
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 19, 27 and 28)	10,663,815	10,282,347
Non-controlling interest put liability (Note 28)	2,379,469	2,188,320
Deferred tax liabilities - net (Note 25)	403,530	426,529
Pension and other post-employment benefits (Note 26)	299,731	275,600
Lease liabilities - net of current portion (Note 29)	183,823	211,452
Other noncurrent liabilities	49,402	49,577
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	13,979,770	13,433,825
Total Liabilities	21,788,728	20,868,356

(Forward)

	June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent		
Capital stock (Note 20)	₽2,863,312	₽2,863,312
Additional paid-in capital	396,845	396,845
Treasury shares (Note 20)	(182)	(182)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(839)	(933)
Equity reserves	(446,421)	(299,535)
Other comprehensive income	53,690	50,920
Share in other comprehensive income of associates	9,608	9,809
Retained earnings (Note 20)	5,397,848	5,360,643
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent	8,273,861	8,380,879
Non-controlling Interests	2,771,557	2,761,790
Total Equity	11,045,418	11,142,669
	₽32,834,146	₽32,011,025

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Amounts in Thousands, Except Per Share Data)

	Three-Month Ended J		Six -Month Ended	Periods June 30
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
REVENUES				
Revenue from contracts with customers				
Sale of goods	₽3,425,231	₽3,712,094	₽6,723,396	₽7,163,276
Tuition, school fees and other services	487,477	274,606	1,790,679	1,184,438
Hospital routine services	47,081	45,739	102,858	79,419
Consultancy services	25,153	12,583	45,679	23,652
Installation services	11,893	10,293	21,372	26,640
Rental income	22,437	19,522	42,087	36,959
Investment income	84,529	62,998	160,862	117,468
	4,103,801	4,137,835	8,886,933	8,631,852
COSTS AND EXPENSES				
Cost of sales (Note 21)	3,032,322	3,172,845	5,791,597	6,029,071
Cost of educational, installation, hospital and	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
consultancy services (Note 21)	415,303	312,715	947,256	707,619
General and administrative expenses	;- •-	- ,	,,	,
(Note 22)	486,462	364,645	1,037,984	860,184
Selling expenses (Note 23)	85,268	116,245	266,835	270,891
	4,019,355	3,966,450	8,043,672	7,867,765
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Interest expense and other financing charges	(164,528)	(167,481)	(338,390)	(338,760)
Equity in net earnings (losses) of associates and	(104,520)	(107,401)	(336,390)	(338,700)
joint ventures (Note 9)	(42,045)	(1,424)	(79,035)	16,278
Gain (loss) on change in fair value of financial	(42,045)	(1,424)	(19,055)	10,278
assets at FVPL	34,054	64,625	(21,990)	95,214
Gain (loss) on derivatives – net	9,171	14,382	(7,272)	15,928
Foreign exchange gains - net	5,375	50,291	3,930	63,481
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment –	5,575	50,291	5,950	05,481
net	100	66	1,231	125
Others – net	10,846	15,486	18,659	22,591
Such a let	(147,027)	(24,055)	(422,867)	(125,143)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	(62,581)	147,330	420,394	638,944
PROVISION FOR (BENEFIT FROM)				
INCOME TAX (Note 25)				• • • • •
Current	5,201	25,024	17,324	24,619
Deferred	(39,974)	(23,303)	(53,684)	(24,747)
	(34,773)	1,721	(36,360)	(128)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	(₽27,808)	₽145,609	₽ 456,754	₽639,072
Attributable to:				
Equity holders of the Parent	(₽18,606)	₽114,778	₽208,762	₽406,833
Non-controlling interests	(9,202)	30,831	247,992	232,239
Net income (loss)	(P27,808)	₽145,609	₽456,754	₽639,072
Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Common Share -				
Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent		D0 42	DA 53	D1 50
(Note 31)	(P0.06)	₽0.42	₽0.73	₽1.50

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Three-Month Ended Ju		Six-Month Periods Ended June 30			
	2023 (Unaudited)	2022 (Unaudited)	2023 (Unaudited)	2022 (Unaudited)		
NET INCOME (LOSS)	(₽27,808)	₽145,609	₽456,754	₽639,072		
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)						
Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss						
in subsequent periods						
Re-measurement gain (loss) on defined benefit						
obligation	(13,674)	6,746	(20,927)	6,746		
Unrealized gain on change in fair value of						
financial assets at fair value through other						
comprehensive income	49	99	3,549	1,400		
Share in unrealized gain (loss) on change in fair						
value of financial assets at fair value through						
other comprehensive income and defined benefit obligation of associates and joint						
ventures	(310)	65	(201)	(1,620)		
Income tax effect	(310)	(38)	(525)	(1,020)		
	(13,935)	6,872	(18,104)	6,331		
Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in	(10,00)	0,072	(10,101)	0,001		
subsequent periods						
Exchange differences on translation of foreign						
operations	(26)	(292)	128	(358)		
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(13,961)	6,580	(17,976)	5,973		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	(₽41,769)	₽152,189	₽438,778	₽645,045		
Attributable to:						
Equity holders of the Parent	(P14,040)	₽118,710	₽211,663	₽410,089		
Non-controlling interests	(27,729)	33,479	227,115	234,956		
Total comprehensive income	(P41,769)	₽152,189	₽438,778	₽645,045		

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

(Amounts in Thousands)

				Equity At	tributable to Eq	uity Holders of the	e Parent					
				Exchange Differences on			Share in Other Comprehensive					
		Additional		Translation of		Other	Income of				Non-	
	Capital Stock	Paid-in	Treasury	Foreign	Equity	Comprehensive	Associates	Retained Ear	rnings (Note 20)		controlling	Total
	(Note 20)	Capital	Shares	Operations	Reserves	Income		Appropriated	Unappropriated	Subtotal	Interests	Equity
Balance, December 31, 2022 (Audited)	₽2,863,312	₽396,845	(P182)	(P 933)	(₽299,535)	₽50,920	₽9,809	₽1,765,500	₽3,595,143	₽8,380,879	₽2,761,790	₽11,142,669
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	208,762	208,762	247,992	456,754
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	94	-	3,008	(201)	-	-	2,901	(20,877)	(17,976)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	94	-	3,008	(201)	-	208,762	211,663	227,115	438,778
Cash dividends (Note 20)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(171,795)	(171,795)	(173,085)	(344,880)
Realized gain on sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive												
income	-	-	-	-	-	(238)	-	-	238	-	-	-
Put option over non-controlling interests (Note 20)	_	_	-	_	(146,886)	-	_	-	_	(146,886)	(44,263)	(191,149)
Reversal of appropriation (Note 20) Appropriation of retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,765,500)	1,765,500	-	-	-
(Note 20)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,600,000	(1,600,000)	-	-	_
Balance, June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	₽2,863,312	₽396,845	(P182)	(P839)	(₽446,421)	₽53,690	₽9,608	₽1,600,000	₽3,797,848	₽8,273,861	₽2,771,557	₽11,045,418

				Equity	y Attributable to Equ	ity Holders of the F	Parent					
				Exchange Differences on			Share in Other Comprehensive					
		Additional	Treasury	Translation of		Other I	ncome (Loss) of				Non-	
		Paid-in	Shares	Foreign		Comprehensive	Associates	Retained	Earnings		controlling	Total
	Capital Stock	Capital		Operations	Equity Reserves	Income		Appropriated	Unappropriated	Subtotal	Interests	Equity
Balance, December 31, 2021 (Audited)	₽2,863,312	₽259,248	(₽143,574)	(₽581)	(₽95,484)	₽38,167	₽11,538	₽1,765,500	₽2,769,021	₽7,467,147	₽2,465,914	₽9,933,061
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	406,833	406,833	232,239	639,072
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	(290)	-	1,140	(1,620)	-	4,026	3,256	2,717	5,973
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	(290)	-	1,140	(1,620)	-	410,859	410,089	234,956	645,045
Cash dividends (Note 20)	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	(135,930)	(135,930)	(167,615)	(303,545)
Put option over non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	(151,361)	-	-	-	-	(151,361)	(11,360)	(162,721
Buyback of shares	-	-	(459)	-		_	-	-	-	(459)		(459)
Balance, June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)	₽2,863,312	₽259,248	(₽144,033)	(P 871)	(₽246,845)	₽39,307	₽9,918	₽1,765,500	₽3,043,950	₽7,589,486	₽2,521,895	₽10,111,381

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Amounts in Thousands)

	Six-Month Periods Ended Jur			
	2023	2022		
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	₽420,394	₽638,944		
Adjustments to reconcile income before income tax to net cash flows:	10,05 .	1 00 0,5 1 1		
Depreciation and amortization (Notes 21, 22 and 23)	339,114	301,171		
Interest expense and other financing charges	338,390	338,760		
Interest income	(154,007)	(114,345)		
Equity in net losses of associates and joint ventures (Note 9)	79,035	(16,278)		
Pension and other employee benefits expense	54,952	43,300		
Unrealized loss (gain) on change in fair value of investment	21,990	(95,214)		
Net loss (gain) on derivatives	7,272	(15,928)		
Gain on investments held for trading – net	(6,706)	(3,013)		
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain) – net	(3,930)	(63,481)		
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment - net	(1,231)	(125)		
Dividend income	(1,231) (149)	(111)		
Operating income before working capital changes	1,095,124	1,013,680		
Decrease (increase) in:	1,075,124	1,015,000		
Trade and other receivables	640,809	518,869		
Inventories	214,530	(153,535)		
Input value-added taxes and other current assets	220,857	(83,914)		
Increase (decrease) in:	220,037	(03,914)		
Trade and other payables	480,632	(224,987)		
Trust receipts payables	138,419	(878,878)		
Contract liabilities	(1,185,701)	(997,924)		
Net cash provided by (used in) operations	1,604,670	(806,689)		
Interest paid	· · ·	(365,926)		
Income tax paid	(321,582)	(36,480)		
Contributions to the pension fund and benefits paid from operating fund	(66,475) (51,748)			
Interest received	(51,748)	(35,891) 25,246		
	46,646			
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,211,511	(1,219,739)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Additions to:				
Investment held for trading	(99,483)	(1,142,169)		
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss				
Property, plant and equipment	(1,317,403)	(611,127)		
Investment in and advances to associates	(276,000)	-		
Intangible assets	(7,813)	(72)		
Proceeds from sale of:				
Investment held for trading	379,696	680,628		
Investment properties	,	3,929		
Property, plant and equipment	2,513	297		
Financial assets at FVOCI	250	-		
Increase in other noncurrent assets	(77,986)	(12,632)		
Dividends received	149	111		
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,396,077)	(1,081,035)		
	(=,=,=,=,=,=,=)	(-,:::,:::)		

	Six-Month Periods Ended June 30		
	2023	2022	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payments of:			
Notes payable	(751,997)	(1,086,718)	
Long-term debt	(365,868)	(774,179)	
Cash dividends	(282,223)	(3,774)	
Lease liability	(44,561)	(60,299)	
Treasury shares	_	(459)	
Proceeds from availments of:			
Notes payable	1,550,000	2,800,396	
Long-term debt	705,650	1,069,322	
Increase (decrease) in due to related parties	34,026	(47,879)	
Increase (decrease) in other noncurrent liabilities	(175)	1,323	
Net cash provided by financing activities	844,852	1,897,733	
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND			
CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,930	63,481	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH			
EQUIVALENTS	664,216	(339,560)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	3,421,578	3,695,914	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD (Note 5)	₽4,085,794	₱3,356,354	

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Corporate Information 1.

PHINMA Corporation (PHN or the Parent Company) was incorporated in the Philippines and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on March 12, 1957.

The Parent Company is listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) since August 15, 1958.

On August 2, 2006, the Philippine SEC approved the extension of the Parent Company's corporate life for another 50 years. On May 27, 2010, the Philippine SEC approved the change in the Parent Company's corporate name from Bacnotan Consolidated Industries, Inc. to PHINMA Corporation. Its principal activity is holding investments in shares in various subsidiaries, associates and investees and other financial instruments.

Following are the subsidiaries of the Parent Company and the nature of their principal business activities:

				June 30, 2023	5	De	ecember 31, 20	22
		_	PHN	Direct	PHN	PHN	Direct	PHN
		Calendar/	Direct	Interest of	Effective	Direct	Interest of	Effective
Subsidiaries	Nature of Business	Fiscal Yearend	Interest	Subsidiary	Interest	Interest	Subsidiary	Interest
Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC)	Manufacturing and distribution of steel products	December 31	98.01	-	98.01	98.01	_	98.01
PHINMA Solar Energy Corporation (PHINMA Solar) ^(g)	Solar rooftop	December 31	-	100.00	98.01	-	100.00	98.01
PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PEHI) (a and b)	Holding company	March 31	67.18	-	67.18	67.18	-	67.18
Pamantasan ng Araullo (Araullo University), Inc. (AU) ^(a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	97.57	65.55	-	97.57	65.55
Cagayan de Oro College, Inc. (COC) ^(a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	91.27	61.32	-	91.27	61.32
University of Iloilo (UI) (a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	69.23	46.51	_	69.23	46.51
University of Pangasinan (UPANG) and Subsidiary ^(a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	69.33	46.58	-	69.33	46.58
Southwestern University (SWU) ^(a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	84.34	56.66	-	84.34	56.66
St. Jude College, Inc. (SJCI)	Educational institution	December 31	-	98.30	66.04	-	98.30	66.04
Republican College, Inc. (RCI) ^(c)	Educational institution	December 31	-	98.41	66.11	_	98.41	66.11
Rizal College of Laguna (RCL) (a and d)	Educational institution	April 30	-	90.00	60.46	-	90.00	60.46
Union College of Laguna (UCLI) (a and e)	Educational institution	May 31	_	80.91	54.36	_	80.91	54.36
Career Academy Asia, Inc. (CAA) (f)	Educational Institution	March 31	90.00	-	90.00	90.00	-	90.00
Philcement Corporation (Philcement)	Manufacturing and distribution of cement products	December 31	60.00	-	60.00	60.00	-	60.00
P & S Holdings Corporation (PSHC)	Investment and real estate holdings	December 31	60.00	-	60.00	60.00	-	60.00
Asian Plaza, Inc. (API)	Lease of real property	December 31	57.62	-	57.62	57.62	-	57.62
One Animate Limited (OAL) and Subsidiary ^(h)	Business process outsourcing - animation services	December 31	80.00	-	80.00	80.00	-	80.00

(a) Balances as at and for the period/year ended June 30 and December 31, respectively, of these subsidiaries were used for consolidation purposes.

^(b) CAA ceased its operations on March 31, 2019.
 ^(c) OAL owns 100.00% interest in Toon City Animation, Inc. (Toon City). OAL and Toon City ceased operations in April 2013.

The Parent Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Company") were all incorporated in the Philippines, except for OAL which was incorporated in Hong Kong. The Company's ultimate parent company is Philippine Investment-Management (PHINMA), Inc. (PHINMA Inc.), which is also incorporated in the Philippines.

The information on the segments of the Company is presented in Note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

The registered office address of the Parent Company is 12th Floor, PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City.

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors (BOD), as approved and recommended for approval by the Audit Committee on August 8, 2023.

2. Basis of Preparation and Consolidation and Statement of Compliance

Basis of Preparation

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investments held for trading classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and derivative financial instruments that are measured at fair value.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Accounting Standard (PAS) 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. The Company has prepared the financial statements on the basis that it will continue to operate as a going concern. The BOD considers that there are no material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt over this assumption. The BOD has formed a judgment that there is reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, and not less than 12 months from the end of the reporting period. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine peso (P), which is the Parent Company's functional and presentation currency under Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS). All values are rounded to the nearest thousand peso, except when otherwise indicated.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2022. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared for inclusion in the Prospectus to be prepared by the Company for its planned offering transaction.

Basis of Consolidation

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries. As at June 30, 2023, there were no significant changes in the Parent Company's ownership interest in its subsidiaries.

3. Changes in Accounting Polices and Disclosures

Current Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new standards effective as at January 1, 2023. Unless otherwise indicated, adoption of these new standards did not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

Amendments to PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2, Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments provide guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by:

- Replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies, and
- Adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures

The amendments to the Practice Statement provide non-mandatory guidance. The amendments had no impact on the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements but are expected to affect the accounting policy disclosures in the Company's annual consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to PAS 8, *Definition of Accounting Estimates*

The amendments introduce a new definition of accounting estimates and clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. Also, the amendments clarify that the effects on an accounting estimate of a change in an input or a change in a measurement technique are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors.

• Amendments to PAS 12, Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under PAS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendments also clarify that where payments that settle a liability are deductible for tax purposes, it is a matter of judgement (having considered the applicable tax law) whether such deductions are attributable for tax purposes to the liability recognized in the financial statements (and interest expense) or to the related asset component (and interest expense).

The amendments had no impact on the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Future Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

Pronouncements issued but not yet effective are listed below. Unless otherwise indicated, the Company does not expect that the future adoption of the said pronouncements will have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements. The Company intends to adopt the following pronouncements when they become effective.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2024

Amendments to PAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent

The amendments clarify:

- That only covenants with which an entity must comply on or before reporting date will affect a liability's classification as current or non-current
- That classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right
- That only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and must be applied retrospectively. The Group is currently assessing the impact the amendments will have on current practice and whether existing loan agreements may require renegotiation.

• Amendments to PFRS 16, *Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback*

The amendments specify how a seller-lessee measures the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction in a way that it does not recognize any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use retained.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and must be applied retrospectively with early adoption permitted.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2025

• PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

PFRS 17 is a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. Once effective, PFRS 17 will replace PFRS 4, *Insurance Contracts*. This new standard on insurance contracts applies to all types of insurance contracts (i.e., life, non-life, direct insurance and re-insurance), regardless of the type of entities that issue them, as well as to certain guarantees and financial instruments with discretionary participation features. A few scope exceptions will apply.

The overall objective of PFRS 17 is to provide an accounting model for insurance contracts that is more useful and consistent for insurers. In contrast to the requirements in PFRS 4, which are largely based on grandfathering previous local accounting policies, PFRS 17 provides a comprehensive model for insurance contracts, covering all relevant accounting aspects. The core of PFRS 17 is the general model, supplemented by:

- A specific adaptation for contracts with direct participation features (the variable fee approach)
- A simplified approach (the premium allocation approach) mainly for short-duration contracts

On December 15, 2021, the Financial Reporting Standards Council (FRSC) amended the mandatory effective date of PFRS 17 from January 1, 2023 to January 1, 2025. This is consistent with Circular Letter No. 2020-62 issued by the Insurance Commission which deferred the implementation of PFRS 17 by two (2) years after its effective date as decided by the IASB.

PFRS 17 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025, with comparative figures required. Early application is permitted.

Deferred effectivity

• Amendments to PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, and PAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments address the conflict between PFRS 10 and PAS 28 in dealing with the loss of control of a subsidiary that is sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture. The amendments clarify that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transfer to an associate or joint venture involves a business as defined in PFRS 3. Any gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that does not constitute a business, however, is recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

On January 13, 2016, the FRSC deferred the original effective date of January 1, 2016 of the said amendments until the IASB completes its broader review of the research project on equity accounting that may result in the simplification of accounting for such transactions and of other aspects of accounting for associates and joint ventures.

4. Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. The judgments, estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements. Changes in these estimates and assumptions could result in outcomes that may require material adjustments to the carrying amounts of the affected assets or liabilities in the future.

5. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account consists of:

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,
	2023	2022	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)
Cash on hand and in banks	₽2,294,335	₽1,727,119	₽2,246,044
Short-term deposits	1,791,459	1,694,459	1,110,310
	₽4,085,794	₽3,421,578	3,356,354

Cash in banks earn interest at the prevailing bank deposit rates. Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of up to three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Company and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates.

6. Investments Held for Trading

This account consists of investments in:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Unit Investment Trust Funds (UITFs)	₽374,208	₽647,383
Marketable equity securities	6,601	6,933
	P380,809	₽ 654,316

7. Trade and Other Receivables

This account consists of:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Receivables from customers	₽3,499,896	₽4,384,912
Advances to suppliers and contractors	1,881,115	1,759,992
Advances to officers and employees	44,884	56,148
Rent receivables	101,722	95,761
Due from related parties (see Note 24)	30,597	28,918
Loans receivable	4,634	4,417
Accrued interest receivables	445,907	338,546
Others	432,904	340,181
	6,441,659	7,008,875
Less allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs)	1,343,651	1,377,419
	P5,098,008	₽5,631,456

Movements in the allowance for ECLs are as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Beginning balance	₽1,377,419	₽1,198,614
Provisions (see Note 22)	49,103	178,805
Reversals (see Note 22)	(82,871)	_
	₽1,343,651	₽1,377,419

The changes in the gross carrying amount of receivables during the period and impact of COVID-19 pandemic did not materially affect the allowance for ECLs.

8. Inventories

This account consists of:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
At cost:		
Finished goods	₽1,701,618	₽1,942,001
Raw materials	228,055	186,259
Other inventories	123,591	149,607
At net realizable value:		
Spare parts and others	58,296	90,345
Other inventories	49,918	7,796
	₽2,161,478	₽2,376,008

9. Investment in and advances to Associates and Joint Ventures

This account consist of:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Investment in associates	₽986,700	735,117
Investment in joint ventures	346,701	349,410
Advances to associates	276,000	328,110
	₽1,609,401	₽1,412,637

The Company's associates and joint ventures consist of the following:

	Percentage of Ownership			р
	2023		20)22
	Direct	Effective	Direct	Effective
Investment in associates:				
PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation (PPHC) ^(a)	40.10	48.86	35.42	42.71
ABCIC Property Holdings, Inc. (APHI) ^(b)	26.51	28.15	26.51	28.15
Coral Way City Hotel Corporation (Coral Way) ^(c)	23.75	29.27	23.75	29.27
PHINMA Hospitality, Inc (PHI) ^(d)	-	20.88	-	20.88
Interests in joint ventures:				
PHINMA Saytanar Education Company Limited (PHINMA Saytanar) ^(e)	-	35.92	-	35.92
PT Ind Phil Managemen (IPM) ^(e)	-	46.17	-	46.17
(a) Indirect ownership through APL and APHI				
(b) Indirect ownership through UGC.				

(c) Indirect ownership through PHI.

(d) Formerly Microtel Development Corporation (MDC). Indirect ownership through API.

(e) Indirect ownership through PEHI.

Investment in and advances to Associates

The detailed carrying values of investments in associates (accounted for under the equity method) are as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
РРНС	₽885,371	₽694,647
APHI	172,649	173,191
PHI	136,801	132,476
Coral Way	67,879	62,913
	₽1,262,700	₽1,063,227

The movements and details of the investments in associates are as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Acquisition cost:		
Balance at beginning of period	₽1,535,212	₽1,535,212
Conversion of advances to investment	328,110	-
Balance at end of period	1,863,322	1,535,212
Accumulated equity in net losses:		
Balance at beginning of period	(825,859)	(883,407)
Equity in net earnings (losses)	(76,326)	57,548
Balance at end of period	(902,185)	(825,859)
Share in other comprehensive income (loss)		
of associates:		
Balance at beginning of period	25,764	27,493
Share in other comprehensive loss	(201)	(1,729)
Balance at end of period	25,563	25,764
	₽986,700	=735,117

The movement in advances to associate is as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Balance at beginning of period	₽328,110	₽328,110
Advances during period	276,000	_
Conversion to investment in associate	(328,110)	_
Balance at end of year	₽276,000	₽328,110

On January 18, 2023, the Company advanced the amount of ₱276.0 million to PPHC for future subscription in common shares.

Pursuant to the deeds of assignment dated December 28, 2018, the Company and APHI transferred real properties in exchange for PPHC shares. PPHC issued 65,622 shares to the Company at par value of P5,000.00 per share in exchange for the real property with appraised value of P328.1 million,

costing P20.0 million. In 2018, the Company and APHI applied for a tax-free exchange pursuant to Section 40(C) of the Tax Code, as amended.

On April 13, 2023, the request for increase in capital stock of PPHC with SEC was approved. The Company's advances to PPHC amounting to P328.1 million was converted to investment in PPHC and this resulted to change in ownership interest from 35.42% to 40.10%.

Interests in Joint Ventures

This account consist of investment in IPM, accounted for under equity method. The movements and details of the investments in joint ventures are as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Acquisition costs:		
Balance at beginning of period	₽344,769	₽235,503
Additions	-	109,266
Balance at end of period	344,769	344,769
Accumulated equity in net earnings (losses):		
Balance at beginning of period	4,641	4,175
Equity in net earnings (losses)	(2,709)	466
Balance at end of period	1,932	4,641
	₽346,701	₽349,410

10. Financial Assets at FVPL

This account consists of:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Investment in preferred shares	P 2,187,098	₽2,209,088

On September 18, 2019, the Parent Company executed a Term Sheet with Song Lam Cement Joint Stock Company (Song Lam), Vissai Ninh Binh Joint Stock Company (Vissai) and Hoang Manh Truong (Sponsor) for the investment of US\$50.0 million via preferred shares in Song Lam. Song Lam manufactures, markets, distributes and exports clinker, cement and cement products and is a supplier of Philcement, a 60%-owned subsidiary of PHN. Vissai is the parent company of Song Lam which owns and manages five cement plants in Vietnam.

In January 2020, the Parent Company, Song Lam, Vissai and Hoang Minh Truong entered into share subscription agreement related to the Parent Company's subscription of the new preferred shares of Song Lam. An advance payment of 10% equivalent to US\$5.0 million was made on November 26, 2019 and the 90% balance or US\$45.0 million was paid on May 18, 2021. The total US\$50.0 million investment has an equivalent peso amount of P2.39 billion on May 18, 2021.

The preferred shares are entitled to receive an annual fixed cumulative dividends of 7.5%, independent of Song Lam's business outcome and regardless of operating business results of Song Lam and the existence of retained earnings. The preferred shares shall be convertible to common shares after two (2) years from issuance thereof. The Parent Company may convert the preferred shares between the last day of the second (2nd) year after issuance thereof until the end of the seventh (7th) year following said issuance.

The Parent Company has the option to sell the preferred shares or converted shares to Vissai, the Sponsor or Song Lam at a price equivalent to seventy-five million US Dollars (US\$75,000,000.00), less the amount of preferred dividends received by the Parent Company. The put option may be exercised by the Parent Company after five (5) years from closing and until the end of the seventh (7th) year from said closing.

11. Financial Assets at FVOCI

This account consists of:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Investment in club shares	₽ 44,250	₽41,000
Non-listed equity securities	82,008	81,959
	₽126,258	₽122,959

Investment in equity investments pertain to shares of stock and club shares which are not held for trading. The Company has irrevocably designated the equity instruments at FVOCI, as the Company considers these investments to be strategic in nature.

12. Property, Plant and Equipment

This account consists of:

	January 1,				June 30, 2023
	2023	Additions	Disposals	Reclassifications	(Unaudited)
Cost					
Land	₽3,271,394	₽270,381	₽-	₽-	₽3,541,775
Plant site improvements	3,472,872	-	-	-	3,472,872
Buildings and improvements	4,549,537	568,236	-	-	5,117,773
Machinery and equipment	2,495,712	134,727	-	-	2,630,439
Transportation and other equipment	602,384	41,710	(1,709)	-	642,385
	14,391,899	1,015,054	(1,709)	-	15,405,244
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Plant site improvements	375,831	163,364	-	-	539,195
Buildings and improvements	1,592,772	70,836	-	-	1,663,608
Machinery and equipment	1,842,164	45,457	-	-	1,887,621
Transportation and other equipment	404,896	13,834	(427)	-	418,303
	4,215,663	293,491	(427)	-	4,508,727
	10,176,236	721,563	(1,282)	-	10,896,517
Construction in progress	1,406,151	302,349	-	(68,589)	1,639,911
Net Book Value	₽11,582,387	₽1,023,912	(₽1,282)	(₽68,589)	₽12,536,428

	Tompowy 1				December 31, 2022
	January 1, 2022	Additions	Disposals	Reclassifications	(Audited)
Cost	2022	Additions	Disposais	Reclassifications	(Audited)
Land	₽3,141,322	₽130,072	₽_	₽_	₽3.271.394
Plant site improvements	3.473.015		(10,884)	10.741	3.472.872
Buildings and improvements	4,147,397	408,070	(5,930)		4,549,537
Machinery and equipment	2,271,102	224,610	-	_	2,495,712
Transportation and other equipment	560,501	46,622	(4,739)	_	602,384
1	13,593,337	809,374	(21,553)	10,741	14,391,899
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Plant site improvements	246,493	140,222	(10,884)	-	375,831
Buildings and improvements	1,460,651	138,051	(5,930)	-	1,592,772
Machinery and equipment	1,633,050	209,114	_	-	1,842,164
Transportation and other equipment	366,988	41,082	(3,174)	-	404,896
* * *	3,707,182	528,469	(19,988)	-	4,215,663
	9,886,155	280,905	(1,565)	10,741	10,176,236
Construction in progress	779,711	637,181	-	(10,741)	1,406,151
Net Book Value	₽10,665,866	₽918,086	(₽1,565)	₽-	₽11,582,387

Interest capitalized as part of "Construction in progress" account amounted to nil and $\mathbb{P}42.6$ million at capitalization rate ranging from 3.07% to 7.1% as at June 30, 2023 and as at December 31, 2022 respectively.

Certain property and equipment of AU, COC, UI, UPANG, Philcement and UGC with aggregate amount of \$\P4,863.1\$ million and \$\P4,922.4\$ million as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, are used as collateral for their respective long-term debts obtained from local banks (see Note 19).

The COVID-19 pandemic did not materially affect the recoverability of property, plant and equipment.

13. Investment Properties

This account consists of

				June 30,
	January 1,			2023
	2023	Additions	Disposal	(Unaudited)
Cost:				
Land	P614,504	P –	P –	P614,504
Buildings for lease	85,625	_	_	85,625
	700,129	_	-	700,129
Less accumulated depreciation -				
Buildings for lease	72,838	297	-	73,135
	₽627,291	(₽297)	_	P626,994
				December 30,
	January 1,			2022
	2022	Additions	Disposal	(Unaudited)
Cost:				
Land	₽610,724	₽3,780	_	₽614,504
Buildings for lease	95,625	_	(10,000)	85,625
	706,349	3,780	(10,000)	700,129
Less accumulated depreciation -				
Buildings for lease	78,911	760	(6,833)	72,838
	₽627,438	₽3,020	(₽3,167)	₽627,291

As at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the fair values of the investment properties amounted to P2,919.4 million, respectively, based on valuations performed by accredited independent appraisers on various dates from 2019 to 2022. The description of the valuation techniques used and key inputs to fair valuation are as follows:

	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Range
Land	Market comparable assets	Price per square metre	₽250-₽100,000
Buildings for lease	Market comparable assets	Price per square metre	₽165,000-₽255,000

The fair value disclosure is categorized under Level 3..

PSHC's land amounting to £220.0 million as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, is used as a security for its long-term debt (see Note 19). Other than this, the Company has no restrictions on the realizability of its investment properties and no contractual obligations to either purchase, construct or develop investment properties.

The COVID-19 pandemic did not materially affect the recoverability of investment properties.

14. Intangible Assets

Following are the details and movements in this account:

		Software		
	Student List	Costs	Goodwill	Total
Cost				
At January 1, 2022	₽165,638	₽74,526	₽2,221,068	₽2,461,232
Additions	_	11,124	_	11,124
At December 31, 2022 (Audited)	165,638	85,650	2,221,068	2,472,356
Reclassifications (see Note 11)	_	68,589	_	68,589
Additions	_	7,813	_	7,813
At June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	165,638	162,052	2,221,068	2,548,758
Amortization and Impairment				
At January 1, 2022	₽165,638	₽39,883	₽403,132	₽608,653
Amortization	_	9,978	_	9,978
At December 31, 2022 (Audited)	165,638	49,861	403,132	618,631
Amortization	_	11,104	_	11,104
At June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	165,638	P 60,965	403,132	629,735
Net Book Value				
At June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	₽–	P101,087	₽1,817,936	₽1,919,023
At December 31, 2022 (Audited)	_	35,789	1,817,936	1,853,725

15. Other Noncurrent Assets

This account consists of:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Advances to suppliers and contractors	₽413,112	₽ 336,203
Indemnification assets	38,114	38,114
Refundable deposits	12,559	10,193
Creditable withholding taxes	7,812	7,812
Others	5,568	6,857
	₽ 477,165	₽399,179

16. Notes Payable

This account consists of notes payable of the Parent Company and subsidiaries:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Philcement	₽2,525,000	₽1,775,000
UGC	1,052,415	1,004,103
	₽3,577,415	₽2,779,103

The notes payable are unsecured short-term peso-denominated loans obtained from financial institutions with an annual interest rate ranging between 3.50% to 6.95% and 2.60% to 4.05% in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

17. Trade and Other Payables

This account consists of:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Trade	₽1,251,296	₽1,107,394
Accruals for:		
Professional fees and others	645,223	591,946
Personnel costs	483,571	113,109
Interest	70,244	73,551
Freight, hauling and handling	115,070	45,797
Dividends	75,259	185,687
Deposit liabilities	8,164	4,874
Others	32,899	27,992
	₽2,681,726	₽2,150,350

18. Contract Liabilities

This account consists of:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Unearned revenues	₽127,458	₽1,327,343
Customers' deposits	103,478	89,294
	₽230,936	₽1,416,637

Unearned revenues pertain to portion of tuition fees received or due from students to which the Company still has an obligation to transfer services to the students within the next financial year.

Customers' deposits pertain to cash advance received to which the Company has an obligation to deliver roofing and other steel products and installation services within the financial year.

19. Long-term Debt

This account consists of the Parent Company's fixed-rate bonds and long-term liabilities of the subsidiaries:

PHN Fixed Rate Bonds due 2024

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Principal	₽3,000,000	₽3,000,000
Less debt issuance cost	19,096	27,223
	₽2,980,904	₽2,972,777

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On May 6, 2021, the Parent Company filed with the SEC a Registration Statement for the proposed offering of three-year fixed rate bonds due 2024 with an aggregate principal amount of up to two Billion Pesos (₱2,000,000,000.00), with an oversubscription option of up to One Billion Pesos (₱1,000,000,000.00) at an offer price of 100% of face value. This bond offering was authorized by resolutions of the BOD of the Parent Company on March 2, 2021 and the Executive Committee of the Parent Company on April 30, 2021. The Certificate of Permit to offer securities for sale was issued by SEC on August 10, 2021. The interest rate was set at 3.5335% and the offer period commenced at 9:00 a.m. on August 10, 2021 and ended at 5:00 p.m. on August 16, 2021. The Parent Company appointed: China Bank Capital Corporation and SB Capital Investment Corporation as Joint Issue Managers and Joint Lead Underwriters; Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation –Trust and Investments Group as the Trustee; and Philippine Depository & Trust Corp. as the Registrar and Paying Agent.

The bonds were listed in the Philippine Dealing & Exchange Corp. on August 20, 2021.

The balance of unamortized debt issuance cost follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Beginning of year	₽27,223	₽42,984
Additions	_	_
Amortization	(8,127)	(15,761)
	₽19,096	₽27,223

Long- Term Loans

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
PEHI	₽1,991,120	₽2,025,080
PHN	1,940,000	1,950,000
Philcement	1,068,056	1,288,365
SWU	586,000	589,000
UGC	937,500	962,500
UPANG	442,350	226,933
AU	308,193	221,497

⁽Forward)

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
UI	₽383,000	₽386,000
COC	322,808	150,965
SJC	180,000	-
PSHC	111,982	120,982
PSEC	91,667	97,222
	8,362,676	8,018,544
Less debt issuance cost	48,937	56,575
	8,313,739	7,961,969
Less current portion - net of debt issuance cost	630,828	652,399
	₽7,682,911	₽7,309,570

The debt agreements presented in the succeeding pages include, among others, certain restrictions and requirements. The loan agreements with Security Bank Corporation (SBC), Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation (RCBC) and China Banking Corporation (CBC) stipulate, among others, positive and negative covenants which must be complied with by PHN, UGC, Philcement, PEHI, AU, COC, UPANG, UI and SWU for as long as the loans remain outstanding. Negative covenants include certain restrictions and requirements, such as maintenance of certain current, debt-to-equity and debt service coverage ratios.

As at June 30, 2023, the Company is in compliance with the required financial ratios and other loan covenants.

Certain assets amounting to P5,083.1 million and P5,142.3 million as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively are mortgaged as collaterals for the respective long-term debts as follows (see Notes 12 and 13):

Entity	Collateral
AU	Land and land improvements in the main campus
COC	Land in the main campus
UPANG	Land and land improvements
UI	Land and land improvements
Philcement	Assignment of leasehold rights on the land where the cement
	terminal is constructed, registration of real estate or chattel
	mortgage on cement terminal building, equipment and other assets,
	and assignment of port ownership, right to land lease and rights to
	foreshore lease.
UGC	Land, plant site improvements, buildings and installations and
	machinery and equipment
PSHC	Land

PEHI's loan agreement with CBC is covered by a negative pledge on the shares of stocks held by PEHI with AU, COC, UPANG, UI and SWU.

The balance of unamortized debt issuance cost follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Beginning of period	₽56,575	₽62,043
Additions	4,350	12,440
Amortization	(11,988)	(17,908)
End of period	₽48,937	₽56,575

The details of long-term debts are summarized below:

				Terms						
	_							_	Outstanding	
Debtor	Loan Amount	Date of Loan Agreement	Lender	Installments	Final Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
РЕНІ	₽1,500,000 ⁽¹⁾	December 7, 2015	RCBC	28 equal quarterly payments of P3.8 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment commenced on March 7, 2019.	December 7, 2025	First five years is based on the three-day average of five-year Philippine Dealing System Treasury Reference Rate (PDST-R2) plus a 1.35% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher, and to be repriced at the end of the fifth year for the remaining five years at an interest rate based on the interest rate then current or the applicable five-year benchmark rate plus 1.35% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher.	December 7, 2015	₽500,000	₽426,954	₽433,375
РЕНІ		December 7, 2015	RCBC	28 equal quarterly payments of P6.8 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment commenced on March 7, 2019.	December 7, 2025	First seven years is based on the three-day average of seven-year PDST-R2 plus a 1.40% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher, and to be repriced at the end of the seventh year for the remaining three years at an interest rate based on the interest rate then current or the applicable three-year benchmark rate plus 1.40% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher.	December 7, 2015	900,000	760,611	796,255
РЕНІ	1.000.000 ⁽¹⁾	December 1, 2015	CBC	28 equal quarterly payments of P3.8 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment commenced on March 8, 2019.	December 8, 2025	First five years is based on the three-day average of five-year PDST-R2 plus a 1.35% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher, and to be repriced at the end of the fifth year for the remaining five years at an interest rate based on the interest rate then current or the applicable five-year benchmark rate plus 1.35% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher.	December 8, 2015	500,000	434,564	441,901
РЕНІ	364 000 ⁽²¹⁾	December 27, 2021	RCBC	15 equal quarterly payments of P2.7 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment commenced on March 27, 2022.	December 7, 2025	Fixed rate of 4.85% per annum, inclusive of GRT until the end of the term.	December 27, 2021	364,000	348,094	351,016
(Forward) COC	100,000 ⁽²⁾	March 27, 2013	CBC	40 equal quarterly payments of P1.3 million. First	March 27, 2013	Nominal interest rate of 5.81% from March 27, 2013 to March 27, 2018,	March 27, 2013	50,000	-	1,251

principal payment commenced on June 27, 2013. 6.05% from March 27, 2018 to March 27, 2020 and 6.30% from March 27, 2020 to March 27, 2023 with the EIR of 6.12% over 365 days.

				Terms		_				<i>(</i> 1)
	Loan	Date of Loan			Final				Outstanding June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Debtor	Amount	Agreement	Lender	Installments	Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
COC		July 18, 2013	CBC	39 equal quarterly payments of P1.3 million. First principal payment commenced on June 27, 2013.	March 27, 2023	Nominal interest rate of 5.81% from July 18, 2013 to June 27, 2018, 6.05% from June 27, 2018 to June 27, 2020 and 7.38% from June 27, 2020 to March 27, 2023 with the EIR of 6.07% over 365 days.	July 18, 2013	50,000	-	1,284
COC	125,000 ⁽³⁾	June 24, 2018	CBC	28 unequal quarterly payments as follows: 8 quarterly installments of P0.3 million from October 9, 2021 to July 9, 2023; 8 quarterly installments of P1.6 million from October 9, 2023 to July 9, 2025; 8 quarterly installment of P3.1 million from October 9, 2020 to July 9, 2027 and 4 quarterly installments of P21.3 million from October 9, 2027 to July 9, 2028. First principal payment will commence on July 9, 2021.	July 9, 2028	Fixed rate of 6.25% p.a. for the first five years; for remaining five years, higher of applicable five-year PDST-R2 plus a spread of up to 100 bps or 6.25% p.a.	July 9, 2018	125,000	124,368	123,003
COC	25,000 ⁽⁴⁾	April 13, 2018	Private funder	One-time payment at maturity date of April 13, 2023.	April 13, 2023	Interest rate at 6.25% per annum payable until fully paid.	April 13, 2018	25,000	-	25,000
COC	150,000 ⁽³⁾	February 1, 2023	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: 1.69 million from May 10, 2025 to November 10, 2032 and; 97.5 million upon maturity on February 10, 2033	March 1, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.3170% p.a. fixed up to 2/10/2028, and 7.6258% p.a. thereafter up to 2/10/2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the Initial Drawdown Date until the Maturity Date, the Interest Rate per annum shall be reset on the Interest Rate Resetting Date to the higher of: (a) Benchmark Rate plus Interest Spread, divided by the Interest Premium Factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	March 1, 2023	150,000	147,911	-

						-		_	Outstanding	g Amounts ⁽⁹⁾
Debtor	Loan Amount	Date of Loan Agreement	Lender	Installments	Final Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
COC		³⁾ February 1, 2023	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: 0.565million from May 10, 2025 to November 10, 2032 and; 32.5million upon maturity on February 10, 2033	February 27, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.2824% p.a. fixed up to 2/10/2028, and 7.5897% p.a. thereafter up to 2/10/2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the Initial Drawdown Date until the Maturity Date, the Interest Rate per annum shall be reset on the Interest Rate Resetting Date to the higher of: (a) Benchmark Rate plus Interest Spread, divided by the Interest Premium Factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	February 27, 2023		49,042	
UI	200,000 ⁽³⁾	December 12, 2017	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: P1.0 million per quarter for the 3 rd and 4 th year from initial drawdown; P1.5 million per quarter for the 5 th and 6 th year; P2.5 million per quarter for the 7 th until 9 th year; and, P37.5 million per quarter for the 10 th year.	December 20, 2027	Fixed for the first seven years. Applicable seven- year PDST-R2 a spread up to 1.25%, and for the remaining three years, the applicable three-year PDST-R2 plus a spread up to 1.25%.	December 20, 2017	100,000	91,446	92,088
UI	₽200,000 ⁽⁵⁾	December 12, 2017	CBC	Principal payments will be the same with the first drawdown. As per	December 20, 2027	Fixed for the first seven years. Applicable seven- year PDST-R2 a spread up to 1.25%, and for the	April 24, 2018	₽100,000	₽91,769	₽92,556

Te	rms	
nstallments	Final Installment	Inte
nent, both the first and drawdown will be		remaining three ye year PDST-R2 plus

Outstanding Amounts⁽⁹⁾

Debtor	Loan Amount	Date of Loan Agreement	Lender	Installments	Final Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
UI	200,000 ⁽⁵⁾	October 14, 2022	СВС	Agreement, both the first and second drawdown will be repaid at the same dates and terms. Quarterly principal payments as follows: 1.5 million per quarter from the beginning of the 3rd year drawn	December 18, 2032	remaining three years, the applicable three- year PDST-R2 plus a spread up to 1.25%. For the first seven years, from the initial drawn date to the end of the 7th year. Interest shall be based on the sum of the applicable 7-year benchmark and margin. For the next 3 years: from the beginning of the 8th year to final maturity date -	October 18, 2022	200,000	197,340	198,58
AU	57,000 ⁽⁶⁾	November 29, 2019	CBC	20 equal quarterly payments of P2.7 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment commenced on February 29, 2020.	November 29, 2024	sum of the applicable 3-year benchmark and the margin. Fixed rate for the first five years based on five- year Benchmark rate of the term plus interest spread or a floor rate of 5.25% plus applicable GRT.	November 29, 2019	53,700	18,257	21,351
AU	100,000 ⁽⁶⁾	November 29, 2019	CBC	27 equal quarterly payments of P1.5 million starting from February 28, 2023 to August 29, 2029 with the remaining balance of P60.6 million to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment will commence on February 28, 2023.	November 29, 2029	Fixed rate for the first five years based on the five-year Benchmark rate of the term plus interest spread or a floor rate of 5.25% plus applicable GRT. Interest rate is subject for repricing for the remaining five years based on: i. Initial interest rate; or ii. Then prevailing five-year Benchmark rate plus interest spread, whichever is higher.	November 29, 2019	100,000	95,923	99,315
AU	100,000 ⁽⁶⁾	November 29, 2019	CBC	28 unequal quarterly payments as follows: 8 quarterly installments of P2.5 million from February 28, 2023 to November 29, 2024; 16 quarterly installments of P3.8 million from February 28, 2025 to November 29, 2028 and 4 quarterly installment of P5.0 million from February 28, 2029 to November 29, 2029.	November 29, 2029	Fixed rate for the first five years based on the five-year Benchmark rate of the term plus interest spread or a floor rate of 5.25% plus applicable GRT. Interest rate is subject for repricing for the remaining five years based on: i. Initial interest rate or ii. Then prevailing five-year Benchmark rate plus interest spread, whichever is higher.	November 29, 2019	100,000	94,923	99,357
(Forward)				First principal payment will commence on February 28, 2023.						

				Term	IS	_			Outstanding	A mounts(9)
Debtor	Loan Amount	Date of Loan Agreement	Lender	Installments	Final Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
AU	100,000 ⁽⁶⁾	⁹ February 1, 2023	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: 1.1million from June 1, 2025 to December 1, 2032 and; 65million upon maturity on March 1, 2033	March 1, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.3900% p.a. fixed up to 3/1/2028, and 7.7019% p.a. thereafter up to 3/01/2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the Initial Drawdown Date until the Maturity Date, the Interest Rate per annum shall be reset on the Interest Rate Resetting Date to the higher of: (a) Benchmark Rate plus Interest Spread, divided by the Interest Premium Factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	March 1, 2023	100,000	97,260	-
UPANG	₽190,000 ⁽⁷⁾	March 27, 2018	CBC	32 unequal quarterly payments as follows: P1.9 million from June 27, 2020 to March 27, 2022; P2.9 million from June 27, 2022 to March 27, 2025; P4.8 million from June 27, 2025 to March 27, 2027; and P25.7 million from June 27, 2027 to March 27, 2028.	March 27, 2028	Interest shall be payable quarterly in arrears from February 27, 2018 to June 27, 2018 (92 days) shall be at 6.50% inclusive of GRT fixed for the first five years. Interest shall be based on five-year PDST-R2 (5.22% + 122 bps + 1% GRT. The interest rate for the remaining five years of the loan shall be the PDST-R2 plus a spread of up to 125 bps or 6.50% whichever is higher.	March 27, 2018	₽190,000	₽159,894	₽165,554
UPANG	100,000 ⁽⁷⁾	⁹ February 1, 2023	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: 1. Imillion from May 27, 2025 to November 27, 2032 and; 65million upon maturity on February 27, 2033	February 27, 203	3 Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.3871% p.a. fixed up to 2/27/2028, and 7.6988% p.a. thereafter up to 2/27/2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the Initial Drawdown Date until the Maturity Date, the Interest Rate per annum shall be reset on the Interest Rate Resetting Date to the higher of: (a) Benchmark Rate plus Interest Spread, divided by the Interest Premium Factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	February 27, 2023	100,000	99,265	-
UPANG Urdaneta	100,000 ⁽⁷⁾	September 29, 2015	RCBC	28 quarterly payments, to commence at the end of the 13th quarter from the initial drawdown date.	September 29, 2025	Interest shall be payable quarterly in arrears. i. Fixed rate for the first seven (7) years of the term based on three- day average of seven-year PDST-R2 + 1.42%, subject to repricing at the end of the seventh year; and, ii. On the last three years of the term, the interest rate shall be based on the interest rate then current or the three-day average of three- year PDST-R2 + 1.42%, whichever is higher.	September 29, 2015	100,000	51,717	60,488
UPANG Urdaneta	130,000 ⁽⁷⁾	June 1, 2023	RCBC	31 quarterly payments of 1.4 million with the remaining balance of 84.4 million to be paid on maturity date.	June 1, 2023	Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.0200% p.a. fixed up to June 1, 2028 and 7.3160% thereafter up to June 1 2030.From the beginning of the 8th year to final maturity date, interest shall be	June 1, 2023	130,000	129,139	-

				First principal payment will commence on September 1, 2025.		applicable 3-year BVAL + 115bps.of three-year PDST-R2 + 1.42%, whichever is higher.				
SWU	400,000 ⁽⁸⁾	December 6, 2017	RCBC	28 quarterly payments of P1.0 million. First principal payment commenced on March 7, 2021.	December 7, 2027	Interest is payable quarterly in arrears, commencing at the end of the first quarter from the initial drawdown date. Interest shall be fixed at 6.66% from years one to five and at 6.94% onwards until maturity.	December 7, 2017; December 20, 2017; March 29, 2018	100,000 200,000 100,000	97,665 195,331 97,667	97,915 195,831 97,915
SWU	200,000 ⁽⁸⁾	April 18, 2018	CBC	28 equal quarterly payments of P0.5 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment will commence on Ju18, 2021	April 18, 2028	Fixed for the first five years, applicable five- year PDST-R2 plus a spread of up to 125 bps. For the remaining five years, applicable five-year PDST-R2 plus a spread of up to 125 bps.	April 18, 2018	200,000	195,827	196,829
SJC	130,000	April 25, 2023	RCBC	Equal quarterly amortization of 1.2 million from 9th to the 39th quarter from the initial drawdown (August 3, 2025 to February 3, 2033). Remaining outstanding loan of 71.5million shall be payable via balloon payment upon maturity on May 3, 2033	May 3, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.232% p.a. fixed up to 02/03/2028 and 7.534% p.a. thereafter up to 02/03/2020. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the Initial Drawdown Date, the Interest Rate per annum shall be reset on the Interest Rate Resetting Date to: the sum of 3-yr BVAL + Margin	May 3, 2033	110,000	178,621	-

(Forward)

				Terr	ns					
						_			Outstanding	Amounts ⁽⁹⁾
Debtor	Loan Amount	Date of Loan Agreement	Lender	Installments	Final Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
PHN	P2,000,000 ⁽¹⁰⁾	May 23, 2017	SBC	Principal repayment shall commence at the end of the 3 rd year from initial drawdown date until maturity date; balloon payment amounting to P1.9 billion or 94% of principal amount on maturity date.	May 21, 2027	Interest rate is equivalent to: i) the applicable 10-year PDST-R2 Benchmark Rate plus an interest spread of 125 basis points per annum (1.25% p.a.), and ii) 6.25% p.a., whichever is higher.	May 23, 2017	₽2,000,000	₽1,933,129	₽1,942,344
UGC	1,000,000 ⁽²²⁾	February 18, 2022	BDO	Principal amortization commence 3 months after drawdown date and every quarter thereafter and shall be paid based on 1.25% every quarter for 4 years and the remaining 80% paid in balloon upon maturity date.	February 18, 2027	Interest rate is based on 3Y BVAL 3.3618+ spread 1.25%= 4.6118% + 5% GRT = 4.8545%	February 18, 2022	2 1,000,000	930,218	954,206

				Tern	lis					(9)
									Outstanding A	mounts ⁽⁹⁾
	Loan	Date of Loan			Final					December 31, 2022
Debtor	Amount	Agreement	Lender	Installments	Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Philcement	875,000(14)	June 1, 2018	SBC	14 equal quarterly payments	October 25,	Interest rate is based on the 5-year PDST-	October 25,	160,000	22,541	45,567
	,	,		(15)	2023	R2 reference rate for securities with 5-	2018			,
						year tenor plus 1.25% spread, subject to floor rate of 5.5% per annum. No	January 3, 2019	160,000	22,549	45,062
						repricing of interest rate from availment date to maturity date.	January 22, 2019	59,000	8,319	16,833
							January 25, 2019	65,000	9,166	18,549
							April 26, 2019	18,555	2,613	5,281
							May 21, 2019	81,439	11,482	23,234
							July 5, 2019	251,977	35,527	71,888
							September 4, 2019	51,418	7,249	14,667
Philcement	P720,000 ⁽¹	February 26, 2021	SBC	8 quarterly principal payments of £10.3 million, 9 quarterly principal payments of £20.5 million and remaining balance to be		Interest rate of 6.73% GRT inclusive, fixed rate up to maturity	February 26, 2021	₽369,393	₽242,948	₽286,004
				paid at maturity date 8 quarterly principal payments of ₱9.7 million, 9 quarterly principal payments of ₱19.5 million and remaining balance to be paid at maturity date.		Interest rate of 6.84% GRT inclusive, fixed rate up to maturity		350,637	230,630	271,504
Philcement	500,000 ⁽¹⁷⁾	March 19, 2021	SBC	20 unequal quarterly payments as follows: P1.0 million from June 30, 2021 to December 29, 2021; P2.5 million from March 30, 2022 to December 29, 2022; P5.0 million from March 30, 2023 to December 29, 2023; P58.4 million from March 29, 2024 to December 27, 2024; P49.2 million from March 28, 2025 to December 29, 2025 and P36.8 million on March 30, 2026.	March 30, 2026	Interest rate of 5.1% GRT inclusive, fixed rate up to March 29, 2024 and for the remaining two years, the applicable two-year BVAL plus 40 bps, subject to a floor rate of 5.1%	March 19, 2021	500,000	471,301	484,899
PSEC	20,000 ⁽¹⁹⁾	June 25, 2021	DBP	Principal repayment	August 13, 2031	4.875% (4.924% GRT inc.) for the 1st 5	August 31, 2021	20,000	18,127	18,164

Terms

				to commence at the end of the fifth (5th) quarter from date of Initial Draw Down. Principal shall be payable in thirty-six equal quarterly installments.		years. Next 5 years based on the relevant 5Y. BVAL + 1% spread with a floor rate not lower than the rate prior to repricing (4.875%). Intrerest to be paid on quarterly basis	R			
PSEC	80,000 ⁽²³⁾	April 21, 2022	DBP	Principal repayment to commence at the end of the sixth (6) months from date of Draw Down. Principal shall be payable in thirty-six equal quarterly installments.	August 13, 2031	With regular interest of 6.37710%	April 21, 2022	80,000	72,860	78,378
PSHC	154,000 ⁽¹⁸⁾	July 15, 2006	United Pulp and Paper Co., Inc. (UPPC)	Annual installment payments of P4.0 million for 32 years starting December 31, 2021.	December 31, 2052	The effective interest rate after modification of term is 6.80%.	July 15, 2006	154,000	111,982	120,982
	Total								₽8,313,739	₽7,961,969

¹ The purpose of this debt is to finance the acquisition of majority ownership in AU, COC, UPANG, UI and SWU by PEHI.

⁽²⁾ The purpose of this debt is to finance various capital expenditures of COC.

⁽³⁾ The purpose of this debt is to finance the expansion and development plans of COC.

⁽⁴⁾ The purpose of this debt is for general funding requirements of COC.

⁽⁵⁾ The purpose of this debt is to finance the expansion and development plans including school building upgrades and improvement of existing facilities of UI.

⁽⁶⁾ The purpose of this debt is to finance various capital expenditures and to refinance existing obligations of AU.

⁽⁷⁾ The purpose of this debt is to finance various capital expenditures and to refinance existing obligations of UPANG and subsidiary.

⁽⁸⁾ The purpose of this debt is to finance the building development, expansion and purchase of equipment for SWU's Hospital and building developments of SWU.

⁽⁹⁾ Amounts are net of unamortized debt discount and/or debt issue cost.

⁽¹⁰⁾ Amounts are net of unamortized debt discount and/or debt issue cost.

(11) The purpose of this loan is to refinance the outstanding loan of the Company with SBC in the principal amount of ₱182.3 million and to finance general working capital requirements, and acquisition of equipment and plant structural components of the Company.

⁽¹²⁾ The purpose of this amended loan is to extend maturity date of old loan to July 20, 2023.

⁽¹³⁾ The purpose of this loan is to finance plant expansions in Calamba, Davao and Pampanga.

(14) The purpose of this loan is to partially finance construction of an integrated cement processing terminal in Mariveles. Bataan, permanent working capital requirements and importation of eauipment,

⁽¹⁵⁾ Availment of loan is staggered based on pre-agreed drawdown schedule during the availability period.

⁽¹⁶⁾ The auarterly installment will commence at the end of the sixth quarter following the initial drawdown date of October 25, 2018.

(17) The purpose of this loan is to partially finance the acquisition of Phase 2 port terminal. This is a continuation of the remaining tenor with the original SNPSI loan.

(18) The purpose of this loan is to refinance short-term project costs and finance the mixer facility.

⁽¹⁹⁾ The purpose of this loan is to finance the general corporate requirements of the rooftop solar projects.

⁽²⁰⁾ The purpose of this loan is to finance the acquisition of land from UPPC.

⁽²¹⁾ The purpose of this loan is to refinance the loan used for the investment through acauisition by PEHI of majority stock ownership in AU. COC, UPANG, UI and SWU,

(22) The purpose of this loan is to refinance the outstanding loan of UGC with BDO and convert the short term loans to long-term loans.

⁽²³⁾ The purpose of this loan is to finance the general corporate requirements of the rooftop solar projects.

20. Equity

a. Capital Stock

The composition of the Parent Company's capital stock as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Number of	f Shares
	June 30,	December 31,
	2022	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Preferred - cumulative, nonparticipating,		
₽10 par value		
Class AA – Authorized	50,000,000	50,000,000
Class BB – Authorized	50,000,000	50,000,000
Issued and subscribed	_	_
Common - ₽10 par value		
Authorized	420,000,000	420,000,000
Issued	286,303,550	286,303,550
Subscribed	39,994	39,994
Issued and subscribed	286,343,544	286,343,544
Treasury shares	18,279	18,279

The issued and outstanding shares as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are held by 1,216 and 1,218 equity holders respectively.

Capital stock presented in the consolidated statements of financial position is net of subscription receivable amounting to P0.1 million as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

b. Retained Earnings

Appropriated

On February 28, 2020, the BOD reversed the appropriation of retained earnings made in 2018 in the amount of $\mathbb{P}1.3$ billion for the investment in the Education and Construction Materials business, and buyback of shares. In addition, an appropriation was made for the investment in the Construction Materials business until December 31, 2020 amounting to $\mathbb{P}2.25$ billion. Another $\mathbb{P}165.5$ million of the retained earnings was appropriated for the buyback of PHN shares until February 28, 2022.

On March 2, 2021, the BOD reversed the appropriation of retained earnings made in 2020 in the amount of P2.25 billion for the investment in the Construction Materials business.

On November 10, 2021, an appropriation was made for the investment in Construction Materials business until December 31, 2022 amounting to ₱1.1 billion. Another ₱500.0 million of the retained earnings was appropriated for the Education business until December 31, 2022.

On March 3, 2023, the Parent Company's BOD approved the appropriation of P500.0 million for the investment in PPHC and re-appropriation of P1.1 billion for the investment in the Construction Materials business until December 31, 2024. In addition, the Parent Company's BOD approved the reversal of previous appropriations of retained earnings amounting to P500.0 million for investment in Education business in 2021 and P165.5 million for buyback of PHN shares in 2020.

Unappropriated

On February 28, 2020, the Parent Company's BOD declared a cash dividend of P0.40 per share or an equivalent of P109.0 million, to all common shareholders of record as at March 17, 2020. The cash dividends were paid on March 27, 2020.

On March 2, 2021, the Parent Company's BOD declared a cash dividend of P0.40 per share or an equivalent of P108.9 million, to all common shareholders of record as at April 14, 2021. The cash dividends were paid on May 5, 2021.

On March 1, 2022, the Parent Company's BOD declared a 4% regular cash dividend amounting to P108.8 million or equivalent to P0.40 per share and a 1% special cash dividend amounting to P27.2 million or equivalent to P0.10 per share payable on April 6, 2022 to shareholders of record as at March 22, 2022.

On March 3, 2023, the Parent Company's BOD declared a 6% regular cash dividend amounting to P171.8 million or equivalent to P0.60 per share payable on April 5, 2023 to shareholders of record as at March 22, 2023.

The balance of retained earnings includes Parent Company's accumulated equity in net earnings of subsidiaries and associates which are not currently available for dividend declaration until declared by the respective subsidiaries and associates amounting to P1,857.3 million and P1,607.9 million as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

c. Buyback of Shares

On February 28, 2020, the BOD approved the appropriation of ₽165.5 million for the buyback of shares of the Parent Company until February 28, 2022.

In 2022, 2021 and 2020, the Parent Company bought back shares 23,000 shares, 456,600 shares and 215,800 shares which amounted to P0.5 million, P7.2 million and P1.9 million, respectively.

As at June 30, 2023, the Parent Company bought back a total of nil shares.

d. Put Option over Non-controlling Interests

In 2020, Asian Development Bank invested amounting to P625.0 million for 1.1 million shares of PEHI. As a result, additional non-controlling interest put liability is recognized amounting to P450.0 million.

Accretion of interest of non-controlling interest put liability amounted to ₽191.1 million and ₽325.4 million as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

e. Sale of Treasury Shares

In 2022, the Parent Company sold 14,431,900 treasury shares which cost P143.9 million for P281.4 million.

f. Stock Grant Plan

On May 11, 2023, the BOD approved a Stock Grant Plan covering senior officers of the Company and business unit heads of its subsidiaries and affiliates, with shares of the Company to be issued upon the achievement of long-term objectives by December 31, 2025, and under such terms and conditions approved by the Compensation Committee as administrator of the Plan may determine, and setting aside or allotting 10,000,000 new shares from unsubscribed shares of the Company for the Plan, subject to shareholders' approval and approval of the Securities and Exchange Commission and, if required, the Philippine Stock Exchange.

21. Cost of Sales

This account consists of:

	June 30,	June 30,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Cost of sales	₽5,791,597	₽6,029,071
Cost of educational, installation, hospital, and		
consultancy services	947,256	707,619
	₽6,738,853	₽6,736,690

The details of cost of sales, educational, installation, hospital and consultancy services are as follows:

	June 30, June 30,	
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Inventories used	₽5,148,696	₽5,436,795
Personnel costs	684,553	506,015
Depreciation	275,371	253,258
Installation cost	17,517	22,326
Cost of sales - bookstore	115,527	55,789
Subscription	16,237	16,390
Rent expense	54,549	41,826
Repairs and maintenance	78,016	47,810
Laboratory and school supplies	42,927	51,941
Power and fuel	46,836	12,617
Review expenses	14,691	12,938
School materials, publication and supplies	8,965	2,966
Graduation expenses	39,903	17,289
Educational tour expenses	10,961	-
School affiliations and other expenses	19,641	14,318
Accreditation expenses	1,200	1,008
Sports development and school activities	2,095	1,275
Others	161,168	242,129
	₽6,738,853	₽6,736,690

22. General and Administrative Expenses

	June 30,	June 30,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Personnel costs	₽551,028	₽407,149
Professional fees and outside services	219,558	170,228
Security and janitorial	43,071	32,560
Provision for (reversal of) ECLs (see Note 7)	(33,768)	18,888
Depreciation and amortization	48,808	40,915
Taxes and licenses	25,299	38,791
Utilities	48,727	29,490
Rent	15,258	10,796
Repairs and maintenance	16,328	4,441
Insurance	10,275	5,195
Office supplies	6,525	8,115
Communications	3,428	6,060
Transportation and travel	28,039	15,484
Advertising and promotions	2,537	373
Donations	1,863	21,675
Meetings and conferences	9,180	2,248
Others	41,828	47,776
	₽1,037,984	₽860,184

23. Selling Expenses

	June 30,	June 30,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Personnel costs	₽85,751	₽113,479
Freight, handling and hauling	24,279	47,022
Advertising	51,144	20,952
Taxes and licenses	11,588	14,834
Commission	19,398	14,686
Supplies	1,375	3,096
Outside services	9,909	9,607
Postage, telephone and telegraph	3,963	12,957
Transportation and travel	22,322	13,626
Depreciation and amortization	14,935	6,998
Insurance	6,157	7,288
Entertainment, amusement and recreation	825	594
Repairs and maintenance	7,035	2,444
Rent and utilities	4,289	1,289
Others	3,865	2,019
	₽266,835	₽270,891

24. Related Party Transactions

Parties are related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party in making financial and operating decisions and the parties are subject to common control. Related parties may be individual or corporate entities.

Outstanding balances at period-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash throughout the period. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables.

The significant related party transactions entered into by the Company with its associates and entities under common control and the amounts included in the consolidated financial statements with respect to such transactions follow:

		June 3	0, 2023 (Unaud	lited)		
Company	Nature	Amount/ Volume	Amount Due to Related Parties	Amount Due from Related Parties (see Note 7)	Terms	Conditions
<u>Ultimate Parent</u> PHINMA Inc.	Share in expenses, management fees and bonus	₽126,619	₽136,713	₽2,403	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
<u>Associates</u> PPHC	Share in expenses	2,849	-	3,707	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
APHI	Share in expenses	-	-	-	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
Entities Under Common Control Phinma Hospitality Inc.	Subscription	-	52,000	-	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
T-O Insurance Brokers, Inc., Phinma Hospitality Inc, PHINMA Foundation, Inc. PHINMA Prism Property Development Corporation, PHINMA Plaza Condominium Corporation	Share in expenses	P4,130	¥790	¥7,919	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
UPPC	Consultancy fee	1,209	-	800	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
PTC Myanmar, PHINMA Saytanar, IPM	Share in expenses	4,145	118	15,768	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
			₽189,621	₽30,597		

		December 31, 2	022 (Audited)			
mpany Na	ature	Amount/ Volume	Amount Due to Related Parties	Amount Due from Related Parties (see Note 7)	Terms Co	onditions
Ultimate Parent PHINMA Inc.	Share in expenses, management fees and bonus	₽263,387	₽103,111	₽2,084	4 Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairme
Associates PPHC	Share in expenses	927	-	6,27	1 Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairme Unsecured,
APHI	Share in expenses	-	-		6 Noninterest-bearing	no impairme
Other related parties PHINMA Hospitality Inc. T-O Insurance Brokers, Inc., PHINMA Foundation, Inc.	Subscription	-	52,000		Non-interest - bearing	Unsecured, no impairme
Phinma Prism, PHINMA Plaza Condominium Corp	Share in expenses	9,338	425	8,07:	5 Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairme
PTC Myanmar, IPM	Share in expenses	10,160	59	11,682	2 Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairme
UPPC	Consultancy Fee	2,437	-	800	θ	Unsecured, no impairme
			₽155,595	₽28,91	8	

PHINMA, Inc. The Parent Company has a 5-year management contract with PHINMA, Inc. up to June 30, 2024, renewable thereafter mutual agreement. Under this contract, PHINMA, Inc. has a general management authority with corresponding responsibility over all operations and personnel of the Parent Company including planning, direction, and supervision of all the operations, sales, marketing, distribution, finance and other business activities of the Parent Company. Under the existing management agreement, the Parent Company pays PHINMA, Inc. a fixed monthly management fee plus an annual incentive based on a certain percentage of the Parent Company's net income.

Management and Directors' Compensation

PHN, UGC, COC, AU, SJC, SWU, UPANG and UI are under common management of PHINMA, Inc. and pay PHINMA, Inc. a fixed annual management fee plus an annual bonus based on a certain percentage of the respective companies' adjusted net income, as defined in the management contract between PHINMA, Inc. and the respective companies, pursuant to the provisions of the same contract.

Management fees and bonuses, presented as "Professional fees and outside services" under "General and administrative expenses" account, amounted to P107.4 million and P72.3 million for the sixmonth periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The related unpaid amount, presented as "Accruals for professional fees and others" under "Trade and other payables" account in the unaudited interim consolidated statement of financial position, amounted to P138.4 million and P93.1 million as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

PHN, UGC, UI and AU recognized bonus to directors computed based on net income with pre-agreed adjustments. Directors' bonus, presented in "Personnel costs" under "General and administrative expenses" account, amounted to P69.0 million and P45.1 million for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The related unpaid amount, presented in "Accruals for personnel costs" under "Trade and other payables" account in the unaudited interim consolidated statement of financial position, amounted to P55.0 million and P53.4 million as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

25. Income Taxes

The deferred tax assets and liabilities are presented in the consolidated statements of financial position as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Deferred tax assets – net	₽156,285	₽127,736
Deferred tax liabilities – net	(403,530)	(426,529)
	(₽247,245)	(₽298,793)

The deferred tax assets consist of the tax effects of lease liabilities, net operating loss carryover (NOLCO), pension liability, allowance for ECLs, accrued expenses, management bonus and allowance for inventory write-down.

The deferred tax liabilities consist of excess of fair value over cost, right-of use assets, fair value adjustments on property, plant and equipment of subsidiaries, unrealized gains on change in fair value, unamortized debt issuance costs, unrealized foreign exchange gain and unamortized capitalized borrowing cost.

The disproportionate relationship between income before income tax and the provision for income tax is due to various factors such as income of schools subjected to lower income tax rate, interest income subjected to lower final tax rate and equity in net losses of associates and joint ventures.

Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises (CREATE) Act

President Rodrigo Duterte signed into law on March 26, 2021 the Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises (CREATE) Act to attract more investments and maintain fiscal prudence and stability in the Philippines. Republic Act (RA) 11534 or the CREATE Act introduces reforms to the corporate income tax and incentives systems. It takes effect 15 days after its complete publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation or April 11, 2021.

The following are the key changes to the Philippine tax law pursuant to the CREATE Act which have an impact on the Company:

- Effective July 1, 2020, regular corporate income tax (RCIT) rate is reduced from 30% to 25% for domestic and resident foreign corporations. For domestic corporations with net taxable income not exceeding ₽5 million and with total assets not exceeding ₽100 million (excluding land on which the business entity's office, plant and equipment are situated) during the taxable year, the RCIT rate is reduced to 20%.
- Minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) rate reduced from 2% to 1% of gross income effective July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2023.
- Imposition of improperly accumulated earnings tax (IAET) is repealed.
- Preferential income tax rate for hospitals which are nonprofit and proprietary educational institutions is reduced from 10% to 1% beginning July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2023 and to a tax rate of 10% beginning July 1, 2023 as amended by Republic Act 11653, "An Act Amending Section 27(B) of the NIRC of 1997, as amended and for other purposes".

26. Pension and Other Post-employment Benefits

Pension and other post-employment benefits consist of:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Net pension liability	₽224,713	₽196,059
Vacation and sick leave	75,013	79,502
Defined contribution plan	5	39
	₽299,731	₽275,600

27. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The main risks arising from the Company's treasury transactions are credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk, foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk. Careful study, skill, prudence and due diligence are exercised at all times in the handling of the funds of the Company.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Company will incur a loss arising from customers, clients or counterparties that fail to discharge their contractual obligations. Due to the Company's investing and operating activities, the Company is exposed to the potential credit-related losses that may occur as a result of an individual, counterparty or issuer being unable or unwilling to honor its contractual obligations.

In managing credit risk on these financial instruments, the Company transacts only with the Company's duly accredited domestic and foreign banks. Investments per financial institution are subject to a maximum of 20% of the Company's investible funds. It is the Company's policy that investments cannot exceed 10% of the trust or mutual fund's total assets.

A comprehensive credit and business review in coordination with dealers or underwriters is performed whenever the Company invests in non-rated securities. Furthermore, the Company monitors the credit quality of corporate and sovereign bonds with reference to credit rating studies and updates from the major rating agencies. The Company's exposure to credit risk on its cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables arises from default of the counterparties with maximum exposures equal to the carrying amounts of the instruments.

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Financial assets at amortized cost:		
Cash and cash equivalents	₽4,085,794	₽3,421,578
Trade and other receivables	5,098,008	5,631,456
Refundable deposits*	77,035	72,015
	₽9,260,837	₽9,125,049

*Presented under "Input value-added taxes and other current assets" and "Other noncurrent assets" account in the unaudited interim consolidated statement of financial position.

Credit Quality of Receivables from Customers

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by geographical region, product type, customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit or other forms of credit insurance). The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure of the Company's receivables from customers using provision matrix:

June 30, 2023	Receivables from customers						
_		E	ays past due				
	Current	<30 Days	30-60 Days	61-90 Days	>91 Days	Total	
Expected credit loss rate	1%	25%	27%	17%	78%	34%	
Estimated total gross carrying amount default	₽1,362,090	₽654,631	₽229,543	₽35,690	₽1,217,942	₽3,499,896	
Expected credit loss	14,753	163,461	62,852	6,190	948,735	1,195,991	
December 31, 2022	Receivables from customers						
_		Ι	Days past due				
	Current	<30 Days	30-60 Days	61-90 Days	>91 Days	Total	
Expected credit loss rate	3%	24%	5%	43%	75%	28%	
Estimated total gross carrying							
amount default	₽2,177,709	₽702,318	₽110,158	₽171,741	₽1,222,986	₽4,384,912	
Expected credit loss	64,193	170,053	5,284	73,048	917,906	1,230,484	

Impaired financial instruments comprise of receivables from customers and other receivables. The past due but not impaired trade and other receivables are expected to be collected the following year.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. The Company manages liquidity risks by restricting investments and continuously monitoring weekly and monthly cash flows as well as updates of annual plans.

The maturities of the financial liabilities are determined based on the Company's projected payments and contractual maturities. The average duration adheres to guidelines provided by the Investment Committee. It is the Company's policy to restrict investment principally to publicly traded securities with a history of marketability and by dealing with only large reputable domestic and international institutions.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk. Market risks are managed by constant review of global and domestic economic and financial environments as well as regular discussions with banks' economists/strategy officers to get multiple perspectives on interest rate trends/forecasts. Regular comparison of the portfolio's marked-to-market values and yields with defined benchmarks are also made.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's financial assets that are exposed to foreign currency risk are foreign currency denominated cash and cash equivalents, investment in bonds and investments in UITFs.

Foreign exchange risks on the U.S. dollar and other foreign currencies are managed through constant monitoring of the political and economic environment. Returns are also calibrated on a per currency basis to account for the perceived risks with higher returns expected from weaker currencies.

The following table shows the foreign currency-denominated financial assets and financial liabilities and their peso equivalents as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	June 30, 2023		December 31, 20	022
	Foreign	Peso	Foreign	Peso
	Currency	Equivalent	Currency	Equivalent
Cash and cash equivalents	US\$12,447	₽687,048	US\$12,111	₽675,233
Cash and cash equivalents	VND33,703	78	VND35,703	80
Receivables	US\$2,157	119,088	US\$1,330	74,170
Investment at FVPL	US\$39,621	2,187,098	US\$39,621	2,209,088
Derivative assets	US\$11,625	641,665	US\$11,625	648,117
Investment in UITF	US\$34	1,881	US\$34	1,879
		₽3,636,858		₽3,608,567
Financial liabilities:				
Trade and other payables	US\$7	₽378	US\$3	₽181
Derivative liability	US\$20	1,097	US\$7	371
		₽ 1,475		₽552

In translating foreign currency-denominated financial assets into peso amounts, the exchange rates used were \$\mathbf{P}55.20 and \$\mathbf{P}55.76\$ to US\$1.00 as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

Interest Rate Risk

Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The following tables set out the carrying amounts, by maturity, of the Company's financial assets and liabilities that are exposed to interest rate risk as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)						
	Interest Rates	Within 1 Year	1 to < 2 Years	2 to < 3 Years	3 to 5 Years	More than 5 Years	Total
Financial Assets Placements (PHP)	2.6%%-6.10%	₽1,791,459	P	P -	P -	P -	₽1,791,459
Financial Liabilities PHN UGC PHINMA Solar	6.00% 4.85% - 5.11% 4.875%-4.924%	20,000 47,967 11,111	20,000 47,991 11,111	20,000 48,029 11,111	1,873,129 786,231 33,333	24,321	1,933,129 930,218 90,987

December 31, 2022 (Audited)							
			1 to < 2			More than	
	Interest Rates	Within 1 Year	Years	2 to < 3 Years	3 to 5 Years	5 Years	Total
Financial Assets Placements (PHP)	5.25%-5.728%	₽1,694,459	₽-	₽-	₽	₽-	₽1,694,459
Financial Liabilities							
PHN	6.25%	20,000	20,000	20,000	1,882,344	-	1,942,344
UGC	4.85%-5.11%	47,958	47,982	48,025	810,240	-	954,205
Phinma Solar	4.875%-4.924%	11,111	11,111	11,111	33,333	29,876	96,542
PEHI	5.32%-5.48%	263,978	268,861	255,161	· -	-	788,000

Interest on financial instruments classified as fixed rate is fixed until the maturity of the instrument.

Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair values of equities decrease as a result of changes in the levels of the equity indices and the values of individual stocks. The Company's exposure to equity price risk relates primarily to its equity investments listed in the PSE classified under investments held for trading.

The Company's policy is to maintain the risk to an acceptable level. Movement of share price is monitored regularly to determine impact on the Company's financial position.

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that the Company maintains a healthy capital structure to maintain strong credit rating and maximize shareholder value.

The Company closely monitors and manages its debt-to-equity ratio, which it defines as total liabilities divided by total equity. Capital includes all the accounts appearing in the "Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent" and "Equity attributable to non-controlling interests" in the unaudited interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position.

To ensure that there are sufficient funds to settle its liabilities, the Company's policy is to keep debtto-equity ratio below 2:1. The Company's consolidated debt-to-equity ratio as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Total liabilities	₽21,788,728	₽20,868,356
Total equity	11,045,418	11,142,669
Debt-to-equity ratio	1.97:1	1.87:1

The Company expects to improve the debt-to-equity ratio mainly through improvement in the Company's business operations.

28. Financial Instruments

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of its assets and liabilities by valuation technique:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

• Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input is significant to their fair value measurement is unobservable

Assets and liabilities measured or disclosed at fair value are as follows:

	June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)						
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3			
Assets							
Investments held for trading:							
Investments in UITFs	₽374,208	₽-	₽374,208	₽-			
Investments in marketable equity							
securities	6,601	6,601	_	-			
Investment in club shares designated at FVOCI	44,250	· -	44,250				
Non-listed equity instruments designated at	,		,				
FVOCI	82,008	_	_	82,00			
Non-listed equity instruments designated at	-)			-)			
P&L	2,187,098	_	_	2,187,09			
Derivative assets	641,665	_	_	641,66			
	₽3,335,830	₽6,601	₽ 418,458	₽2,910,771			
Liabilities							
Derivative liability	₽1,097	₽-	P 1,097	₽-			
Non-controlling interest put liability	2,379,469	-	-	2,379,46			
Long-term debt	10,731,087	_	-	10,731,08			
	₽13,111,653	₽-	₽ 1,097	₽13,110,55			
	December 31, 2022 (Audited)						
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3			
ssets							
vestments held for trading:							
Investments in UITFs	₽647,383	₽–	₽647,383	₽–			
Investments in marketable							
equity securities	6,933	6,933	-	-			
lub shares designated at FVOCI	41,000	_	41,000	-			
on-listed equity instruments designated at							
FVOCI	81,959	_	_	81,959			
on-listed debt instrument designated at							
FVPL	2,209,088	_	_	2,209,088			
erivative assets	648,117	_	_	648,117			
	₽3,634,480	₽6,933	₽688,383	₽2,939,164			
iabilities							
erivative liability	₽371	₽–	₽371	₽-			
on-controlling interest put liability	2,188,320	_	_	2,188,320			
ong-term debt	10,581,439	_	_	10,581,439			

During the periods ended June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and no transfers into and out of Level 3 fair value measurements.

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of the following financial instruments.

Investments Held for Trading, Financial Assets at FVPL, Financial Assets at FVOCI and Derivative Assets. Quoted market prices have been used to determine the fair value of investments in marketable equity securities and club shares designated at FVOCI. The fair values of unquoted equity investments at FVOCI, unquoted debt instrument classified as financial asset at FVPL and derivative asset have been estimated using a discounted cashflow model. The valuation requires management to make certain assumptions about the model inputs including forecast cashflows, the discount rate, credit risk and volatility. The probabilities of various estimates within the range can be reasonably assessed and are used in management's estimate of fair value for these unquoted equity investments.

The fair values of non-listed shares of stock were determined through the following valuation approach: income approach and asset-based approach. Income approach is predicated upon the concept that the value of any asset can be estimated by ascertaining the amount and timing of future cash flows or earnings that are generated by that asset. Asset-based approach is based on the value of all the tangible and intangible assets and liabilities of the company. The discount rates, a significant unobservable input used in the valuation of the non-listed shares of stock using the income approach, were 16.20% as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. An increase (decrease) in the discount rate will decrease (increase) the fair value of the nonlisted shares of stock.

Cash and Cash Equivalents, Trade and Other Receivables, Notes Payable, Trade and Other Payables, Trust Receipts Payable and Due to Related Parties. Due to the short-term nature of these transactions, the carrying value approximate the fair values as at the reporting date.

Derivative Liability. Estimated fair value is based on the average rate of the forward bid rates and forward ask rates computed in Bloomberg.

Long-term Debt. The fair value of interest-bearing fixed-rate loans is based on the discounted value of expected future cash flows using the applicable rates for similar types of loans. Discount rates used ranged from 5.96% to 7.57% and 3% to 7% in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Derivative Instruments

Freestanding Derivatives. The Company's derivative financial instruments are accounted for as financial instruments at FVPL.

UGC and Philcement entered into a buy US\$-sell PHP deliverable foreign currency forward contracts to manage the foreign currency risk arising from its US\$-denominated trust receipts payable.

29. Leases

Company as Lessee

The roll forward analysis of right-of-use assets follows:

-	June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)						
	Right-of-use:						
	Right-of-use:	Buildings &	Right-of-use:	Right-of-use:	Right-of-use:		
	Land	Warehouses	Vehicles	Others	Total		
Cost							
At January 1, 2023 and June 30,							
2023	₽119,241	₽170,017	₽291,890	₽2,470	₽583,618		
Accumulated Depreciation							
and Amortization							
At January 1, 2023	19,032	80,113	166,972	2,470	268,587		
Depreciation	2,260	11,825	20,137	-	34,222		
At June 30, 2023	21,292	91,938	187,109	2,470	302,809		
Net Book Value	₽97,949	₽78,079	₽104,781	₽-	₽280,809		

	December 31, 2022 (Audited)							
	Right-of-use:							
	Right-of-use:	Buildings &	Right-of-use:	Right-of-use:	Right-of-use:			
	Land	Warehouses	Vehicles	Others	Total			
Cost								
At January 1, 2022	₽106,037	₽147,507	₽269,406	₽2,470	₽525,420			
Additions	15,942	43,332	29,054	-	88,328			
Pre-termination	(2,738)	(20,822)	(6,570)	-	(30,130)			
At December 31, 2022	119,241	170,017	291,890	2,470	583,618			
Accumulated Depreciation								
and Amortization								
At January 1, 2022	12,398	65,767	109,867	2,143	190,175			
Depreciation	6,634	22,712	60,304	327	89,977			
Pre-termination	-	(8,366)	(3,199)	-	(11,565)			
At December 31, 2022	19,032	80,113	166,972	2,470	268,587			
Net Book Value	₽100,209	₽89,904	₽124,918	₽-	₽315,031			

The roll forward analysis of lease liabilities follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
As at beginning of period	₽314,128	₽355,901
Payments	(44,561)	(125,452)
Accretion of interest	8,263	19,646
Additions	-	88,219
Pre-termination	_	(24,186)
As at end of period	277,830	314,128
Less current portion of lease liabilities	94,007	102,676
Noncurrent portion of lease liabilities	₽183,823	₽211,452

30. Contingencies

There are contingent liabilities arising from tax assessments occurring in the ordinary course of business, including the petition filed for the reversal and nullification of safeguard duties on its importation of cement. On the basis of information furnished by the Company's legal counsel, management believes that none of these contingencies will materially affect the Company's financial position and result of operations.

31. Earnings per Share (EPS) Computation

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
(a) Net income attributable to equity holders of the		
parent	₽208,762	₽ 406,833
(b) Weighted average number of common shares		
outstanding	286,325	271,895
Basic/diluted EPS attributable to equity holders of the		
parent (a/b)	P0.73	₽1.50

32. Segment Information

For management purposes, the Company is organized into business units based on its products and services and has five reportable operating segments as follows:

- Investment holdings PHN and PSHC are engaged in investment holding activities of shares of stocks and other financial instruments.
- Property development API, APHI, and Coral Way lease out its real and personal properties. PPHC is engaged in real estate development.
- Construction materials Philcement encompasses the operations of the cement trading. UGC handles the manufacturing and trading of iron and steel products. PHINMA Solar provides solar rooftop system to customers. The Company has assessed that the nature of the products and services and the type or class of customers for these products and services are related.
- Educational services PEHI holds interest in AU, COC, UPANG, UI, SWU, RCI, RCL and UCLI which offer graduate, tertiary, secondary and elementary education services.
- BPO OAL was engaged in animation services and has ceased operations in April 2013.

The BOD (Chief Operating Decision Maker) monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss and is measured consistently with operating profit or loss in the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements. Segment result is defined as the segment's income generated from its own operations, net of its share in the equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures and investment income, before deducting interest and financing charges, provision for income tax and share of non- controlling interests. The amounts of segment assets and liabilities, and segment profit or loss are based on measurement principles that are similar to those used in measuring the assets, liabilities and profit or loss in the unaudited financial statements, which is in accordance with PFRS.

The Company does not report its results based on geographical segments since the Company's risks and rates of return are substantially in the same economic and political environment with the companies incorporated and operated in the Philippines. There are no transactions with a single customer that accounts to 10% or more of the Company's revenue.

Transfer prices between operating segments are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transaction with third parties. Segment revenues, segment expenses and segment results include transfers between operating segments. These transfers are eliminated in full upon consolidation.

Segment Information

Financial information on the operating segments are summarized as follows:

	Six-Month Period Ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)						
	Investment	Property	Construction	Educational			
	Holdings	Development	Materials	Services	BPO	Eliminations	Total Operations
Revenues	₽230,265	₽1,823	₽6,593,102	₽2,100,907	₽-	(₽39,166)	₽8,886,931
Segment results	(72,617)	(261)	405,967	344,566	(512)	(189)	676,954
Investment income	165,554	1,823	8,207	24,444	_	(39,166)	160,862
Equity in net losses of associates							
and joint ventures	_	(76,326)	-	(2,709)	_	-	(79,035)
Interest expense and financing charges	(124,758)	_	(170,649)	(82,667)	_	39,684	(338,390)
Provision for income tax	(5,686)	(191)	18,488	23,749	-	_	36,360
Share of non-controlling interest	_	_	_	(79,394)	_	(168,597)	(247,991)
Net income attributable to equity holders of parent	(P 37,507)	(₽74,955)	₽262,013	₽227,989	(₽512)	(₽168,268)	P208,760
Total assets	₽12,305,401	₽372,484	₽12,873,480	₽13,941,667	₽ 484	(₽6,659,370)	₽32,834,146
Total liabilities	₽5,274,250	₽52,082	₽8,710,774	₽6,644,857	₽309,490	₽797, 275	₽21,788,728

	Six-Month Period Ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)						
	Investment	Property	Construction	Educational			
	Holdings	Development	Materials	Services	BPO	Eliminations	Total Operations
Revenues	₽163,800	₽36,072	₽7,068,652	₽1,374,184	₽–	(₽10,856)	₽8,631,852
Segment results	59,080	30,352	594,462	160,012	(437)	489	843,958
Investment income	121,345	(383)	5,146	2,216	_	(10,856)	117,468
Equity in net earnings (losses) of associates and							
joint ventures	-	16,446	_	(168)	-	_	16,278
Interest expense and financing charges	(122,657)	_	(149,658)	(79,133)	_	12,688	(338,760)
Provision for income tax	(2,007)	(5,018)	(6,664)	13,817	-	_	128
Share of non-controlling interest	-	_	_	(38,341)	_	(193,898)	(232,239)
Net income attributable to equity holders of parent	₽55,761	₽41,397	₽443,286	₽58,403	(₽437)	(₽191,577)	₽406,833
Total assets	₽12,078,284	₽372,314	₽12,075,746	₽12,046,040	₽997	(₽6,095,217)	₽30,478,164
Total liabilities	₽5,358,117	₽52,514	₽8,093,903	₽5,558,498	₽308,497	₽995,254	₽20,366,783

Seasonality of Operations

Like any company in the construction industry, the operations of UGC and Philcement are affected by seasonality demand. Demand for construction materials is greater during the dry months from December to May than during the rainy months of June to November. Hence, the demand for the first semester of the calendar year is normally higher than that of the second semester.

The revenues of the schools under the PHINMA Education network decline during summer months. Hence, net income during the first half of the calendar year is lower than the second half.

For other subsidiaries, there is no significant seasonality that would materially affect their operations.

33. Events after the Reporting Period

On July 17, 2023, the Parent Company completed the following transactions upon full payment and signing of Deed of Sale.

1. Purchase of investments of PHINMA, Inc. in the following companies:

Company	Description	PHINMA Inc.'s Direct Ownership	Transaction Value (P in millions)
PEHI	Holding company of the Company's education network comprised of 10 schools	8.03%	₽1,064.8
РРНС	Holding company of the Company's property development arm	36.71%	588.9
PHI	Management company of the Company's Microtel and TRYP hotels; part-owner in 7 hotels	63.77%	251.2
PHINMA Microtel Hotels	Master franchisor of Microtel and TRYP hotels in the Philippines	51.00%	21.2
APHI	Owner of real estate properties	63.47%	409.4
Total			₽2,335.5

The Parent Company and all the entities above are subsidiaries of PHINMA, Inc. before and after the business combination. Thus, the acquisition was accounted for as business combination under common control. The transaction is part of the consolidation of the group's strategic business units under PHINMA Corporation and will expand its exposure to these high-growth sectors. The Parent Company accounted the transaction using pooling of interest method.

At the date of acquisition, the fair value of the receivable of the acquired entities above are P3,084.4 million net of P100.0 million of allowance for doubtful accounts. The receivables comprise mainly of trade and nontrade receivables carried at cost. These are noninterest-bearing with trade receivables generally on 30- to 60-day terms while nontrade receivables are collected within the next financial year.

2. Purchase of real estate properties from PHINMA, Inc. amounting to ₱507.1 million consisting of office floors/spaces in the Company's office building, PHINMA Plaza located in Rockwell Center, Makati City.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

PHINMA Corporation (PHN) continued its long term revenue growth with consolidated revenues of $\mathbb{P}8.89$ billion for the six-month period ended June 30, 2023, a 3% increase over the same period last year. Due to strong performance of core business units and efficient operations, core net income for the first half grew 3.8% to $\mathbb{P}482.09$ million. Core net income excludes unrealized gains and foreign exchange adjustments. Consolidated net income stood at $\mathbb{P}456.75$ million.

Revenue of PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PHINMA Education), grew 52% year on year, driven by a 30% increase in enrollment during the second semester of SY 2022-23. Increase in costs and operating expenses to support the increase in enrollment and face to face classes were offset by lower credit loss provisions as a result of higher collection efficiencies. PHINMA Education's consolidated net income increased to ₱307.47 million in 1H 2023, from ₱96.88 million during the first half of 2022.

The Construction Materials Group (CMG), composed of Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC), Philcement Corporation (Philcement), and PHINMA Solar Corporation (PHINMA Solar), posted combined revenues of P6.59 billion for the first half of 2023. Combined net income of CMG declined to P262.01 million in view of soft construction demand amid delayed government infrastructure spending. CMG focused on improving operational efficiencies, expanding its distribution network and developing new markets to support future sales growth especially as government infrastructure spending is expected to accelerate in the second half of 2023.

In affiliate PHINMA Property Holdings Corp. (PHINMA Properties) PHN equitized net loss of P83.95 million during the period after accelerating the cancellation of sales amounting to P149.50 million, the bulk of which has been resold and are expected to be booked during the second half of the year. Net reservations over the period improved from the same period in 2022.

Equity in net earnings of Coral Way City Hotel Corporation amounted to ₱4.97 million, a turnaround from net loss during the same period last year, as the company saw improved revenue generation from the leisure and business travel segments as well as the resurgence of events and conventions towards pre-pandemic levels.

Net income attributable to equity holders of the parent declined to P208.76 million. Excluding non-core adjustments, income of the shareholders of the parent decreased 6.8% to P0.83 per share for the first half of 2023.

PHINMA Corporation ended the period with cash and cash equivalents of ₱4.47 billion. As of June 30, 2023, consolidated total assets and total stockholders' equity amounted to ₱32.83 billion and ₱11.05 billion, respectively.

STRATEGIC BUSINESS UNITS (SBU)

The following discussion describes the performance of PHINMA's SBUs for the first half of 2023:

Education Group

Revenue of PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PHINMA Education), grew 52% year on year, driven by a 30% increase in enrollment during the second semester of SY 2022-23. Increase in costs and operating expenses to support the increase in enrollment and face to face classes were offset by lower credit loss provisions as a result of higher collection efficiencies. PHINMA Education's consolidated net income increased to ₱307.47 million in 1H 2023, from ₱96.88 million during the first half of 2022.

Construction Materials Group

The Construction Materials Group (CMG), composed of Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC), Philcement Corporation (Philcement), and PHINMA Solar Corporation (PHINMA Solar), posted combined revenues of ₱6.59 billion for the first half of 2023. Combined net income of CMG declined to ₱262.01 million in view of soft construction demand amid delayed government infrastructure spending. CMG focused on improving operational efficiencies, expanding its distribution network and developing new markets to support future sales growth especially as government infrastructure spending is expected to accelerate in the second half of 2023.

Properties Group

In its affiliate, PHINMA Property Holdings Corp. (PHINMA Properties), PHN equitized net loss of ₱83.95 million during the period compared to an equitized net income of ₱24.97 million during the same period last year.

Hospitality Group

Equity in net earnings of Coral Way City Hotel Corporation amounted to ₱4.97 million, a turnaround from net loss during the same period last year, as the company saw improved revenue generation from the leisure and business travel segments as well as the resurgence of events and conventions towards pre-pandemic levels.

Key Performance Indicators (KPI)

The top five (5) KPI's used to measure the financial performance of PHINMA and its subsidiaries as of the six (6) month period ended June 30, 2023 compared to the same period in the previous year are shown in the following table:

Financial KPI	Definition	June 2023	June 2022
Profitability			
Return on Equity	Net income attributable to equity <u>holders of the parent</u> Average equity attributable to equity holders of the parent ¹	2.51%	5.40%
Gross Profit Margin	<u>Gross profitⁱⁱ</u> Total Revenues	24.17%	21.96%
Efficiency Cash Flow Margin	Cash flows from operating activities Total Revenues	13.63%	-14.13%
Liquidity Current Ratio	<u>Total Current Assets</u> Total Current Liabilities	1.57 : 1:00	1.74 : 1.00
Debt to Equity Ratio	<u>Total Liabilities</u> Total Equity	1.97 : 1:00	2.01 : 1.00

Average Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent is derived by dividing in two (2) the sum of beginning Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent and ending Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent.

Gross Profit is calculated by deducting cost of sales and cost of educational, installation, hospital and consultancy service from total revenues.

Profitability

The return on equity for the period of 2.51% is lower than 5.40% return for the same period the previous year due to lower net income in 2023 coupled with additional paid in capital resulting from the sale of treasury shares in September 2022. Gross profit margin increased from 21.96% in 2022 to 24.17% in 2023 due to lower freight cost, Peso appreciation against US dollar as well as initiatives from CMG to effectively manage fixed and semi-variable costs.

Efficiency

Net cash flow margin for the six months ended June 30, 2023 is 13.63% compared to net cash flow margin of -14.13% over the same period last year, mainly due to improvements in purchasing process by CMG and effective collection of receivables and reduction in contract liabilities by the schools.

Liquidity

Current ratio decreased from 1.74:1.00 in 2022 to 1.57:1.00 in 2023 mainly due to redemption of PHN parent's investment in UITF for advances for future subscription in PPHC and PHN's purchase of PHI's various investments and properties, coupled with the increases in CMG's notes payable and trust receipts payable and increase in accrued expenses by CMG and the schools.

Debt-equity ratio of PHINMA and its subsidiaries as of end June 2023 was 1.97:1.00.

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements of PHINMA for the six (6) months ended June 30, 2023 have been prepared in accordance with PAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual financial statements as of December 31, 2022.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial assets at fair value through profit and loss and derivative investments that have been measured at fair value.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in Philippine pesos, the company's functional and presentation currency.

Interim Disclosures on Financial Statements

Below are additional disclosures on the Company's operations:

a. On any known trend, demand, commitment, event and uncertainty that will result in or likely to decrease its liquidity in any material way :

PHN does not anticipate having any cash flow or liquidity problems nor does it anticipate any default or breach of any of its existing loans.

b. On any event that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation:

None

c. On material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations) and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other person created during the reporting period:

None

d. On material commitments for capital expenditures, the general purpose of such commitments and the expected sources of funds for such expenditures:

None

e. On any known trend, event or uncertainty that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales/revenues/income from continuing operations:

None.

f. Any significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Issuer's continuing operations.

None.

g. On the causes for any material change from period to period which shall include vertical and horizontal analyses of any material item:

Increase or decrease of 5% or more in the financial statements are discussed below.

h. On any seasonal aspect that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations.

Like any company in the construction industry, the operations of UGC and Philcement are affected by seasonal demand. Demand for construction materials is greater during the dry months than during the rainy months. Hence, the demand for the first semester of the calendar year is normally higher than that of the second semester.

School year 2022-23 for PHINMA Education's schools was from July to April. Cashflow outside these periods may be relatively lower.

For other subsidiaries, there is no significant seasonality that would materially affect their operations.

Material Changes in Statement of Financial Position Accounts

Cash and cash equivalents

The movement in cash and cash equivalents are shown in the cash flow statement

Investments held for trading

The drop in the account is mainly attributable to redemption of investments in UITFs of the parent company for advances to Phinma Properties for future subscription.

Trade and other receivables

The net decrease in receivables of ₱533.45 million is attributable to collection of receivables from students.

Inventory

The net decrease in inventory of ₱214.53 million is attributable to CMG's inventory reduction initiatives of CMG through purchasing process improvements.

Input value-added taxes

The increase in the account is attributable to input tax on CMG's purchases of imported panels and mounting steels which increased in Q1 2023 to support increased sales.

Other current assets

The net decrease in other current assets is mainly due to decrease in other current assets of the schools.

Investment in and advances to associates and joint venture

The net increase of ₱196.76 million is due to advances to Phinma Properties for future subscription in the latter's common shares to support development of a township business line.

Property, plant and equipment

The ₱954.04 million increase represents continuing construction activities in various school buildings and CMG's plant site.

Right-of-use of assets

The ₱34.22 million decrease represents the depreciation of the right of use of assets of CMG.

Deferred tax assets

The 22% net increase in this account pertains mainly to an increase in deferred tax assets arising from net operating loss carryover.

Other non-current assets

The 20% net increase in this account pertains mainly to increase in non-current assets of the schools.

LIABILITIES

Notes pavable

The ₱798.31 million increase in this account is attributable to the short-term notes that CMG availed of for working capital requirements.

Trade and other payables

The increase in Trade and other payables is mainly due to accrual of expenses by CMG and the schools.

Contract liabilities

Tuition fees for the semester are accrued as receivable at the start of the semester and the corresponding liability is booked under Contract Liabilities. The account decreased by ₱1.19 billion as revenues were earned by the schools from January to June 2023.

Trust receipts payable

The increase of ₱138.42 million in the account is attributable to increase in CMG's trust receipts payable.

Income and other taxes payable

The net increase in this account is mainly attributable to increase in tax payable from CMG and the schools.

Derivative liability

The increase in this account is mainly attributable to higher forward rate on CMG's deliverable forward contracts compared to closing rate for the period.

Due to related parties

The net increase in this account is mainly attributable to the net increase in the amounts due to the parent holding company.

Non-controlling interest put liability

The P191.15 million increase represents increase in present value of the contingent amount payable by Phinma Corporation to non-controlling shareholders of Phinma Education.

Deferred tax liabilities

The net decrease in the account amounting to P23.0 million represents decrease in deferred tax liabilities of the schools.

Accrued Retirement

The net increase in the account amounting to $\mathbb{P}24.13$ million represents accrual of retirement benefits by CMG and the schools.

Lease liabilities

The decrease in the account represents periodic lease payments by CMG and UPang.

EOUITY

Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations

The movement in the account represents the cumulative adjustments mainly arising from the translation of the financial statements of One Animate Limited (OAL) to Philippine Pesos.

Equity reserves

The movement in the account is due to the increase in the contingent liability arising from the put option on shares in PHINMA Education.

Other comprehensive income

The ₱2.77 million increase in this account is mainly due to the unrealized gain from the increase in fair value of financial assets at FVOCI of parent company and CMG.

Retained earnings

The increase in the account represents net income for the first half of 2023, partially offset by dividends declared during the period amounting to ₱171.80 million.

Material Changes in Income Statement Accounts

Revenues

The ₱255.08 million net increase in revenues is mainly due to enrollment in schools which is 30% higher than enrollment during the same period last year.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses increased from previous year mainly due to higher utilities and other operating expenses of the schools due to increased enrollment in SY2022-23 and to support face to face classes.

Selling expenses

The increase in the account can be attributed to the increase in selling expenses of CMG and the schools.

Equity in net earnings (losses) of associates and joint ventures

Equity in net loss of investees is mainly due to the equitized loss in Phinma Property Holdings Corp.

Foreign exchange gains (losses) - net

The net forex loss is attributable to PEHI's USD holdings restated at the forex rate of ₱55.36: \$1 compared to ₱55.76: \$1 as of December 31, 2022.

Gain (loss) on change in fair value of financial assets at FVPL

Net loss is attributable to the unrealized foreign exchange loss from the investment in Song Lam preferred shares.

Gain (loss) on derivatives

The loss on derivatives mainly resulted from the unrealized foreign exchange loss from the put option on the Song Lam preferred shares.

Gain (loss) on sale of property, plant and equipment

The gain arises mainly from the sale of PPE by CMG

<u>Others – net</u>

The increase in this account is attributable to the increase in other income of Phinma Education.

Provision for (benefit from) income tax

The provision resulted mainly from the deferred tax benefits arising from net operating loss carryover.

<u>SIGNATURES</u>

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA CORPORATION

Ruging M. MMM REGINA B. ALVAREZ Senior Vice President and Group Controller

ANNABELLE S. GUZMAN Vice President - Controller

Aug 14, 2023

PHINMA CORPORATION Consolidated Aging of AR-Trade As of June 30, 2023

in thousands

	Amount
Current	1,362,090
1-30 days	654,631
31-60 days	229,543
61-90 days	35,690
0ver 90 days	1,217,942
TOTAL	3,499,896
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	1,195,991
Net Trade Receivable	2,303,905

PHINMA CORPORATION Consolidated Aging of AR-Nontrade As of June 30, 2023

in thousands

	Amount
Current	2,254,917
1-30 days	46,770
31-60 days	18,783
61-90 days	20,496
Over 90 days	600,797
TOTAL	2,941,763
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	147,660
Net Nontrade Receivable	2,794,103



Annabelle Guzman <asguzman@phinma.com.ph>

Fri, Apr 12, 2024 at 8:58 AM

Fwd: MSRD_PHINMA Corporation_SEC Form 17-Q_Quarterly Report for the period ended Sept. 30, 2023_Nov. 14, 2023

1 message

Flora Tolarba <fdtolarba@phinma.com.ph> To: Annabelle Guzman <asguzman@phinma.com.ph>

in pri-

Forwarding for your reference.

 Flora D. Tolarba Senior Compliance Manager Corporate Governance
 PHINMAA Making Lives Better

 PHINMA Plaza 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center Makati City, Philippines, 1200
 Tel: +632 8870 0632 Mobile: +63 9178658655 +63 91786536251

 Email: fdtolarba@phinma.com.ph
 www.phinma.com.ph

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------Forwarded message ------From: Rolando Soliven <rdsoliven@phinma.com.ph> Date: Tue, Nov 14, 2023 at 7:16 PM Subject: MSRD_PHINMA Corporation_SEC Form 17-Q_Quarterly Report for the period ended Sept. 30, 2023_Nov. 14, 2023 To: ICTD Submission https://www.ictabubicscomescage To: ICTD Submission https://www.ictabubicscomescage Co: https://wwww.ictabubicscomescage Co: https://wwww.ictabubicscomescage Co: https://www.ictabubicscomescage Co: https://www.ictabubicscomescage Co: https://wwww.ictabubicscomescage Co: https://wwww.ictabubicscomescage Co: <a href="https://www.ictabubics

Gentlemen,

We hereby submit the SEC Form 17-Q Quarterly Report for the period ended September 30, 2023, filed on behalf of PHINMA Corporation in compliance with SEC MC No. 18, series of 2023 Guidelines on the Submission of Digital Copies of Applications, Compliance Document and Other Requests.

We hope you find our submission in order and acknowledge receipt.

Thank you.

Bong

Rolando D. Soliven

Vice President - Corporate Governance

Chief Compliance Officer



12th Floor, PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City, Philippines 1200 +632 870 0100 www.phinma.com.ph

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4/12/24, 4:47 PM PHILIPPINE INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT (PHINMA),INC. Mail - Fwd: MSRD_PHINMA Corporation_SEC Form 17-Q_Quar...

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PHINMA Corporation

Certification

I, <u>ANNABELLE S. GUZMAN</u>, <u>Vice President - Controller</u> of <u>PHINMA CORPORATION</u> with SEC registration number <u>12397</u> with principal office at <u>Level 12</u>, <u>PHINMA Plaza</u>, <u>39 Plaza</u> <u>Drive, Rockwell Center Makati City</u>, on oath state:

- That on behalf of <u>PHINMA Corporation</u>, I have caused this <u>SEC Form 17 Q</u> (Quarterly Report) as of September 30, 2023 to be prepared;
- That I read and understood its contents which are true and correct of my own personal knowledge and/or based on true records;
- That <u>PHINMA Corporation</u> will comply with the requirements set forth in SEC Notice dated June 24, 2020 for a complete and official submission of reports and/or documents through electronic mail; and

4) That I am fully aware that documents filed online which requires pre-evaluation and/or processing fee shall be considered complete and officially received only upon payment of a filing fee.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 10th day of November, 2023.

Vice President - Controller

NOV 1 0 2023

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this _____ day of November, 2023 in Makati City, affiant exhibited her Driver's License No. N01-01-266669 with expiration date April 15, 2024.

Doc. No. 183 Page No. 38 Book No. 37 Series No. 2003

NOTARY/PUBLIC

ATTY, JOEL FERRER FLORES Notary Jublic for Makati City Until/December 31, 2023 Appointment No. M-115 (2023-2024) Roll of Attorney No. 77376 MCLE Compliance VIII No. 0001393-Jan. 03, 2023 until Apr. 14, 2028 PTR No. 9563564/Jan. 3, 2023/Makati City IBP No. 261994/Jan. 3, 2023/Pasig City 1107 Bataan St., Guadalupe Nuevo, Makati City

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION SEC FORM 17 – Q QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE (SRC) AND SRC RULE 17 (2)(b) THEREUNDER

- 1. For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023
- 2. Commission identification no. 12397
- 3. BIR Tax Identification No. 000-107-026-000
- 4. <u>*PHINMA Corporation*</u> Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter
- 5. <u>Manila. Philippines</u> Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization
- 6. Industry Classification Code : ____
- 7. <u>12/F. Phinma Plaza. 39 Plaza Drive. Rockwell Center. Makati City 1210</u> Address of registrant's principal office

8. <u>(632) 8870-01-00</u>

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

- 9. Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report : N/A
- 10. Common Shares 286,325,265 shares issued and outstanding
- 11. Are any or all of the securities listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange ?

Yes(**x**) No()

If yes, state the name of such stock exchange and the classes of securities listed therein:

Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc.

Common Shares

12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant :

(a) Has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Section 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11 (a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports)

Yes [x] No []

(b) Has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [x] No []

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 Financial Statement

5 - 6
7
3
9 - 10
1 -12
3 -57
58 -67
7 3

SIGNATURES

68

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF

FINANCIAL POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

(With Comparative Audited Figures as at December 31, 2022)

(Amounts in Thousands)

(Amounts in Thousands)	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022 (Audited)
ASSETS	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 7, 29 and 30)	D2 /22 690	₽3,421,578
Investments held for trading (Notes 8, 29 and 30)	P 3,433,680 510,125	£3,421,578 654,316
Current portion of:	510,125	054,510
Trade and other receivables (Notes 9, 29 and 30)	8,248,684	5,631,456
Contract assets	3,017,437	5,051,450
Inventories (Note 10)	3,273,928	2,376,008
Input value-added taxes	221,237	51,354
Other current assets (Note 29)	1,680,309	578,163
Total Current Assets	20,385,400	12,712,875
Noncurrent Assets		
Noncurrent portion:		
Trade and other receivables (Notes 9, 29 and 30)	304,626	175,803
Contract assets	171,997	-
Investment in and advances to associates and joint ventures (Note 11)	459,826	1,412,637
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss (Notes 12, 29 and 30)	2,027,840	2,209,088
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Notes 13 and 30)	148,944	122,959
Property, plant and equipment (Note 14)	13,975,635	11,582,387
Investment properties (Note 15)	926,689	627,291
Intangible assets (Note 16)	1,930,783	1,853,725
Right-of-use assets (Note 31)	380,706	315,031
Deferred tax assets - net (Note 27)	206,110	127,736
Derivative asset (Notes12, 29 and 30)	834,294	648,117
Other noncurrent assets (Notes 17 and 30)	555,271	223,376
Total Noncurrent Assets	21,922,721	19,298,150
	₽42,308,121	₽32,011,025
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		D2 550 102
Notes payable (Notes 18, 29 and 30)	₽7,047,195	₽2,779,103
Notes payable (Notes 18, 29 and 30) Trade and other payables (Notes 19, 29 and 30)	3,649,724	2,150,350
Notes payable (Notes 18, 29 and 30) Trade and other payables (Notes 19, 29 and 30) Contract liabilities (Note 20 and 29)	3,649,724 1,603,991	2,150,350 1,416,637
Notes payable (Notes 18, 29 and 30) Trade and other payables (Notes 19, 29 and 30) Contract liabilities (Note 20 and 29) Trust receipts payable (Notes 29 and 30)	3,649,724 1,603,991 714,681	2,150,350 1,416,637 128,249
Notes payable (Notes 18, 29 and 30) Trade and other payables (Notes 19, 29 and 30) Contract liabilities (Note 20 and 29) Trust receipts payable (Notes 29 and 30) Derivative liability (Notes 29 and 30)	3,649,724 1,603,991 714,681 52	2,150,350 1,416,637 128,249 71
Notes payable (Notes 18, 29 and 30) Trade and other payables (Notes 19, 29 and 30) Contract liabilities (Note 20 and 29) Trust receipts payable (Notes 29 and 30) Derivative liability (Notes 29 and 30) Income and other taxes payable (Note 27)	3,649,724 1,603,991 714,681	2,150,350 1,416,637 128,249
Notes payable (Notes 18, 29 and 30) Trade and other payables (Notes 19, 29 and 30) Contract liabilities (Note 20 and 29) Trust receipts payable (Notes 29 and 30) Derivative liability (Notes 29 and 30) Income and other taxes payable (Note 27) Current portion of:	3,649,724 1,603,991 714,681 52 295,146	2,150,350 1,416,637 128,249 71 9,151
Notes payable (Notes 18, 29 and 30) Trade and other payables (Notes 19, 29 and 30) Contract liabilities (Note 20 and 29) Trust receipts payable (Notes 29 and 30) Derivative liability (Notes 29 and 30) Income and other taxes payable (Note 27) Current portion of: Long-term debt (Notes 21, 29 and 30)	3,649,724 1,603,991 714,681 52 295,146 3,671,942	2,150,350 1,416,637 128,249 71 9,151 652,399
Notes payable (Notes 18, 29 and 30) Trade and other payables (Notes 19, 29 and 30) Contract liabilities (Note 20 and 29) Trust receipts payable (Notes 29 and 30) Derivative liability (Notes 29 and 30) Income and other taxes payable (Note 27) Current portion of: Long-term debt (Notes 21, 29 and 30) Lease liabilities (Note 31)	3,649,724 1,603,991 714,681 52 295,146 3,671,942 123,999	2,150,350 1,416,637 128,249 71 9,151 652,399 102,676
Notes payable (Notes 18, 29 and 30) Trade and other payables (Notes 19, 29 and 30) Contract liabilities (Note 20 and 29) Trust receipts payable (Notes 29 and 30) Derivative liability (Notes 29 and 30) Income and other taxes payable (Note 27) Current portion of: Long-term debt (Notes 21, 29 and 30)	3,649,724 1,603,991 714,681 52 295,146 3,671,942	2,150,350 1,416,637 128,249 71 9,151 652,399
Notes payable (Notes 18, 29 and 30) Trade and other payables (Notes 19, 29 and 30) Contract liabilities (Note 20 and 29) Trust receipts payable (Notes 29 and 30) Derivative liability (Notes 29 and 30) Income and other taxes payable (Note 27) Current portion of: Long-term debt (Notes 21, 29 and 30) Lease liabilities (Notes 31) Due to related parties (Notes 26, 29 and 30) Total Current Liabilities	3,649,724 1,603,991 714,681 52 295,146 3,671,942 123,999 19,802	2,150,350 1,416,637 128,249 71 9,151 652,399 102,676 155,595
Notes payable (Notes 18, 29 and 30) Trade and other payables (Notes 19, 29 and 30) Contract liabilities (Note 20 and 29) Trust receipts payable (Notes 29 and 30) Derivative liability (Notes 29 and 30) Income and other taxes payable (Note 27) Current portion of: Long-term debt (Notes 21, 29 and 30) Lease liabilities (Notes 21, 29 and 30) Lease liabilities (Notes 26, 29 and 30) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities	3,649,724 1,603,991 714,681 52 295,146 3,671,942 123,999 19,802 17,126,532	2,150,350 1,416,637 128,249 71 9,151 652,399 102,676 155,595 7,434,531
Notes payable (Notes 18, 29 and 30) Trade and other payables (Notes 19, 29 and 30) Contract liabilities (Note 20 and 29) Trust receipts payable (Notes 29 and 30) Derivative liability (Notes 29 and 30) Income and other taxes payable (Note 27) Current portion of: Long-term debt (Notes 21, 29 and 30) Lease liabilities (Notes 1) Due to related parties (Notes 26, 29 and 30) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 21, 29 and 30)	3,649,724 1,603,991 714,681 52 295,146 3,671,942 123,999 19,802 17,126,532 10,566,272	2,150,350 1,416,637 128,249 71 9,151 652,399 102,676 155,595 7,434,531 10,282,347
Notes payable (Notes 18, 29 and 30) Trade and other payables (Notes 19, 29 and 30) Contract liabilities (Note 20 and 29) Trust receipts payable (Notes 29 and 30) Derivative liability (Notes 29 and 30) Income and other taxes payable (Note 27) Current portion of: Long-term debt (Notes 21, 29 and 30) Lease liabilities (Notes 26, 29 and 30) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 21, 29 and 30) Non-controlling interest put liability (Note 30)	3,649,724 1,603,991 714,681 52 295,146 3,671,942 123,999 19,802 17,126,532 10,566,272 2,379,469	2,150,350 1,416,637 128,249 71 9,151 652,399 102,676 155,595 7,434,531 10,282,347 2,188,320
Notes payable (Notes 18, 29 and 30) Trade and other payables (Notes 19, 29 and 30) Contract liabilities (Note 20 and 29) Trust receipts payable (Notes 29 and 30) Derivative liability (Notes 29 and 30) Income and other taxes payable (Note 27) Current portion of: Long-term debt (Notes 21, 29 and 30) Lease liabilities (Notes 26, 29 and 30) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 21, 29 and 30) Non-controlling interest put liability (Note 30) Deferred tax liabilities - net (Note 27)	3,649,724 1,603,991 714,681 52 295,146 3,671,942 123,999 19,802 17,126,532 10,566,272 2,379,469 670,871	2,150,350 1,416,637 128,249 71 9,151 652,399 102,676 155,595 7,434,531 10,282,347 2,188,320 426,529
Notes payable (Notes 18, 29 and 30) Trade and other payables (Notes 19, 29 and 30) Contract liabilities (Note 20 and 29) Trust receipts payable (Notes 29 and 30) Derivative liability (Notes 29 and 30) Income and other taxes payable (Note 27) Current portion of: Long-term debt (Notes 21, 29 and 30) Lease liabilities (Notes 31) Due to related parties (Notes 26, 29 and 30) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 21, 29 and 30) Non-controlling interest put liability (Note 30) Deferred tax liabilities - net (Note 27) Pension and other post-employment benefits (Note 28)	3,649,724 1,603,991 714,681 52 295,146 3,671,942 123,999 19,802 17,126,532 10,566,272 2,379,469 670,871 390,064	2,150,350 1,416,637 128,249 71 9,151 652,399 102,676 155,595 7,434,531 10,282,347 2,188,320 426,529 275,600
Notes payable (Notes 18, 29 and 30) Trade and other payables (Notes 19, 29 and 30) Contract liabilities (Note 20 and 29) Trust receipts payable (Notes 29 and 30) Derivative liability (Notes 29 and 30) Income and other taxes payable (Note 27) Current portion of: Long-term debt (Notes 21, 29 and 30) Lease liabilities (Notes 31) Due to related parties (Notes 26, 29 and 30) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 21, 29 and 30) Non-controlling interest put liability (Note 30) Deferred tax liabilities - net (Note 27) Pension and other post-employment benefits (Note 28) Lease liabilities - net of current portion (Notes 31)	3,649,724 1,603,991 714,681 52 295,146 3,671,942 123,999 19,802 17,126,532 10,566,272 2,379,469 670,871 390,064 324,445	2,150,350 1,416,637 128,249 71 9,151 652,399 102,676 155,595 7,434,531 10,282,347 2,188,320 426,529 275,600 211,452
Notes payable (Notes 18, 29 and 30) Trade and other payables (Notes 19, 29 and 30) Contract liabilities (Note 20 and 29) Trust receipts payable (Notes 29 and 30) Derivative liability (Notes 29 and 30) Income and other taxes payable (Note 27) Current portion of: Long-term debt (Notes 21, 29 and 30) Lease liabilities (Notes 31) Due to related parties (Notes 26, 29 and 30) Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 21, 29 and 30) Non-controlling interest put liability (Note 30) Deferred tax liabilities - net (Note 27) Pension and other post-employment benefits (Note 28)	3,649,724 1,603,991 714,681 52 295,146 3,671,942 123,999 19,802 17,126,532 10,566,272 2,379,469 670,871 390,064	2,150,350 1,416,637 128,249 71 9,151 652,399 102,676 155,595 7,434,531 10,282,347 2,188,320 426,529 275,600

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent		
Capital stock (Note 22)	₽2,863,312	₽2,863,312
Additional paid-in capital	396,845	396,845
Treasury shares (Note 22)	(57,380)	(182)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(920)	(933)
Equity reserves	(1,555,909)	(299,535)
Other comprehensive income	51,636	50,920
Share in other comprehensive income of associates	-	9,809
Retained earnings (Note 22)	5,959,311	5,360,643
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent	7,656,895	8,380,879
Non-controlling Interests	2,975,290	2,761,790
Total Equity	10,632,185	11,142,669
	₽ 42,308,121	₽32,011,025

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Amounts in Thousands, Except Per Share Data)

	Three-Month Ended Septer		Nine -Month Ended Septe	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
REVENUES				
Revenue from contracts with customers				
Sale of goods	₽3,853,042	₽3,481,906	₽10,576,438	₽10,645,182
Tuition, school fees and other services	1,447,487	1,146,041	3,238,166	2,330,479
Hospital routine services	62,219	55,254	165,077	134,673
Consultancy services	23,327	11,075	69,006	34,727
Installation services	16,267	8,974	37,639	35,614
Real estate sales	893,055	-	893,055	
Hotel operations	111,440		111,440	_
Management and administrative fees	50,461	-	50,461	-
Construction contracts	16,530	-	16,530	-
Marketing & reservation fees	4,674	-	4,674	-
Royalty fees	2,434	-	2,434	-
Rental income	19,793	18,635	61,880	55,594
Investment income	75,652	75,613	236,514	193,081
	6,576,381	4,797,498	15,463,314	13,429,350
	-))	,,	- , ,-	- , - ,
COSTS AND EXPENSES				
Cost of sales (Note 23)	3,100,087	3,113,541	8,891,684	9,130,428
Cost of educational, installation, hospital and				
consultancy services (Note 23)	453,109	434,934	1,400,365	1,142,720
Cost of real estate and construction services	507,533	-	507,533	-
Cost of hotel operations	62,947	-	62,947	-
Cost of management and administrative services	27,188	-	27,188	-
General and administrative expenses				
(Note 24)	873,468	600,609	1,911,452	1,460,793
Selling expenses (Note 25)	342,561	62,313	609,396	333,204
	5,366,893	4,199,380	13,410,565	12,067,145
OTHER INCOME (EVRENCES)				
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)	(220 947)	(102.626)	(667.257)	(522,206)
Interest expense and other financing charges Equity in net earnings (losses) of associates and joint	(328,867)	(193,626)	(667,257)	(532,386)
ventures (Note 11)	(1,413)	(7, 642)	(00 440)	9 625
Gain (loss) on change in fair value of financial assets at	(1,413)	(7,643)	(80,448)	8,635
FVPL (Note 12)	(159,257)	146,097	(181,247)	241,311
Gain (loss) on derivatives – net (Note 12)	193,006	28,914	185,734	44,842
Foreign exchange gains - net	12,930	48,271	16,860	111,752
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment – net	12,950	46,271	10,000	111,752
(Note 15)	9,615	54	10,846	179
Others – net	32,008	7,020	50,667	29,611
Others – het	(241,978)	29,087	(664,845)	(96,056)
	(241,978)	29,087	(004,045)	(90,030)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	967,510	627,205	1,387,904	1,266,149
PROVISION FOR (BENEFIT FROM) INCOME TAX (Note 27)				
Current	90,232	10,341	107,556	34,960
Deferred	(3,013)	(13,449)	(56,697)	(38,196)
	87,219	(3,108)	50,859	(3,236)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	₽880,291	₽630,313	₽1,337,045	₽1,269,385
`				
Attributable to:				
Equity holders of the Parent	₽582,767	₽414,846	₽791,529	₽821,679
Non-controlling interests	297,524	215,467	545,516	447,706
Net income (loss)	P880,291	₽630,313	₽1,337,045	₽1,269,385
Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Common Share -				
Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent				

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Three-Month Ended Septer		Nine-Month Ended Septer	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	₽880,291	₽630,313	₽1,337,045	₽1,269,385
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)				
Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss				
in subsequent periods				
Re-measurement gain (loss) on defined benefit				
obligation	-	(1,509)	(20,927)	5,237
Unrealized gain on change in fair value of				
financial assets at fair value through other		0.064	1= 0.44	2 4 6 4
comprehensive income	14,417	2,064	17,966	3,464
Share in unrealized gain (loss) on change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through				
other comprehensive income and defined				
benefit obligation of associates and joint				
ventures	_	816	(201)	(804)
Income tax effect	(2,250)	(326)	(2,775)	(521)
	12,167	1,045	(5,937)	7,376
Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in	12,107	1,010	(0,501)	1,010
subsequent periods				
Exchange differences on translation of foreign				
operations	(101)	(361)	27	(719)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	12,066	684	(5,910)	6,657
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	₽892,357	₽630,997	₽1,331,135	₽1,276,042
Attributable to:				
Equity holders of the Parent	₽584,241	₽416,108	₽795,904	₽826,197
Non-controlling interests	308,116	214,889	535,231	449,845
Total comprehensive income	₽ 892,357	₽630,997	₽1,331,135	₽1,276,042

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

(Amounts in Thousands)

_				Equity At	tributable to Eq	uity Holders of the	e Parent					
				Exchange			Share in Other					
				Differences on			Comprehensive					
		Additional		Translation of		Other	Income of				Non-	
	Capital Stock	Paid-in	Treasury	Foreign	Equity	Comprehensive	Associates	Retained Ear	nings (Note 20)		controlling	Total
	(Note 20)	Capital	Shares	Operations	Reserves	Income		Appropriated	Unappropriated	Subtotal	Interests	Equity
Balance, December 31, 2022 (Audited)	₽2,863,312	₽396,845	(₽182)	(₽933)	(₽299,535)	₽50,920	₽9,809	₽1,765,500	₽3,595,143	₽8,380,879	₽2,761,790	₽11,142,669
Business combination	-	-	-	-	-	(14,280)	-	_	10,633	24,913	-	24,913
Balance, January 1, 2023	2,863,312	396,845	(182)	(933)	(299,535)	36,040	9,809	1,765,500	3,584,510	8,355,966	2,761,790	11,117,756
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	791,529	791,529	545,516	1,337,045
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	13	-	15,234	(201)	-	(10,671)	4,375	(10,285)	(5,910)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	13	-	15,234	(201)	-	780,858	795,904	535,231	1,331,135
Cash dividends (Note 22)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(171,795)	(171,795)	(255,475)	(427,270)
Realized gain on sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive												
income	-	-	-	-	-	(238)	-	-	238	-	-	-
Put option over non-controlling interests												
(Note 22)	-	-	-	-	(90,512)	-	-	-	-	(90,512)	(100,637)	(191,149)
Business combination	-	-	-	-	(1,162,813)	-	(9,608)	-	-	(1,172,421)	35,117	(1,137,304)
Dilution on	-	-	-	-	(3,049)	-	-	-	-	(3,049)	(737)	(3,786)
Reversal of appropriation (Note 22)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,765,500)	1,765,500	-	-	-
Appropriation of retained earnings												
(Note 20)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,600,000	(1,600,000)	-	-	-
Parent company share held by subsidiary	-	-	(57,198)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(57,198)	-	(57,198)
Balance, September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	₽2,863,312	₽396,845	(₽57,380)	(P920)	(₽1,555,909)	₽51,636	₽-	₽1,600,000	₽4,359,311	₽7,656,895	₽2,975,290	₽10,632,185

				Equity	Attributable to Eq	uity Holders of the	Parent					
-			_	Exchange Differences on			Share in Other Comprehensive					
		Additional Paid-in	Treasury Shares	Translation of Foreign		Comprehensive	Income (Loss) of Associates	Retained	Earnings		Non- controlling	Total
	Capital Stock	Capital	Shares	Operations	Equity Reserves	Income	Associates	Appropriated	Unappropriated	Subtotal	Interests	Equity
Balance, December 31, 2021 (Audited) Adjustment as a result of the finalization	₽2,863,312	₽259,248	(₽143,574)	(₽ 581)	(₽95,484)	₽38,167	₽11,538	₽1,765,500	₽2,769,021	₽7,467,147	₽2,465,914	₽9,933,061
of the purchase price allocation					15,292				13,118	28,410	19,246	47,656
Balance, January 1, 2022 (as restated)	₽2,863,312	₽259,248	(₽143,574)	(P 581)	(₽80,192)	₽38,167	₽11,538	₽1,765,500	₽2,782,139	₽7,495,557	₽2,485,160	₽9,980,717
Net income	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	821,679	821,679	447,706	1,269,385
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	_	(575)	_	2,822	(804)	_	3,012	4,455	2,202	6,657
Total comprehensive income	_	_	_	(575)	_	2,882	(804)	_	824,691	826,134	449,908	1,276,042
Cash dividends (Note 22) Realized gain on sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(135,930)	(135,930)	(163,588)	(299,518)
income									100	100	_	100
Put option over non-controlling interests	_	_	_	_	(173,559)	_	_	_	_	(173,559)	(70, 524)	(244,083)
Sale of Treasury shares	_	137,597	143,851	_	_	_	_	_	_	281,448	_	281,448
Buyback of shares	-	_	(459)	-	-	-	_	-	_	(459)	-	(459)
Balance, September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)	₽2,863,312	₽396,845	(₽182)	(₽1,156)	(₽253,751)	₽40,989	₽10,734	₽1,765,500	₽3,471,000	₽8,293,291	₽2,700,956	₽10,994,247

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Amounts in Thousands)

	Nine-Month	Periods Ended September 30
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	₽1,387,904	₽1,266,149
Adjustments to reconcile income before income tax to net cash flows:	1,007,901	11,200,119
Depreciation and amortization (Notes 23, 24 and 25)	514,540	455,485
Interest expense and other financing charges	667,257	532,386
Interest income	(225,985)	(187,561)
Equity in net losses of associates and joint ventures (Note 11)	80,448	(8,635)
Pension and other employee benefits expense	33,269	43,402
Unrealized loss (gain) on change in fair value of investment	181,248	(241,311)
Net loss (gain) on derivatives	(185,734)	(44,842)
Gain on investments held for trading – net	(10,338)	(5,405)
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain) – net	(16,860)	(111,752)
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment – net	(10,846)	(111,702)
Dividend income	(191)	(115)
Operating income before working capital changes	2,414,712	1,697,622
Decrease (increase) in:	2,11-1,/12	1,057,022
Trade and other receivables	(2,316,361)	(326,098)
Inventories	707,982	(671,841)
Input value-added taxes and other current assets	(338,464)	(284,182)
Increase (decrease) in:	(550,101)	(201,102)
Trade and other payables	328,438	49,923
Trust receipts payables	586,432	(1,467,925)
Contract liabilities	(63,350)	41,973
Net cash provided by (used in) operations	1,319,389	(960,528)
Interest paid	(586,550)	(565,531)
Income tax paid	(27,529)	(45,031)
Contributions to the pension fund and benefits paid from operating fund	(3,767)	(35,951)
Interest received	65,885	9,552
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	767,428	(1,597,489)
	,	(-,,,,,,,,,,,,,-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Additions to:		
Investment held for trading	(129,000)	(1,418,169)
Investment properties	(129,000) (227,369)	(1,418,109) (13,683)
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	(227,309)	(15,085)
Property, plant and equipment	(2,352,691)	(876,002)
Investment in and advances to associates	(2,352,091)	(109,265)
Intangible assets	- (16,866)	(109,203) (72)
Proceeds from sale of:	(10,000)	(72)
Investment held for trading	471,735	2,065,817
Investment properties	4/1,/35	35,759
Property, plant and equipment	18,064	1,048
Financial assets at FVOCI	250	1,048
Acquisition of subsidiary - net of cash acquired	(983,362)	1,200
Increase in other noncurrent assets		(557)
Dividends received	201,290 191	
	(3,017,758)	(313 800)
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,017,738)	(313,809)

	Nine-Month	Periods Ended September 30
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Payments of:		
Notes payable	(5,291,743)	(1,056,718)
Long-term debt	(521,427)	(910,850)
Cash dividends	(82,816)	(299,518)
Lease liability	(74,030)	(91,777)
Treasury shares	_	(460)
Proceeds from availments of:		
Notes payable	6,389,762	2,905,521
Long-term debt	3,040,225	1,069,173
Proceeds from sale of treasury shares	-	281,449
Increase (decrease) in due to related parties	(148,471)	(80,459)
Increase (decrease) in other noncurrent liabilities	2,610	(302)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	(1,068,538)	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	2,245,572	1,816,059
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND		
CASH EQUIVALENTS	16,860	111,752
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH		
EQUIVALENTS	12,102	16,513
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	3,421,578	3,699,080
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD (Note 5)	₽3,433,680	₱3,715,593

PHINMA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information

PHINMA Corporation (PHN or the Parent Company) was incorporated in the Philippines and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on March 12, 1957.

The Parent Company is listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) since August 15, 1958.

On August 2, 2006, the Philippine SEC approved the extension of the Parent Company's corporate life for another 50 years. On May 27, 2010, the Philippine SEC approved the change in the Parent Company's corporate name from Bacnotan Consolidated Industries, Inc. to PHINMA Corporation. Its principal activity is holding investments in shares in various subsidiaries, associates and investees and other financial instruments.

Following are the subsidiaries of the Parent Company and the nature of their principal business activities:

			September 30, 2023		De	ecember 31, 20)22	
Subsidiaries	Nature of Business	 Calendar/ Fiscal Yearend	PHN Direct Interest	Direct Interest of Subsidiary	PHN Effective Interest	PHN Direct Interest	Direct Interest of Subsidiary	PHN Effective Interest
Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC) ^(a)	Manufacturing and distribution of steel products	December 31	98.01		98.01	98.01		98.01
PHINMA Solar Energy Corporation (PHINMA Solar) ^(a)	Solar rooftop	December 31	-	100.00	98.01	-	100.00	98.01
Union Insulated Panel Corporation (a)	Manufacturing and distribution of insulated panels	December 31	-	100.00	98.01	-	100.00	98.01
PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PEHI) (a,b and e)	Holding company	March 31	75.21	-	75.21	67.18	-	67.18
Pamantasan ng Araullo (Araullo University), Inc. (AU) ^(a and b)	Educational institution	March 31	-	97.76	73.53	-	97.57	65.55
Cagayan de Oro College, Inc. (COC) ^(a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	91.27	68.64	-	91.27	61.32
University of Iloilo (UI) ^(a)	Educational institution	March 31	_	69.23	52.07	_	69.23	46.51
University of Pangasinan (UPANG) and Subsidiary ^(a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	69.33	52.14	-	69.33	46.58
Southwestern University (SWU) ^(a)	Educational institution	March 31	-	84.34	63.43	-	84.34	56.66
St. Jude College, Inc. (SJCI) ^(a)	Educational institution	December 31	_	98.30	73.93	_	98.30	66.04
Republican College, Inc. (RCI) (a)	Educational institution	December 31	_	98.41	74.01	_	98.41	66.11
Rizal College of Laguna (RCL) (a)	Educational institution	April 30	_	90.00	67.69	_	90.00	60.46
Union College of Laguna (UCLI) (a)	Educational institution	May 31	_	80.91	60.85	_	80.91	54.36
Career Academy Asia, Inc. (CAA) (c)	Educational Institution	March 31	90.00	_	90.00	90.00	_	90.00
Philcement Corporation (Philcement) (a)	Manufacturing and distribution of cement products	December 31	60.00	-	60.00	60.00	-	60.00
P & S Holdings Corporation (PSHC) ^(a)	Investment and real estate holdings	December 31	60.00	-	60.00	60.00	-	60.00
Asian Plaza, Inc. (API) (a)	Lease of real property	December 31	57.62	-	57.62	57.62	-	57.62
PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation (PPHC) and Subsidiaries ^(e)	Real estate development	December 31	76.81	23.38	94.01 -			_
ABCIC Property Holdings Holdings, Inc. (APHI) ^(e)	Selling of real and personal properties	December 31	89.98	-	89.98 –			_
PHINMA Hospitality, Inc. (PHI) and Subsidiaries ^(e)	Management services and investment holdings	December 31	63.77	36.32	84.65	-	-	-
PHINMA Microtel Hotels, Inc. (PHINMA Microtel) ^(c)	Hotel franchising	December 31	51.00	-	51.00	-	-	-
Coral Way City Hotel Corp. and Subsidiary (Coral Way) ^(e)	Hotel operations	December 31	23.75	26.44	46.13 -			-
One Animate Limited (OAL) and Subsidiary ^(a and d)	Business process outsourcing - animation services	December 31	80.00	-	80.00	80.00	-	80.00

(a) Balances as at and for the period/year ended September 30 and December 31, respectively, of these subsidiaries were used for consolidation purposes.

(b) On September 1, 2023, PEHI acquired additional 32,361 shares of AU, increasing its ownership interest to 97.76%.

^(c) CAA ceased its operations on March 31, 2019.

^(d) OAL owns 100.00% interest in Toon City Animation, Inc. (Toon City). OAL and Toon City ceased operations in April 2013.

(e) On July 17, 2023, Phinma Corporation acquired shares in the following companies: 36.71% ownership interest of PPHC; 63.47% ownership interest of APH; 63.77% ownership interest of PHI; 51.00% ownership interest of PHINMA Microtel and 8.03% ownership interest of PEHI

The following are subsidiaries of PPHC and PPHC's ownership interest held by the Parent Company and its subsidiaries:

			September 30, 2023			
Subsidiaries	Nature of Business	Calendar/ Fiscal Yearend	PPHC Direct Interest	PHN and Subsidiaries Interest	Total	
Community Developers and Construction Corporation (CDCC)	Real estate development	December 31	99.22	-	99.22	
Community Property Managers Group, Inc. (CPMGI)	Property Management	December 31	95.75	-	95.75	

The Parent Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Company") were all incorporated in the Philippines, except for OAL which was incorporated in Hong Kong. The Company's ultimate parent company is Philippine Investment-Management (PHINMA), Inc. (PHINMA Inc.), which is also incorporated in the Philippines.

The information on the segments of the Company is presented in Note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

The registered office address of the Parent Company is 12th Floor, PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City.

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors (BOD), as approved and recommended for approval by the Audit Committee on November 10, 2023.

2. Basis of Preparation and Consolidation and Statement of Compliance

Basis of Preparation

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investments held for trading classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and derivative financial instruments that are measured at fair value.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Accounting Standard (PAS) 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. The Company has prepared the financial statements on the basis that it will continue to operate as a going concern. The BOD considers that there are no material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt over this assumption. The BOD has formed a judgment that there is reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, and not less than 12 months from the end of the reporting period. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine peso (P), which is the Parent Company's functional and presentation currency under Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS). All values are rounded to the nearest thousand peso, except when otherwise indicated.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2022. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared for inclusion in the Prospectus to be prepared by the Company for its planned offering transaction.

Basis of Consolidation

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the

Parent Company and its subsidiaries. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins, when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired are included in the consolidated financial statement from the date the Company gains control to the subsidiary.

3. Changes in Accounting Polices and Disclosures

Current Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new standards effective as at January 1, 2023. Unless otherwise indicated, adoption of these new standards did not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

Amendments to PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2, Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments provide guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by:

- Replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies, and
- Adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures

The amendments to the Practice Statement provide non-mandatory guidance. The amendments had no impact on the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements but are expected to affect the accounting policy disclosures in the Company's annual consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to PAS 8, Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments introduce a new definition of accounting estimates and clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. Also, the amendments clarify that the effects on an accounting estimate of a change in an input or a change in a measurement technique are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors.

• Amendments to PAS 12, Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under PAS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendments also clarify that where payments that settle a liability are deductible for tax purposes, it is a matter of judgement (having considered the applicable tax law) whether such deductions are attributable for tax purposes to the liability recognized in the financial statements (and interest expense) or to the related asset component (and interest expense).

The amendments had no impact on the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Future Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

Pronouncements issued but not yet effective are listed below. Unless otherwise indicated, the Company does not expect that the future adoption of the said pronouncements will have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements. The Company intends to adopt the following pronouncements when they become effective.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2024

Amendments to PAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent

The amendments clarify:

- That only covenants with which an entity must comply on or before reporting date will affect a liability's classification as current or non-current
- That classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right
- That only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and must be applied retrospectively. The Group is currently assessing the impact the amendments will have on current practice and whether existing loan agreements may require renegotiation.

• Amendments to PFRS 16, Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

The amendments specify how a seller-lessee measures the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction in a way that it does not recognize any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use retained.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and must be applied retrospectively with early adoption permitted.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2025

• PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

PFRS 17 is a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. Once effective, PFRS 17 will replace PFRS 4, *Insurance Contracts*. This new standard on insurance contracts applies to all types of insurance contracts (i.e., life, non-life, direct insurance and re-insurance), regardless of the type of entities that issue them, as well as to certain guarantees and financial instruments with discretionary participation features. A few scope exceptions will apply.

The overall objective of PFRS 17 is to provide an accounting model for insurance contracts that is more useful and consistent for insurers. In contrast to the requirements in PFRS 4, which are largely based on grandfathering previous local accounting policies, PFRS 17 provides a comprehensive model for insurance contracts, covering all relevant accounting aspects. The core of PFRS 17 is the general model, supplemented by:

- A specific adaptation for contracts with direct participation features (the variable fee approach)
- A simplified approach (the premium allocation approach) mainly for short-duration contracts

On December 15, 2021, the Financial Reporting Standards Council (FRSC) amended the mandatory effective date of PFRS 17 from January 1, 2023 to January 1, 2025. This is consistent with Circular Letter No. 2020-62 issued by the Insurance Commission which deferred the implementation of PFRS 17 by two (2) years after its effective date as decided by the IASB.

PFRS 17 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025, with comparative figures required. Early application is permitted.

Deferred effectivity

• Amendments to PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, and PAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments address the conflict between PFRS 10 and PAS 28 in dealing with the loss of control of a subsidiary that is sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture. The amendments clarify that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transfer to an associate or joint venture involves a business as defined in PFRS 3. Any gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that does not constitute a business, however, is recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

On January 13, 2016, the FRSC deferred the original effective date of January 1, 2016 of the said amendments until the IASB completes its broader review of the research project on equity accounting that may result in the simplification of accounting for such transactions and of other aspects of accounting for associates and joint ventures.

4. Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. The judgments, estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements. Changes in these estimates and assumptions could result in outcomes that may require material adjustments to the carrying amounts of the affected assets or liabilities in the future.

5. Business Combination

Acquisition of PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation, ABCIC Property Holdings, Inc. PHINMA Hospitality and PHINMA Microtel Hotels, Inc.

On July 17, 2023, the Parent Company and PHINMA, Inc., executed a Deed of Sale for the purchase of investments of PHINMA, Inc. in the following companies:

		PHINMA Inc.'s Direct	Transaction Value (P in
Company	Description	Ownership	millions)
РРНС	Holding company of the Company's property development arm	36.71%	588.9
PHI	Management company of the Company's	63.77%	251.2

	Microtel and TRYP hotels; part-owner in 7 hotels		
PHINMA Microtel Hotels	Master franchisor of Microtel and TRYP hotels in the Philippines	51.00%	21.2
APHI	Owner of real estate properties	63.47%	409.4
Total			₽1,270.7

The Parent Company and all the entities above are subsidiaries of PHINMA, Inc. before and after the business combination. Thus, the acquisition was accounted for as business combination under common control for which pooling of interests method was applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. The assets, liabilities and equity of the acquired businesses are included in the consolidated financial statements at their carrying amounts. Financial information for periods prior to the date of business combination was not restated.

Under the pooling of interests method:

- The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts;
- No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognize any new assets or liabilities at the date of combination. The only adjustments would be to harmonize accounting policies between the combining entities;
- No "new" goodwill is recognized as a result of the business combination;
- Any difference between the consideration transferred and the net assets acquired is reflected within equity;
- The consolidated statement of income in the year of acquisition reflects the results of the combining entities starting when the combination took place.

The combination resulted to equity adjustment from common control business combination, included under "Equity reserves" account, amounting to ₱640.50 million.

6. Transaction with Non-controlling Interest

Acquisition of Ownership Interest of NCI in PEHI

On July 17, 2023, the Parent Company acquired the shares in PEHI held by PHINMA, Inc. for a total cost of ₱1,064.8 million, which increased its ownership interest to 75.21%. The transaction resulted to the decrease in "Non-controlling interests" and "Equity reserves" accounts by ₱542.44 million and ₱522.31 million, respectively.

Dilution and Acquisition of Ownership Interest of NCI in AU

On September 1, 2023, PEHI acquired 32, 361 shares in AU for a total cost of $\mathbb{P}3.79$ million, which increased its ownership interest to 97.76%. The transaction resulted to the decrease in "Non-controlling interests" and "Equity reserves" accounts by $\mathbb{P}3.05$ million and $\mathbb{P}0.74$ million, respectively.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account consists of:

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2023	2022	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)
Cash on hand and in banks	₽2,077,190	₽1,727,119	₽3,014,857
Short-term deposits	1,356,490	1,694,459	700,736
	₽3,433,680	₽3,421,578	3,715,593

Cash in banks earn interest at the prevailing bank deposit rates. Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of up to three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Company and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates.

8. Investments Held for Trading

This account consists of investments in:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Unit Investment Trust Funds (UITFs)	₽ 506,166	₽647,383
Marketable equity securities	3,959	6,933
	₽510,125	₽ 654,316

9. Trade and Other Receivables

This account consists of:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Receivables from customers	₽ 5,772,198	₽4,560,715
Advances to suppliers and contractors	2,322,356	1,759,992
Advances to officers and employees	45,691	56,148
Rent receivables	108,396	95,761
Due from related parties (see Note 24)	136,779	28,918
Loans receivable	188,135	4,417
Accrued interest receivables	498,647	338,546
Retention receivable	306,817	-
Others	703,186	340,181
	10,068,826	7,184,678
Less allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs)	1,533,895	1,377,419
	8,533,310	5,807,259
Less non-current	304,626	175,803
	₽8,248,684	₽5,631,456

Movements in the allowance for ECLs are as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Beginning balance	₽1,377,419	₽1,198,614
Provisions (see Note 22)	119,754	178,805
Reversals (see Note 22)	(58,356)	_
Addition from business combination	95,078	_
	₽1,533,895	₽1,377,419

The changes in the gross carrying amount of receivables during the period and impact of COVID-19 pandemic did not materially affect the allowance for ECLs.

10. Inventories

This account consists of:

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
•	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
At cost:		
Land and development costs	₽1,133,055	₽-
Condominium and housing units for sale	264,530	-
Finished goods	1,492,719	₽1,942,001
Raw materials	178,564	186,259
Other inventories	133,374	149,607
At net realizable value:		
Spare parts and others	60,579	90,345
Other inventories	11,107	7,796
	₽3,273,928	₽2,376,008

11. Investment in and advances to Associates and Joint Ventures

This account consist of:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Investment in associates	₽107,964	735,117
Investment in joint ventures	345,563	349,410
Advances to associates	6,299	328,110
	₽ 459,826	₽1,412,637

	Percentage of Ownership			р
	2023		20)22
	Direct	Effective	Direct	Effective
Investment in associates:				
PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation (PPHC) (a and h)	-	-	35.42	42.71
ABCIC Property Holdings, Inc. (APHI) ^(b and h)	_	-	26.51	28.15
Coral Way City Hotel Corporation (Coral Way) ^(c and h)	_	-	23.75	29.27
PHINMA Hospitality, Inc (PHI) ^(d and h)	_	_	-	20.88
Diniwid Beach Hotel Corp. (DBHC) ^(e)	_	36.46	-	_
First Batangas Hotel Corp. (FBHC) ^(e)	_	35.83	_	_
Nemo Beach Hotel Corp. (NBHC) ^(e)	_	16.97	-	_
First Commonwealth Hotel Corp. (FCHC) ^(e)	_	16.93	_	_
South Forbes Silangan Hotel Corp. (SFSHC) ^(e)	_	25.39	-	_
Inphin8 Space, Inc. (InPHIN8) ^(f)	_	34.56	-	_
Interests in joint ventures:				
PHINMA Saytanar Education Company Limited (PHINMA Saytanar) ^(g)	_	37.61	-	35.92
PT Ind Phil Managemen (IPM) ^(g)	_	51.69	_	46.17
(a) Indirect ownership through API.and APHI				
(b) Indirect ownership through UGC.				
(c) Indirect ownership through PHI.				
(d) Formerly Microtel Development Corporation (MDC). Indirect ownership through API.				
(e) Indirect ownership through PHI				
(f) Indirect ownership through PPHC				
(g) Indirect ownership through PEHI.				
(h) Subsidiary as of September 30, 2023 and accounted for as business combination under common control for white	ch pooling of inte	rests method		

The Company's associates and joint ventures consist of the following:

<u>Investment in and advances to Associates</u> The detailed carrying values of investments in associates (accounted for under the equity method) are as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
РРНС	₽-	₽694,647
APHI	-	173,191
PHI	-	132,476
Coral Way	-	62,913
DBHC	35,655	_
FBHC	29,122	_
NBHC	10,147	_
FCHC	8,667	_
SFSHC	21,583	_
InPHIN8	2,790	_
	₽107,964	₽1,063,227

The movements and details of the investments in associates are as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Acquisition cost:		
Balance at beginning of period	₽1,535,212	₽1,535,212
Conversion of advances to investment	328,110	_

Acquisition through business combination	149,470	_
Reclassification (subsidiaries)	(1,863,322)	_
Balance at end of period	149,470	1,535,212
Accumulated equity in net losses:		
Balance at beginning of period	(825,859)	(883,407)
Share in net earnings during the year	(76,601)	
Acquisition through business combination	(41,231)	
Reclassification (subsidiaries)	902,185	57,548
Balance at end of period	(41,506)	(825,859)
Share in other comprehensive income (loss)		
of associates:		
Balance at beginning of period	25,764	27,493
Share in other comprehensive loss	(201)	(1,729)
Reclassification (subsidiaries)	(25,563)	-
Balance at end of period	-	25,764
	₽107,964	₽ 735,117

The movement in advances to associate is as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Balance at beginning of period	₽328,110	₽328,110
Advances during period	276,000	_
Conversion to investment in associate	(328,110)	—
Acquisition through business combination	6,299	_
Reclassification (subsidiaries)	(276,000)	_
Balance at end of year	₽6,299	₽328,110

On January 18, 2023, the Company advanced the amount of ₱276.0 million to PPHC for future subscription in common shares.

Pursuant to the deeds of assignment dated December 28, 2018, the Company and APHI transferred real properties in exchange for PPHC shares. PPHC issued 65,622 shares to the Company at par value of P5,000.00 per share in exchange for the real property with appraised value of P328.1 million, costing P20.0 million. In 2018, the Company and APHI applied for a tax-free exchange pursuant to Section 40(C) of the Tax Code, as amended.

On April 13, 2023, the request for increase in capital stock of PPHC with SEC was approved. The Company's advances to PPHC amounting to P328.1 million was converted to investment in PPHC and this resulted to change in ownership interest from 35.42% to 40.10%.

Interests in Joint Ventures

This account consists of investment in IPM, accounted for under equity method. The movements and details of the investments in joint ventures are as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Acquisition costs:		
Balance at beginning of period	₽344,769	₽235,503
Additions	-	109,266
Balance at end of period	344,769	344,769

Accumulated equity in net earnings (losses):		
Balance at beginning of period	4,641	4,175
Equity in net earnings (losses)	(3,847)	466
Balance at end of period	794	4,641
	₽345,563	₽349,410

12. Financial Assets at FVPL

This account consists of:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Investment in preferred shares	₽2,027,840	₽2,209,088

On September 18, 2019, the Parent Company executed a Term Sheet with Song Lam Cement Joint Stock Company (Song Lam), Vissai Ninh Binh Joint Stock Company (Vissai) and Hoang Manh Truong (Sponsor) for the investment of US\$50.0 million via preferred shares in Song Lam. Song Lam manufactures, markets, distributes and exports clinker, cement and cement products and is a supplier of Philcement, a 60%-owned subsidiary of PHN. Vissai is the parent company of Song Lam which owns and manages five cement plants in Vietnam.

In January 2020, the Parent Company, Song Lam, Vissai and Hoang Minh Truong entered into share subscription agreement related to the Parent Company's subscription of the new preferred shares of Song Lam. An advance payment of 10% equivalent to US\$5.0 million was made on November 26, 2019 and the 90% balance or US\$45.0 million was paid on May 18, 2021. The total US\$50.0 million investment has an equivalent peso amount of P2.39 billion on May 18, 2021.

The preferred shares are entitled to receive an annual fixed cumulative dividends of 7.5%, independent of Song Lam's business outcome and regardless of operating business results of Song Lam and the existence of retained earnings. The preferred shares shall be convertible to common shares after two (2) years from issuance thereof. The Parent Company may convert the preferred shares between the last day of the second (2nd) year after issuance thereof until the end of the seventh (7th) year following said issuance.

The Parent Company has the option to sell the preferred shares or converted shares to Vissai, the Sponsor or Song Lam at a price equivalent to seventy-five million US Dollars (US\$75,000,000.00), less the amount of preferred dividends received by the Parent Company. The put option may be exercised by the Parent Company after five (5) years from closing and until the end of the seventh (7th) year from said closing.

13. Financial Assets at FVOCI

This account consists of:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Investment in club shares	₽59,500	₽41,000
Non-listed equity securities	89,444	81,959

₽148,944 ₽122	2,959
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Investment in equity investments pertain to shares of stock and club shares which are not held for trading. The Company has irrevocably designated the equity instruments at FVOCI, as the Company considers these investments to be strategic in nature.

14. Property, Plant and Equipment

This account consists of:

	January 1, 2023	Acquisition through business Combination	Additions	Disposals	Reclassifications	September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)
Cost						
Land	₽3,271,394	₽62,699	₽631,030	₽-	₽-	₽3,965,123
Plant site improvements	3,472,872	-	-	-	-	3,472,872
Buildings and improvements	4,549,537	812,304	939,330	-	52,702	6,353,873
Machinery and equipment	2,495,712	181,004	248,463	-	-	2,925,179
Transportation and other equipment	602,384	358,731	79,757	(6,507)	-	1,034,365
	14,391,899	1,414,738	1,898,580	(6,507)	52,702	17,751,412
Less Accumulated Depreciation						
Plant site improvements	375,831	-	230,077	-	-	605,908
Buildings and improvements	1,592,772	407,624	107,295	-	-	2,107,691
Machinery and equipment	1,842,164	138,421	85,737	-	-	2,066,322
Transportation and other equipment	404,896	303,509	25,780	711	-	734,896
· · · · · ·	4,215,663	849,554	448,889	711	-	5,514,817
	10,176,236	565,184	1,449,691	(7,218)	52,702	12,236,595
Construction in progress	1,406,151	70	454,111	-	(121,292)	1,739,040
Net Book Value	₽11,582,387	₽565,254	₽1,903,802	(₽7,218)	(₱68,590)	₽13,975,635

	January 1,				December 31, 2022
	2022	Additions	Disposals	Reclassifications	(Audited)
Cost					
Land	₽3,141,322	₽130,072	₽-	₽-	₽3,271,394
Plant site improvements	3,473,015	-	(10,884)	10,741	3,472,872
Buildings and improvements	4,147,397	408,070	(5,930)	-	4,549,537
Machinery and equipment	2,271,102	224,610	-	_	2,495,712
Transportation and other equipment	560,501	46,622	(4,739)	-	602,384
· · · · ·	13,593,337	809,374	(21,553)	10,741	14,391,899
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Plant site improvements	246,493	140,222	(10,884)	-	375,831
Buildings and improvements	1,460,651	138,051	(5,930)	-	1,592,772
Machinery and equipment	1,633,050	209,114	-	-	1,842,164
Transportation and other equipment	366,988	41,082	(3,174)	-	404,896
	3,707,182	528,469	(19,988)	-	4,215,663
	9,886,155	280,905	(1,565)	10,741	10,176,236
Construction in progress	779,711	637,181	_	(10,741)	1,406,151
Net Book Value	₽10,665,866	₽918,086	(₽1,565)	₽-	₽11,582,387

Interest capitalized as part of "Construction in progress" account amounted to nil and ₱42.6 million at capitalization rate ranging from 3.07% to 7.1% as at September 30, 2023 and as at December 31, 2022 respectively.

Certain property and equipment of AU, COC, UI, UPANG, Philcement and UGC with aggregate amount of ₱4,849.3 million and ₱4,922.4 million as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, are used as collateral for their respective long-term debts obtained from local banks (see Note 19).

The COVID-19 pandemic did not materially affect the recoverability of property, plant and equipment.

15. Investment Properties

This account consists of

	January 1, 2023	Additions	Acquisition through business combination		osal	September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)
Cost:						
Land	P614,504	P -	₽19,20 0	1	P -	P633,704
Buildings for lease	85,625	227,369	65,737		-	378,732
	700,129	227,369	84,937		_	1,012,436
Less accumulated						
depreciation-						
Buildings for lease	72,838	3,732	9,177		_	85,747
	P627,291	₽223,637	₽ 75,761		_	P926,689
					Dec	cember 30,
	January 1					2022
	2022		ditions	Disposal	(1	Unaudited)
Cost:					,	<u> </u>
Land	₽610,724	4]	₽3,780	_		₽614,504
Buildings for lease	95,62		_	(10,000)		85,625
	706,349	9	3,780	(10,000)		700,129
Less accumulated depreciation -			,	<pre> / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /</pre>		, -
Buildings for lease	78,91	1	760	(6,833)		72,838
	₽627,438	8 1	≥3,020	(₽3,167)		₽627,291

As at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the fair values of the investment properties amounted to $\mathbb{P}2,919.4$ million, respectively, based on valuations performed by accredited independent appraisers on various dates from 2019 to 2022. The description of the valuation techniques used and key inputs to fair valuation are as follows:

	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Range
Land	Market comparable assets	Price per square metre	₽250-₽100,000
Buildings for lease	Market comparable assets	Price per square metre	₽165,000-₽255,000

The fair value disclosure is categorized under Level 3.

PSHC's land amounting to P220.0 million as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, is used as a security for its long-term debt (see Note 19). Other than this, the Company has no restrictions on the realizability of its investment properties and no contractual obligations to either purchase, construct or develop investment properties.

The COVID-19 pandemic did not materially affect the recoverability of investment properties.

16. Intangible Assets

Following are the details and movements in this account:

		Software	Trade with Indefinite		
	Student List	Costs	Useful Life	Goodwill	Total
Cost					
At January 1, 2022	₽165,638	₽74,526	₽74,526	₽2,221,068	₽2,461,232
Additions	_	11,124	_	_	11,124
At December 31, 2022 (Audited)	165,638	85,650	74,526	2,221,068	2,472,356
Reclassifications (see Note 11)	_	68,590	_	_	68,589
Additions	-	16,866	_	_	16,866
Acquisition through business combination		3,899	15,335		19,234
At September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	165,638	175,004	89,861	2,221,068	2,577,044
Amortization and Impairment					
At January 1, 2022	₽165,638	₽39,883	₽39,883	₽403,132	₽608,653
Amortization	_	9,978	_	_	9,978
At December 31, 2022 (Audited)	165,638	49,861	39,883	403,132	618,631
Acquisition through business combination		3,899	6,541		10,440
Amortization	-	17,114	77	_	17,191
Reclassifications (see Note 11)	_	_	_	_	-
At September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	165,638	P 70,874	P46,501	403,132	646,262
Net Book Value					
At September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	₽-	₽104,130	₽43,360	₽1,817,936	₽ 1,930,783
At December 31, 2022 (Audited)	_	35,789	34,643	1,817,936	1,853,725

17. Other Noncurrent Assets

This account consists of:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Deposit in escrow – bonds	₽101,466	₽-
Advances to suppliers and contractors	284,583	P 160,400
Indemnification assets	38,114	38,114
Refundable deposits	93,640	10,193
Creditable withholding taxes	7,812	7,812
Others	29,656	6,857
	₽555,271	₽223,376

18. Notes Payable

This account consists of notes payable of the Parent Company and subsidiaries:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Philcement	₽2,600,000	₽1,775,000
UGC	1,052,604	1,004,103
PPHC	3,394,591	-
	₽ 7,047,195	₽2,779,103

The notes payable are unsecured short-term peso-denominated loans obtained from financial institutions with an annual interest rate ranging between 3.50% to 6.95% and 2.60% to 4.05% in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

19. Trade and Other Payables

This account consists of:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Trade	₽1,345,150	₽1,107,394
Accruals for:		
Professional fees and others	876,537	591,946
Personnel costs	173,417	113,109
Interest	129,501	73,551
Freight, hauling and handling	135,355	45,797
Commission	173,911	-
Processing cost	203,827	-
Dividends	274,666	185,687
Deposit from buyers	178,088	-
Deposit liabilities	72,328	4,874
Liability from acquisition of land	13,413	-
Others	73,530	27,992
	₽3,649,724	₽2,150,350

20. Contract Liabilities

This account consists of:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Unearned revenues	₽1,395,734	₽1,327,343
Customers' deposits	208,257	89,294
	₽1,603,991	₽1,416,637

Unearned revenues pertain to portion of tuition fees received or due from students to which the Company still has an obligation to transfer services to the students within the next financial year.

Unearned revenues also pertain to collections from real estate customers which have not reached the equity threshold to qualify for revenue recognition and excess of collections over the good and services transferred by the Group based on Percentage of Completion.

Customers' deposits pertain to cash advance received to which the Company has an obligation to deliver roofing and other steel products and installation services within the financial year.

21. Long-term Debt

This account consists of the Parent Company's fixed-rate bonds and long-term liabilities of the subsidiaries:

PHN Fixed Rate Bonds due 2024

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Principal	₽3,000,000	₽3,000,000
Less debt issuance cost	(14,970)	27,223
	₽2,985,030	₽2,972,777

On May 6, 2021, the Parent Company filed with the SEC a Registration Statement for the proposed offering of three-year fixed rate bonds due 2024 with an aggregate principal amount of up to two Billion Pesos (₱2,000,000,000.00), with an oversubscription option of up to One Billion Pesos (₱1,000,000,000.00) at an offer price of 100% of face value. This bond offering was authorized by resolutions of the BOD of the Parent Company on March 2, 2021 and the Executive Committee of the Parent Company on April 30, 2021. The Certificate of Permit to offer securities for sale was issued by SEC on August 10, 2021. The interest rate was set at 3.5335% and the offer period commenced at 9:00 a.m. on August 10, 2021 and ended at 5:00 p.m. on August 16, 2021. The Parent Company appointed: China Bank Capital Corporation and SB Capital Investment Corporation as Joint Issue Managers and Joint Lead Underwriters; Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation –Trust and Investments Group as the Trustee; and Philippine Depository & Trust Corp. as the Registrar and Paying Agent.

The bonds were listed in the Philippine Dealing & Exchange Corp. on August 20, 2021.

The balance of unamortized debt issuance cost follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Beginning of year	₽27,223	₽42,984
Additions	_	_
Amortization	(12,253)	(15,761)
	₽14,970	₽27,223

Long- Term Loans

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
PEHI	₽1,974,140	₽2,025,080
PHN	2,935,000	1,950,000
Philcement	1,972,528	1,288,365
SWU	584,150	589,000
UGC	925,000	962,500
UPANG	555,100	226,933
AU	402,300	221,497

⁽Forward)

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
UI	₽380,000	₽386,000
COC	322,496	150,965
SJC	270,000	-
PSHC	111,982	120,982
PSEC	137,233	97,222
PPHC	492,188	-
Krypton	184,000	-
Coral Way	82,500	-
	11,328,617	8,018,544
Less debt issuance cost	75,433	56,575
	11,253,184	7,961,969
Less current portion - net of debt issuance cost	686,912	652,399
	₽10,566,272	₽7,309,570

The debt agreements presented in the succeeding pages include, among others, certain restrictions and requirements. The loan agreements with Security Bank Corporation (SBC), Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation (RCBC) and China Banking Corporation (CBC) stipulate, among others, positive and negative covenants which must be complied with by PHN, UGC, Philcement, PEHI, AU, COC, UPANG, UI and SWU for as long as the loans remain outstanding. Negative covenants include certain restrictions and requirements, such as maintenance of certain current, debt-to-equity and debt service coverage ratios.

As at September 30, 2023, the Company is in compliance with the required financial ratios and other loan covenants.

Certain assets amounting to P5,069.3 million and P5,142.3 million as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively are mortgaged as collaterals for the respective long-term debts as follows (see Notes 12 and 13):

Entity	Collateral
AU	Land and land improvements in the main campus
COC	Land in the main campus
UPANG	Land and land improvements
UI	Land and land improvements
Philcement	Assignment of leasehold rights on the land where the cement
	terminal is constructed, registration of real estate or chattel
	mortgage on cement terminal building, equipment and other assets,
	and assignment of port ownership, right to land lease and rights to
	foreshore lease.
UGC	Land, plant site improvements, buildings and installations and
	machinery and equipment
PSHC	Land

PEHI's loan agreement with CBC is covered by a negative pledge on the shares of stocks held by PEHI with AU, COC, UPANG, UI and SWU.

The balance of unamortized debt issuance cost follows:

September 30,	December 31,
2023	2022
(Unaudited)	(Audited)
₽56,575	₽62,043
29,775	12,440
1,587	-
(12,504)	(17,908)
₽75,433	₽56,575
	2023 (Unaudited) P 56,575 29,775 1,587 (12,504)

The details of long-term debts are summarized below:

				Terms						
						-			Outstanding Amo	ounts ⁽⁹⁾
Debtor	Loan Amount	Date of Loan Agreement	Lender	Installments	Final Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, (Audited)
РЕНІ	P1,500,000 ⁽¹⁾	December 7, 2015	RCBC	28 equal quarterly payments of P3.8 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment commenced on March 7, 2019.	December 7, 2025	First five years is based on the three-day average of five-year Philippine Dealing System Treasury Reference Rate (PDST-R2) plus a 1.35% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher, and to be repriced at the end of the fifth year for the remaining five years at an interest rate based on the interest rate then current or the applicable five-year benchmark rate plus 1.35% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher.	December 7, 2015	₽500,000	₽423,711	₽433,375
РЕНІ		December 7, 2015	RCBC	28 equal quarterly payments of P6.8 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment commenced on March 7, 2019.	December 7, 2025	First seven years is based on the three-day average of seven-year PDST-R2 plus a 1.40% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher, and to be repriced at the end of the seventh year for the remaining three years at an interest rate based on the interest rate then current or the applicable three-year benchmark rate plus 1.40% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher.	December 7, 2015	900,000	755,488	796,255
РЕНІ	1.000.000 ⁽¹⁾	December 1, 2015	СВС	28 equal quarterly payments of P3.8 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment commenced on March 8, 2019.	December 8, 2025	First five years is based on the three-day average of five-year PDST-R2 plus a 1.35% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher, and to be repriced at the end of the fifth year for the remaining five years at an interest rate based on the interest rate then current or the applicable five-year benchmark rate plus 1.35% spread or 5.00%, whichever is higher.	December 8, 2015	500,000	432,375	441,901
РЕНІ	364.000(21)	December 27, 2021	RCBC	15 equal quarterly payments of P2.7 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment commenced on March 27, 2022.	December 7, 2025	Fixed rate of 4.85% per annum, inclusive of GRT until the end of the term.	December 27, 2021	364,000	343,283	351,016

(Forward)

				Terms	8					
									Outstanding	
Debtor	Loan Amount	Date of Loan Agreement	Lender	Installments	Final Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
									-	
COC	100,000 ⁽²⁾	March 27, 2013	CBC	40 equal quarterly payments of P1.3 million. First principal payment commenced on June 27, 2013.	March 27, 2013	Nominal interest rate of 5.81% from March 27, 2013 to March 27, 2018, 6.05% from March 27, 2018 to March 27, 2020 and 6.30% from March 27, 2020 to March 27, 2023 with the EIR of 6.12% over 365 days.	March 27, 2013	50,000	-	1,251
COC		July 18, 2013	CBC	39 equal quarterly payments of P1.3 million. First principal payment commenced on June 27, 2013.	March 27, 2023	Nominal interest rate of 5.81% from July 18, 2013 to June 27, 2018, 6.05% from June 27, 2018 to June 27, 2020 and 7.38% from June 27, 2020 to March 27, 2023 with the EIR of 6.07% over 365 days.	July 18, 2013	50,000	-	1,284
COC		June 24, 2018	CBC	28 unequal quarterly payments as follows: 8 quarterly installments of P0.3 million from October 9, 2021 to July 9, 2023; 8 quarterly installments of P1.6 million from October 9, 2023 to July 9, 2025; 8 quarterly installment of P3.1 million from October 9, 2025 to July 9, 2027 and 4 quarterly installments of P21.3 million from October 9, 2027 to July 9, 2028. First principal payment will commence on July 9, 2021.	July 9, 2028	Fixed rate of 6.25% p.a. for the first five years; for remaining five years, higher of applicable five-year PDST-R2 plus a spread of up to 100 bps or 6.25% p.a.	July 9, 2018	125,000	122,663	
COC	25,000 ⁽⁴⁾	April 13, 2018	Private funder	One-time payment at maturity date of April 13, 2023.	April 13, 2023	Interest rate at 6.25% per annum payable until fully paid.	April 13, 2018	25,000	-	25,000
сос	150,000 ⁽³⁾	February 1, 2023	СВС	Quarterly principal payments as follows: 1.69 million from May 10, 2025 to November 10, 2032 and; 97.5 million upon maturity on February 10, 2033		Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.3170% p.a. fixed up to 2/10/2028, and 7.6258% p.a. thereafter up to 2/10/2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the Initial Drawdown Date until the Maturity Date, the Interest Rate per annum shall be reset on the Interest Rate Resetting Date to the higher of: (a) Benchmark Rate plus Interest Spread, divided by the Interest Premium Factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	March 1, 2023	150,000	148,910	

						—			Outstanding	Amounts ⁽⁹⁾
Debtor	Loan Amount	Date of Loan Agreement	Lender	Installments	Final Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
COC	50,000 ⁽³⁾	February 1, 2023	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: 0.565million from May 10, 2025 to November 10, 2032 and; 32.5million upon maturity on February 10, 2033	February 27, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.2824% p.a. fixed up to 2/10/2028, and 7.5897% p.a. thereafter up to 2/10/2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the Initial Drawdown Date until the Maturity Date, the Interest Rate per annum shall be reset on the Interest Rate Resetting Date to the higher of: (a) Benchmark Rate plus Interest Spread, divided by the Interest Premium Factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	February 27, 202	3 50,000	49,526	
UI	200,000 ⁽⁵⁾	December 12, 2017	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: P1.0 million per quarter for the 3 rd and 4 th year from initial drawdown; P1.5 million per quarter for the 5 th and 6 th year; P2.5 million per quarter for the 7 th until 9 th year; and, P37.5 million per quarter for the 10 th year.	December 20, 2027	Fixed for the first seven years. Applicable seven- year PDST-R2 a spread up to 1.25%, and for the remaining three years, the applicable three-year PDST-R2 plus a spread up to 1.25%.	December 20, 2017	100,000	90,443	92,088
UI	₽200,000 ⁽⁵⁾	December 12, 2017	CBC	Principal payments will be the same with the first drawdown. As per	December 20, 2027	Fixed for the first seven years. Applicable seven- year PDST-R2 a spread up to 1.25%, and for the	April 24, 2018	₽100,000	₽90,444	₽92,556

				Те	erms				Outstandin	g Amounts ⁽⁹⁾
Debtor	Loan Amount	Date of Loan Agreement	Lender	Installments	Final Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
				Agreement, both the first and second drawdown will be repaid at the same dates and terms.		remaining three years, the applicable three- year PDST-R2 plus a spread up to 1.25%.				
UI	200,000 ⁽⁵⁾	October 14, 2022	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: 1.5 million per quarter from the beginning of the 3rd year drawn		For the first seven years, from the initial drawn date to the end of the 7th year. Interest shall be based on the sum of the applicable 7-year benchmark and margin. For the next 3 years: from the beginning of the 8th year to final maturity date - sum of the applicable 3-year benchmark and the margin.	October 18, 2022	200,000	196,668	198,582
AU	57,000 ⁽⁶⁾	November 29, 2019	CBC	20 equal quarterly payments of P2.7 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment commenced on February 29, 2020.	November 29, 2024	Fixed rate for the first five years based on five- year Benchmark rate of the term plus interest spread or a floor rate of 5.25% plus applicable GRT.	November 29, 2019	53,700	13,897	21,351
AU	100,000 ⁽⁶⁾	November 29, 2019	CBC	27 equal quarterly payments of P1.5 million starting from February 28, 2023 to August 29, 2029 with the remaining balance of P60.6 million to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment will commence on February 28, 2023.	November 29, 2029	Fixed rate for the first five years based on the five-year Benchmark rate of the term plus interest spread or a floor rate of 5.25% plus applicable GRT. Interest rate is subject for repricing for the remaining five years based on: i. Initial interest rate; or ii. Then prevailing five-year Benchmark rate plus interest spread, whichever is higher.	November 29, 2019	100,000	95,923	99,315
AU	100,000 ⁽⁶⁾	November 29, 2019	CBC	28 unequal quarterly payments as follows: 8 quarterly installments of P2.5 million from February 28, 2023 to November 29, 2024; 16 quarterly installments of P3.8 million from February 28, 2025 to November 29, 2028 and 4 quarterly installment of P5.0 million from February 28, 2029 to November 29, 2029.	November 29, 2029	Fixed rate for the first five years based on the five-year Benchmark rate of the term plus interest spread or a floor rate of 5.25% plus applicable GRT. Interest rate is subject for repricing for the remaining five years based on: i. Initial interest rate or ii. Then prevailing five-year Benchmark rate plus interest spread, whichever is higher.	November 29, 2019	100,000	92,039	99,357
				First principal payment will commence on February 28, 2023.						
(Forward)										

				Terms	8	_			.	(9)
Debtor	Loan Amount	Date of Loan Agreement	Lender	Installments	Final Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	A mount Drawn	Outstanding September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
AU	100,000(6)	February 1, 2023	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: 1.1million from June 1, 2025 to December 1, 2032 and; 65million upon maturity on March 1, 2033	March 1, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.3900% p.a. fixed up to 3/1/2028, and 7.7019% p.a. thereafter up to 3/01/2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the Initial Drawdown Date until the Maturity Date, the Interest Rate per annum shall be reset on the Interest Rate Resetting Date to the higher of: (a) Benchmark Rate plus Interest Spread, divided by the Interest Premium Factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	March 1, 2023	100,000	98,807	-
AU	100,000%	July 11, 2023	СВС	Quarterly principal payments as follows: 1.1million from June 1, 2025 to December 1, 2032 and; 65million upon maturity on March 1, 2033	March 1, 2033	'Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.7601% p.a. fixed up to 3/1/2028, and 8.8076% p.a. thereafter up to 3/01/2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the Initial Drawdown Date until the Maturity Date, the Interest Rate per annum shall be reset on the Interest Rate Resetting Date to the higher of: (a) Benchmark Rate plus Interest Spread, divided by the Interest Premium Factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	July 11, 2023	100,000	99,250	-
UPANG	₽190,000(/)	March 27, 2018	CBC	32 unequal quarterly payments as follows: P1.9 million from June 27, 2020 to March 27, 2022; P2.9 million from June 27, 2022 to March 27, 2025; P4.8 million from June 27, 2025 to March 27, 2027; and P25.7 million from June 27, 2027 to March 27, 2028.	March 27, 2028	Interest shall be payable quarterly in arrears from February 27, 2018 to June 27, 2018 (92 days) shall be at 6.50% inclusive of GRT fixed for the first five years. Interest shall be based on five-year PDST-R2 (5.22% + 122 bps + 1% GRT. The interest rate for the remaining five years of the loan shall be the PDST-R2 plus a spread of up to 125 bps or 6.50% whichever is higher.	March 27, 2018	₽190,000	₽157,303	P165,554
UPANG	100,000(7)	February 1, 2023	СВС		February 27, 203	3 Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.3871% p.a. fixed up to 2/27/2028, and 7.6988% p.a. thereafter up to 2/27/2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the Initial Drawdown Date until the Maturity Date, the Interest Rate per annum shall be reset on the Interest Rate Resetting Date to the higher of: (a) Benchmark Rate plus Interest Spread, divided by the Interest Premium Factor; or (b) existing interest rate.	February 27, 2023	3 100,000	99,145	-
UPANG	50,000 ⁽⁷⁾	July 3, 2023	CBC	Quarterly principal payments as follows: 0.57million from May 27, 2025 to November 27, 2032 and;	February 27, 203	3 Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.3871% p.a. fixed up to 2/27/2028, and 7.6988% p.a. thereafter up to 2/27/2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the Initial	July 3, 2023	50,000	46,250	-

				65million upon maturity on February 27, 2033		Drawdown Date until the Maturity Date, the Interest Rate per annum shall be reset on the Interest Rate Resetting Date to the higher of: (a) Benchmark Rate plus Interest Spread, divided by the Interest Premium Factor; or (b) existing interest rate.				
UPANG Urdaneta	100,000 ⁽⁷⁾	September 29, 2015	RCBC	28 quarterly payments, to commence at the end of the 13th quarter from the initial drawdown date.	September 29, 2025	Interest shall be payable quarterly in arrears. i. Fixed rate for the first seven (7) years of the term based on three- day average of seven-year PDST-R2 + 1.42%, subject to repricing at the end of the seventh year; and, ii. On the last three years of the term, the interest rate shall be based on the interest rate then current or the three-day average of three- year PDST-R2 + 1.42%, whichever is higher.	September 29, 2015	100,000	51,717	60,488
UPANG Urdaneta	130,000 ⁽⁷⁾	June 1, 2023	RCBC	31 quarterly payments of 1.4 million with the remaining balance of 84.4 million to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment will commence on September 1, 2025.	June 1, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.0200% p.a. fixed up to June 1, 2028 and 7.3160% thereafter up to June 1 2030.From the beginning of the 8th year to final maturity date, interest shall be applicable 3-year BVAL + 115bps.of three-year PDST-R2 + 1.42%, whichever is higher.	June 1, 2023	130,000	128,918	
UPANG Urdaneta	70,000 ⁽⁷⁾	April 25, 2023	RCBC	31 quarterly payments of 1.4 million with the remaining balance of 84.4 million to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment will commence on September 1, 2025.	June 1, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.0200% p.a. fixed up to June 1, 2028 and 7.3160% thereafter up to June 1 2030.From the beginning of the 8th year to final maturity date, interest shall be applicable 3-year BVAL + 115bps.of three-year PDST-R2 + 1.42%, whichever is higher.	September 8, 2023	70,000	69,475	-
SWU	400,000 ⁽⁸⁾	December 6, 2017	RCBC	28 quarterly payments of P1.0 million. First principal payment commenced on March 7, 2021.	December 7, 2027	Interest is payable quarterly in arrears, commencing at the end of the first quarter from the initial drawdown date. Interest shall be fixed at 6.66% from years one to five and at 6.94% onwards until maturity.	December 7, 2017; December 20, 2017; March 29, 2018	100,000 200,000 100,000	97,250 194,500 97,250	97,915 195,831 97,915
SWU	200,000 ⁽⁸⁾	April 18, 2018	CBC	28 equal quarterly payments of P0.5 million with the remaining balance to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment will commence on Ju18, 2021	April 18, 2028	Fixed for the first five years, applicable five- year PDST-R2 plus a spread of up to 125 bps. For the remaining five years, applicable five-year PDST-R2 plus a spread of up to 125 bps.	April 18, 2018	200,000	195,150	196,829
SJC	110,000 ⁽²⁸⁾	April 25, 2023	RCBC	Equal quarterly amortization of 1.2 million from 9th to the 39th quarter from the initial drawdown (August 3, 2025 to February 3, 2033). Remaining outstanding loan of 71.5million shall be	May 3, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.232% p.a. fixed up to 02/03/2028 and 7.534% p.a. thereafter up to 02/03/2030. On the day after the seventh (7th) anniversary from the Initial Drawdown Date, the Interest Rate per annum shall be reset on the Interest Rate Resetting Date to: the sum of 3-yr BVAL + Margin	May 3, 2033	110,000	109,345	

SJC	70,000 ⁽²⁸⁾	April 25, 2023	RCBC	payable via balloon payment upon maturity on May 3, 2033 31 quarterly payments of 0.79million with the remaining balance of 45.5 million to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment will commence on August 3,	May 3, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.0670% p.a. fixed up to May 3, 2028 and 7.3650% thereafter up to May 3, 2030.From the beginning of the 8th year to final maturity date, interest shall be applicable 3-year BVAL + 115bps.	May 31, 2033	70,000	69,324	-
SJC	90,000 ⁽²⁸⁾	April 25, 2023	RCBC	2025 31 quarterly payments of 1 million with the remaining balance of 58.5 million to be paid on maturity date. First principal payment will commence on August 3, 2025	May 3, 2033	Interest payable quarterly in arrears @ 7.5080% p.a. fixed up to May 3, 2028 and 7.824% thereafter up to May 3, 2030.From the beginning of the 8th year to final maturity date, interest shall be applicable 3-year BVAL + 115bps.	July 5, 2023	90,000	89,374	-

				Tern	ns					
Debtor	Loan Amount	Date of Loan Agreement	Lender	Installments	Final Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	Outstanding September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	Amounts ⁽⁹⁾ December 31, 2022 (Audited)
PHN	₽2,000,000 ⁽⁹⁾	May 23, 2017	SBC	Principal repayment shall commence at the end of the 3 rd year from initial drawdown date until maturity date; balloon payment amounting to £1.9 billion or 94% of principal amount on maturity date.	May 21, 2027	Interest rate is equivalent to: i) the applicable 10-year PDST-R2 Benchmark Rate plus an interest spread of 125 basis points per annum (1.25% p.a.), and ii) 6.25% p.a., whichever is higher.	May 23, 2017	₽2,000,000	£1,928,535	₽1,942,344
PHN	1,000,000 ⁽²⁷⁾	July 11, 2023	CBC	Principal repayment of P50M after 1 year of initial drawdown date and balance on principal amount on maturity date	July 17, 2025	With regular interest of 7.8557%. Interest to be paid on quarterly basis	July 17, 2023	1,000,000	993,234	-
UGC	1,000,000 ⁽²²⁾	February 18, 2022	BDO	Principal amortization commence 3 months after drawdown date and every quarter thereafter and shall be paid based on 1.25% every quarter for 4 years and the remaining 80% paid in balloon upon maturity date.	February 18, 2027	Interest rate is based on 3Y BVAL 3.3618+ spread 1.25%= 4.6118% + 5% GRT = 4.8545%	February 18, 2022	1,000,000	918,233	954,206

				Terms						
									Outstanding A	amounts ⁽⁹⁾
Debtor	Loan Amount	Date of Loan Agreement	Lender	Installments	Final Installment	Interest Rate	Dates Drawn	Amount Drawn	September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
Philcement	875,000 ^(14,15)	June 1, 2018	SBC	14 equal quarterly payments (15)	October 25, 2023	Interest rate is based on the 5-year PDST- R2 reference rate for securities with 5-	October 25, 2018	160,000	11,372	45,567
						year tenor plus 1.25% spread, subject to floor rate of 5.5% per annum. No	January 3, 2019	160,000	11,405	45,062
						repricing of interest rate from availment date to maturity date.	January 22, 2019	59,000	4,306	16,833
							January 25, 2019	65,000	4,634	18,549
							April 26, 2019	18,555	1,322	5,281
							May 21, 2019	81,439	5,806	23,234
							July 5, 2019	251,977	17,964	71,888
							September 4, 2019	51,418	3,655	14,667
Philcement	P720,000 ^{(16,17})	February 26, 2021	SBC	8 quarterly principal payments of ₱10.3 million, 9 quarterly principal payments of ₱20.5 million and remaining balance to be paid at maturity date	June 13, 2025	Interest rate of 6.73% GRT inclusive, fixed rate up to maturity	February 26, 2021	P369,393	₽223,320	₽286,004
				8 quarterly principal payments of ₱9.7 million, 9 quarterly principal payments of ₱19.5 million and remaining balance to be paid at maturity date.		Interest rate of 6.84% GRT inclusive, fixed rate up to maturity		350,637	211,998	271,504
Philcement	500,000 ⁽¹⁸⁾	March 19, 2021	SBC	20 unequal quarterly payments as follows: P1.0 million from June 30, 2021 to December 29, 2021; P2.5 million from March 30, 2022 to December 29, 2022; P5.0 million from March 30, 2023 to December 29, 2023; P58.4 million from March 29, 2024 to December 27, 2024; P49.2 million from March 28, 2025 to December 29, 2025 and P36.8 million on March 30, 2026.	March 30, 2026	Interest rate of 5.1% GRT inclusive, fixed rate up to March 29, 2024 and for the remaining two years, the applicable two-year BVAL plus 40 bps, subject to a floor rate of 5.1%	March 19, 2021	500,000	467,499	484,899

Philcement	1,000,000' ^{//8}	⁹ September 5, 2023	SBC	8 quarterly principal payments of P10 million, 4 quarterly payments of P50 million and 4 quarterly payments of P180 million. First principal payment will commence on December 7, 2023	September 7, 2027	Interest rate of 7.2056% fixed rate for the first 2 years, subject to repricing at the end of the 2nd year (2+2 structure)	September 7, 2023	1,000,000	985,752	-
PSEC	20,000 ⁽¹⁹⁾	June 25, 2021	DBP	Principal repayment to commence at the end of the fifth (5th) quarter from date of Initial Draw Down. Principal shall be payable in thirty-six equal quarterly installments.	August 13, 2031	4.875% (4.924% GRT inc.) for the 1st 5 years. Next 5 years based on the relevant 5YR BVAL + 1% spread with a floor rate not lower than the rate prior to repricing (4.875%). Intrerest to be paid on quarterly basis	August 31, 2021	20,000	17,641	18,164
PSEC	80,000 ⁽²³⁾	April 21, 2022	DBP	Principal repayment to commence at the end of the sixth (6) months from date of Draw Down. Principal shall be payable in thirty-six equal quarterly installments.	August 13, 2031		April 21, 2022	80,000	70,568	78,378
	50,000 ⁽²³⁾	August 2, 2023	DBP	Principal repayment to commence on August 13, 2023 from date of Draw Down and Principal shall be payable in thirty-three equal quarterly installments.	August 13, 2031	With regular interest of 7.31470%	August 2, 2023	50,000	48,110	-
PSHC	154,000 ⁽²⁰⁾	July 15, 2006	United Pulp and Paper Co., Inc. (UPPC)	Annual installment payments of P4.0 million for 32 years starting December 31, 2021.	December 31, 2052	The effective interest rate after modification of term is 6.80%.	July 15, 2006	154,000	111,982	120,982
РРНС	500,000 ⁽²⁴⁾	March 31, 2016	CBC	36 quarterly installments with final repayment on April 11, 2026 with prepayment option; contains negative pledge"	April 11, 2016	6.1567% fixed interest rate	April 11, 2016	100,000	98,185	-
Coral Way	200,000 ⁽²⁵⁾	October 29, 2015	Local bank	40 quarterly	March 20, 2016 October 29, 2025		March 20, 2016 October 29, 2015	400,000 200,000	392,835 82,500	-

КЕНС	300,000 ⁽²⁶⁾	January 18, 2017	Local bank	installment 35 quarterly installment	January 18, 2027	Philippine Daily System Treasury Fixing - R2 benchmark rate plus the minimum spread of 1.4% or annual fixed 5.75%; whichever is higher. Next 3 years - subject to repricing after the 7th year based on the prevailing market as mutually agreed upon by the parties. The term loan bears quarterly interest of 5.5% January 18, 2017 for the first seven (7) years and subject to repricing after the 7th year	300,000	184,000	-
	Total							₽11,253,184	₽7,961,969

¹⁾ The purpose of this debt is to finance the acquisition of majority ownership in AU, COC, UPANG, UI and SWU by PEHI.

⁽²⁾ The purpose of this debt is to finance various capital expenditures of COC.

⁽³⁾ The purpose of this debt is to finance the expansion and development plans of COC.

⁽⁴⁾ The purpose of this debt is for general funding requirements of COC.

⁽⁵⁾ The purpose of this debt is to finance the expansion and development plans including school building upgrades and improvement of existing facilities of UI.

⁽⁶⁾ The purpose of this debt is to finance various capital expenditures and to refinance existing obligations of AU.

⁽⁷⁾ The purpose of this debt is to finance various capital expenditures and to refinance existing obligations of UPANG and subsidiary.

(8) The purpose of this debt is to finance the building development, expansion and purchase of equipment for SWU's Hospital and building developments of SWU.

⁽⁹⁾ Amounts are net of unamortized debt discount and/or debt issue cost.

⁽¹⁰⁾ Amounts are net of unamortized debt discount and/or debt issue cost.

(11) The purpose of this loan is to refinance the outstanding loan of the Company with SBC in the principal amount of ₱182.3 million and to finance general working capital requirements, and acquisition of equipment and plant structural components of the Company.

⁽¹²⁾ The purpose of this amended loan is to extend maturity date of old loan to July 20, 2023.

⁽¹³⁾ The purpose of this loan is to finance plant expansions in Calamba, Davao and Pampanga.

(14) The purpose of this loan is to partially finance construction of an integrated cement processing terminal in Mariveles, Bataan, permanent working capital requirements and importation of equipment.

⁽¹⁵⁾ Availment of loan is staggered based on pre-agreed drawdown schedule during the availability period.

⁽¹⁶⁾ The quarterly installment will commence at the end of the sixth quarter following the initial drawdown date of October 25, 2018.

(17) The purpose of this loan is to partially finance the acquisition of Phase 2 port terminal. This is a continuation of the remaining tenor with the original SNPSI loan.

(18) The purpose of this loan is to refinance short-term project costs and finance the mixer facility.

⁽¹⁹⁾ The purpose of this loan is to finance the general corporate requirements of the rooftop solar projects.

⁽²⁰⁾ The purpose of this loan is to finance the acquisition of land from UPPC.

(21) The purpose of this loan is to refinance the loan used for the investment through acquisition by PEHI of majority stock ownership in AU, COC, UPANG, UI and SWU.

(22) The purpose of this loan is to refinance the outstanding loan of UGC with BDO and convert the short term loans to long-term loans.

⁽²³⁾ The purpose of this loan is to finance the general corporate requirements of the rooftop solar projects.

(24) The purpose of this loan is to fund PPHC's ongoing projects.

⁽²⁵⁾ The purpose of this loan is to partially finance the equity contribution in a subsidiary for construction of a hotel.

⁽²⁶⁾ The purpose of this loan is to finance the construction of the hotel and for working capital purposes.

⁽²⁷⁾ The purpose of this loan is to finance acquisition of shares various PHINMA entities from PHINMA, Inc.

⁽²⁸⁾The purpose of this debt is for general funding requirements of SJC.

22. Equity

a. Capital Stock

The composition of the Parent Company's capital stock as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Number of	f Shares
	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Preferred - cumulative, nonparticipating,		
₽10 par value		
Class AA – Authorized	50,000,000	50,000,000
Class BB – Authorized	50,000,000	50,000,000
Issued and subscribed	_	_
Common - ₽10 par value		
Authorized	420,000,000	420,000,000
Issued	286,303,550	286,303,550
Subscribed	39,994	39,994
Issued and subscribed	286,343,544	286,343,544
Treasury shares	18,279	18,279

The issued and outstanding shares as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are held by 1,216 and 1,218 equity holders respectively.

Capital stock presented in the consolidated statements of financial position is net of subscription receivable amounting to P0.1 million as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

b. Retained Earnings

Appropriated

On February 28, 2020, the BOD reversed the appropriation of retained earnings made in 2018 in the amount of ₽1.3 billion for the investment in the Education and Construction Materials business, and buyback of shares. In addition, an appropriation was made for the investment in the Construction Materials business until December 31, 2020 amounting to ₽2.25 billion. Another ₽165.5 million of the retained earnings was appropriated for the buyback of PHN shares until February 28, 2022.

On March 2, 2021, the BOD reversed the appropriation of retained earnings made in 2020 in the amount of P2.25 billion for the investment in the Construction Materials business.

On November 10, 2021, an appropriation was made for the investment in Construction Materials business until December 31, 2022 amounting to ₱1.1 billion. Another ₱500.0 million of the retained earnings was appropriated for the Education business until December 31, 2022.

On March 3, 2023, the Parent Company's BOD approved the appropriation of P500.0 million for the investment in PPHC and re-appropriation of P1.1 billion for the investment in the Construction Materials business until December 31, 2024. In addition, the Parent Company's BOD approved the reversal of previous appropriations of retained earnings amounting to P500.0 million for investment in Education business in 2021 and P165.5 million for buyback of PHN shares in 2020.

Unappropriated

On February 28, 2020, the Parent Company's BOD declared a cash dividend of P0.40 per share or an equivalent of P109.0 million, to all common shareholders of record as at March 17, 2020. The cash dividends were paid on March 27, 2020.

On March 2, 2021, the Parent Company's BOD declared a cash dividend of P0.40 per share or an equivalent of P108.9 million, to all common shareholders of record as at April 14, 2021. The cash dividends were paid on May 5, 2021.

On March 1, 2022, the Parent Company's BOD declared a 4% regular cash dividend amounting to P108.8 million or equivalent to P0.40 per share and a 1% special cash dividend amounting to P27.2 million or equivalent to P0.10 per share payable on April 6, 2022 to shareholders of record as at March 22, 2022.

On March 3, 2023, the Parent Company's BOD declared a 6% regular cash dividend amounting to P171.8 million or equivalent to P0.60 per share payable on April 5, 2023 to shareholders of record as at March 22, 2023.

The balance of retained earnings includes Parent Company's accumulated equity in net earnings of subsidiaries and associates which are not currently available for dividend declaration until declared by the respective subsidiaries and associates amounting to P2,289.9 million and P1,607.9 million as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

c. Buyback of Shares

On February 28, 2020, the BOD approved the appropriation of ₽165.5 million for the buyback of shares of the Parent Company until February 28, 2022.

In 2022, 2021 and 2020, the Parent Company bought back shares 23,000 shares, 456,600 shares and 215,800 shares which amounted to P0.5 million, P7.2 million and P1.9 million, respectively.

As at September 30, 2023, the Parent Company bought back a total of nil shares. In business combination, the Parent shares held by the subsidiary was accounted as Treasury shares amounted to P57.2 million.

d. Put Option over Non-controlling Interests

In 2020, Asian Development Bank invested amounting to P625.0 million for 1.1 million shares of PEHI. As a result, additional non-controlling interest put liability is recognized amounting to P450.0 million.

Accretion of interest of non-controlling interest put liability amounted to P191.1 million and P325.4 million as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

e. Sale of Treasury Shares

In 2022, the Parent Company sold 14,431,900 treasury shares which cost P143.9 million for P281.4 million.

f. Stock Grant Plan

On May 11, 2023, the BOD approved a Stock Grant Plan covering senior officers of the Company and business unit heads of its subsidiaries and affiliates, with shares of the Company to be issued upon the achievement of long-term objectives by December 31, 2025, and under such terms and conditions approved by the Compensation Committee as administrator of the Plan may determine, and setting aside or allotting 10,000,000 new shares from unsubscribed shares of the Company for the Plan, subject to shareholders' approval and approval of the Securities and Exchange Commission and, if required, the Philippine Stock Exchange.

23. Cost of Sales

This account consists of:

	September 30,	September 30,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Cost of sales	₽8,891,684	₽9,130,428
Cost of educational, installation and hospital, and		
consultancy services	1,400,365	1,142,720
	10,292,049	10,273,148
Cost of Real Estate Sold and Construction services	507,533	-
Cost of Hotel Operations	62,947	-
Cost of Management and Administrative Services	27,188	-
	₽10,889,717	₽10,273,148

The details of cost of sales, educational, installation, hospital and consultancy services are as follows:

	September 30,	September 30,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Inventories used	₽7,787,414	₽8,138,214
Personnel costs	1,091,691	838,013
Depreciation	379,218	381,824
Installation cost	30,722	29,840
Cost of sales - bookstore	319,919	210,244
Subscription	15,963	35,869
Rent expense	83,051	65,245
Repairs and maintenance	107,859	65,024
Laboratory and school supplies	70,703	58,953
Power and fuel	71,172	91,393
Review expenses	18,993	24,968
School materials, publication and supplies	16,671	8,822
Graduation expenses	33,118	25,199
Educational tour expenses	7,264	-
School affiliations and other expenses	20,920	17,616
Accreditation expenses	1,496	1,653
Sports development and school activities	2,376	1,836
Others	233,499	278,435

₽10,292,049 ₽10,273,148

24. General and Administrative Expenses

	September 30,	September 30,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Personnel costs	₽902,019	₽659,387
Professional fees and outside services	328,163	272,126
Security and janitorial	83,016	53,842
Provision for (reversal of) ECLs (see Note 7)	61,398	129,777
Depreciation and amortization	95,325	63,280
Taxes and licenses	100,185	62,188
Utilities	87,205	52,737
Rent	23,634	17,371
Repairs and maintenance	25,066	7,568
Insurance	16,761	10,179
Office supplies	13,343	14,424
Communications	14,008	4,292
Transportation and travel	48,567	22,864
Advertising and promotions	5,093	518
Donations	2,504	25,260
Meetings and conferences	15,964	9,588
Others	89,200	55,392
	₽1,911,452	₽1,460,793

25. Selling Expenses

	September 30,	September 30,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Personnel costs	₽138,070	₽183,611
Freight, handling and hauling	142,739	-
Advertising	98,070	36,405
Taxes and licenses	19,667	22,950
Commission	74,210	21,415
Supplies	2,574	4,377
Outside services	26,130	7,231
Postage, telephone and telegraph	7,211	1,430
Transportation and travel	35,308	22,451
Depreciation and amortization	22,645	10,477
Insurance	8,630	11,625
Entertainment, amusement and recreation	1,359	2,498
Repairs and maintenance	10,240	5,328
Rent and utilities	4,999	1,932
Others	17,544	1,474
	₽609,396	₽333,204

26. Related Party Transactions

Parties are related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party in making financial and operating decisions and the parties are subject to common control. Related parties may be individual or corporate entities.

Outstanding balances at period-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash throughout the period. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables.

The significant related party transactions entered into by the Company with its associates and entities under common control and the amounts included in the consolidated financial statements with respect to such transactions follow:

September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)						
Company	Nature	Amount/ Volume	Amount Due to Related Parties	Amount Due from Related Parties (see Note 7)	Terms	Conditions
Ultimate Parent						
PHINMA Inc.	Share in expenses, management fees and bonus	₽245,729	₽18,074	₽2,003	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
	Purchase of shares	2,335,451	-	-		
	Purchase of properties	452.787	-	-		
Other Related Parties						
T-O Insurance Brokers, Inc.,	Advances	₽-	₽-	₽56,142	Interest-bearing at range of 4.7% - 6.3%	Unsecured, no impairment
PHINMA Foundation Inc, Phinma Plaza	Interest income Share in expenses	2,702	-	-	for 95 days Interest at 4.7% to 6.3%	Unsecured, no impairment
Condo, Phinma Prism Property Development Corp		7,094	1,615	61,126	Non-interest bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
UPPC	Consultancy fee	1,823	-	112	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
PTC Myanmar, IPM, PHINMA Saytanar (PSEd), PE	Share in expenses	4,998	114	16,681	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
InPHIN8 Space, Inc., Diniwid Beach Hotel Corp., First	Rent (Inphin8)	6,661	-	671	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
Batangas Hotel Corp., Souh Forbes Silangan Hotel Corp.	Management and incentive fees	6,785		44	Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairment

	Amount/ Volume	Amount Due to Related	Amount Due from Related		
		Parties	Parties (see Note 7)	Terms Co	onditions
nare in expenses, management fees and bonus	₽263,387	₽103,111	₽2,084	4 Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairmen
nare in expenses	927	-	6,271	1 Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairmen Unsecured,
nare in expenses	-	-	6	6 Noninterest-bearing	no impairment
ubscription	_	52,000	-	Non-interest – bearing	Unsecured, no impairment
nare in expenses	9,338	425	8,075	5 Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairmen
nare in expenses	10,160	59	11,682	2 Noninterest-bearing	Unsecured, no impairmen
onsultancy Fee	2,437			9	Unsecured, no impairmen
ו ו ו	are in expenses are in expenses are in expenses are in expenses	are in expenses 927 are in expenses – ubscription – are in expenses 9,338 are in expenses 10,160	are in expenses 927 – are in expenses – – ubscription – 52,000 are in expenses 9,338 425 are in expenses 10,160 59	are in expenses 927 - 6,271 are in expenses - - 6 ubscription - 52,000 - are in expenses 9,338 425 8,075 are in expenses 10,160 59 11,682 unsultancy Fee 2,437 - 800	are in expenses927-6,271Noninterest-bearingare in expenses6Noninterest-bearingubscription-52,000-Non-interest bearingare in expenses9,3384258,075Noninterest-bearingare in expenses10,1605911,682Noninterest-bearingusultancy Fee2,437-800Noninterest-bearing

PHINMA, Inc. The Parent Company has a 5-year management contract with PHINMA, Inc. up to June 30, 2024, renewable thereafter mutual agreement. Under this contract, PHINMA, Inc. has a general management authority with corresponding responsibility over all operations and personnel of the Parent Company including planning, direction, and supervision of all the operations, sales, marketing, distribution, finance and other business activities of the Parent Company. Under the existing management agreement, the Parent Company pays PHINMA, Inc. a fixed monthly management fee plus an annual incentive based on a certain percentage of the Parent Company's net income.

Management and Directors' Compensation

PHN, UGC, COC, AU, SJC, SWU, UPANG and UI are under common management of PHINMA, Inc. and pay PHINMA, Inc. a fixed annual management fee plus an annual bonus based on a certain percentage of the respective companies' adjusted net income, as defined in the management contract between PHINMA, Inc. and the respective companies, pursuant to the provisions of the same contract.

Management fees and bonuses, presented as "Professional fees and outside services" under "General and administrative expenses" account, amounted to P172.1million and P145.6 million for the ninemonth periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The related unpaid amount, presented as "Accruals for professional fees and others" under "Trade and other payables" account in the unaudited interim consolidated statement of financial position, amounted to P32.1 million and P93.1 million as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

PHN, UGC, UI and AU recognized bonus to directors computed based on net income with pre-agreed adjustments. Directors' bonus, presented in "Personnel costs" under "General and administrative expenses" account, amounted to P91.2 million and P59.1 million for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The related unpaid amount, presented in "Accruals for personnel costs" under "Trade and other payables" account in the unaudited interim consolidated statement of financial position, amounted to P57.8 million and P53.4 million as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

27. Income Taxes

The deferred tax assets and liabilities are presented in the consolidated statements of financial position as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Deferred tax assets – net	₽206,110	₽127,736
Deferred tax liabilities – net	(670,871)	(426,529)
	(₽464,761)	(₽298,793)

The deferred tax assets consist of the tax effects of lease liabilities, net operating loss carryover (NOLCO), pension liability, allowance for ECLs, accrued expenses, management bonus and allowance for inventory write-down.

The deferred tax liabilities consist of excess of fair value over cost, right-of use assets, fair value adjustments on property, plant and equipment of subsidiaries, unrealized gains on change in fair value, unamortized debt issuance costs, unrealized foreign exchange gain and unamortized capitalized borrowing cost.

The disproportionate relationship between income before income tax and the provision for income tax is due to various factors such as income of schools subjected to lower income tax rate, interest income subjected to lower final tax rate and equity in net losses of associates and joint ventures.

Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises (CREATE) Act

President Rodrigo Duterte signed into law on March 26, 2021 the Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises (CREATE) Act to attract more investments and maintain fiscal prudence and stability in the Philippines. Republic Act (RA) 11534 or the CREATE Act introduces reforms to the corporate income tax and incentives systems. It takes effect 15 days after its complete publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation or April 11, 2021.

The following are the key changes to the Philippine tax law pursuant to the CREATE Act which have an impact on the Company:

- Effective July 1, 2020, regular corporate income tax (RCIT) rate is reduced from 30% to 25% for domestic and resident foreign corporations. For domestic corporations with net taxable income not exceeding P5 million and with total assets not exceeding P100 million (excluding land on which the business entity's office, plant and equipment are situated) during the taxable year, the RCIT rate is reduced to 20%.
- Minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) rate reduced from 2% to 1% of gross income effective July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2023.
- Imposition of improperly accumulated earnings tax (IAET) is repealed.
- Preferential income tax rate for hospitals which are nonprofit and proprietary educational institutions is reduced from 10% to 1% beginning July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2023 and to a tax rate of 10% beginning July 1, 2023 as amended by Republic Act 11653, "An Act Amending Section 27(B) of the NIRC of 1997, as amended and for other purposes".

28. Pension and Other Post-employment Benefits

Pension and other post-employment benefits consist of:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Net pension liability	₽297,252	₽196,059
Vacation and sick leave	92,807	79,502
Defined contribution plan	5	39
	₽390,064	₽275,600

29. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The main risks arising from the Company's treasury transactions are credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk, foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk. Careful study, skill, prudence and due diligence are exercised at all times in the handling of the funds of the Company.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Company will incur a loss arising from customers, clients or counterparties that fail to discharge their contractual obligations. Due to the Company's investing and operating activities, the Company is exposed to the potential credit-related losses that may occur as a result of an individual, counterparty or issuer being unable or unwilling to honor its contractual obligations.

In managing credit risk on these financial instruments, the Company transacts only with the Company's duly accredited domestic and foreign banks. Investments per financial institution are subject to a maximum of 20% of the Company's investible funds. It is the Company's policy that investments cannot exceed 10% of the trust or mutual fund's total assets.

A comprehensive credit and business review in coordination with dealers or underwriters is performed whenever the Company invests in non-rated securities. Furthermore, the Company monitors the credit quality of corporate and sovereign bonds with reference to credit rating studies and updates from the major rating agencies. The Company's exposure to credit risk on its cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables arises from default of the counterparties with maximum exposures equal to the carrying amounts of the instruments.

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Financial assets at amortized cost:		
Cash and cash equivalents	₽3,433,680	₽3,421,578
Trade and other receivables	8,248,684	5,631,456
Refundable deposits*	425,639	72,015
	₽12,108,003	₽9,125,049

*Presented under "Input value-added taxes and other current assets" and "Other noncurrent assets" account in the unaudited interim consolidated statement of financial position.

Credit Quality of Receivables from Customers

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by geographical region, product type, customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit or other forms of credit insurance). The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure of the Company's receivables from customers using provision matrix:

September 30, 2023	Receivables from customers						
		Ι	Days past due				
	Current <30 Days 30-60 Days 61-9		61-90 Days	>91 Days	Total		
Expected credit loss rate	3%	3%	35%	37%	69%	23%	
Estimated total gross carrying amount default*	₽3,141,729	₽517,417	₽457,526	₽170,009	₽1,490,518	₽5,777,199	
Expected credit loss	87,943	13,463	162,299	62,573	1,041,611	1,349,510	
*Total current and noncurrent trad	e receivables						
December 31, 2022			Receivables fro	om customers			
_		I	Days past due				
	Current	<30 Days	30-60 Days	61-90 Days	>91 Days	Total	
Expected credit loss rate	3%	24%	5%	43%	75%	28%	
Estimated total gross carrying							
amount default	₽2,177,709	₽702,318	₽110,158	₽171,741	₽1,222,986	₽4,384,912	
Expected credit loss	64,193	170,053	5,284	73,048	917,906	1,230,484	

Impaired financial instruments comprise of receivables from customers and other receivables. The past due but not impaired trade and other receivables are expected to be collected the following year.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. The Company manages liquidity risks by restricting investments and continuously monitoring weekly and monthly cash flows as well as updates of annual plans.

The maturities of the financial liabilities are determined based on the Company's projected payments and contractual maturities. The average duration adheres to guidelines provided by the Investment Committee. It is the Company's policy to restrict investment principally to publicly traded securities with a history of marketability and by dealing with only large reputable domestic and international institutions.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk. Market risks are managed by constant review of global and domestic economic and financial environments as well as regular discussions with banks' economists/strategy officers to get multiple perspectives on interest rate trends/forecasts. Regular comparison of the portfolio's marked-to-market values and yields with defined benchmarks are also made.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's financial assets that are exposed to foreign currency risk are foreign currency denominated cash and cash equivalents, investment in bonds and investments in UITFs.

Foreign exchange risks on the U.S. dollar and other foreign currencies are managed through constant monitoring of the political and economic environment. Returns are also calibrated on a per currency basis to account for the perceived risks with higher returns expected from weaker currencies.

The following table shows the foreign currency-denominated financial assets and financial liabilities and their peso equivalents as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	September 30, 2	2023	December 31, 2022		
	Foreign	Peso	Foreign	Peso	
	Currency	Equivalent	Currency	Equivalent	
Cash and cash equivalents	US\$9,055	₽ 512,264	US\$12,111	₽675,233	
Cash and cash equivalents	VND33,703	78	VND35,703	80	
Receivables	US\$11,176	632,310	US\$7,214	402,190	
Investment at FVPL	US\$35,843	2,027,840	US\$39,621	2,209,088	
Derivative assets	US\$14,747	834,294	US\$11,625	648,117	
Investment in UITF	US\$34	1,881	US\$34	1,879	
		₽4,008,667		₽3,608,567	
Financial liabilities:					
Trade and other payables	US\$10	₽582	US\$3	₽181	
Derivative liability	US\$1	52	US\$7	371	
		₽634		₽552	

In translating foreign currency-denominated financial assets into peso amounts, the exchange rates used were £56.575 and £55.76 to US\$1.00 as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

Interest Rate Risk

Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The following tables set out the carrying amounts, by maturity, of the Company's financial assets and liabilities that are exposed to interest rate risk as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)						
	Interest Rates	Within 1 Year	1 to < 2 Years	2 to < 3 Years	3 to 5 Years	More than 5 Years	Total
Financial Assets Placements (PHP)	1.40% - 5.95%	₽1,356,490	P	₽-	P -	P -	P1,356,490
Financial Liabilities PHN UGC	6.25% 4.85% - 5.11%	20,000 47,967	20,000 47,991	20,000 48,029	1,868,535 774,246		1,928,535 918,233
PHINMA Solar	4.875%-4.924%	18,686	18,686	18,686	56,058	24,203	136,319

	December 31, 2022 (Audited)						
	1 to < 2					More than	
	Interest Rates	Within 1Year	Years	2 to < 3 Years	3 to 5 Years	5 Years	Total
Financial Assets Placements (PHP)	5.25%-5.728%	₽1,694,459	₽–	₽-	₽-	₽–	₽1,694,459
Financial Liabilities							
PHN	6.25%	20,000	20,000	20,000	1,882,344	_	1,942,344
UGC	4.85%-5.11%	47,958	47,982	48,025	810,240	-	954,205
Phinma Solar	4.875%-4.924%	11,111	11,111	11,111	33,333	29,876	96,542
PEHI	5.32%-5.48%	263,978	268,861	255,161	_	_	788,000

Interest on financial instruments classified as fixed rate is fixed until the maturity of the instrument.

Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair values of equities decrease as a result of changes in the levels of the equity indices and the values of individual stocks. The Company's exposure to equity price risk relates primarily to its equity investments listed in the PSE classified under investments held for trading.

The Company's policy is to maintain the risk to an acceptable level. Movement of share price is monitored regularly to determine impact on the Company's financial position.

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that the Company maintains a healthy capital structure to maintain strong credit rating and maximize shareholder value.

The Company closely monitors and manages its debt-to-equity ratio, which it defines as total liabilities divided by total equity. Capital includes all the accounts appearing in the "Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent" and "Equity attributable to non-controlling interests" in the unaudited interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position.

To ensure that there are sufficient funds to settle its liabilities, the Company's policy is to keep debtto-equity ratio below 2:1. After giving effect to the consolidation of PHINMA Properties and the Hospitality group, including non-cash consolidation adjustments, the Company's consolidated debt-toequity ratio as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Total liabilities	P 31,675,936	₽20,868,356
Total equity	10,632,185	11,142,669
Debt-to-equity ratio	2.98:1	1.87:1

Of total liabilities of P31.68 billion, interest-bearing debt is P21.29 billion.

30. Financial Instruments

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of its assets and liabilities by valuation technique:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

 Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input is significant to their fair value measurement is unobservable

Assets and liabilities measured or disclosed at fair value are as follows:

	September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)					
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level		
Assets						
Investments held for trading:						
Investments in UITFs	₽506,166	₽-	₽506,166	₽		
Investments in marketable equity						
securities	3,959	3,959	_			
Investment in club shares designated at FVOCI	59,500	_	59,500			
Non-listed equity instruments designated at						
FVOCI	89,444	_	_	89,44		
Non-listed equity instruments designated at						
P&L	2,027,840	_	_	2,027,84		
Derivative assets	834,294	-	-	834,29		
	₽3,521,203	₽6,601	₽565,666	₽ 2,951,57		
Liabilities						
Derivative liability	₽ 52	₽-	P 52	P		
Non-controlling interest put liability	2,379,469	-	-	2,379,46		
Long-term debt	13,846,823	-	_	13,846,82		
	₽16,226,344	₽–	₽ 52	₽ 16,226,29		
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
ssets						
vestments held for trading:						
Investments in UITFs	₽647,383	₽-	₽647,383	₽-		
Investments in marketable						
equity securities	6,933	6,933	-	-		
lub shares designated at FVOCI	41,000	-	41,000	-		
on-listed equity instruments designated at						
FVOCI	81,959	-	-	81,959		
on-listed debt instrument designated at						
FVPL	2,209,088	-	_	2,209,088		
verivative assets	648,117	-	-	648,117		
	₽3,634,480	₽6,933	₽688,383	₽2,939,164		
iabilities						
erivative liability	₽371	₽-	₽371	₽-		
on-controlling interest put liability	2,188,320	_	-	2,188,320		
town date	10 591 420			10 591 420		

During the periods ended September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and no transfers into and out of Level 3 fair value measurements.

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10,581,439

₽12,769,759

₽371

10,581,439

₽12,770,130

Long-term debt

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of the following financial instruments.

Investments Held for Trading, Financial Assets at FVPL, Financial Assets at FVOCI and Derivative Assets. Quoted market prices have been used to determine the fair value of investments in marketable equity securities and club shares designated at FVOCI. The fair values of unquoted equity investments at FVOCI, unquoted debt instrument classified as financial asset at FVPL and derivative asset have been estimated using a discounted cashflow model. The valuation requires management to make certain assumptions about the model inputs including forecast cashflows, the discount rate, credit risk and volatility. The probabilities of various estimates within the range can be reasonably assessed and are used in management's estimate of fair value for these unquoted equity investments.

The fair values of non-listed shares of stock were determined through the following valuation approach: income approach and asset-based approach. Income approach is predicated upon the concept that the value of any asset can be estimated by ascertaining the amount and timing of future cash flows or earnings that are generated by that asset. Asset-based approach is based on the value of all the tangible and intangible assets and liabilities of the company. The discount rates, a significant unobservable input used in the valuation of the non-listed shares of stock using the income approach, were 16.20% as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. An increase (decrease) in the discount rate will decrease (increase) the fair value of the nonlisted shares of stock.

Cash and Cash Equivalents, Trade and Other Receivables, Notes Payable, Trade and Other Payables, Trust Receipts Payable and Due to Related Parties. Due to the short-term nature of these transactions, the carrying value approximate the fair values as at the reporting date.

Derivative Liability. Estimated fair value is based on the average rate of the forward bid rates and forward ask rates computed in Bloomberg.

Long-term Debt. The fair value of interest-bearing fixed-rate loans is based on the discounted value of expected future cash flows using the applicable rates for similar types of loans. Discount rates used ranged from 6.80% to 7.56% and 3% to 7% in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Derivative Instruments

Freestanding Derivatives. The Company's derivative financial instruments are accounted for as financial instruments at FVPL.

UGC and Philcement entered into a buy US\$-sell PHP deliverable foreign currency forward contracts to manage the foreign currency risk arising from its US\$-denominated trust receipts payable.

31. Leases

Company as Lessee

The roll forward analysis of right-of-use assets follows:

	September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)								
	Right-of-use:								
	Right-of-use:	Buildings &	Right-of-use:	Right-of-use:	Right-of-use:				
	Land	Warehouses	Vehicles	Others	Total				
Cost									
At January 1, 2023 and									
September 30, 2023	₽119,241	₽170,017	₽291,890	₽2,470	₽583,618				
Acquisition through business									
combination	98,012	126,254	-	-	224,266				
	217,253	296,271	291,890	2,470	807,884				
Accumulated Depreciation									
and Amortization									
At January 1, 2023	19,032	80,113	166,972	2,470	268,587				
Acquisition through business									
combination	37,086	65,029	-	-	97,994				
Depreciation	6,806	25,902	23,768	-	60,597				
At September 30, 2023	62,924	171,044	190,740	2,470	427,178				
Net Book Value	₽154,329	₽ 125,227	₽101,150	P -	₽380,706				

	December 31, 2022 (Audited)							
	Right-of-use:							
	Right-of-use:	Buildings &	Right-of-use:	Right-of-use:	Right-of-use:			
	Land	Warehouses	Vehicles	Others	Total			
Cost								
At January 1, 2022	₽106,037	₽147,507	₽269,406	₽2,470	₽525,420			
Additions	15,942	43,332	29,054	_	88,328			
Pre-termination	(2,738)	(20,822)	(6,570)	-	(30,130)			
At December 31, 2022	119,241	170,017	291,890	2,470	583,618			
Accumulated Depreciation								
and Amortization								
At January 1, 2022	12,398	65,767	109,867	2,143	190,175			
Depreciation	6,634	22,712	60,304	327	89,977			
Pre-termination	_	(8,366)	(3,199)	-	(11,565)			
At December 31, 2022	19,032	80,113	166,972	2,470	268,587			
Net Book Value	₽100,209	₽89,904	₽124,918	₽–	₽315,031			

The roll forward analysis of lease liabilities follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
As at beginning of period	₽314,128	₽355,901
Payments	(74,030)	(125,452)
Accretion of interest	14,886	19,646
Acquisition through business combination	193,460	_
Additions	_	88,219
Pre-termination	_	(24,186)
As at end of period	448,444	314,128
Less current portion of lease liabilities	123,999	102,676
Noncurrent portion of lease liabilities	₽324,445	₽211,452

32. Contingencies

There are contingent liabilities arising from tax assessments occurring in the ordinary course of business, including the petition filed for the reversal and nullification of safeguard duties on its importation of cement. On the basis of information furnished by the Company's legal counsel, management believes that none of these contingencies will materially affect the Company's financial position and result of operations.

33. Earnings per Share (EPS) Computation

	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
(a) Net income attributable to equity holders of the		
parent	₽791,529	P 821,679
(b) Weighted average number of common shares		
Outstanding	545,516	447,706
Basic/diluted EPS attributable to equity holders of the		
parent (a/b)	₽2.76	₽3.00

34. Segment Information

For management purposes, the Company is organized into business units based on its products and services and has five reportable operating segments as follows:

- Investment holdings PHN and PSHC are engaged in investment holding activities of shares of stocks and other financial instruments.
- Property development API and APHI leases its real and personal properties PPHC is engaged in real estate development.
- Construction materials Philcement encompasses the operations of the cement trading. UGC handles the manufacturing and trading of iron and steel products. PHINMA Solar provides solar rooftop system to customers. The Company has assessed that the nature of the products and services and the type or class of customers for these products and services are related.
- Educational services PEHI holds interest in AU, COC, UPANG, UI, SWU, RCI, RCL and UCLI which offer graduate, tertiary, secondary and elementary education services.
- Hospitality Comprised principally of hotel operations, franchising and management from Phinma Hospitality, Phinma Microtel and Coral Way
- BPO OAL was engaged in animation services and has ceased operations in April 2013.

The BOD (Chief Operating Decision Maker) monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss and is measured consistently with operating profit or loss in the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements. Segment result is defined as the segment's income generated from its own operations, net of its share in the equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures and investment income, before deducting interest and financing charges, provision for income tax and share of non- controlling interests. The amounts of segment assets and liabilities, and segment profit or loss are based on measurement principles that are similar to those used in measuring the assets, liabilities and profit or loss in the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements, which is in accordance with PFRS.

The Company does not report its results based on geographical segments since the Company's risks and rates of return are substantially in the same economic and political environment with the companies incorporated and operated in the Philippines. There are no transactions with a single customer that accounts to 10% or more of the Company's revenue.

Transfer prices between operating segments are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transaction with third parties. Segment revenues, segment expenses and segment results include transfers between operating segments. These transfers are eliminated in full upon consolidation.

Segment Information

Financial information on the operating segments are summarized as follows:

				Nine-Month Period	Ended September	30, 2023 (Unaudit	ed)	
_	Investment	Property	Construction	Educational	TT	DDO		TALO
	Holdings	Development	Materials	Services	Hospitality	BPO	Eliminations	Total Operations
Revenues	₽497,609	₽957,815	₽10,124,570	₽3,961,668	₽144,912	₽_	(₽223,260)	₽15,463,314
Segment results	(89,526)	259,069	595,633	1,111,121	23,783	(734)	(251)	1,899,095
Investment income	395,759	3,534	12,959	30,064	1,912	_	(207,714)	236,514
Equity in net losses of associates								
and joint ventures	_	(78,021)	_	(3,847)	1,420	_	_	(80,448)
Interest expense and financing charges	(204,717))	(72,534)	(275,472)	(148,726)	(6,108)	-	40,300	(667,257)
Provision for income tax	(8,311)	(47,246)	27,934	(20,632)	(2,604)	_	_	(50,859)
Share of non-controlling interest	_	(130)	_	(199,561)	-	-	(345,825)	(545,516)
Net income attributable to equity holders of parent	₽ 93,205	₽64,672	₽361,054	₽768,419	₽18,403	(P 734)	(£513,490)	₽791,529
Total assets	₽13,470,471	₽8,102,269	₽12,781,365	₽16,187,518	₽1,318,539	₽477	(₽9,552,518)	₽42,308,121
Total liabilities	₽6,295,858	₽5,921,013	₽8,519,618	₽8,484,221	₽ 575,688	₽309,869	₽1,569,669	₽31,675,936

	Nine-Month Period Ended September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)						
_	Investment Holdings	Property Development	Construction Materials	Educational Services	BPO	Eliminations	Total Operations
Revenues	₽314,085	₽36,131	₽10,293,013	₽2,857,165	₽2	(₽71,046)	₽13,429,350
Segment results	196,995	30,301	701,202	676,096	(763)	(7,012)	1,596,819
Investment income	251,151	(325)	8,248	5,050	2	(71,045)	193,081
Equity in net earnings (losses) of associates and							
joint ventures	_	8,602	_	33	_	_	8,635
Interest expense and financing charges	(186,028)	_	(245,365)	(122,044)	_	21,051	(532,386)
Provision for income tax	(3,685)	(5,014)	3,190	8,745	_	_	3,236
Share of non-controlling interest	-	_	_	(124,148)	_	(323,558)	(447,706)
Net income attributable to equity holders of parent	₽258,433	₽33,564	₽467,275	₽443,732	(₽761)	(₽380,564)	₽821,679
Total assets	₽12,530,886	₽369,911	₽12,523,536	₽13,473,489	₽959	(₽7,049,728)	₽31,849,053
Total liabilities	₽5,324,730	₽52,514	₽8,517,354	₽6,517,984	₽309,140	₽133,074	₽20,854,456

Seasonality of Operations

Like any company in the construction industry, the operations of UGC and Philcement are affected by seasonality demand. Demand for construction materials is greater during the dry months from December to May than during the rainy months of June to November. Hence, the demand for the first semester of the calendar year is normally higher than that of the second semester.

The revenues of the schools under the PHINMA Education network decline during summer months. Hence, net income during the first half of the calendar year is lower than the second half.

For other subsidiaries, there is no significant seasonality that would materially affect their operations.

35. Event after the Reporting Period

On November 10, 2023, at the meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company, the undertaking of a consent solicitation exercise to amend the definition of the Company's financial covenant relating to its three year fixed rate bond was approved. In particular, the Debt-to-Equity Ratio defined as Total Liabilities to Total Equity shall be amended to Total Interest-Bearing Debt to Total Equity (the "Proposed Amendment"). The Proposed Amendment will give the Company the flexibility to position itself better to support the growth strategy of its strategic business units.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

PHINMA Corporation (PHN) recorded a 15% increase in consolidated revenues with PHP 15.46 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to PHP 13.43 billion for the same period in 2022. Revenues rose due to record enrollment in the Education business and revenues of the Property and Hospitality businesses which were consolidated beginning July 2023. Moreover, the top line growth combined with effective cost management led to a 40% increase in core consolidated income to PHP 1.22 billion for the period. Consolidated net income increased 5% to P1.34 billion.

The improved financial results were driven by the strong operational performance of the strategic business units acquired by PHINMA Corporation last July 2023. The acquisition increased PHINMA Corporation's ownership in the Group's education, property development and hospitality businesses. This expands PHINMA Corporation's exposure to these high growth sectors, improves the conglomerate's diversification and leverages the synergies within the group.

PHINMA Education Holdings Inc. (PHINMA Education) caters to a large and underserved higher education market in the low to mid-income sector. By proactively reaching out to this market, 1st semester enrollment for School Year 2023-2024 rose to 146,546 students, making it the largest network of tertiary education institutions in the Philippines. This is 18% higher compared to the previous school year, a new high in the history of PHINMA Education, bringing revenues to PHP 3.96 billion for the first nine months of 2023 from PHP 2.86 billion in the same period last year. Net income grew to PHP 968.11 million from PHP 568.05 million in the same period last year.

Meanwhile, the PHINMA Construction Materials Group (PHINMA CMG) started to see a recovery in demand as construction activities increased in the third quarter. CMG also tempered the impact of higher interest rates and a stronger dollar through its operational cost management initiatives. These contributed to combined revenues of PHP 10.12 billion and a combined net income of PHP 361.05 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. To better serve its customers, PHINMA CMG continues to enhance operational efficiency, improve distribution capability and offer innovative construction materials solutions.

PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation (PHINMA Properties) aims to help address the country's housing backlog by building sustainable communities. Furthermore, PHINMA Properties is continuing to expand its product portfolio through new township projects which open opportunities of synergy with the subsidiaries of the group. In July 2023, PHINMA Corporation acquired additional shares of PHINMA Properties, increasing the company's ownership from 40.10% to 76.81%. This was coupled with higher sales and resale of sales cancellations during the quarter. Net reservations also improved during the first nine-months of the year compared to same period in 2022. Equitized net loss of PHP 83.95 million in the first half of 2023 was offset by consolidated net income for the quarter of PHP 141.23 million.

With the reopening of the economy after the pandemic, the hospitality sector has seen a recovery in domestic leisure travel, corporate bookings and conventions. As a result of the acquisition of PHINMA Hospitality and PHINMA Microtel shares in July 2023, PHINMA Corporation consolidated net earnings of Coral Way, PHINMA Hospitality and PHINMA Microtel for the third quarter, amounting to ₱20.56 million, in addition to the equitized net income of Coral Way amounting to P4.97 million during the first half of the year.

PHINMA Corporation's core net income attributable to the shareholders of the parent, for the first nine months of 2023 rose to PHP 2.59 per share, 54% higher than the PHP 1.68 per share recorded for the same period in the previous year.

Focus on cash generation as evidenced by a strong, parent debt service coverage ratio of 7.63x as of September 30, resulted in a balance sheet with cash and cash equivalents at PHP 3.94 billion. Consolidated total assets was PHP 42.31 billion and total stockholder's equity amounted to PHP 10.63 billion as of September 2023.

STRATEGIC BUSINESS UNITS (SBU)

The following discussion describes the performance of PHINMA's SBUs for the first nine months of 2023:

Education Group

PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PHINMA Education) posted consolidated revenues of PHP3.96 billion, or a 39% growth from PHP2.86 billion in the same period last year due to an 18% growth in enrollment. The higher number of students also led to the increase in some of the variable costs and expenses such as faculty salaries and benefits, student academic activities and utilities costs for face to face classes. PHINMA Education's consolidated net income is PHP968.11 million, an increase of 71% compared to PHP568.05 million last year.

Construction Materials Group

The Construction Materials Group (CMG), composed of Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC), Philcement Corporation (Philcement), and PHINMA Solar Corporation (PHINMA Solar), posted combined revenues of PHP10.12 billion for the first nine months of 2023. Combined net income of CMG declined to PHP361.05 million in view of soft construction demand amid delayed government infrastructure spending during the first half of the year. With the start of government projects in the third quarter, a slight uptick in construction activities and demand for construction materials were felt in some key markets, resulting in an improvement in sales volume. However, prices remained soft amidst tight competition in the market and inclement weather affecting construction activities. Faced with a tight competitive environment, CMG focused on improving operational efficiencies, expanding its distribution network and developing new markets to support future sales growth.

Properties Group

In July 2023, PHINMA Corporation acquired additional shares of PHINMA Properties, increasing the company's ownership from 40.10% to 76.81%. Beginning July, PHINMA Properties revenues and assets are now consolidated into PHN.

Equitized net loss of PHP83.95 million in the first half of 2023 was offset by consolidated net income for the quarter of PHP141.23 million. During the third quarter of 2023, PHINMA Properties experienced higher sales, improved net reservations and resale of sales cancellations, thus the resulting net income for the quarter.

Hospitality Group

PHINMA Corporation acquired 63.77% of PHINMA Hospitality and 51% of PHINMA Microtel in July. In addition to its 23.75% direct interest in Coral Way, PHN also acquired a 26.44% in Coral Way through PHINMA Hospitality.

PHINMA Corporation consolidated net earnings of Coral Way, PHINMA Hospitality and PHINMA Microtel for the third quarter, amounting to PHP20.56 million, in addition to the equitized net income of Coral Way amounting to PHP4.97 million during the first half of the year. The Hospitality group experienced improvement in net earnings from market segments such as leisure, corporate and meetings and events as well as improved revenue generation of hotels under PHINMA management.

Key Performance Indicators (KPI)

The top five (5) KPI's used to measure the financial performance of PHINMA and its subsidiaries as of the nine (9) months period ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in the previous year are shown in the following table:

Financial KPI	Definition	Sep 2023	Sep 2022
Profitability			
Return on Equity	Net income attributable to equity <u>holders of the parent</u> Average equity attributable to equity holders of the parent ¹	9.87%	10.41%
Gross Profit Margin	<u>Gross profitⁱⁱ</u> Total Revenues	29.58%	23.50%
Efficiency Cash Flow Margin	Cash flows from operating activities Total Revenues	4.96%	-11.90%
Liquidity Current Ratio	<u>Total Current Assets</u> Total Current Liabilities	1.19 : 1:00	1.72 : 1.00
Debt to Equity Ratio	<u>Total Liabilities</u> Total Equity	2.98 : 1:00	1.90 : 1.00

Average Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent is derived by dividing in two (2) the sum of beginning Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent and ending Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent.

Profitability

ii

The return on equity for the period of 9.87% is lower than 10.41% return for the same period in 2022 due to the lower net unrealized gain on the change in fair value of the investment in Song Lam in the first nine months of 2023. Gross profit margin, on the other hand, increased from 23.50% in 2022 to 29.58% in 2023 due to lower input cost and initiatives from CMG and PHINMA Education to effectively manage fixed and semi-variable costs.

Efficiency

Net cash flow margin for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 is 4.96% compared to net cash flow margin of -11.90% over the same period last year, mainly due to higher operating income as of September 2023 and increases in trade, trust receipts and other payables, partially offset by increases in Trade and other receivables and input taxes.

Liquidity

Current ratio decreased from 1.72:1.00 in 2022 to 1.19:1.00 in 2023 mainly due to consolidation of the current liabilities of PHINMA Property and PHINMA Hospitality group starting Q3 2023, Parent company's PHP3 billion Corporate Bond becoming current as of September 2023, increases in CMG's notes payable and trust receipts payable and increases in the schools' trade and income tax payables as the schools reverted to the 10% income tax rate starting July 2023 as provided for under CREATE law.

Gross Profit is calculated by deducting cost of sales and cost of educational, installation, hospital and consultancy service from total revenues.

After giving effect to the consolidation of PHINMA Properties and the Hospitality group, including noncash consolidation adjustments, the ratio of total liabilities to total equity of PHINMA and its subsidiaries as of end September 2023 was 2.98:1.00. Of total liabilities of PHP31.68 billion, interest-bearing debt is PHP21.29 billion.

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements of PHINMA for the nine (9) months ended September 30, 2023 have been prepared in accordance with PAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual financial statements as of December 31, 2022.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial assets at fair value through profit and loss and derivative investments that have been measured at fair value.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in Philippine pesos, the company's functional and presentation currency.

Interim Disclosures on Financial Statements

Below are additional disclosures on the Company's operations:

a. On any known trend, demand, commitment, event and uncertainty that will result in or likely to decrease its liquidity in any material way :

PHN does not anticipate having any cash flow or liquidity problems nor does it anticipate any default or breach of any of its existing loans.

b. On any event that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation:

None

c. On material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations) and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other person created during the reporting period:

None

d. On material commitments for capital expenditures, the general purpose of such commitments and the expected sources of funds for such expenditures:

None

e. On any known trend, event or uncertainty that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales/revenues/income from continuing operations:

None.

f. Any significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Issuer's continuing operations.

None.

g. On the causes for any material change from period to period which shall include vertical and horizontal analyses of any material item:

Increase or decrease of 5% or more in the financial statements are discussed below.

h. On any seasonal aspect that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations.

Like any company in the construction industry, the operations of UGC and Philcement are affected by seasonal demand. Demand for construction materials is greater during the dry months than during the rainy months. Hence, the demand for the first semester of the calendar year is normally higher than that of the second semester.

School year 2023-24 for PHINMA Education schools is from June 2023 to April 2024. Cashflow outside these periods may be relatively lower.

For other subsidiaries, there is no significant seasonality that would materially affect their operations.

Material Changes in Statement of Financial Position Accounts

Cash and cash equivalents

The movement in cash and cash equivalents are shown in the cash flow statement

Investments held for trading

The decrease in the account is mainly attributable to redemption of investments in UITFs of the Parent company partially offset by the consolidation of investments held for trading of PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality companies and APHI.

Trade and other receivables

The net increase in receivables of PHP2.62 billion is driven by the consolidation of trade receivables of PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality companies amounting to PHP1.44 billion, in addition to the increase in receivables from schools amounting to PHP534.8 million with the higher enrollment for first semester of SY2023-24. Receivables of CMG likewise increased as business started to pick up in the third quarter.

Contract assets

This account with a balance of PHP3.02 billion as of September 30, pertains to contract asset of PPHC, which is consolidated into the balance sheet as a result of the purchase of PPHC shares in July 2023 by the Parent company.

Inventory

The net increase in inventory of PHP897.92 million is attributable to the consolidation of inventory of PPHC amounting to PHP1.35 billion. This was partially offset by the impact of CMG's inventory reduction initiatives through purchasing process improvements.

Input value-added taxes

The increase in the account is attributable to input tax on the Parent's purchase of properties in July 2023, CMG's purchases of imported panels and mounting steels to support increased sales, and consolidation of PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality's input taxes.

Other current assets

The increase in other current assets is mainly due to consolidation of current assets of PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality companies amounting to PHP922.57 million, coupled with the increase in current assets of CMG and the schools.

Investment in and advances to associates and joint venture

The decrease of PHP952.81 million is mainly due to reclassification of PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality companies from associates to subsidiaries as a result of the purchase of shares of said companies in July 2023.

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

The decrease of PHP181.25 million in this account is attributable to the unrealized loss on change in fair value of investment in Songlam.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

The PHP25.99 million increase in this account pertains mainly to APHI, PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality's financial assets at fair value, consolidated starting the third quarter of 2023.

Property, plant and equipment

The PHP2.39 billion increase in this account represents the following: 1) continuing construction activities in various school buildings amounting to PHP730.24 million and CMG's mixer plant facility; 2) purchase of office space in July 2023 by the Parent company and 3) consolidation of property, plant and equipment of PPHC, PHINMA Hospitality and Coral Way starting Q3 of 2023.

Investment properties

The net increase in this account mainly represents the purchase properties by the Parent company in July 2023, in addition to PPHC's investment property, which was consolidated starting Q3 2023.

Right-of-use of assets

The PHP65.68 million net increase represents the consolidation of PPHC and Coral Way's Right of Use Asset, partially offset by the depreciation of the right of use of assets of CMG.

Deferred tax assets

The net increase in this account pertains mainly to an increase in deferred tax assets arising from lease liabilities, provision for ECL, accrued and pension expense of CMG as well as consolidation of PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality companies' deferred tax assets.

Derivative assets - noncurrent

The increase in this account pertains mainly to the unrealized gain on put option of the Parent company related to the investment in Song Lam preferred shares.

Other non-current assets

The PHP331.90 million net increase in this account pertains mainly to increase in non-current assets of the schools plus the consolidation of PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality companies' other non-current assets.

LIABILITIES

Notes payable

The PHP4.27 billion increase in this account is attributable to the PHP3.39 billion notes payable of PPHC, consolidated in Q3 2023 in addition to the short-term notes availed of by CMG for working capital requirements.

Trade and other payables

The net increase in Trade and other payables is mainly due to consolidation of trade payables of PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality companies amounting to PHP995.61 million as well as accrual of expenses by the schools.

Contract liabilities

Tuition fees for the semester are accrued as receivable at the start of the semester and the corresponding liability is booked under Contract Liabilities. The account increased by PHP187.35 million mainly due to PPHC's contract liability consolidated in Q3 2023, partially offset by revenues earned by the schools from July to September 2023.

Trust receipts payable

The increase of PHP586.43 million in the account is attributable to an increase in CMG's trust receipts payable.

Income and other taxes payable

The net increase in this account is mainly attributable to the increase in tax payable from CMG and the schools plus the income tax payable of PPHC which was consolidated in Q3 2023.

Derivative liability

The decrease in this account is mainly attributable to lower forward rate on CMG's deliverable forward contracts compared to closing rate for the period.

Current portion – long term debt

The increase in this account is mainly attributable to the reclassification to Current portion of the Parent company's P3.0 billion corporate bond which will mature in August 2024.

Current portion – lease liability

The net increase in this account is mainly attributable to PPHC and Coral Way's lease liability consolidated in Q3 partially offset by a decrease in CMG's lease liability.

Due to related parties

The net decrease in this account is mainly attributable to the net decrease in the amounts due to the parent holding company.

Non-controlling interest put liability

The PHP191.15 million increase represents an increase in present value of the contingent amount payable by Phinma Corporation to non-controlling shareholders of Phinma Education.

Deferred tax liabilities

The increase in the account amounting to PHP244.34 million resulted mainly from consolidation of PPHC's deferred tax liability.

Accrued Retirement

The net increase in the account amounting to PHP114.46 million represents accrual of retirement expense by CMG and the schools as well as consolidation of accrued retirement from PPHC and the PHINMA Hospitality companies, whose shares were purchased in July 2023.

Lease liabilities

The net increase is mainly due to PPHC and Coral Way's lease liabilities which were consolidated this quarter, partially offset by decreases due to periodic lease payments by CMG and UPang.

Other non-current liabilities

The net increase mainly represents PPHC other non-current liabilities which were consolidated in Q3 2023.

EOUITY

Equity reserves

The movement in the account is due to the increase in the contingent liability arising from the put option on shares in PHINMA Education and the non-cash consolidation adjustments resulting from the purchase of shares of PPHC, PHINMA Hospitality and PHINMA Microtel and from the additional shares of PEHI in July 2023.

Retained earnings

The increase in the account represents net income for the first three quarters of 2023, partially offset by dividends declared during the period amounting to PHP171.80 million.

Material Changes in Income Statement Accounts

Revenues

The PHP2.03 billion increase in revenues is mainly due to an increase of PHP1.10 billion of PHINMA Education arising from record enrollment and revenues of the Property and Hospitality businesses amounting to PHP1.07 billion which were consolidated beginning July 2023.

Cost of sales

The net increase in cost of sales is attributable to first-time consolidation of cost of sales of PPHC, PHINMA Microtel and Coral Way and the increase in variable costs to support the increase in enrollment in SY2023-24.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses increased from previous year mainly due to higher utilities and other operating expenses of the schools due to increased enrollment in SY2023-24 and to support face to face classes. Manpower-related expenses also increased in support of expansion initiatives of CMG.

Selling expenses

The increase in the account can be attributed to the increase in selling expenses of CMG and the schools.

Equity in net earnings (losses) of associates and joint ventures

Equity in net loss of investees is mainly due to the equitized loss in PHINMA Property Holdings Corp for the first half of 2023.

Interest expense and financing charges

Interest expense is higher in 2023 mainly due to increase in notes payable and loans availed of by the Parent company, CMG and the schools at higher interest rates plus the consolidation of interest expense for Q3 2023 of PPHC and Coral Way amounting to PHP78.64 million.

Gain (loss) on change in fair value of financial assets at FVPL

Net loss is attributable to the unrealized foreign exchange loss from the investment in Song Lam preferred shares.

Gain (loss) on derivatives

The gain on derivatives mainly resulted from the unrealized foreign exchange gain from the put option on the Songlam preferred shares.

Gain (loss) on sale of property, plant and equipment

The gain arises mainly from the sale of equipment by CMG and the schools.

Foreign exchange gains (losses) - net

The drop in foreign exchange gain is attributable to a stronger dollar in 2023, partially offset by PEHI's USD holdings restated at the forex rate of PHP56.58: \$1 compared to PHP55.76: \$1 as of December 31, 2022.

<u>Others – net</u>

The net increase in this account is attributable to the increase in other income of the schools and the consolidation of PPHC's other income for Q3 2023, partially offset by other charges from CMG.

Provision for (benefit from) income tax

The provision for income tax increased as tax rates for schools reverted to 10% starting July 2023, compared to 1% for the same period last year. PHN also consolidated tax provision of PPHC and PHINMA Hospitality companies amounting to PHP49.82 million, partially offset by provision for deferred income tax of CMG.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PHINMA CORPORATION

hunna M. aluan

REGINA B. ALVAREZ Senior Vice President and Group Controller

ANNABELLE S. GUZMAN Vice President - Controller

November 13, 2023

PHINMA CORPORATION Consolidated Aging of AR-Trade As of September 30, 2023

in thousands

	Amount
Current	3,141,729
1-30 days	517,417
31-60 days	457,526
61-90 days	170,009
Over 90 days	1,490,518
TOTAL	5,777,199
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	1,349,510
Net Trade Receivable	4,427,689

PHINMA CORPORATION Consolidated Aging of AR-Nontrade

As of September 30, 2023

in thousands

	Amount
Current	3,289,613
1-30 days	68,231
31-60 days	27,401
61-90 days	29,901
Over 90 days	876,481
TOTAL	4,291,627
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	166,006
Net Nontrade Receivable	4,125,621

ANNEX E

Sustainability Report



2023 Sustainability Report

The Power of





Contents Part 1. General Disclosures Message for Stakeholders Our Company Our Sustainability Framework Our Materiality Management Approach
Part 2. Sustainability Performance Social Performance Environmental Performance Economic Performance
Commitment to Sustainability
Annex GRI Content Index
Corporate Information

2

6

7 8 9

12 13 14

14

15

17

20

21

Interactive User Guide

The PHINMA Corporation 2023 Sustainability Report is created in interactive PDF. This allows the viewer to navigate the publication.

Click on the text hyperlinks on the navigation bar at the top of each page to go directly to subsections.

> Go to the table of contents in the report.



Corporate Directory

Go to previous page in the report



Go to next page in the report

About this Report

This Sustainability Report presents the sustainability performance of PHINMA Corporation (PHINMA) measuring material economic, social and environmental impacts in its areas of operation.

The report covers the Company's operation for the calendar period January 1 to December 31, 2023 and was prepared in accordance with the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI Standards: Core option). This is the Company's 5th Sustainability Report.

A copy of this Report may be downloaded at https://phinma.com.ph/sustainability/.

Inquiries and concerns related to this report may be sent to the following: **PHINMA Investor Relations** investorrelations@phinma.com.ph (+632) 8 870-0100





Message to Stockholders **Making Lives Better as One**

"PHINMA believes business can and must be a force for good—by design and intention, it should be used to improve lives and the entire nation. By harnessing the power of one, we can make lives better on a much larger scale."



RAMON R. DEL ROSARIO, JR. Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer





MELITON "CHITO" B. SALAZAR President and Chief Operating Officer



PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

- PHINMA Education logged its highest enrollment yet
- Construction Materials saw higher combined revenues from its three companies
- PHINMA Properties reactivated its economic and socialized housing segment
- Hospitality enjoyed higher occupancy rate with continued rebound in domestic travel and events

₽21.27B

Consolidated revenues

₽1.67B

Consolidated core net

income

20% Increase in consolidated revenues from previous vear

Increase in consolidated core net income from previous year

Dear Shareholders,

It was a remarkable 2023 for PHINMA as the Group successfully navigated through challenges, some lingering from the previous year, through the concerted efforts of our strategic business units (SBUs) to make lives better through essential goods and services. Our businesses have taken advantage of the country's sustained economic recovery, while also watching out for global headwinds like China's economic slowdown and risks to world trade emanating from the persisting Russia-Ukraine war. Still, we continue to harness the strengths of our SBUs, fortify and build up on synergies within the Group, and ramp up strategic investments to better fulfill our mission of providing families, communities, and all our stakeholders with the essentials of a dignified life—all while doing good business.

In 2023, your Company reported consolidated revenues of ₱21.27 billion—climbing 20% from the year prior. We also posted a consolidated core net income of ₱1.67 billion, a 40% annual increase as our SBUs sustained growth and pivoted amid challenges here and around the world. PHINMA Education Holdings, Inc. (PHINMA Education) logged its highest enrollment yet this school year, driving up the company's consolidated revenues and net income and putting it in a better position to assist more students in need. Our Construction Materials Group (PHINMA CMG) saw slightly higher combined revenues from its three companies while improving on cost efficiency efforts amid a tight, challenging business environment. Mainly focused on affordable housing, PHINMA Property Holdings Corp. (PHINMA Properties) also reactivated its



economic and socialized housing segment to address the country's growing housing backlog. Our Hospitality business likewise took advantage of the continued rebound in domestic travel and events, both leisure and corporate, especially in the Mall of Asia area.

2023 Highlights

PHINMA Education provides accessible quality education to underserved youth, and is today one of the largest private education networks in Southeast Asia. In the 2023-2024 academic year, the company recorded its highest enrollment of 146,546 students, an 18% increase over the previous Academic Year (AY).

2023 academic results showed a continued commitment to our students' needs. In Indonesia, Horizon Education secured full university status for its first institution, and in the Philippines, we achieved an 83.11% first-time pass rate across all licensure exams with 26 topnotchers.

This commitment resulted in significant financial growth with consolidated revenues of ₱5.44 billion and net income of nearly ₱1.2 billion in Calendar Year (CY) 2023—up from ₱4.07 billion and ₱818.3 million in CY 2022, respectively.

PHINMA CMG—which is composed of Union Galvasteel Corporation (UGC), Philcement Corporation (Philcement), and PHINMA Solar Energy Corporation (PHINMA Solar)supports public and private infrastructure development by supplying galvanized iron and steel building products, cement, and solar rooftop generation solutions.



Buoyed by the country's resilient economic performance in 2023, PHINMA CMG improved its cost efficiency operations as the group coursed through geopolitical tensions from the lingering Russia-Ukraine war, delayed rebound of China's economy, and delays in government infrastructure projects.

UGC's Light Steel Frames and Insulated Panels divisions have been gaining ground from their launch in 2022–all in line with the company's pivot towards the future. Philcement saw its sales volume increase but faced challenges in improving prices amid tough competition. The company also successfully concluded talks in 2023 with Petra Cement for a strategic partnership. On top of its highest-ever revenues, PHINMA Solar secured 58 projects totaling 9.39 mWp from the government's second Green Energy Auction Program—making it the sole firm to bid successfully in the solar rooftop segment.

The three companies of PHINMA CMG produced combined revenues of ₱13.27 billion, rising slightly year-on-year. The group's combined net income moderated to P430.95 million, largely owing to a tight competitive environment.

PHINMA Properties shapes new urban communities nurturing Filipinos to become better citizens, believing that supportive communities can help our countrymen achieve their full potential. The affordable housing segment remained PHINMA Properties' primary market this 2023, with its Maayo line still focused on the urban workforce in growth centers nationwide. The company also reactivated its economic and socialized housing segment as the country's housing backlog continues to grow.



For 2023, PHINMA Properties registered consolidated revenues of ₱2.52 billion and a consolidated net income after tax of ₱114 million—a 17% year-on-year climb.

PHINMA Hospitality Inc. (PHINMA Hospitality) remains steadfast to its commitment to provide clean, comfortable, and secure lodging to leisure and business travelers in the country through its Microtel by Wyndham and TRYP by Wyndham. PHINMA Hospitality operates 13 Microtel by Wyndham hotels and one TRYP by Wyndham hotel in the Philippines.

The hotels witnessed significant recovery from the pandemic owing to strong local tourism, the return of business travel, and the sustained increase in international travels. The uptick in face-to-face meetings and events likewise drove up demand for accommodations and function rooms.

PHINMA Corporation acquired shares of PHINMA Hospitality and PHINMA Microtel shares last July 2023. The Company consolidated net earnings of Coral Way, PHINMA Hospitality and PHINMA Microtel for the year of ₱26.56 million. This includes the equitized net income in Coral Way amounting to ₱5.25 million during the first half of 2023.

The Group's efforts to make lives better for Filipino families and communities go beyond our business operations. We participated in the Department of Education's Brigada Eskwela program for the 17th straight year, where we revitalized nearly 160 classrooms in 50 public schools—directly benefiting 28,000 students and 570 teachers. Other efforts included tree plantation and blood letting, all made possible by the mobilization of 2,000 PHINMA Hero volunteers.

This year, PHINMA Foundation, Inc. (PFI) welcomed 73 new college scholars into its flagship PHINMA National Scholarship (PNS) program. The PNS currently supports 150 scholars across partner institutions Philippine Normal University Manila, University of the Philippines Diliman, Technological University of the Philippines Manila, and PHINMA-University of Pangasinan. PHINMA employees also provide scholars mentorship through the Big Brother and Big Sister Program, accounting for over 70% of its total mentors. PHINMA Education also assists gualified students through the Hawak Kamay (HK) Scholarship Program in the Philippines, and the Beasiswa Sahabat Horizon Program in Indonesia which reduce tuition fees by as much as 75%. This SY, some 66,759 college students or 58% of enrolled students within the network are covered.

This year, your Company has also promoted and fortified synergies among its strategic business units. PFI scholars and PHINMA Education students can pursue internships required by their degree programs under our businesses. Several PHINMA schools and property developments also utilize solar panels from PHINMA CMG, while PHINMA Properties has exercised its construction capabilities in some schools. Our Ugnayan initiative includes hybrid group-wide townhalls and regional town hall meetings to help facilitate updates and networking among our businesses' employees nationwide.

PHINMA Corporation's strong business performance has allowed it to maintain a healthy balance sheet in 2023. We are also happy to report that the Board has declared a regular cash dividend of P0.60 per share, which is payable on 12 April 2024.

2024 Outlook

The country looks forward to sustaining its economic recovery amid the shift to a post-COVID normal. But challenges still loom locally, such as high interest rates and upside risks to inflation due to the El Niño phenomenon, and globally as the world economy is projected to slow further this year. Authorities have said they are counting on developments in sectors like tourism, infrastructure, and even the government's mass housing projects to help spur domestic economic activity.

As the learning crisis worsened by the pandemic lingers, PHINMA Education expects to be flexible in terms of time, space, and modality to reach more underserved youth here and in Southeast Asia and provide quality education to those needing it most. PHINMA Education likewise continues expanding through internal growth and strategic acquisitions, increasing its market and geographic reach.

PHINMA CMG looks forward to more returns from its new divisions this 2024 as the group reaffirms its commitment to sustainability and nation-building. The Light Steel Frames division is poised to reach further heights through more innovative products while the Insulated Panels division is gearing up for more cold storage projects to support national food security. Philcement's partnership with Petra Cement shall bolster our position in the cement industry, while PHINMA Solar has attracted interest from parties that could eventually become partners in scaling up the business.

PHINMA Properties will be pursuing more strategic expansions in the coming years which shall build on the successes of its current developments. It has developments currently under construction in Cebu City and Batangas. For its economic and socialized housing segment, PHINMA Properties likewise welcomed a senior Gawad Kalinga officer into its management to better cater to the underserved and low-income Filipinos.

Given the strong outlook on domestic and international tourism, PHINMA Hospitality is optimistic for the coming years. Microtel and TRYP by Wyndham Mall of Asia are expected to benefit from the build-up in demand from their key markets as more people embark on business and leisure travel.

This year and beyond, the Company looks forward to maximizing these growth opportunities, building from the successes achieved and improvements implemented from 2023. We also hope to achieve more milestones and reach further heights with the support of our shareholders, leaders, employees, creditors, business partners, and other stakeholders as we continue to do well and do good together.

RAMON R. DEL ROSARIO, JR. Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer



The Power of One

PHINMA believes business can and must be a force for good—by design and intention, it should be used to improve lives and the entire nation. It is a call that everyone in our Company answers every day, but this call can grow even louder if we all work together and do our part in bringing about positive change even beyond our offices, schools, and properties. By harnessing the power of one, we can make lives better on a much larger scale. We invite you all to join us in our vision as 1PHINMA.

MELITON "CHITO" B. SALAZAR President and Chief Operating Officer

Making Lives Better

The PHINMA Group is a conglomerate that has reached into several aspects of Filipinos' lives. Yet, while business may be what we do, it is not all that we are. We profit for a purpose: to lift and to better the lives of those who have allowed us into their day-to-day.

Our Businesses

PHINMA Corporation is a public company listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) under the trading symbol PHN. We have outlined the businesses we will focus on: Education, Construction Materials, Property Development and Hospitality. These businesses support a growing and younger demographic in different ways: from the facilities that meet the needs of travelers and home buyers, to quality education within the financial reach of the bottom quintiles.

Mission, Vision, and Values

The PHINMA Group's Mission is to help build our Nation through competitive and well-managed business enterprises that enable FIlipinos to attain a better quality of life. With professional and effective management as our distinctive edge, we aim to give communities, not only in the Philippines but wherever else we might find the need, improved access to the essentials of a dignified life. In the pursuit of our Mission, we look to our tradition, our experience, our reputation, and above all, our people, as the principal factors that will enable us to achieve our lofty goals. The PHINMA Group will demonstrate that private business can mutually serve the needs of society and the aspirations of shareholders.



EDUCATION Making lives better by educating underserved youth



CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS Making lives better by boosting construction and infrastructure



PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

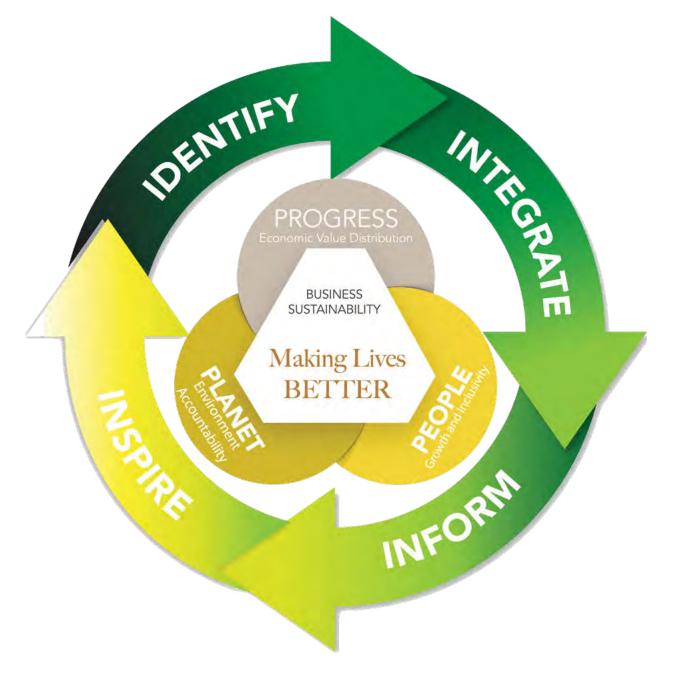


Making lives better by creating sustainable communities



HOSPITALITY Making lives better by providing safe and comfortable stays

SUSTAINABILITY FRAMEWORK



PHINMA Corporation focuses on a 3-tier bottom line, assessing our impact from the perspective of People, Planet, and Profit.

PHINMA's sustainability strategy recognizes the Company as a good corporate citizen must focus on and measure its impact not just in terms of profits, but in other areas including the economy, society, and the environment, in order to sustainably continue its mission of making lives better today and for future generations. Guided by our triple bottom line commitment to a sustainable future, PHINMA hopes to prosper and pursue its mission for many more generations to come.



Making Lives Better for our PEOPLE. Our business operations directly impact our employees, stakeholders, and adjacent communities and also trickle down to society where we hope to promote inclusive growth to maximize the potential of our people.



our business operations.



Making Lives Better for the PLANET. We recognize in order to sustainably continue our mission to benefit future generations we must minimize any adverse environmental impact of

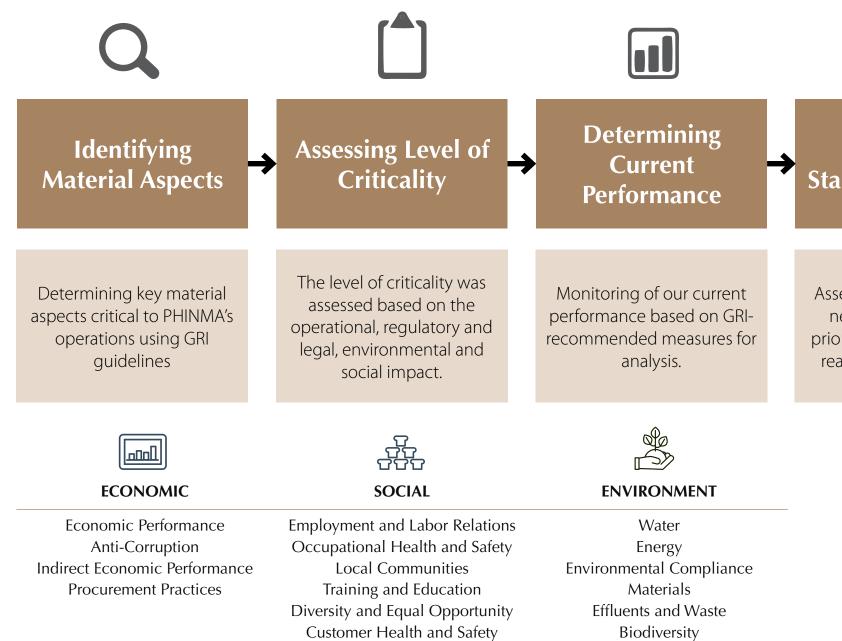


Making Lives Better for PROGRESS. We recognize that integrity, empathy and good corporate governance are essential elements in employing business as an avenue for inclusive development and we allocate financial resources for appropriate sustainable investments to support the progress of our nation.

OUR MATERIALITY

PHINMA Corporation follows the process recommended by the GRI to identify areas affecting the economy, society and environment, which are relevant to our business and our stakeholders. In 2021, PHINMA conducted a materiality assessment through questionnaires and focus group discussions resulting in the identification of the following areas used in presenting the sustainability report and establishing Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) metrics for both the parent company and its subsidiaries. The materiality assessment is updated periodically when merited by changes in business scope or operations.

The process resulted in identification of the following relevant material topics. PHINMA Corporation employs this in presenting its sustainability report and establishing ESG metrics for the PHINMA Group.







Recognizing Stakeholder Needs



Setting Up Targets and Objectives

Assessing our stakeholder needs and identifying priorities that address their real needs and interests.

Realigning and setting up plans as needed and clearly articulating and cascading the targets and measurable objectives.

OUR MANAGEMENT **APPROACH**

Our mission of Making Lives Better has guided us in providing products and services that are important to nation-building, and delivering long-term value to our stakeholders. Through inclusive growth, we ensure that our strategy is consistent with our core values of integrity, patriotism, competence and professionalism.

PHINMA Corporation is well-positioned for growth through our diverse portfolio as our strategic business units play an important part in creating sustainable economic growth in the country. Here are the management approaches on how we embed sustainability at the core of our business processes.



Employment and Labor Relations

PHINMA is committed to taking care of our own employees through competitive compensation and benefits, talent development programs and ensuring a deep management bench. The ability to attract and retain talent is essential in maintaining and further improving the performance and service standards that the Company has set for itself. The ability to retain quality employees has a direct impact on operations, and consequently on the bottom line. Among the top drivers of employee retention is the quality of relationship between the Company and its employees.

Occupational Health and Safety

The safety and health of our own employees are a priority of the Company. PHINMA manages the impacts of the company's operation by integrating safety and operational policies for all of its employees. Safety training sessions are done online and on-site, especially in areas where employees have to report physically to the operation site. It is our responsibility to provide a safe and healthy workplace as part of our commitment to our employees PHINMA also ensures that our employees have good medical benefits and access to support.



Pandemic Response

The safety of employees during time of pandemic is a top priority for the Company. Although the Covid 19 public health emergency was lifted in July 2023, the Company remains ready to reactivate existing pandemic health and safety protocols as needed to limit transmissions and safeguard the health and safety of its employees and customers.

Mental Health

PHINMA provides mental well-being webinars and provides access to counseling for employees. Mental health hotlines are available for employees to call when needed.

Local Communities

In November 2023 PHINMA continued engaging with local communities through its annual 1PHINMA Reaches Out event. Over 1,385 volunteers in 16 nationwide sites participated in community activities including blood bank donation, reforestation, river clean-ups, and job readiness training.

In 2023, the PHINMA Group acting through the PHINMA Foundation donated P348,947 worth of relief and disaster preparation goods to neighboring communities vulnerable to calamities. Disaster preparation goods consisting of family food packs and water filters were prepositioned at shelters in four PHINMA Education schools and one PHINMA Property community. The group also responded to a fire at a community neighboring PHINMA Properties' Flora Vista development, providing support to 80 affected families. Employee participation was mobilized through the PHINMA HERO Program which provides a venue for volunteerism and life-sharing.

Training and Education

PHINMA believes in developing talents within the organization to deepen our pool of leaders and to prepare the business in anticipation of future growth. Our Company and its subsidiaries focus on the continuous learning program of its employees through leadership and competency-based training. With the Company's commitment to development of employees' potential, measures are continuously undertaken to provide our workforce with training programs and meaningful job interactions.

Diversity and Equal Opportunity

We provide equal opportunities to all stakeholders regardless of gender, cultural background, religion, political affiliation and ethnicity. We value the diversity of our workforce and there is no preferential treatment on wages and benefits.

Customer Health and Safety

PHINMA continues to maintain a safe environment for its community and other stakeholders.

- When required, PHINMA Hospitality implements strict precautionary measures to prevent the spread of infectious disease. Our Microtel and TRYP by Wyndham hotels have received Safety Seal certification from the Department of Tourism as proof of their compliance to the public health standards. As needed, our hotels follow guidelines established by the World Health Organization, Department of Health, Department of Tourism and local government units.
- PHINMA Education continues to implement Remote and Distant (RAD) learning for students who can not attend school because of public health and safety restrictions or due to distance. Through the constant guidance of teachers through regular phone calls, students can continue with the coursework even at home.



ENVIRONMENT

Water

PHINMA ensures that the Company together with its subsidiaries are in conformance with the Philippine Clean Water Act of 2004, and ensures that it shall parequirements set by the Department of Environment a Natural Resources with its water effluent standards. In 2023, water consumption of 1,325,523 cubic meter was a 5% increase over the previous year. The majori water consumption came from domestic use of water the common areas of communities managed by PHIN Properties, followed by the schools operated by PHIN Education.

Each subsidiary continues to improve internal busine practices to aid reduction in water consumption. Foll are various water conservation measures employed b group:

- Daily water monitoring, leak detection and repair an systems monitoring to ensure efficient operations of water systems within our operation sites
- Rainwater catchment facility installed in some properties and schools intended for back-up water supply.
- Installation of Recuperative Thermal Oxidizer at UGC Calamba plant, greatly reducing the water consumption of Color Coating Line by up to 40%
- Waste water from Sewage Treatment Plants recycled and used to water plants.



Energy

s	In 2023, the total electricity consumption of PHINMA and
0	its subsidiaries was 21,810,899 kWh. The consumption is
ass all	22% higher than previous year due to increased energy
and	consumption of the manufacturing operations of the
und	Construction Materials group, the residential communities
ters	of PHINMA Properties, and the schools operated by
rity of	PHINMA Education. The PHINMA Group also generated
er in	1,839,497 kWh from renewable sources representing
INMA	8.4% of total electric energy consumed by the group.
NMA	Renewable energy generated for the year posted, a
	significant increase of over twice the amount generated
	in the previous year due to higher renewable energy
ess	generated from solar panels installed at PHINMA Education
llowing	schools. Aside from the schools, renewable energy was also
by the	generated from solar panels installed at Philcement and
	UGC facilities and at PHINMA Hospitality hotels.
ir and	PHINMA aims to promote the efficient use of electricity
s of	i i in the carries to promote the effective use of electricity

PHINMA aims to promote the efficient use of electricity through its energy conservation programs. PHINMA and its subsidiaries established processes to improve their energy efficiency to contribute to sustainability. Here are some of the program highlights:

- Efficient use of lights in common areas especially during daytime and implementing the use of electronic equipment that are more energy efficient such as inverter-type appliances and LED lights.
- Monitoring of utility consumption and regular preventive maintenance.
- Optimization of the usage of Solar PV systems in several properties of PHINMA Education and UGC

Environmental Compliance

As part of environmental compliance, PHINMA and its subsidiaries abide by the regulations from existing laws such as Clean Water Act of 2004 and Clean Air Act of 1999. Continuous coordination and dialogues with local government agencies such as the Department of Environment and Natural Resources and Laguna Lake Development Authority ensure environmental compliance.

Effluents and Waste

Operation sites of PHINMA are well equipped to handle solid and hazardous wastes generated from the operations. Solid wastes are being collected by local government agencies while hazardous wastes are hauled off-site by DENR-accredited transporters and treaters. A material recovery facility is also being maintained to manage its solid wastes and identify wastes that can still be recycled. PHINMA subsidiaries also maintain their water quality effluent standards aligned with the Philippine Clean Water Act of 2004, and ensure that it shall pass all requirements set by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources.

Here are the highlights of PHINMA operations particularly with respect to the circular economy.

- Materials Recovery Facilities (MRFs) are utilized for segregating of wastes in all of our properties. For Philcement, all wood pallets were being re-used by production and recycled as shelves for storage. Tonner bags as packaging materials were also recycled and reused.
- PHINMA schools still continue their advocacy against the use of single-use plastics. The school promotes proper solid waste disposal and promotes a zero-plastic policy.

Biodiversity

In 2023, PHINMA volunteers planted 80 trees across various school campuses while participating in the Department of Education's annual Brigada Eskwela program. In addition, during the year, around 1,385 PHINMA Hero volunteers planted 5,855 seedlings and 3,970 crops across 20 sites nationwide. Aside from reforestation efforts, PHINMA believes its biggest contribution toward protection of biodiversity within its areas of operation is through the responsible operation of our businesses. We continue to assess risk operations critical to the environment and create proper measures to improve our environmental performance. Moving forward, PHINMA will continue its environment programs and explore new opportunities to contribute to biodiversity protection.

ECONOMIC

Economic Performance

PHINMA contributes to nation-building through our diversified portfolio in education, construction mater housing and hospitality. In 2023, PHINMA Corporati generated a direct economic value of ₱21.3 billion increase of 20% over the previous year. The Compan distributed 94% or ₱20.1billion to our stakeholders a communities, while retaining ₱1.19 billion to promo future growth.

Integrity and Good Governance

Integrity and good governance are integral to PHINM way of doing business. We are committed to uphold and we conduct our business in an ethical manner. Launched in 2014, the PHINMA Group's Integrity **Procurement Practices** Assurance Program institutionalizes the adoption of The Vendor Integrity Program aims at raising compliance standards and creating awareness among all vendors about policies, programs and practices that foster and sustain an ethical business environment, and affirm PHINMA's the Integrity Assurance Program and the Code of Business steadfast commitment to integrity by going beyond Conduct. It sets out to guide employees and vendors in compliance to regulatory requirements and adopting best creating an ethical and sustainable business partnership practices on transparency, good governance and ethical with the organization. business practices.



rials,	Indirect Economic Impact
ion	Through our business portfolio, PHINMA is committed to
an	invest in infrastructure and services that will trickle down to
ny	our local communities through local hiring and spending
and	on local suppliers and service providers.
ote	
	Aside from our core business operations, PHINMA also
	has advocacies in place to uplift the economic status of
	our immediate stakeholders. All graduates of the PHINMA
/A/s	National Scholarship program of PHINMA Foundation have
the law	passed their relevant professional board examination.

OUR SUSTAINABILITY PERFORMANCE

ENVIRONMENT PERFORMANCE

	SDG Target	Our Contribution	
7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	Universal access to modern energy	Total new installed capacity by PHINMA Solar in 2023: 7.075 MWp	Communities Cumulative Residential Units sold by PPHC
	Increase global percentage of renewable energy	Incremental Renewable energy generated for clients: 8,843,750 kWh	PHINMA Foundation Donations for community reha PHINMA Group consolidated donations
- ANN		Renewable energy used by PHINMA in 2023: 1,839,497 kWh	Water Total Water Consumption Total volume of water discharges Energy
11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	Safe and affordable housing	Cumulative Residential homes and units sold by PPHC in 2023: 18,018	Direct by PHINMA Group Total Energy Consumption
	Reduce environmental impact to communities	PHINMA Foundation Donations to neighboring communities for disaster preparation in 2023: P348,937	Total Energy Used from Renewable Resources Total Energy Used from Fuels Indirect for PHINMA Solar Clients New Solar capacity Installed
		PHINMA Group consolidated donations in 2023: P6,202,000	Incremental Renewable Energy Generated Incremental CO ₂ Avoided Equivalent Trees Planted
13 CLIMATE ACTION	GHG Emissions	Incremental GHG reduction for PHINMA Solar clients in 2023: 4,485 MTCO₂ (103,506 trees)	Effluents and Waste Solid Waste Generated Solid Waste Reused/Recycled
		Annual GHG avoided from PHINMA's own renewable energy sources in 2023: 933 MTCO ₂ (21,529 trees)	Hazardous Waste Generated Hazardous Waste Transported Hazardous Waste Stored



	2023	2022
	18,018	17,166
ehabilitation	P 348,937	₱1,119,073
	₽6,202,000	₱29,604,000
	-	
	1,325,523 cu. meter	1,261,270 cu. meter
	919,525 cu. meter	690,144 cu. meter
	-	
	21,810,899 kWh	17,854,241 kWh
	1,839,497 kWh	853,809 kWh
	236,917 Liters	74,564 Liters
	7.075 MWp	2.307 MWp
	8,843,750 kWh	2,883,750 kWh
	4,484,666 kg.	1,462,350 kg.
	103,506 trees	33,571 trees
	5,701.8 MT	3,297.0 MT
	678.7 MT	1,168.0 MT
	69.4 MT	57.4 MT
	54.4 MT	60.6 MT
	16.3 MT	0.7 MT

SOCIAL PERFORMANCE

	SDG Target	Our Contribution			2023	2022		
	Literacy and numeracy	Number of students served for SY 2022-23:	Total Enrollment, PHINMA Education (Total Enrollment, PHINMA Education (students)		Total Enrollment, PHINMA Education (students) 146,546		124,501
4 QUALITY EDUCATION		146,546 students	Number of Scholars, PHINMA Foundation		150	100		
		No. of scholars supported by the PHINMA	Cumulative number of graduates, PHIN	NMA Foundation	269	252		
		Foundation: 150 scholars	Employee Data Total Number of Employees		4,420	3,983		
			Male		2,054	1,888		
	Proportion of seats held by	Percentage of female managers and officers across	Female Benefits Provided		2,366	2,095		
GENDER EQUALITY	women	PHINMA Group: 44%	Benefits Provided					
₽			SSS PhilHealth Pagibig Parental leaves (maternity, paternity, solo parent)	Vacation leaves Sick leaves Emergency/Calan Medical benefits	Tele nity leaves Flex	rement fund commuting ible working hours , laundry and clothing allowan		
	Safe and secure working	Safety training done: 121 trainings and safety drills	Occupational Health and Safety					
DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	environments	Salety training done. 121 trainings and salety trins	Work-related injuries		15	22		
			Work-related fatalities		0	0		
~/			Work-related ill-health		0	65		
M			_Safety drills and trainings done		121	56		
			Diversity and Equal Opportunity					
Contraction of the local distance of the loc			Employee Gender Rate		46% male, 54% female	e 47% male, 53% femal		
			Gender Ratio of Managers and Officer	S	56% male, 44% female	56% male, 44% femal		
			Reported Incidents of Discrimination		0	0		
			Training and Empowerment					
			Average training hours per employee		49 hours	54 hours		

- Training Highlights Capability-building Programs Critical problem solving and decision-making
- Integrity ProgramsPHINMA Core Values Integrity workshops
- Goal-setting Customer service training
- Employee development talks
 Skills training specific to job function
- Data privacy trainingsIT security trainings
- Social media ethics
- PHINMA CORPORATION 2023 Sustainability Report | 13

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Culture of SafetySafety orientations

BOSH training

COVID-19 protocols
First-aid training
Mental health and resilience

ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE

	SDG Target	Our Contribution			
8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	Full employment and decent work	Direct Jobs Generated: 4,420 Economic Value Distribution: 94 %			
11	Sustainable economic growth	Economic Value Retention: 6 %			
16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG	Reduce corruption and bribery	Incidents of Corruption: 0 Anti-competitive behavior, anti	trust, and		
	Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions	monopoly practices: 0			
		2023	2022		
Economic Value Gene		₱21,273,818	₱17,664,582		
Economic Value Distri	buted	20,086,492	17,041,792		
Operating Costs	Donofite	15,222,394	13,465,281		
Employee Wages and	benefits ockholders and interest payment to loan pro	3,063,373 viders 1,410,484	2,287,662 1,065,522		
Taxes given to govern	., .	384,039	193,723		

OUR COMMITMENT TO

We affirm that our people are our greatest asset and that they are fundamental in ensuring the sustainability of our Company. We take pride in the passion, innovation and commitment to our core values of our employees, and we will continue to provide opportunities for growth and career development while ensuring their safety and well-being. PHINMA will also continue to look into promoting inclusive growth for our partners through our business and our corporate social responsibility programs.

PHINMA and its subsidiaries have also established programs and protocols to reduce the impact of the operations of its businesses on the environment. Your Company will continue to pursue new avenues to go beyond compliance and advance where possible businesses in the circular economy.

Moreover, PHINMA understands that our sustainability strategy is crucial in ensuring that we are able to protect key resource systems and continue providing for future generations.

PHINMA upholds its commitment to build the nation through its businesses while remaining steadfast in finding new solutions to improve its sustainability practices for its people, for the planet and for economic development. The Sustainability Report also serves as a motivation to explore new opportunities, and to move forward in improving our policies and internal business practices as we continue to make lives better.

Economic Value Retained *amounts in thousand pesos

Investment to community

29,604

₱622,790

6,202

₱1,187,326





ANNEX

Table 2 and 3. Social Indicators per Company

Table 1 PHINMA Group Sustainability Metrics

	2023	2022
Direct by PHINMA Group		
Total Student Enrollment, PHINMA Education	146,546	124,501
Number of Scholars, PHINMA Foundation	150	100
Cumulative graduates, PHINMA Foundation	269	252
Cumulative Homes and Residential Units Sold, PPHC	18,018	17,166
Donations for community rehabilitation, PHINMA Foundation	₱348,937	₱1,119,073
PHINMA Group consolidated Donations	₱6,202,000	₱29,604,000
Energy Used from Renewable Sources	1,839,497 Kwh	853,809 Kwh
Annual CO ₂ Avoided	932,809 kg.	432,967 kg.
Equivalent Trees Planted	21,529 trees	9,993 trees
Indirect for PHINMA Solar Clients		
New Solar Installed Capacity	7.075 MWp	2.307 MWp
Annual Incremental Renewable Energy Generated	8,843,750 kWh	2,883,750 kWh
Annual Incremental CO ₂ Avoided	4,484,666 kg.	1,462,350 kg.
Equivalent Trees Planted	103,506 trees	33,751 trees



▲ Sustainability and synergy. PHINMA Cagayan de Oro College - Puerto Campus uses solar panels from the PHINMA Construction Materials Group, one of the several sustainability and synergy efforts within the PHINMA Group.

-	- /		CMG						
CY 2023		PHINMA Corp.	РСС	UGC	PHINMA Solar	РЕНІ	РРНС	Hospitality	Total
Employee Data									
Total Number of Employees		19	152	730	35	2,918	477	89	4,420
Male		9	119	512	26	1,132	215	41	2,054
Female		10	33	218	9	1,786	262	48	2,366
Male Managers and Officers		4	30	63	10	90	23	25	245
Female Managers and Officers		3	5	37	4	97	27	19	192
Occupational Health and Safety									
Work-related injuries		0	3	12	0	0	0	0	15
Work-related fatalities		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Work-related ill-health		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Safety drills and trainings done	è	1	15	61	3	13	20	8	121
Diversity and Equal Opportunity									
Employee Gender Ratio	- male - female	47% 53%	78% 22%	70% 30%	74% 26%	39% 61%	45% 55%	46% 54%	46% 54%
Gender Ratio of Managers and Officers	- male - female	57% 43%	86% 14%	63% 37%	71% 29%	48% 52%	46% 54%	57% 43%	56% 44%
Reported Incidents of Discrimi	ination	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Training and Empowerment									
Accounted Training Hours		165	2,067	4,991	345	200,705	166	6,192	214,631

Employees of PHINMA Corporation and its subsidiaries are not subject to a Collective Bargaining Agreement (CBA) except for the following direct or indirect subsidiaries:
a. UPANG –499 employees. CBA will expire in June 10 2027
b. UGC – 19 employees. CBA will expire on June 30 2025.

			СМС						
CY 2022		PHINMA Corp.	РСС	UGC	PHINMA Solar	PEHI	РРНС	Hospitality	Total
Employee Data									
Total Number of Employees		18	115	694	33	2,752	320	51	3,983
Male		9	89	488	25	1,136	116	25	1,888
Female		9	26	206	8	1,616	204	26	2,095
Male Managers and Officers		3	19	58	12	61	20	12	185
Female Managers and Officer	s	3	4	30	3	82	21	5	148
Occupational Health and Safety									
Work-related injuries		0	7	11	0	4	0	0	22
Work-related fatalities		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Work-related ill-health		na	0	0	0	65	0	0	65
Safety drills and trainings don	e	0	9	3	2	16	20	6	56
Diversity and Equal Opportunity									
Employee Gender Ratio	- male - female	50% 50%	77% 23%	70% 30%	76% 24%	41% 59%	36% 64%	49% 51%	47% 53%
Gender Ratio of Managers and Officers	- male - female	50% 50%	83% 17%	66% 34%	80% 20%	43% 57%	49% 51%	71% 29%	56% 44%
Reported Incidents of Discrimination		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Training and Empowerment									
Accounted Training Hours		118	717	9,083	140	200,800	1,300	2,584	214,74



Table 4 and 5. Environmental Indicators per Company

	PHINMA CMG							
CY 2023	Plaza	РСС	UGC	PEHI	РРНС	Hospitality	Total	
Water								Water
Total Water Consumption	3,192	17,075	67,341 ¹	91,355	1,102,917	43,643	1,325,523	Т
(in cubic meter)								(i
Total volume of water discharges	-	-	59,821 ²		824,790 ³	34,914	919,525	Т
Energy								Energy
Total Energy Consumption (in Kwh)	1,160,151	7,109,896	2,356,115	5,925,992	2,134,678	3,124,067	21,810,899	T
Total Energy Used								T
from Renewable resources	-	213,496	470,209	1,149,922	-	5,870	1,839,497	R
Total Energy Used from Fuels (Liter)	6,396	7,249	152,825	43,319 ⁴	16,756	10,372	236,917	T
Effluents and Waste								Effluent
Solid Waste Generated (MT)	1.07	2,284.15	152.6	293.10	2,965.00	5.85	5,701.77	S
Solid Waste Reused/Recycled	-	212.30	56.50	84.80 ⁵	323.00	2.07	678.67	S
Hazardous Waste Generated	0.03	15.60	36.50	0.05	6.50	10.71	69.38	F
Hazardous Waste Transported	-	14.90	22.20	0.05	6.5	10.71	54.36	F
Hazardous Waste Stored	1.28	0.70	14.30	-	-	0	16.28	F
GHG Emissions								GHG E
Direct (Fuels) MTCO ₂	15.19	17.22	362.97	102.89	39.80	24.63	562.70	Ľ
Indirect (Energy) MTCO ₂	588.31	3,605.43	1,194.79	3,005.07	1,082.5	1,584.21	11,060.31	h

Data not available for Davao plant

2

3

Data not available for Davao plant Data not available for Davao plant Data not available for some PPHC properties Data not available for Republican College, Union College of Laguna 4

Data not available for Rizal College of Laguna, Union College of Laguna 5

CY 2022	PHINMA Corp.
Water	
Total Water Consumption (in cubic meter)	4,888
Total volume of water discharges	-
Energy	
Total Energy Consumption (in Kwh)	1,178,097
Total Energy Used from Renewable resources	-
Total Energy Used from Fuels (Liter)	6,396
Effluents and Waste	
Solid Waste Generated (MT)	1.50
Solid Waste Reused/Recycled	-
Hazardous Waste Generated	0.02
Hazardous Waste Transported	-
Hazardous Waste Stored	0.1946
GHG Emissions	
Direct (Fuels) MTCO ₂	15.19
Indirect (Energy) MTCO ₂	597.41

6

Data not available for Davao plant Data not available for University of Iloilo and Rizal College of Laguna 7

Data not available for Davao plant 8

9

10

Data not available for some PPHC properties Data not available for Rizal College of Laguna Data not available for Republican College, Rizal College of Laguna, Union College of Laguna Data not available for University of Pangasinan, University of Iloilo, Rizal College of Laguna, and Union College of Laguna 11 12

13 Data not available for TRYP Mall of Asia

14 Data not available for University of Pangasinan, Rizal College of Laguna, Union College of Laguna



СМ	G				
РСС	UGC	PEH	РРНС	Hospitality	Total
13,943	63,588 ⁶	41,1937	1,102,085	35,573	1,261,270
-	57,440 ⁸	10,553	607,867 °	14,284	690,144
6,725,481	2,001,717	3,536,193 ¹⁰	1,608,355	2,804,398	17,854,241
2,401	434,168	417,240	-	-	853,809
21,600	15,646	19,117 ¹¹	3,990	7,815	74,564
247.00 215.00	168.80 57.00	165.90 ¹² 106.00 ¹⁴	2,708 788	5.80 ¹³ 2.10	3,297.00 1,168.10
213.00	13.10	0.05	35.40	6.80	57.37
0	40.9 ¹⁵	.6	.36	-	41.9
.6	-	-	-	7.8	8.6
51.30	37.16	45.40	9.48	18.56	177.10
3,410.49	1,015.07	1,793.20	815.60	1,422.11	9,053.89

GRI CONTENT INDEX GRI 102-55 (In Accordance – Core Option)

		Page	Omission
	ndation 2016		
eral Discl			
102: Gen	eral Disclosures 2016		
100.1	ORGANIZATIONAL PROFILE		
	Name of the organization		PHINMA Corporation
	Activities, brands, products and services	Annual report, 8-13	
	Location of headquarters		12F PHINMA Plaza, 39 Plaza Drive, Rockwell Center, Makati City 1200
	Location of operations	Annual report, 3	
102-5	Ownership and legal form		PHINMA Corp. is registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission. As of Dec 31 2023 PHINMA Corp is 70.855% owned by PHINMA, Inc., directors and officers.
102-6	Markets served	Annual report, 3	
102-7	Scale of the organization	Annual report, 13	
102-8	Information on employees and other workers	Annual report, 13	
102-9	Supply chain	Annual report, 81-84	
102-10	Significant changes to the organization and its supply chain	Annual report, 5-18	
102-11	Precautionary Principle or approach	Annual report, 7-11	
102-12	External initiatives	•	ASEAN Corporate Governance Scorecard
102-13	Membership of associations		Philippine Stock Exchange
	STRATEGY		
102-14	Statement from senior decision-maker	Annual report, 2-5	
	ETHICS AND INTEGRITY	·	
102-16	Values, principles, standards, and norms of behavior	Annual report, 1	
	GOVERNANCE		
102-18	Governance structure	Annual report, 31-38	
	STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT		
102-40	List of stakeholder groups	Annual report, 7	
102-41	Collective bargaining agreements	15	
102-42	Identifying and selecting stakeholders	8	
	Approach to stakeholder engagement	9-11	
102-44	Key topics and concerns raised	8	

	REPORTING PRACTICE		
102-45	Entities included in the consolidated	Annual report, 61	
	financial statements		
102-46	Defining report content and topic	1	
	boundaries		
	List of material topics	8	
102-48	Restatements of information		This is the 5 th Sustainability Report of PHINMA Corp.
102-49	Changes in reporting		There were no significant changes in the reporting framework from Sustainability Report CY 2022
102-50	Reporting period		January 2023 to December 2023
102-51	Date of most recent report		April 2024
102-52	Reporting cycle		Annual
102-53	Contact point for questions regarding the		PHINMA Investor Relations
	report		investorrelations@phinma.com.ph
			(+632) 8 870-0100
	Claims of reporting in accordance with		This report is in accordance with GRI Standards:
	the GRI Standards		Core Option
102-55	GRI content index	17-19	
102-56	External assurance		This report has not been externally assured

ECONOMIC DISCLOSURES

LCONOMIC DISCLOS				
GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	8	
Management Approach 2016	103-2	The management approach and its components	9	
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	9	
GRI 201: Economic	201-1	Direct economic value generated and distributed	11	
Performance	201-3	Defined benefit plan obligations and other retirement plans	13	
	201-4	Financial assistance received from government		None in 2023
GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	8	
Management Approach 2016	103-2The management approach and its components		9	
Approach 2010	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	9	
GRI 203: Indirect	203-1	Infrastructure investments and services supported	6	
Economic Impact	203-2	Significant indirect economic impacts	11	
GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	8	
Management Approach 2016	103-2	The management approach and its components	9	
Approach 2010	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	9	
GRI 205: Anti-	205-1	Operations assessed for risks related to corruption	14	
Corruption	205-2	Communication and training about anti-corruption policies and procedures	11	
	205-3	Confirmed incidents of corruption and actions taken	14	



GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	8		GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	8	
Management Approach 2016	103-2	The management approach and its components	9		Management Approach 2016	103-2	The management approach and its components	9	
770000000000000000000000000000000000000	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	9		Approach 2010	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	9	
GRI 206:	206-1	Legal actions for anti-competitive behavior, anti-trust,		No substantiated incidents of	GRI 305: Emissions	305-1	Direct (Scope 1) GHG emissions	16	
Anti-competitive Behavior		and monopoly practices		anti-competitive behaviour, anti-trust, or monopoly		305-2	Energy indirect (Scope 2) GHG emissions	16	
ENVIRONMENTAL DIS	SCLOSUR	 F\$		practices		305-3	Other indirect (Scope 3) GHG emissions		Not monitored during reporting period
GRI 103:		Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	8			305-5	Reduction of GHG emissions	12	
Management	103-2	The management approach and its components	9			305-7	Nitrogen oxides (NOX), sulfur oxides (SOX), and other		Air emission results done by
Approach 2016	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	9				significant air emissions		DENR accredited laboratories
GRI 301: Materials	301-2	Recycled input materials used	11						are way below Philippine Clean Air Act of 1999 limits
	301-3	Reclaimed products and their packaging materials	11						and pose insignificant risks
	100.1		0		GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	8	
GRI 103: Management	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	8		Management Approach 2016	103-2	The management approach and its components	9	
Approach 2016	103-2	The management approach and its components	9			103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	9	
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	9		GRI 306: Waste	306-1	Waste generation and significant-waste related impact	12	
GRI 302: Energy	302-1	Energy consumption within the organization	12			306-2	Management of significant waste-related impact	11	
	302-2	Energy consumption outside of the organization	12		GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	8	
	202.4	Reduction of energy consumption	10		Management Approach 2016	103-2	The management approach and its components	9	
	302-4		10		, .pp: ouon 2 010	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	9	
	302-5	Reductions in energy requirements of products and services	10		GRI 307:	307-1	Non-compliance with environmental laws and	11	
GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	8		Environmental Compliance		regulations		
Management Approach 2016	103-2	The management approach and its components	9		GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	8	
700000000000	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	8		Management	103-2	The management approach and its components	9	
GRI 303: Water and	303-1	Interactions with water as a shared resource	10		Approach 2016	103-3	Evaluation of the management approachw	9	
Effluents	303-2	Management of water discharge-related impacts	11		GRI 308: Supplier Environmental	308-2	Negative environmental impacts in the supply chain and actions taken		No suppliers and service providers within the value
	303-4	Water discharge	11		Assessment				chain that pose severe
	303-5	Water consumption	10						negative environmental impact were engaged.
GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	8						impact were engaged.
Management Approach 2016	103-2	The management approach and its components	9						
70000000000	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	9						
GRI 304: Biodiversity	304-1	Operational sites owned, leased, managed in, or adjacent to, protected areas and areas of high biodiversity value outside protected areas		Operation sites are outside high biodiversity and critically-protected areas					
	304-2	Significant impacts of activities, products, and services on biodiversity	11						
	304-4	IUCN Red List species and national conservation list species with habitats in areas affected by operations		No national conservation and IUCN red list species affected by operations					



SOCIAL DISCLOSURES

OCIAL DISCLOSURL	-						
GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	8		GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the materia
Management Approach 2016	103-2	The management approach and its components	9		Management Approach 2016	103-2	The management approac
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	9			103-3	Evaluation of the manager
GRI 401: Employment	401-1	New employee hires and employee turnoverBenefits provided to full-time employees that are not	13 13		GRI 409: Forced and Compulsory Labor	409-1	Operations and suppliers incidents of forced or com
	401-2	provided to temporary or part-time employees	15		GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the materia
	401-3	Parental leave	13		Management Approach 2016	103-2	The management approac
GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	8		Approach 2010	103-3	Evaluation of the manager
Management Approach 2016	103-2	The management approach and its components	9		GRI 411: Rights of	411-1	Incidents of violations inv
Approach 2010	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	9		Indigenous Peoples		peoples
GRI 403: Occupational Health	403-1	Workers' representation in formal joint management- worker health and safety committees	9		GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the materia
and Safety	403-2	Types of injury and rates of injury, occupational	13		Management Approach 2016	103-2	The management approac
		diseases, lost days, and absenteeism, and number of work-related fatalities			GRI 413: Local	103-3 413-1	Evaluation of the manager Operations with local con
GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	8		Communities	413-1	assessments, and develop
Management Approach 2016	103-2	The management approach and its components	9		GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the materia
Approach 2010	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	9		Management Approach 2016	103-2	The management approac
GRI 404: Training	404-1	Average hours of training per year per employee	13		Approach 2010	103-3	Evaluation of the manager
and Education	404-2	Programs for upgrading employee skills and transition assistance programs	13		GRI 414: Supplier Social Assessment	414-2	Negative social impacts ir actions taken
	404-3	Percentage of employees receiving regular performance and career development reviews		All employees are receiving regular performance reviews (mid-year and year-end			
				performance evaluation)	GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the materia
GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	8		Management Approach 2016	103-2	The management approac
Management Approach 2016	103-2	The management approach and its components	9			103-3	Evaluation of the manager
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	9		GRI 416: Customer	416-1	Assessment of the health a
GRI 405: Diversity and Equal	405-1	Diversity of governance bodies and employees	13		Health and Safety	416-2	and service categories Incidents of non-compliar
Opportunity	405-2	Ratio of basic salary and remuneration of women to		Salary is based on competency and			and safety impacts of proc
		men		performance, regardless of	GRI 103: Management	103-1	Explanation of the materia
				gender	Approach 2016	103-2	The management approac
GRI 103: Management	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	8			103-3	Evaluation of the manager
Approach 2016	103-2	The management approach and its components	9		GRI 418: Customer Privacy	418-1	Substantiated complaints customer privacy and loss
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	9		Thvacy		customer privacy and loss
GRI 406: Non- discrimination	406-1	Incidents of discrimination and corrective actions taken		No reported incidents of discrimination	GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the materia
GRI 103:	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	8		Management Approach 2016	103-2	The management approac
Management	103-2	The management approach and its components	9			103-3	Evaluation of the manager
Approach 2016	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	9		GRI 419: Socio-	419-1	Non-compliance with law
GRI 408: Child Labor	408-1	Operations and suppliers at significant risk for incidents of child labor	-	No reported incidents of child labor	economic Compliance		social and economic area



8 9 9 9 8	No reported incidents of forced or compulsory labor
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	No reported violations involving indigenous peoples' rights
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	No suppliers and service providers within the value chain were assessed were identified to pose negative social impact.
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	No reported incidents of non- compliance.
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	No reported complaints on customer privacy and customer data breach.
8	
9	
9	
	No reported incidents of non- compliance.
	10 8 9 9 9 9 8 8 9

Principal Office

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CORPORATE INFORMATION



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Education

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PT IND PHIL MANAGEMEN Menara Kadin Indonesia, 19th Floor Jl. H.R. Rasuna Said Blok X-5 Kav.2-3 Kuningan Jakarta Selatan 12950 Tel. (621) 5790-3610

Construction Materials

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PHILCEMENT CORPORATION Garcia Road Mariveles Diversion Road Mariveles, Bataan 2106 Tel. (632) 8870-0548 www.unioncement.com.ph

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CORPORATE DIRECTORY



Property Development

PHINMA PROPERTY HOLDINGS CORPORATION 29 PHINMA Properties Center Epifanio delos Santos Avenue Mandaluyong City Tel. (632) 8533-7777 inquiries@phinmaproperties.com

COMMUNITY PROPERTY MANAGERS GROUP, INC. 29 PHINMA Properties Center Epifanio delos Santos Avenue Mandaluyong City Tel. (632) 8533-7777 loc 2037 inquire@cpmgi.com.ph

COMMUNITY DEVELOPERS AND CONSTRUCTION CORPORATION 29 PHINMA Properties Center Epifanio delos Santos Avenue Mandaluyong City Tel. (632) 8533-7777 loc 110 info@cdcc.com.ph

Hospitality

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CORAL WAY CITY HOTEL CORPORATION MICROTEL MALL OF ASIA Coral Way Avenue cor. Seaside Boulevard Tel. (632) 8403-3333 www.microtel-manila.com

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